

# **CAMERON COUNTY REGIONAL MOBILITY AUTHORITY**

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## **CAMERON COUNTY PARKS Santa Rosa Park Improvements Project No. 2022-C220303**

### **ARCHITECTS**

**Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc.**

**Mejia & Rose, Inc.**

**Green Rubiano & Associates**

**Ethos Engineering**

**Set No.**



**Roan G. Gomez, AIA**



**GMS ARCHITECTS**

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**ADVERTISEMENT AND INVITATION FOR BID  
FOR CONSTRUCTION  
BID # 220303**

The County of Cameron will receive bids for the **Santa Rosa Park Improvements Construction**. Sealed bids, addressed and sent to the County Purchasing Department - Cameron County Courthouse, (Dancy Building) 1100 E. Monroe St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Room # 345, Brownsville, Tx. 78520. Bid deadline is no later than **April 4, 2022 at 11:00 a.m.** Bids will be opened at the Cameron County Courthouse, 1100 East Monroe Street, Brownsville, Texas in the Purchasing Department – 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor – Room # 345 at 11:01 a.m. (as per Purchasing Dept. time clock) on deadline date. Bidders are invited to attend.

Bids are invited for several items and quantities of work as follows:

1. Construction of the Santa Rosa Park Improvements

Bid/Contract Documents including Drawings and Technical Specifications are on file at the office of Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. 1150 Paredes Line Rd., Brownsville, Texas 78521.  
Phone # (956) 546-0110

Copies of the Bid/Contract Documents may be obtained by depositing \$200.00 with the office of Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. for each set of documents obtained. The deposit will be refunded if the documents and drawings are returned in good condition within 10 days following the bid opening.

A bid bond in the amount of 5% of the bid issued by an acceptable surety shall be submitted with each bid. A certified check or bank draft payable to the County of Cameron or negotiable U.S. Government Bonds (as per value) may be submitted in lieu of the Bid Bond.

Attention is called to the fact that not less than, the federally determined prevailing (Davis Bacon and Related Acts) wage rate, as issued by the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs and contained in the contract documents, must be paid on this project. In addition, the successful bidder must ensure that employees and applicants for employment are not discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

Bid may be held by Cameron County for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of the bid opening for the purpose of reviewing the bids and investigating the bidders qualifications prior to the contract award.

All contractor/subcontractors which are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation on federal assistance programs may not undertake any activity in part or in full under this project.

Cameron County is an Equal Employment Opportunity Employer and expressly reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids/proposals and may waive informalities.

**TO APPEAR: March 27 & April 3, 2022**

**Brownsville Herald - P.O. #**



**CAMERON COUNTY  
PURCHASING DEPARTMENT  
INVITATION TO BID**

**REQUEST FOR SEALED PROPOSALS (RSP):**

**REQUEST FOR SEALED PROPOSAL TITLE: Cameron County Santa Rosa Park Improvements**

**DATE DUE: April 4, 2022**

**DUE NO LATER THAN 11:00 A.M.**

Request for Sealed Proposals will be opened at the Cameron County Courthouse, 1100 East Monroe Street, Brownsville, Texas in the Purchasing Department – 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor – Room # 345 at 11:00 a.m. (as per Purchasing Dept. time clock) on deadline due date.

Bids received later than the date and time above will not be considered.

Please return RSP ORIGINAL AND SEVEN (7) COPIES in sealed envelope. Be sure that return envelope shows the RSP Number, Description and is marked "SEALED RSP".

RETURN RSP TO:

by U.S. mail or delivered to the office of Purchasing Dept., **County Courthouse (Dancy Bldg.)  
1100 E. Monroe St, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Room 345, Brownsville, Texas 78520.**

For additional information or to request addendum contact: **Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc.**

**You must sign below in INK; failure to sign WILL disqualify the offer. All prices must be typewritten or written in ink.**

Company Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Company Address: \_\_\_\_\_

City, State, Zip Code: \_\_\_\_\_

Historically Underutilized Business (State of Texas) Certification VID Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone No. \_\_\_\_\_ Fax No. \_\_\_\_\_ e-mail \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

How did you find out about this RSP? \_\_\_\_\_ (ex: Newspaper, Web, Mail)

**Is Proposer's principal place of Business within Cameron County? Yes - No**

**If yes what City: \_\_\_\_\_**

(Your signature attests to your offer to provide the goods and/or services in this RSP according to the published provision of this RSP. When an award letter is issued, this RSP becomes the contract. If a RSP required specific Contract is to be utilized in addition to this RSP, this signed RSP will become part of that contract. When an additional Contract is required a RSP award does not constitute a contract award and RSP / Contract is not valid until contract is awarded by Commissioners Court (when applicable) signed by County Judge) and Purchase Order is issued.

## CHECK LIST

Items checked below represent components which comprise this RSP/proposal package. If the item **IS NOT** checked, it is **NOT APPLICABLE** to this RSP/proposal. Offerors are asked to review the package to be sure that all applicable parts are included. If any portion of the package is missing, notify the Purchasing Department immediately. It is the Offeror's responsibility to be familiar with all the Requirements and Specifications. Be sure you understand the following before you return your RSP packet.

- Cover Sheet**  
Your company name, address and your signature (**IN INK**) should appear on this page.
- Instructions to Bidders**  
You should be familiar with all of the Instructions to Proposers.
- Special Requirements**  
This section provides information you must know in order to make an offer properly.
- Specifications / Scope of Work**  
This section contains the detailed description of the product/service sought by the County.

### Attachments

- Attachments A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H**  
Be sure to complete these forms and return with packet.
- RSP Guaranty & Performance Bond Information & Requirements**  
This form applies only to certain RSP/proposals. All public work contracts over \$25,000 require a Payment Bond and over \$100,00 must also have a Performance Bond in a form approved by the County. Please read carefully and fill out completely.
- Minimum Insurance Requirements**  
Included when applicable
- Worker's Compensation Insurance Coverage Rule 110.110**  
This requirement is applicable for a building or construction contract.
- Financial Statement**  
When this information is required, you must use this form.

### Other - Final Reminders To double check before submitting BID/RFP/RFQ

- Is your RSP sealed with RSP #, title, Proposer's Name, & return address, on outside?
- Did you complete, sign and submit page 1?
- Did you complete and submit attachments A,B,C,D,E , F, G, H ?
- Did you provide the number of copies as required on the cover page?
- Did you visit our website [www.co.cameron.tx.us/purchasing/specs\\_notices.htm](http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/purchasing/specs_notices.htm) for any addendums?

If not interested in responding please let us know why e-mail to: [Purchasing@co.cameron.tx.us](mailto:Purchasing@co.cameron.tx.us)

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR SUBMITTING RSP

These General Instructions apply to all offers made to Cameron County, Texas (herein after referred to as "County") by all prospective vendors (herein after referred to as "Proposer") on behalf of Solicitations including, but not limited to, Invitations to RSP.

Carefully read all instructions, requirements and specifications. Fill out all forms properly and completely. Submit your RSP with all appropriate supplements and/or samples. Prior to returning your sealed RSP response / submittal, all Addendums - if issued - should be reviewed and downloaded by entering the County Purchasing web

[http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing\\_department/bids\\_rfp\(q\)\\_and\\_addms\\_and\\_tabs.php](http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing_department/bids_rfp(q)_and_addms_and_tabs.php)

Addendums Column (updated Addendums). These Addendums must be signed and returned with your RSP in order to avoid disqualification.

All Tabulations can also be viewed and downloaded at this site. Annual RSP award information can be accessed at:

[http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing\\_department/bids\\_rfp\(q\)\\_and\\_addms\\_and\\_tabs.php](http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing_department/bids_rfp(q)_and_addms_and_tabs.php)

Review this document in its entirety. Be sure your RSP is complete, and double check your RSP for accuracy.

Cameron County is an Equal Employment Opportunity Employer.

**GOVERNING FORMS:** In the event of any conflict between the terms and provisions of these requirements and the specifications, the specifications shall govern. In the event of any conflict of interpretation of any part of this overall document, Cameron County's interpretation shall govern. Where substitutions are used, they must be of equivalent value or service, and specified by the Proposer as such, in the columns to the right on the "Minimum Specifications' Forms". The County's specifications may be exceeded and should be noted by the Vendor as such. Any RSP NOT MEETING the Minimum Requirements specified will be rejected.

**GOVERNING LAW:** This invitation to RSP is governed by the competitive sealed proposal requirements of the County Purchasing Act, Texas Local Government Code, §262.021 et seq., as amended. Proposers shall comply with all applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations. Proposers are further advised that these requirements shall be fully governed by the laws of the State of Texas and that Cameron County may request and rely on advice, decisions and opinions of the Attorney General of Texas and the County Attorney concerning any portion of these requirements.

Questions requiring only clarification of instructions or specifications will be handled verbally. If any questions results in a change or addition to this RSP, the Change(s) and addition(s) will be forwarded to all vendors involved (as quickly as possible) in the form of a written addendum only. Verbal changes to RSP must be backed-up by written addendum or written Q/A clarifications which would be posted on County Purchasing Web site. Without written Addendum or written Q / A clarification, verbal changes to RSP will not apply.

Sign the Vendor's Affidavit Notice, complete answers to Attachments A,B, C, D, E, F, G, H and return all with your RSP.

### **CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE:**

#### **For vendor or other person doing business with local governmental entity**

This questionnaire must be filed in accordance with chapter 176 of the Local Government Code by a person doing business with the governmental entity.

**By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator (County Clerk's Office) of the local government not later than the 7th business day after the date the person becomes aware of facts that require the statement to be filed.** See Section 176.006, Local Government Code.

A person commits an offense if the person violates Section 176.006, Local Government Code. An offense under this section is a Class C misdemeanor.

The law requires that you file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than September 1 of the year for which an activity described in Section 176.006(a), Local Government Code, is pending and not later than the 7th business day after the date the originally filed questionnaire becomes incomplete or inaccurate.

Please review this entire document, if for any reason there is any information to disclose, relative to any questions in this Conflict of Interest form, you must file with County Clerk's Office subject to above instructions.

**can be downloaded at the following web site:**

<http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/purchasing/docs/conflictofinterest.pdf>

### **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS:**

This questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator (County Clerk's Office) of the local government and no later than the 7<sup>th</sup> business day after the person becomes aware of facts that require this statement to be filed. Cameron County, Texas requires all persons or firms seeking to do business with the County to **provide the following information if the person becomes aware of facts that require this statement to be filed.** Every question must be answered. If the question is not applicable, answer with "N/A."

Please review this entire document, if for any reason there is any information to disclose, relative to any questions in this disclosure of interest form, you must file with County Clerk's Office subject to above instructions.

**can be downloaded at the following web site:**

<http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/purchasing/docs/DisclosureofInterest.pdf>



## TEXAS ETHICS COMMISSION FORM 1295

All RSP prior to award or award of Contract by Commissioner's Court will require that the Texas Ethics Commission (TEC) Form 1295 Electronic (on line) Vendor filing procedure be completed by Vendor.

All Vendors being recommended to Commissioners Court for award or renewal of award on Agenda must register and obtain a TEC Certification for the specific award. This Certification Form 1295 must be electronically submitted, printed and notarized. Notarized form must be emailed or delivered to County Purchasing Department making the request for form. This process must be completed prior to Commissioners Court Agenda for approval consideration of RSP award. There is no charge for this TEC online process.

Texas Ethics Commission (TEC) Form 1295 must be completed (by firm - on line "New Form 1295 Certificate of Interested Parties Electronic Filing Application" Site at: [https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf\\_info\\_form1295.htm](https://www.ethics.state.tx.us/whatsnew/elf_info_form1295.htm) )

If any Vendors have questions as to TEC Form 1295 visit the County Purchasing Web site left column tab "Vendor – TEC Form 1295" for more information. TEC Web site links can be found at this location including Question / Answers and Video instructions.

tab Link: [http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing\\_department/index.php](http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/administration/purchasing_department/index.php)

PROPOSER SHALL SUBMIT BID ON THE FORM PROVIDED, SIGN THE VENDOR AFFIDAVIT, AND RETURN ENTIRE RSP PACKET. In the event of inclement weather and County Offices are officially closed on a RSP deadline day, RSP will be received unit 2:00 p.m. of the next business day, for opening at up coming Commissioner's Court meeting.

RSP SUBMITTED AFTER THE SUBMISSION DEADLINE SHALL BE RETURNED UNOPENED AND WILL BE CONSIDERED VOID AND UNACCEPTABLE.

PROPOSER S MAY ATTEND PUBLICLY HELD COMM COURT MEETING FOR AWARD OF THIS SOLICITATION. All responding Proposers are welcome to attend the publicly held Commissioners Court meeting relative to the outcome / award of this solicitation. Court Meeting agenda date and times may be obtained at the following web site: <http://www.co.cameron.tx.us/judge/agenda.htm>

SUCCESSFUL VENDOR WILL BE NOTIFIED BY MAIL. All responding vendors will receive written notification regarding the outcome of the award.

OPEN RECORDS ACCESS TO ALL INFORMATION SUBMITTED. All information included will be open to the public, other Proposers, media as per the Open Records Act and not be confidential in nature. If you deem any information as confidential, it should not be made part of your bid package.

### PLEASE NOTE CAREFULLY

THIS IS THE ONLY APPROVED INSTRUCTION FOR USE ON YOUR RSP. ITEMS BELOW APPLY TO AND BECOME A PART OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF RSP. ANY EXCEPTIONS THERETO MUST BE IN WRITING.

1. Each RSP shall be placed in a separate envelope completely and properly identified with the name and number of the RSP. RSPs must be in the Purchasing Department BEFORE the hour and date specified.
2. RSPs MUST give full firm name and address of the Proposer. Failure to manually sign RSP will disqualify it. Person signing RSP should show TITLE or AUTHORITY TO BIND THE FIRM IN A CONTRACT.
3. RSPs CANNOT be altered or amended after deadline time. Any alterations made before deadline time must be initiated by Proposer or his authorized agent. No RSP can be withdrawn after opening time without approval by the Commissioners Court based on a written acceptable reason.
4. The County is exempt from State Sales Tax and Federal Excise Tax. DO NOT INCLUDE TAX IN RSP. Cameron County claims exemption from all sales and/or use taxes under Texas Tax Code §151.309, as amended. Texas Limited Sales Tax Exemption Certificates will be furnished upon written request to the Cameron County Purchasing Agent.
5. Any Catalog, brand name or manufacturer's reference used in a RSP invitation is descriptive-NOT restrictive-it is to indicate type and quality desired. RSPs on brand of like nature and quality will be considered. If RSP is based on other than reference specifications, proposal must show manufacturer, brand or trade name, lot number, etc., of article offered. If other than brand(s) specified is offered, illustrations and complete descriptions should be made part of the RSP. If Proposer takes no exception to specifications or reference data, he will be required to furnish brand names, numbers, etc. as specified.
6. Samples, when requested, must be furnished free of expense to the County. If not destroyed in examination, they will be returned to the Proposer on request, at his expense. Each sample should be marked with Proposer's name, address, and County RSP number. DO

NOT ENCLOSE OR ATTACH SAMPLE TO RSP. County user Dept(s) reserves the right to make the final determination as to equivalents.

7. Written and verbal inquiries pertaining to RSPs must give RSP Number and Company.
8. NO substitutions, changes or cancellations permitted without written approval of Purchasing Agent.
9. The County reserves the right to accept or reject all or any part of any RSP, waiver minor technicalities. The County of Cameron reserves the right to award by item category or by total RSP. Prices should be itemized. County also reserves the right to award either with or without trade-in, if applicable. Cameron County retains the option to re-RSP at any time if in its best interest and is not automatically bound to renewal or re-RSP. The County reserves the right to hold all RSPs for 60 days from the due date of receipt without actions. The County reserves the right to add additional County Departments (at a later time during this RSP award) as the need arises. The County also reserves the right to consider CO-OP Interlocal Agreements / pricing if determined to be more advantageous to the County.
10. RSP unit price on quantity specified – extend and show total. In case of errors in extension, UNIT prices shall govern. If both alphabetic and numeric (unit prices) are required and a discrepancy is found between both on the same line item whichever unit price confirms the line total will govern. If neither confirms then the alphabetic price will govern. If there is no line total requested then the alphabetic unit price shall govern. If combined / sum of line totals do not match the RSP total then the RSP total will be corrected to reflect the sum of the line totals. If there is a discrepancy between the alphabetic and numeric Base RSP Total / Total RSP amount, the alphabetic Base RSP Total / Total RSP will take precedence. RSPs subject to unlimited price increase will not be considered, but limited to Preventive Maintenance Annual Local Labor Union Wage Rate adjustments. ALL PRICING WILL REMAIN FIRM UNLESS THIS RSP ALLOWS FOR OPEN MARKET PRICE INCREASES (AS SO SPECIFIED WITHIN). When inserting number of days or percentage % in RSP (ex: number of days to deliver or install or complete work, etc or percentage over vendor's cost or percentage discount off list price) avoid using a range (ex: 30-90 days or 15% to 20 % cost plus ) but use only one number for number of days or percentage. If a range is used the County will consider the higher number or worst case scenario from the County's standpoint in making RSP comparisons / tabulations.
11. This is a RSP inquiry only and implies no obligation on the part of Cameron County.
12. Acceptance of and final payment for the item will be contingent upon satisfactory performance of the product received by Cameron County.
13. Partial RSPs will not be accepted unless awarded by complete category or line item. **To be awarded by Total RSP.**
14. It is expected that the Proposer will meet all state and federal safety standards and laws in effect on the date of the RSP for the item(s) being specified, and the particular use for which they are meant.
15. It is the responsibility of the Proposer to ask any and all questions the Proposer feels to be pertinent to the RSP. Cameron County shall not be required to attempt to anticipate such questions for Proposers or. Cameron County will endeavor to respond promptly to all questions asked.

**VENDOR REFERENCES**

Please list three (3) references of current customers who can verify the quality of service your company provides. The County prefers customers of similar size and scope of work to this RSP.  
***THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP.***

**REFERENCE ONE**

Government/Company Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contact Person and Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ e-mail address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contract Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Scope of Work \_\_\_\_\_

**REFERENCE TWO**

Government/Company Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contact Person and Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ e-mail address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contract Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Scope of Work \_\_\_\_\_

**REFERENCE THREE**

Government/Company Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contact Person and Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ e-mail address: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contract Period: \_\_\_\_\_ Scope of Work \_\_\_\_\_

**AFFIDAVIT**

The undersigned certifies that the RSP prices contained in this RSP have been carefully checked and are submitted as correct and final and if RSP is accepted (within 90 days unless otherwise noted by vendor), agrees to furnish any and/or all items upon which prices are offered, at the price(s) and upon the conditions contained in the Specifications.

STATE OF TEXAS  
COUNTY OF CAMERON

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, A Notary Public in and for the State of Texas, on this day personally appeared

\_\_\_\_\_  
who, after having first been duly sworn, upon oath did depose and say;  
That the foregoing bid submitted by \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
hereinafter called "Proposer" is the duly authorized agent of said company and that the person signing said proposal has been duly authorized to execute the same. Proposer affirms that they are duly authorized to execute this contract, that this company, corporation, firm, partnership or individual has not prepared this RSP in collusion with any other Proposer. The Proposer is not a member of any trust, pool, or combination to control the price of products or services RSP on, or to influence any person to RSP or not to RSP thereon. I further affirm that the Proposer has not given, offered to give, nor intends to give, at any time hereafter, any economic opportunity, future employment, gift, loan, gratuity, special discounts, trip, favor, or service to a public servant in connection with the submitted RSP. The contents of this RSP as to prices, terms or conditions of said RSP have not been communicated by the undersigned nor by any employee or agent to any other person engaged in this type of business prior to the official opening of this RSP.

Name and Address of Proposer:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone number \_\_\_\_\_  
Fax number \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature  
Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
  
Title: \_\_\_\_\_

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBE BEFORE ME THIS \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_,  
20\_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Notary Public in and for the State of Texas

***THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP***

**RESIDENCE CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to Texas Government Code §2252.001 *et seq.*, as amended, Cameron County requests Residence Certification. §2252.001 *et seq.* of the Government Code provides some restrictions on the awarding of governmental contracts; pertinent provisions of §2252.001 are stated below:

“Nonresident Proposer” refers to a person who is not a resident.

“Resident Proposer” refers to a person whose principal place of business is in this state, including a contractor whose ultimate parent company or majority owner has its principal place of business in this state.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ is a Resident  
(Company Name)  
Proposer of Texas as defined in Government Code §2252.001.

I certify that \_\_\_\_\_ is a Nonresident  
(Company Name)  
Proposer as defined in Government Code §2252.001 and our principal place of business is  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(City and State)

***THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP***

CAMERON COUNTY EXPRESSLY REQUESTS THAT PROPOSERS NOT DISCUSS THIS ENGAGEMENT OR THIS PROPOSER'S PLANS, EXPERIENCE OR CREDENTIALS WITH OTHER PROPOSERS OR ANY MEMBER OF COMMISSIONERS' COURT, ANY COUNTY OFFICIAL, OR ANY EVALUATION COMMITTEE MEMBER APPOINTED BY COMMISSIONERS COURT. EXCLUDED ARE PRE-RSP OR PRE-PROPOSAL CONFERENCES, EVALUATION COMMITTEE SCHEDULED VENDOR PRESENTATIONS OR VENDOR INTERVIEWS, OR EVALUATION COMMITTEE SCHEDULED EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES DEMONSTRATIONS. YOU MAY CONTACT THE PURCHASING AGENT /PURCHASING DEPARTMENT AT ANY TIME.

FROM RSP OPENING DATE THROUGH COMMISSIONERS COURT MEETING FOR SELECTION, VENDORS SHALL NOT APPROACH THE COUNTY JUDGE OR COMMISSIONERS TO DISCUSS MATTERS PERTAINING TO THIS RSP.

- 01. Has any individual with the firm submitting this Proposal/RSP/Response made any contact with any member of Commissioners Court, any County Official, or an Evaluation Committee member concerning this Invitation to RSP, other than questions to the Assistant County Auditor/Purchasing Officer?

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- 02. Has any individual with the firm submitting this Proposal/RSP/Response made any contact with any other Bidder or Proposer concerning this Invitation to RSP?

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\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of person submitting this RSP

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

***THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP***

ORDER NO. 2007O2005

THE STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF CAMERON §

ORDER ADOPTING CONTRACTING RULES FOR PERSONS INDEBTED TO COUNTY

WHEREAS, pursuant to V.T.C.A., Local Government Code, Section 262.0276, a commissioners court is authorized to adopt rules permitting a county to refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person indebted to the county;

WHEREAS, the Commissioners Court of Cameron County finds it is in the best interest of Cameron County to adopt such rules;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDERED by the Commissioners Court of Cameron County, that the following rules be adopted regarding Cameron County and persons interested in doing business with Cameron County:

- 1. Cameron County may refuse to enter into a contract or other transaction with a person with a past due debt to Cameron County, including delinquent ad valorem taxes, even if the person is the lowest successful proposer; and
2. For purposes of this Order, a debt is past due if it is not received in the County Treasurer's Office by the due date in a written agreement or notice, and ad valorem taxes are past due if not received in the County Tax Assessor/Collector's Office by February 1st following the January 1st on which the ad valorem taxes are due.
3. For purposes of this Order, a person includes an individual, sole proprietorship, corporation, nonprofit corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company, and any other entity that proposes or otherwise seeks to enter into a contract or other transaction with Cameron County requiring approval by the Commissioners Court.

ADOPTED this 13 day of March, 2007.

01. Is the person or the firm submitting this RSP current with all local and State taxes?

\_\_\_\_\_

Signature of person submitting this RSP

Date

THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP

**Certification**

**Regarding Debarment, Suspension Ineligibility**

As is required by the Federal Regulations Implementing Executive Order 12549, Debarment and Suspension, 45 CFR Part 76, Government-wide Debarment and Suspension, in the applicant certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that both it and its principals:

- a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any federal department or agency;
- b. Have not within a three-year period preceding this RSP/proposal and/or application been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (federal, state or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction, violation of federal or state antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, theory, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;
- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a government entity with commission of any of the offenses enumerated herein; and
- d. Have not within a three-year period preceding this RSP/proposal and/or application had one or more public transactions terminated of cause or default.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

If the Proposer is unable to certify to all of the statements in this Certification, such Proposer should attach an explanation to this RSP/Proposal.

**THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP**



**Architects, Engineers, Construction**

The applicant certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that the information noted below for it and its principals are accurate:

- a. List all previous law suits with Public entities and the results of such suits over the past 7 years.

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- b. List all projects that have exceeded Budget, what % over budget and why – over the past 5 years.

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- c. List all projects that have exceeded the project completion due date, how many days over and why – over the past 5 years.

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Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

If the Proposer is unable to certify to all of the statements in this Certification, such Proposer should attach an explanation to this RSP / Proposal.

***THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP***

*(attach pages if necessary due to space limitations)*

**Certification**

**Regarding Resolution Requiring Minimum Wage Rate**

As is required by Resolution No. 2008R12092:

**A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF MAINTAINING A HIGHER MINIMUM WAGE REQUIREMENT FOR ALL CONTRACTORS DOING WORK FOR CAMERON COUNTY**

the applicant (Proposer) certifies, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that the Prime Contractor and Subcontractor contracts shall explicitly include a **minimum wage of \$8.50 per hour for all full time and part time employees** hired by the prime and subcontractors for any and all work performed for Cameron County in this RSP.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Telephone Number: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

If the Proposer is unable to certify to all of the statements in this Certification, Proposer should attach an explanation to this RSP / Proposal.

**THIS FORM MUST BE RETURNED WITH YOUR RSP**

**CONFLICT OF INTEREST QUESTIONNAIRE****FORM CIQ****For vendor doing business with local governmental entity**

This questionnaire reflects changes made to the law by H.B. 23, 84th Leg., Regular Session.

**OFFICE USE ONLY**

This questionnaire is being filed in accordance with Chapter 176, Local Government Code, by a vendor who has a business relationship as defined by Section 176.001 (1-a) with a local governmental entity and the vendor meets requirements under Section 176.006(a).

Date Received

By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator of the local governmental entity not later than the 7th business day after the date the vendor becomes aware of facts that require the statement to be filed. *See* Section 176.006(a-1), Local Government Code.

A vendor commits an offense if the vendor knowingly violates Section 176.006, Local Government Code. An offense under this section is a misdemeanor.

**1 Name of vendor who has a business relationship with local governmental entity.****2.  Check this box if you are filing an update to a previously filed questionnaire.**

(The law requires that you file an updated completed questionnaire with the appropriate filing authority not later than the 7th business day after the date on which you became aware that the originally filed questionnaire was incomplete or inaccurate.)

**3.  Name of local government officer about whom the information in this section is being disclosed.**

Name of Officer

This section (item 3 including subparts A, B, C, & D) must be completed for each officer with whom the vendor has an employment or other business relationship as defined by Section 176.001 (1-a), Local Government Code. Attach additional pages to this Form CIQ as necessary.

A. Is the local government officer named in this section receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income from the vendor?

Yes       No

B. Is the vendor receiving or likely to receive taxable income, other than investment income, from or at the direction of the local government officer named in this section AND the taxable income is not received from the local governmental entity?

Yes       No

C. Is the filer of this questionnaire employed by a corporation or other business entity with respect to which the local government officer services as an officer or director, or holds an ownership interest of one percent or more?

Yes       No

D. Describe each employment or business and family relationship with the local government officer named in this section.

**4.** 

Signature of vendor doing business with the governmental entity

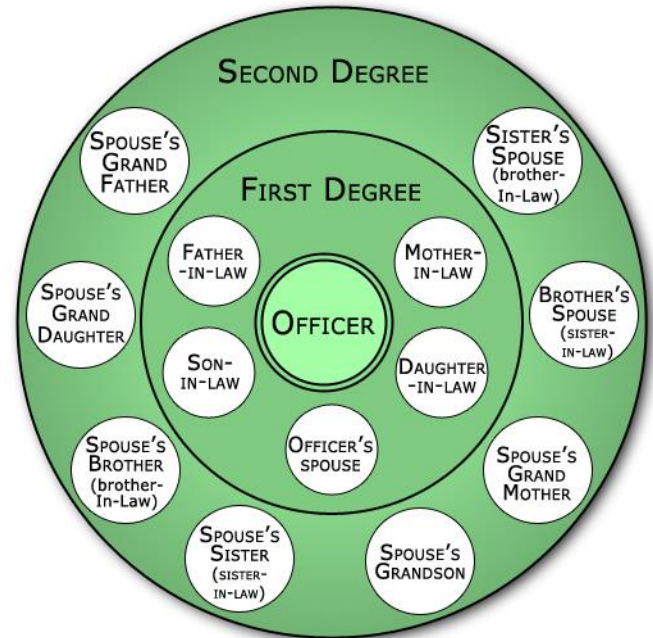
Date

## NEPOTISM CHART

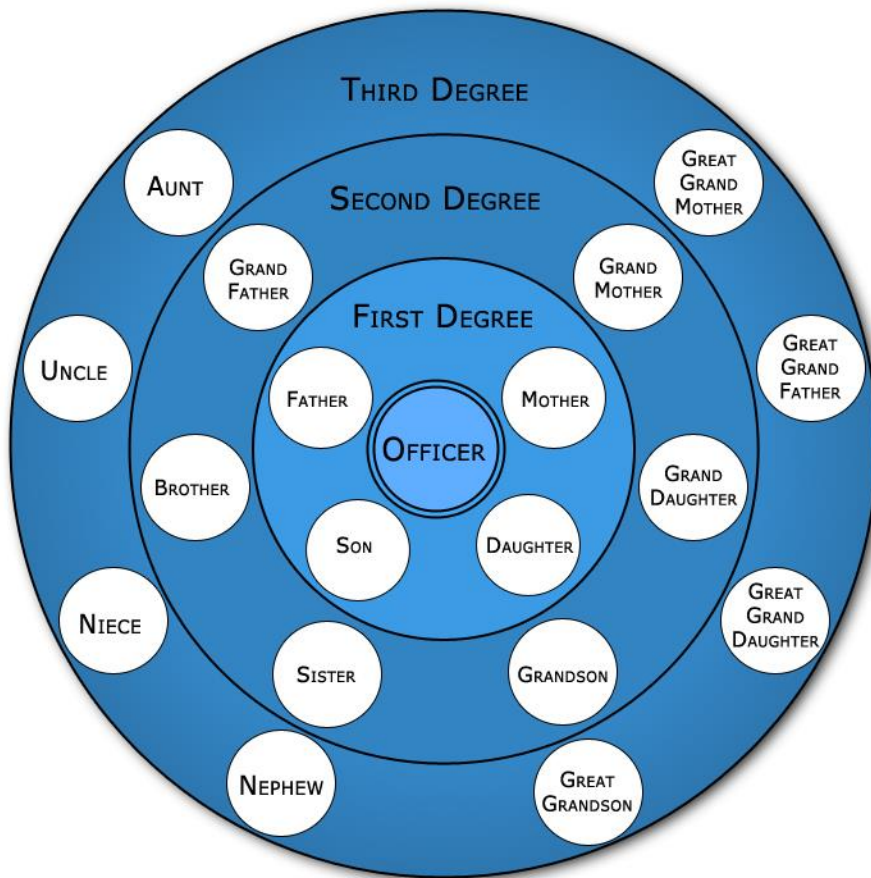
The chart below shows

- **Affinity Kinship** (relationship by marriage)
- **Consanguinity Kinship** (relationship by blood) for purposes of interpreting nepotism as defined in VTCA Government Code, Chapter 573, §§573.021 - .025

### AFFINITY KINSHIP Relationship by Marriage



### CONSANGUINITY KINSHIP Relationship by Blood



**DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

**MUST BE FILLED OUT AND SUBMITTED WITH THE RSP**  
**IF DISCLOSING: BIDDER / PROPOSER MUST ALSO FILE WITH THE COUNTY CLERK’S OFFICE**  
**THE PURCHASING DEPT. WILL NOT BE FILING ON THE PROPOSER’S BEHALF**

Cameron County, Texas requires all persons or firms seeking to do business with the County to provide the following information. Every question must be answered. If the question is not applicable, answer with “N/A.” By law this questionnaire must be filed with the records administrator (County Clerk’s Office) of the local government.

Date \_\_\_\_\_

FIRM NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

FIRM is: 1. Corporation ( )      2. Partnership ( )      3. Sole Owner ( )  
4. Association ( ) 5. Other ( ) \_\_\_\_\_

**DISCLOSURE QUESTIONS**

If additional space is necessary, please use the reverse side of this page or attach separate sheet.

1. State the names of each “employee, elected official, or member of Commissioners Court” of Cameron County having Substantial Interest in Business Entity Local Govt. Code 171.002

**DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS (CONTINUED)**

- a) For purpose of this chapter, a person has a substantial interest in a business entity if :
  - (1) the person owns 10 percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business entity or owns either 10 percent or more or \$15,000 or more of the fair market value of the business entity; or
  - (2) funds received by the person from the business entity exceeds 10 percent of the person’s gross income for the previous year.
- b) A person has a substantial interest in real property if the interest is an equitable or legal ownership with a fair market value of \$2,500 or more.
- c) A local public official is considered to have a substantial interest under this section if a person related to the official in the first degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, has a substantial interest under this section.

Name	Title	Department

**CERTIFICATE**

I certify that all information provided is true and correct as of the date of this statement, that I have not knowingly withheld disclosure of any information requested; and that supplemental statements will be promptly submitted to the Cameron County as changes occur.

Certifying Person: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_  
 (Type or Print)

Signature of Certifying Person: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## **GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS ( Requests for Proposals (RFP))**

**ADDENDA:** If RFP specifications, terms or conditions are revised, the Cameron County Purchasing Department will issue an addendum addressing the nature of the changes and notify interested potential Proposers. Proposers must acknowledge receipt and consideration of any such changes by signing the addendum and including it in the package containing the Proposer's submittal.

**ADVERTISING:** Unless otherwise required by law, Proposers responding to County RFPs shall not publish and shall keep confidential their intentions and actions respecting any response to the RFP.

**AWARD:** Cameron County may hold RFP responses for a period of sixty (60) days. Cameron County reserves the right to reject any or all responses to RFPs. Cameron County reserves the right to award a contract, if any, based on the Proposer's response when compared to the EVALUATION CRITERIA (AS STATED IN THE RFP) and, in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, reserves the right to waive any formality or irregularity, to make awards to more than one Proposer. Commissioners Court reserves the right to determine the method and procedures for the final award of the RFPs at any time they may choose, regardless of the Point System used by the Evaluation Committee.

**BONDS:** If the contract that may be entered into with the County will likely require a performance guarantee or bond, the Purchasing Department will attach a separate page to the RFP explaining those requirements.

**CANCELLATION AND TERMINATION:** In any contract resulting from the RFP, the County shall have the right to cancel all or any part of the undelivered portion of the contract if (1) Proposer breaches any of the terms hereof, including, but not limited to, applicable warranties, and/or the (2) Proposer becomes insolvent or files for bankruptcy. Such right of cancellation is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies which the County may have in law or equity. Cancellation of work hereunder shall be effected by the delivery of a "Notice of Cancellation of Undelivered Work" specifying the extent to which performance of work, including all goods and services, under the contract is cancelled and the date upon which such cancellation becomes effective.

The performance of work under any resulting contract may be terminated in whole, or in part, by the County in accordance with this provision. The County shall have the right to terminate all or any part of the contract if (1) the Proposer breaches any of the terms hereof, including, but not limited to, applicable warranties, and/or (2) Proposer becomes insolvent or files for bankruptcy. Such right of termination is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies which the County may have in law or equity. Termination of work hereunder shall be effected by the delivery of a "Notice of Termination" specifying the extent to which performance of work, including all goods and services, under the contract is terminated and the date upon which such termination becomes effective.

**CHANGE ORDERS:** No oral statement of any person shall modify or otherwise change, or affect the terms, conditions or specifications stated in the resulting contract. All change orders to the contract will be made in writing by mutual consent of the Proposer and the County.

**CONTRACT RENEWALS:** Contract Renewals must receive Commissioners Court approval. For contract renewal status and information, please contact Elisa Cisneros at 956-982-5405 e-mail: [Elisa.Cisneros2@co.cameron.tx.us](mailto:Elisa.Cisneros2@co.cameron.tx.us) Cameron County Purchasing Dept. or Dylbia Jeffries 956-550-1340 [djefferies@co.cameron.tx.us](mailto:djefferies@co.cameron.tx.us) at the Cameron County Civil Legal Division. Any price escalations are limited to those stated by the original contract terms. All contracts with a one (1) year renewal option require that the Proposer must notify Cameron County of any anticipated price increases in writing at least three months (90 calendar days) prior to the annual renewal award date unless otherwise specified within the specific provisions of the contract up for renewal. This allows the County sufficient time to find an alternative vendor, if possible. If Proposer fails to notify the County within time noted it shall be assumed that there will be no price increase for the following year's award period if renewed. This procedure does not apply to any contract which allows for Open Market Price increases or Cost allowance increases.

**DISCRIMINATION:** In order to encourage fair employment practices, the Proposer agrees as follows: 1.) Proposer will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, sex, color, age, religion, handicap, or national origin; 2) in all solicitations or advertisements for employees, the Proposer will state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration without regard to race, color, sex, age, religion, handicap or national origin; 3) the Proposer will furnish such relevant information and reports as requested by the County for the purpose of determining compliance with these regulations; and 4) failure of the Proposer to comply with these laws will be deemed a breach of contract and it may be cancelled, terminated or suspended in a whole or in part as a result thereof.

**DISQUALIFICATION OF PROPOSER:** Upon submitting a response to this RFP, Proposer certifies that the Proposer has not violated the antitrust laws of this state codified in Texas Business and Commerce Code 15.01, *et seq.*, as amended, or the federal antitrust laws, and has not communicated directly or indirectly its RFP considerations, plan or response to any competitor or any other person engaged in such line of business. Any and all responses may be rejected if the County believes that collusion exists among the Proposers. If multiples are submitted by a Proposer and, after all responses to the RFPs are opened one or more of the responses are withdrawn the result will be that all of the responses submitted by that Proposer will be withdrawn; however, nothing herein prohibits a Proposer from submitting multiples for different products or services.

**EVALUATION:** All responses will be evaluated in accordance with law and reviewed to assure they are in the best interest of Cameron County. Evaluations shall be based on criteria bearing on price, and performance of the items or services in the user environment. Any specific criteria section or sections identified elsewhere in the RFP response may be evaluated by one or more evaluators once the basis and details of this process have been approved by the Purchasing Officer and acknowledged by the Evaluation Committee. Detailed information pertaining to this selective evaluation process is available to Proposers and the Commissioners Court upon request. Evaluation sheets and any summary of all responses are subject to review by the Cameron County Purchasing Department and Evaluation Committee's recommendation to Cameron County Commissioners Court. Compliance with all RFP requirements, delivery terms and needs of the using department are considerations in evaluating responses. Pricing is NOT the only criterion for making a recommendation (see criteria and relative importance of price and other evaluation factors, if any, specified elsewhere in this RFP). The Cameron County Purchasing Department reserves the right to contact any Proposer, at any time, to clarify, verify or request information with regard to that Proposer's response.

**PROTEST PROCEDURES:** Procedure - This protest procedure is available to Proposers responding to this RFP and requesting a debriefing conference.

Debriefing Conference – A debriefing conference must be requested in writing to the Purchasing Department within five (5) business days from the date of the RFP award by the Cameron County Commissioners' Court. Debriefing questions must be submitted in writing to the Purchasing Department no later than two (2) business days before the scheduled date for the Debriefing Conference. These questions will be answered at the debriefing conference. Follow-up questions must be submitted (in writing) no later than one (1) business day after the date of the Debriefing Conference and answered no later than two (2) business days after the date of the Debriefing Conference. Follow-up answers will be sent via e-mail or fax (if e-mail not available). For RFPs, Proposers are given the opportunity to ask questions of the Evaluation Committee relative to their responses and the Committee's scores.

Protests are made: 1. To the Purchasing Department after the debriefing conference. Proposer protests shall be received, in writing, by the Purchasing Department within five (5) business days after the debriefing conference. 2. To the Protest Committee, only after the protest to the Purchasing Department was not satisfactorily resolved. Protests to the Protest Committee shall be made within five (5) business days after the Proposer has received notification from the County Purchasing Department of its decision.

Grounds for protest:

1. Errors were made in computing the score.
2. The County failed to follow procedures established in the RFP, the Purchasing policy on acquisitions or applicable state or federal laws or regulations.



3. Bias, discrimination or conflict of interest on the part of an evaluator. Protests not based on these criteria shall not be considered.

Format and Content - Protesting Proposers shall include, in their written protest to the Cameron County Purchasing Department, all facts and arguments upon which they rely. Proposers shall, at a minimum, provide:

1. Information about the protesting Proposer; name of firm, mailing address, phone number and name of individual responsible for submission of the protest.
2. Information about the acquisition and the acquisition method.
3. Specific and complete statement of the County's action(s) being protested.
4. Specific reference to the grounds for the protest.
4. Description of the relief or corrective action requested.
5. For protests to the Protest Committee, a copy of the Purchasing Department's written decision on the protest.

Review Process:

1. Upon receipt of a Proposer's protest, the Purchasing Department shall postpone further steps in the acquisition process until the Proposer protest has been resolved.
2. The Department's internal protest review procedures consist of the following:
  - a) The Purchasing Department shall perform an objective review of the protest by individuals not involved in the acquisition protested. The review shall be based on the written protest material submitted by the Proposer.
  - b) A written decision will be delivered to the Proposer within five business days after receipt of the protest, unless more time is needed. The protesting Proposer shall be notified if additional time is necessary.

Final Determination:

The final determination shall:

1. Find the protest lacking in merit and uphold the agency's action; or
2. Find only technical or harmless errors in the agency's acquisition process, determine the agency to be in substantial compliance, and reject the protest; or
3. Find merit in the protest and provide the agency options which may include recommendations to a) correct its errors and reevaluate all RFPs, and/or b) reissue the Proposer solicitation document; or c) make other findings and determine other courses of action as appropriate.

Protest Committee Review Process:

Protests to the Protest Committee may be made only for Protest Committee approved acquisitions, and only after review by County Purchasing Department. Protests of the decisions of County Purchasing Department shall be made by letter to the Protest Committee, who may establish procedures to resolve the protest. Protests shall be received by the Protest Committee within five business days after the decision of Purchasing Department in order to be considered. The Committee's decision is final, with no further administrative appeal available.

**FISCAL FUNDING:** A multi-year lease or lease/purchase arrangement (if requested by the Special Requirements/Instructions), or any contract continuing as a result of an extension option, must include a "fiscal funding out" clause. If, for any reason, funds are not appropriated to continue the lease or contract, said lease or contract shall become null and void on the last day of the current appropriation of funds. After expiration of the lease, leased equipment shall be removed by the Proposer from the using department without penalty of any kind or form to Cameron County. All charges and physical activity related to delivery, installation, removal and redelivery shall be the responsibility of the Proposer.

**GRATUITIES AND PROHIBITION AGAINST PERSONAL INTEREST IN CONTRACTS:** Any elected or appointed official who has any substantial interest, either direct or indirect, in any business entity seeking to contract with the County, shall, before any vote or decision on any matter involving the business entity, file an affidavit stating the nature and extent of interest and shall abstain from any participation in the matter. This is not required if the vote or decision will not have any special effect on the entity other than its effect on the public. However, if a majority of the governing body is also required to file, and do file similar affidavits, then the member is not required to abstain from further participation. Attached and included in this RFP is a disclosure of all of this Company's business or pecuniary financial relationships with officers or employees of Cameron County or County entities (if any such relationships exist) which must be filled out, attached and included with the RFP response. The County may, by written notice to the Proposer, cancel this contract without liability to Proposer if it is determined by County that gratuities, in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise, were offered or given by the Proposer, or any agent, or representative of the Proposer, to any officer or employee of Cameron County with a view toward securing a contract or securing favorable treatment with respect to the awarding or amending or the making or any determinations with respect to the performance of such a contract. In the event this contract is cancelled by County pursuant to this provision, County shall be entitled, in addition to any other rights and remedies, to recover or withhold the amount of the costs incurred by Proposer in providing such gratuities. Consistent and continued RFP responses that end in a tie could cause rejection of any RFP response by the County and/or investigation for Anti-Trust violations. Proposer guarantees that he has not retained a person to solicit or secure any contract upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee, except for retention of bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial selling agencies maintained by the Proposer for the purpose of securing business.

**HISTORICALLY UNDERUTILIZED BUSINESS (HUB) CERTIFICATION:** If Proposer is a Certified Historically Underutilized Business (HUB), please include a copy of your HUB Certificate with your —RFP response. This information will assist Cameron County in the percentage tracking of HUB utilization.

**LOCAL PROPOSER'S PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS - 3% PREFERENCE:** (consideration of location) This local preference consideration is allowable for Equipment and Supplies but not allowed for Services and/or Construction related requests. The County Commissioner's Court may award to the lowest Proposer or the Proposer whose principal place of business is within Cameron County if the Commissioner's Court determines, in writing, that the local Proposer offers the County the best combination of contract price and additional economic development opportunities for Cameron County created by the contract award, including the employment of residents of Cameron County and increased tax revenues to Cameron County. This option exists only within 3% of the lowest price. In order to provide the County Commissioners Court adequate information in considering this option, the Proposer should submit with each RSP response the following information for Commissioners Court's review with all information requested complete with detailed, current and quantifiable numeric data:

1. Where is your principal place of business (Business Headquarters) City, County, State, Signature of Proposer, Title, Date? Along with this information, submit information with responses to the following questions:

- a.) Why and how Proposer believes that the local Proposer offers the County additional economic development opportunities for Cameron County created by the contract award?
- b.) How will award to local Proposer benefit the employment of residents of Cameron County?
- c.) How many employees does Proposer employ within Cameron County and how many employees are affected financially by award/purchase?
- d.) How will award to local Proposer increase tax revenues to Cameron County?

This information should be provided and updated with each RSP response submitted to the County. If Proposer is local and within 3% of the lowest RSP price, this information will be submitted to Commissioner's Court along with tabulation sheet. There has been no mandatory requirement or Policy established by Commissioners Court which requires submitting answers to these questions or attending Commissioners Court meetings for the awarding of RFPs relative to the 3% local preference, however individual Commissioners may or may not have preferences (relative to these issues) when making their decision. This paragraph will be revised upon policy change made by Commissioners Court.

**INSURANCE:** The Proposer shall secure and maintain, throughout the duration of the Contract, insurance of such types and in such amounts as may be necessary to protect the Proposer and the interests of the County against all hazards or risks of loss as hereinafter specified. The form and limits of such insurance, together with the insurer, shall be acceptable to the County. It shall be the responsibility of the Proposer to maintain adequate insurance coverage at all times. Failure of the Proposer to maintain adequate coverage shall not relieve the Proposer of any contractual responsibility or obligation.

**MAINTENANCE:** Maintenance required for equipment requested in RFPs should be available in Cameron County by a manufacturer authorized maintenance facility. Costs for this service shall be shown on the Pricing/Delivery Information form. If Cameron County opts to include maintenance, it shall be so stated in the purchase order and said cost will be included. Service will commence only upon expiration of applicable warranties and should be priced accordingly.

**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS:** Under the "Hazardous Communication Act", commonly known as the "Texas Right To Know Act", a Proposer must provide to the County with each delivery, material safety data sheets which are applicable to hazardous substances defined in the Act. Failure of the Proposer to furnish this documentation will be cause to reject any RFP applying thereto.

**NAME BRANDS:** Specifications may reference name brands and model numbers. It is not the intent of Cameron County to restrict responses to RFPs in such cases, but to establish a desired quality level of merchandise or to meet a pre-established standard common to similar existing items. Proposer may offer items of equal stature and standard, but the burden of proof of such stature and standard rests with Proposer. Cameron County shall act as sole judge in determining equality and acceptability of products offered.

**PRICING:** Prices for all goods and/or services shall be firm for the duration of the contract and shall be stated on the Pricing/Delivery Information form. Prices shall be all inclusive: No price changes, additions, or subsequent qualifications will be honored during the term of the contract. All prices must be written in ink or typewritten. Pricing on all transportation, freight, drayage and other charges are to be prepaid by the Proposer and included in the price. If there are any additional charges of any kind, other than those mentioned above, specified or unspecified, Proposer MUST indicate the items required and attendant costs or forfeit the right to payment for such items. Where unit pricing and extended pricing differ, unit pricing prevails.

**RECYCLED MATERIALS:** Cameron County encourages the use of products made of recycled materials and shall give preference in purchasing to products made of recycled materials if the products meet applicable specifications as to quantity and quality. County will be the sole judge in determining product preference application.

**SCANNED RE-TYPED RESPONSE:** If in its RFP response, Proposer either electronically scans, re-types, or in some way reproduces the County's published RFP package, then in event of any conflict between the terms and provisions of the County's published RFP specifications, or any portion thereof, and the terms and provisions of the — RFP response made by Proposer, the County's RFP specifications as published shall control. Furthermore, if an alteration of any kind to the County's published RFP specifications is only discovered after the contract is executed and is or is not being performed, the contract is subject to immediate cancellation.

**SILENCE OF SPECIFICATIONS:** The apparent silence of specifications as to any detail, or the apparent omission from it of a detailed description concerning any point, shall be regarded as meaning that only the best commercial practices are to prevail and that only material and workmanship of the finest quality are to be used. All interpretations of specifications shall be made on the basis of this statement. The items furnished under this contract shall be new, unused of the latest product in production to commercial trade and shall be of the highest quality as to materials used and workmanship. The manufacturer furnishing these items shall be experienced in design and construction of such items and shall be an established supplier of the item needed in the RFP. Substitute items will not be accepted unless approved (in advance).

**SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIALS:** Proposer are responsible for including all pertinent product data in the returned RFP package. Literature, brochures, data sheets, specification information, completed forms requested as part of the — RFP package and any other facts which may affect the evaluation and subsequent contract award should be included. Materials such as legal documents and contractual agreements, which the Proposer wishes to include as a condition of an RFP response, must also be in

the returned in the RFP response package. Failure to include all necessary and proper supplemental materials may be cause to reject the Proposer's entire RFP.

**TITLE TRANSFER:** Title and Risk of Loss of goods shall not pass to Cameron County until Cameron County actually receives and takes possession of the goods at the point or points of delivery. Receiving times may vary with the using department. Generally, deliveries may be made between 8:30 a.m. and 4:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. Proposers are advised to consult the using department for instructions. The place of delivery shall be shown under the "Special Requirements/Instructions" section of this RFP package and/or on the Purchase Order as a "Deliver To:" with the address.

**USAGE REPORTS:** Cameron County reserves the right to request, and receive at no additional cost up to two (2) times during the contract period, a usage report detailing the products and/or services furnished to date under a contract resulting from this RFP. The reports must be furnished no later than five (5) working days after written request and itemize all purchases to date by Cameron County department with a description, of each item purchased, including the manufacturer, quantity of each item purchased, the per unit and extended price of each item purchased, and the total amount and price of all items purchased.

**WARRANTY PRICE:** (a) The price to be paid by the County shall be that contained in Proposer's response to the RFP which Proposer warrants to be no higher than Proposer's current prices on orders by others for products of the kind and specification covered by this agreement for similar quantities under similar or like conditions and methods of purchase. In the event Proposer breaches this warranty, the prices of the items shall be reduced to the Proposer's current prices on orders by others, or in the alternative, County may cancel this contract without liability to Proposer for breach or Proposer's actual expense.

(b) The Proposer warrants that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this contract upon an agreement or understanding for commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee excepting bona fide employees of bona fide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by the Proposer for the purpose of securing business. For breach or violation of this warranty, the County shall have the right in addition to any other right or rights to cancel this contract without liability and to deduct from the contract price, or otherwise recover the full amount of such commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee.

Proposers shall furnish all data pertinent to warranties or guarantees which may apply to items in the RFP.

Proposer may not limit or exclude any implied warranties.

Proposer warrants that products sold and services provided to the County shall conform to the highest commercial and/or professional standards in the industry and laws established by the U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and O.S.H.A. Act of 1970. In the event any product does not conform to OSHA Standards, where applicable, Cameron County may return the product for correction or replacement at the Proposer's expense. If Proposer fails to make the appropriate correction within a reasonable time, Cameron County may correct at the Proposer's expense.

**WARRANTY ITEMS/PRODUCTS:** Proposer warrants that products sold and services provided to the County shall conform to the highest commercial and/or professional standards in the industry and laws established by the U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Occupational Safety and Health Administration and O.S.H.A. Act of 1970. In the event product does not conform to OSHA Standards, where applicable, Cameron County may return the product for correction or replacement at the Proposer's expense. If Proposer fails to make the appropriate correction within a reasonable time, Cameron County may correct at the Proposer's expense.

Proposer shall not limit or exclude any implied warranties and any attempt to do so shall render this contract voidable at the option of the County.

Proposer warrants that the goods furnished will conform to the specifications, drawings and descriptions listed in the RFP invitation and to the sample(s) furnished by Proposer, if any. In the event of a conflict between the specifications, drawings and descriptions, the specifications shall govern. All items must be new, in first class condition, unless otherwise specified. The design, strength, and quality of materials must conform to the highest standards of manufacturing practice.

Items supplied under this contract shall be subject to the County's approval. Successful Proposer shall warrant that all items/services shall conform to the proposed specifications and/or all warranties as stated in the Uniform Commercial Code and be free from all defects in material, workmanship and title. Any items found defective or not meeting specifications shall be picked up and promptly replaced by the successful Proposer at no expense to the County.

**SAFETY WARRANTY:** As noted above, Proposer warrants that the products sold to County shall conform to the standards promulgated by the U.S. Department of Labor under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. In the event the product does not conform to OSHA standards, County may return the product for correction or replacement at the Proposer's expense. In the event Proposer fails to make the appropriate correction within a reasonable time, correction made by County will be at Proposer's expense. Have you attached the required warranty information to the RFP (if applicable)? "Yes" or "No"

#### **APPLICABLE LAW**

To the extent it is applicable, this agreement shall be governed by the Uniform Commercial Code. Wherever the term "Uniform Commercial Code" is used, it shall be construed as meaning "the Uniform Commercial Code" as adopted in the State of Texas as effective and in force on the date of this agreement. Otherwise, Texas state and federal law shall apply.

**ASSIGNMENT DELEGATION:** No right, obligation or interest in this contract shall be assigned or delegated to another by Proposer without the written permission of the County. Any attempted assignment or delegation by Proposer shall be wholly void and totally ineffective for all purposes unless made in conformity with this paragraph.

**CONTRACT OBLIGATION:** Cameron County Commissioners Court must award any resulting contract and the County Judge or other person authorized by the Cameron County Commissioners Court must sign the contract before it becomes binding on Cameron County or the Proposer. Department Heads are NOT authorized to sign agreements for Cameron County. Binding agreements shall remain in effect until all products and/or services covered by this RFP have been delivered and accepted and all contract requirements have been satisfied

**ERRORS AND OMISSIONS:** Errors and Omissions in the RFP or any provision herein described will not be construed as to relieve the Proposer of any responsibility or obligation requisite to the complete and satisfactory implementation, operation, and support of all obligations under any resulting contract.

**FORCE MAJEURE:** If, by reason of Force Majeure, either party hereto shall be rendered unable wholly, or in part, to carry out its obligations under this RFP and any resulting contract, then such party shall give notice and full particulars of Force Majeure in writing to the other party within a reasonable time after occurrence of the event or cause relied upon, and the obligation of the party giving such notice, so far as it is affected by such Force Majeure, shall be suspended during the continuance of the inability then claimed, except as hereinafter provided, but for no longer period, and such party shall endeavor to remove or overcome such inability with all reasonable dispatch. The term "Force Majeure" as employed herein, shall mean acts of God, strikes, lockouts, or other industrial disturbances, act of public enemy, orders of any kind of government of the United States or the State of Texas or any civil or military authority, insurrections, riots, epidemics, landslides, lightening, earthquakes, fires, hurricanes, storms, floods, washouts, droughts, arrests, restraint of government and people, civil disturbances, explosions, breakage or accidents to machinery, pipelines or canals, or other causes not reasonably within the control of the party claiming such inability. It is understood and agreed that the settlement of strikes and lockouts shall be entirely with the discretion of the party having the difficulty, and that the above requirement that any Force Majeure shall be remedied with all reasonable dispatch shall not require the settlement of strikes and lockouts by acceding to the demands of the opposing party or parties when such settlement is unfavorable in the judgment of the party having the difficulty.

**HOLD HARMLESS AGREEMENT:** The successful Proposer, shall indemnify and hold Cameron County harmless from all claims for personal injury, death and/or property damage resulting directly or indirectly from Proposer's performance. Proposer shall procure and maintain, with respect to the subject matter of this RFP, appropriate insurance coverage including, as a minimum, public liability and property damage with adequate limits to cover Proposer's liability as may arise directly or indirectly from work performed and goods or services sold and under the terms of this RFP. Certification of such coverage must be provided to the County upon request.

**INFRINGEMENTS:** There will be no warranty by County against infringements. As part of this contract for sales, Proposer agrees to ascertain whether goods manufactured in accordance with the specifications attached to this agreement will give rise to the rightful claim of any third person by way of infringement or the like. County makes no warranty that the production of goods according to the specification will not give rise to such a claim, and in no event shall County be liable to Proposer for indemnification in the event Proposer gets sued on the grounds of infringement or the like. If Proposer is of the opinion that an infringement or the like will result, Proposer shall notify County to that effect in writing within two (2) weeks after the signing of this agreement. If County does not receive notice and is subsequently held liable for the infringement or the like, Proposer will hold County harmless. If Proposer in good faith ascertains that production of the goods in accordance with the specifications will result in infringement or the like, this contract shall be null and void, except that County will pay Proposer the reasonable cost of Proposer's search as to infringement. The Proposer agrees to protect the County from claims involving infringement of patents or copyrights.

**INTERPRETATION PAROLE EVIDENCE:** Unless a separate contract or addendum hereof is prepared and entered into following the award of this RFP to a successful Proposer, this writing is intended by the parties as a final expression of the terms of this RFP and the general terms of any resulting contract. No course of prior dealings between the parties and no usage of the trade shall be relevant to supplement or explain any term. Acceptance or acquiescence in a course of performance rendered under this RFP and any resulting contract shall not be relevant to determine meaning even though the accepting or acquiescing party has knowledge of the performance and opportunity for objection. Whenever a term defined by the Uniform Commercial Code is used in this agreement, the definition contained in the Code is to control, if applicable.

**LATE RESPONSES:** RFP responses must be received by the County before the hour and date specified. Responses received after the time and date specified will be disqualified and may be returned to sender. The County is not responsible for lateness or non-delivery of mail, delivered to wrong office, carrier, etc.

**MODIFICATIONS:** This contract can be modified or rescinded only by a writing signed by both of the parties or their duly authorized agents.

**O.S.H.A:** Proposer must meet all Federal and State OSHA requirements.

**REMEDIES:** The successful Proposer and County agree that both parties have all rights, duties, defenses and remedies available under law.

**RIGHT TO ASSURANCE:** During the RFP process and any resulting contract, whenever a Proposer or the County in good faith has reason to question the other's intent to perform, demand may be made that the other party give written assurance of intent. In the event that a demand is made and no assurance is given within five (5) days, such failure may be treated as an anticipatory repudiation of the RFP and any resulting contract.

**SEVERABILITY:** If any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence, clause, phrase or word of these requirements or the specifications shall be held invalid, such holding shall not affect the remaining portions of these requirements and the specifications and it is hereby declared that such remaining portions would have been included in these requirements and the specifications as though the invalid portion had been omitted.

**VENUE:** Both parties agree that venue for any litigation arising from this contract shall lie in Cameron County, Texas.

**PROPOSER SHALL CONFIRM ACCEPTANCE OF RFP TERMS:** The Proposer shall specifically state acceptance of these terms and conditions as a basis for providing the County with a response to this RFP.

**THESE TERMS INCORPORATED:** These General Terms and Conditions shall be incorporated in the response to the RFP and any resulting contract. The Proposer shall specifically state acceptance of these terms and conditions as a basis for providing the County with a response to this RFP.

**OTHER TERMS:** The Proposer shall state any exceptions desired to these terms and conditions and may suggest alternate wording that addresses the intent of the term or condition. The County may accept or reject any suggestions in accordance with law.

**REQUEST FOR COMPETITIVE SEALED PROPOSALS FOR  
CONSTRUCTION SERVICES  
FOR CAMERON COUNTY SANTA ROSA PARK IMPROVEMENTS**

Original (1) and seven (7) copies of the Competitive Sealed Proposal shall be delivered to:

Cameron County Purchasing  
Department c/o Beverly Findley  
Bid Coordinator  
Attn: Michael Forbes  
1100 E. Monroe 3<sup>rd</sup> floor  
Brownsville TX 78520

All questions related to this Request for Competitive Sealed Proposals shall be addressed in writing via email or fax to:

Michael Forbes  
Purchasing Agent  
Cameron County  
[mforbes@co.cameron.tx.us](mailto:mforbes@co.cameron.tx.us)  
phone: (956) 544-0871  
fax: (956) 550-7291

CAMERON COUNTY reserves the right to waive informalities associated with this RFCSP and subsequent invitations to interview and to reject any and/or all Competitive Sealed Proposals.

CAMERON COUNTY intends to select one contractor through a competitive sealed proposal process for the project listed in this document.

# PROPOSAL FORM

**1) Instructions to Proposers:** Bids will be received from qualified Proposers by the Purchasing Agent, Cameron County. The Proposal shall be submitted until **11:00 am on April 4, 2022**. Upon submission of the Bid, they will be publicly opened and read aloud for the furnishing of all labor, materials, and equipment, and performing all work required for the project, and in compliance with the project manual and drawings, and other contract documents as prepared by Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc.

The County will receive Bid and evaluate the submittal according to the selection criteria in order to determine which Proposal offers the best value to the County. The County is not bound to accept the lowest priced Proposal if that Proposal is judged not to be the best value for the Owner, as determined by the Owner.

The County will, within (45) days of the opening of Proposals, rank each of the Proposers using the Selection Criteria. Each Proposer will be notified of the rankings. If cost objectives cannot be reached with the top ranked offer, the County will move to the second ranked offer and other offers in turn until the cost objectives are met.

**2) Bid Bond:** Reference attachment H for the Bid Bond form. A Cashier's Check, Certified Check, or acceptable Proposer's Bond payable to Cameron County, in the amount of not less than 5% of the largest possible total for the proposal submitted, must accompany each proposal in Part "A" of the Proposal submission.

**3) Geotechnical Report:** Included in Specifications.

**4) Project Description:** Refer to specifications.

**5) Proposal Guidelines:**

- a) Each Proposer, by making a competitive sealed proposal, represents that he has carefully studied, compared, and understands the contract documents including any and all addenda items.
- b) Each Proposer, by making a competitive sealed proposal, represents that he has familiarized himself with and understands the local conditions under which work is to be performed, including prevailing subsurface conditions.
- c) Each Proposer shall carefully study and compare the proposal documents, and not later than seven days prior to the date for receipt of competitive sealed proposals, shall make written request to the Architect for interpretation or correction of any ambiguity, inconsistency or error therein which he may discover. Any interpretation or correction will be issued in a written addendum by the Architects. Only written interpretation or correction by an addendum shall be binding. No Proposer shall rely upon any interpretation or correction given by any other method.
- d) No substitution will be considered unless written request has been submitted to the Architect for approval at least ten days prior to the date for receipt of proposals. Each such request shall include a complete description of the proposed substitute, the name of the material or equipment for which it is to be substituted, drawings, cuts, performance and test data and any other data or information necessary for a complete evaluation. If the Architect approves any proposed substitution, such approval will be set forth in an Addendum.
- e) By submitting a proposal, each proposer agrees to waive any claim it has or may have against the Owner, the Architect/Engineer, or other consultants, and their respective employees, arising out of or in connection with the administration, evaluation, or recommendation of any proposal; waiver of any requirements under the Bid Documents; or the Contract Documents; acceptance or rejection of any proposals; and award of the Contract.
- f) In case of ambiguity or lack of clearness in stating the price in the Proposal, the Owner reserves the right to adopt the price written in words or to reject the Proposal.



**6) Construction Documents:** Construction documents are available:

Contract Documents, including Drawings and Technical Specifications may be obtained from Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc., 1150 Paredes Line Rd., Brownsville, Texas 78521 (Phone 956-546-0110). All prospective proposers will be required to deposit a company check payable to Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. in the amount of Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) as a guarantee of the safe return of the construction documents made part of the request for proposals. The sum will be refunded upon the return of the complete set of construction documents within ten (10) days after the deadline for submission of proposals.

**7) Payment & Performance Bonds:** Reference attachment for the Payment and Performance Bond Forms. The successful Proposer will be required to enter into a contract with Cameron County and to furnish a Performance and Payment Bond of approved form through an approved bonding company duly authorized to do business in the State of Texas, and currently listed in the Department of Treasury Federal Register, in the amount of not less than 100% of the contract price, conditioned upon the performance of the contract. Performance and Payment bonds shall be in full compliance with Texas Government Code Chapter 2253. Bonding Companies using "Reinsuring Insurance Companies" to expand the Bonding Companies Limits will not be acceptable unless also approved by the Owner.

**8) Contractor Selection Schedule:**

The Proposers agrees that this Proposal shall be good and shall not be withdrawn for a period of **forty five (45)** calendar days after scheduled receipt of proposals.

The Proposer acknowledges that all changes in the scope of work will be promptly addressed by the Contractor and presented to Client for approval in a format agreeable to Client. All changes in The Work will reflect fair market values when presented to Client with all considerations for value engineering options and contractor's best price in place.

The successful Contractor will be solely responsible for compliance with all laws, ordinances, codes, rules and regulations and all lawful orders of any public authority having jurisdiction over this project.

The Proposer understands that CAMERON COUNTY reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any formalities in the proposal process. The undersigned understands the contract for construction will be between the Contractor and CAMERON COUNTY. The form of agreement will be the Standard Form of Agreement Between the Owner and Contractor with modifications and General Conditions. Reference project manual for copies of the documents. CAMERON COUNTY reserves the right to separately bid and assign subcontractors for selected work scopes to the Contractor.

**9) Preparation of Proposal Exhibits:** The Proposer shall submit a competitive sealed proposal for the General Construction of the project. The Proposer's competitive sealed Proposal shall include one (1) originals and seven (7) copies of all of the following items:

a) Part "A" submission"

- (1) Bid Form (Attachment )
- (2) Initialed Copy of Request for Competitive Sealed Proposal
- (3) Bid Bond or Bid Security (Attachment )
- (4) List of General Conditions (Attachment )
- (5) Vendor Compliance to State Law (Attachment )
- (6) Non-collusion Affidavit (Attachment )

b) Part "B" submission (see attachment E for detailed description):

- (1) Organizational Experience and References
- (2) Organizational Chart and Resumes of the Project Team
- (3) Definition of Cost of the Work
- (4) Comments, Clarifications and Exclusions
- (5) Certificates of Insurance (sample)
- (6) Safety Program and Record
- (7) Financials and Background
- (8) Claims and Suites
- (9) Additional Information (as necessary)

**10) Public Information and Notice of Confidentiality:** The Owner considers all Proposal information, documentation and supporting materials submitted in response to this Proposal requests to be non-confidential and/or nonproprietary in nature, and therefore, shall be subject to the public disclosure under the Texas Public Information Act (Texas Government Code, Sec. 552.001, et seq.) after the award of the contract.

The Proposer must identify and designate those portions of their technical Proposal that contains trade secrets or other proprietary data. If the Proposal includes such data, the Proposer shall:

- (1) Mark the cover sheet of the Technical Proposal with the following phrase: "This Proposal includes data that shall not be disclosed outside the County and the NE design team and shall not be duplicated, used or disclosed in whole or in part for any purpose other than to evaluate the Proposal."
- (2) Mark each sheet and the specific data on that sheet that the Proposer wishes to restrict with the following phrase: "Use or disclosure of the specifically marked data is subject to the restrictions regarding confidentiality cited on the cover sheet of this Proposal."

**11) Contractor General Conditions:** To furnish all labor, materials and equipment necessary to provide the General Conditions at a cost not to exceed the amounts listed below. Note any exceptions which you take with the itemized list on Attachment .

**12) Contractor Fees:** To complete, or cause to be completed, all work for the projects for the percentage fees listed on the Bid Form, Attachment ". The General Contracting Fee shall include small tools and consumables, non-payroll insurances, indirect job overhead, warranty, and corporate overhead including but not limited to: (i) Salaries and other compensation of the Contractor's personnel stationed at the Contractor's principal office or offices other than the Project Site office; (ii) Expenses of the Contractor's principal office and offices other than the Project Site office; (iii) Performance bonuses, similar plans paid to employees of Contractor, whether or not such employee worked on the Project; and (iv) Data Processing, Project Accounting and Project Scheduling expenses from the Contractor's principal office or offices other than the Project Site office.

**13) Cost of the Work:** Includes, but is not necessarily limited to, all direct job costs, taxes, final clean and permits.

**14) Other:** All additions or reductions to the Scope of Work, that changes the GMP, will be performed for the proposed Contractor Fee. Contractor will itemize the cost impact on any proposed changes in General Conditions. Additions will be considered only in the event of an impact on the project's critical path to completion as supported by Contractor's schedule, or Owner-requested additional General Conditions. Weather delays will not be cause for extended General Conditions.

## ATTACHMENT "A"

### Construction Services:

- 4.1 Prepare and maintain detailed schedule of construction (to be updated weekly).
- 4.2 Closely supervise all work, ensuring adherence to specifications, quality standards, schedule and costs.
- 4.3 Conduct weekly job-site meetings, create agendas, take minutes, highlight problems or required decisions, and administer corrections as specified by the project team.
- 4.5 Manage all related reports, permits and inspections.
- 4.6 Coordinate with CAMERON COUNTY's subcontractors and vendors (if any).
- 4.7 Provide detailed pricing as may be requested for changes to the Scope of Work. The Contractor should promote competitive pricing of changes.
- 4.8 Manage all aspects of approved changes to the Scope of Work.
- 4.9 As directed by CAMERON COUNTY, Contractor shall coordinate receipt of and become responsible for proper storage and handling of materials furnished by Client.
- 4.10 In conjunction with the Architect, create a comprehensive punch list and cause the resolution of each deficiency within thirty (30) days after Substantial Completion.
- 4.11 Provide all documentation of guarantees, warranties and operating manuals to Client
- 4.12 Note all field changes on plans for inclusion in as-builts documents. As-builts to be provided on both hard copy and electronic format.

BID FORM  
(GENERAL CONTRACT)

Project: Cameron County Santa Rosa Park Improvements  
Place: Cameron County Purchasing Department, 1100 E. Monroe Street<sup>rd</sup> Floor,  
**Attention: Mrs. Beverly Findley**  
Due Date: April 4, 2022  
Time: Before 11:00 a.m.

1. Pursuant to and in compliance with the Invitation to request for competitive sealed proposals and the proposed Contract Documents, prepared by Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. relating to the above referenced project, the undersigned, having become thoroughly familiar with the terms and conditions of the proposed Contract Documents and with local conditions affecting the performance and costs of the work at the place where the work is to be completed, and having fully inspected the site in all particulars, hereby proposes and agrees to fully perform the work within the time stated and in strict accordance with the proposed Contract Documents, and addenda, thereto, including furnishing of any and all labor and materials for all roofing, for the following sum of money:

A: RSP:

All labor, materials, services and equipment, necessary for completion of the work shown on the drawings and described in the specifications.

DOLLARS (\$ )

B. ALTERNATES: N/A

All labor, materials, services and equipment, necessary for completion of the work shown on the drawings and described in the specifications.

2. If awarded this Contract the undersigned will execute a satisfactory Construction Contract, Performance Bond, Labor and Material Payment Bond and proof of insurance coverage, with the Owner for the entire work as per the Contract Documents within 5 days after notice of award. It is agreed that this proposal is subjected to the Owner's acceptance for a period of Thirty (30) days from the above date.

3. Contractor shall be substantially complete within \_\_\_\_\_ calendar days.

4. Enclosed is a Certified Check or Proposers Bond in the amount of \$ compliance with the specification requirements. (5% of the highest amount RSP).

The above check or Proposers Bond is to become the property of the Owner in the event the Construction Contract (when offered by the Owner) and the bonds and proof of insurance coverage are not executed within the time set forth above.

5. The undersigned agrees to the following:

A. To furnish all materials as shown and specified in the plans and specifications.

B. To start work 5 days after notice of award of contract.

C. To work \_\_\_\_\_ working days per week.

6. The full amount of all allowances as specified in the General Requirements, Division 1, of the specifications, in the Base Proposal price shown.

7. Receipt is acknowledged of the following addendas:

No.	Dated	No.	Dated
No.	Dated	No.	Dated

8. Proposer agrees that the Owner has the right to accept or reject any or all RSPs and to waive all informalities.

Respectfully submitted,

By:

Signature

Title

Business Address

(Seal - if Proposer is a corporation)

## ADDENDUM ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Receipt of the following addenda is acknowledged (addenda number):

---

Respectfully Submitted:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

(P.O. Box) (Street)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(City) (State) (Zip)

Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_

**NOTE:** Do not detach bid from other papers.  
Fill in with ink and submit complete  
with attached papers.

**SEALED PROPOSAL BOND**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we the undersigned, as PRINCIPAL, AND \_\_\_\_\_, as SURETY are held and firmly bound unto \_\_\_\_\_ hereinafter called the OWNER Dollars, (\$ \_\_\_\_\_) lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, that Whereas the Principal has submitted the Accompanying RSP,

dated \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_, for .

NOW, THEREFORE, if the Principal shall not withdraw said RSP within the period specified therein after the opening of the same, or if no period be specified, within thirty (30) days after the said opening, and shall within the period specified therefore, or if no period be specified, within then (10) days after the prescribed forms are presented to him for signature, enter into a written Contract with the Local Public Agency in accordance with the RSP as accepted, and give bond with good and sufficient surety or sureties, as may be required, for the faithful performance and proper fulfillment of such contract; or in the event of the withdrawal of said RSP within the period specified, or the failure to enter into such Contract and give such bond within the time specified, if the Principal shall pay the Owner the difference between the amount specified in said RSP and the amount for which the Owner may procure the required work of supplies or both, if the latter be in excess of the former, then the above obligation shall be void and of no effect, otherwise, to remain in full force and virtue.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the above-bounded parties have executed this instrument under their several seals this \_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_, the name and corporate seal of each corporate party being here to affixed and these present signed by its undersigned representative, pursuant to authority of its governing body.

\_\_\_\_\_ (SEAL)

\_\_\_\_\_ (SEAL)

\_\_\_\_\_ (SEAL)

ATTEST:

BY:



\_\_\_\_\_  
BY: \_\_\_\_\_

Corporate Seal                      Affix

ATTEST:

BY:

BY:

Affix Corporate Seal

Countersigned

BY:

Attorney-in-Fact, State of

**CERTIFICATE AS TO CORPORATE PRINCIPAL**

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that I am the  
, Secretary of the Corporation named as Principal in the within bond; that  
, who signed the said bond on behalf of the Principal was then  
of said corporation; that I know his signature, and his signature there to is genuine; and that said  
bond was duly signed, and attested to for and in behalf of said corporation by authority of this  
governing body.

(Corporate Seal)  
Title

Power-of-Attorney for person signing for Surety Company must be attached to bond.

**PAYMENT BOND**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT: that

(Name of Contractor or Company)

(Address)

a \_\_\_\_\_ hereinafter called Principal, and  
(Corporation/Partnership)

(Name of Surety Company)

(Address)

hereinafter called Surety, are held and firmly bound unto

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name of Recipient)

hereinafter called OWNER, in the penal sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_dollars and  
cents in lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be  
made we bind ourselves, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly in these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THE OBLIGATION is such that whereas, the Principal entered into a  
certain contract with the OWNER dated the \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_, 200\_\_, a copy of which is  
hereto attached and made a part hereof for the construction of:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name of Recipient)

(Recipient's Address)

hereinafter called OWNER, in the penal sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_dollars and  
\_\_\_\_\_cents in lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and  
truly to be made we bind ourselves, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly in these  
presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that whereas, the Principal entered into a  
certain contract with the OWNER dated the \_\_\_\_\_day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_, a copy of  
which is hereto attached and made a part hereof for the construction of:

**CAMERON COUNTY SANTA ROSA IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION**

NOW THEREFORE , if the Principal shall promptly make payment to all persons, firms, SUB-  
CONTRACTORS, and corporation furnishing materials or performing labor in the prosecution

of the WORK provided for in such contract, and any authorized extension or modification thereof, including all amounts due for materials, lubricants, oil, gasoline, coal and coke, repairs on machinery, equipment and tools, consumed or used in connection with the construction of such WORK, and all insurance premiums on said WORK, and for all labor, performed in such WORK whether by SUB-CONTRACTOR or otherwise, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, FURTHER that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or the WORK to be performed or the SPECIFICATIONS accompanying the same in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or to the work or to the SPECIFICATIONS

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that no final settlement between the OWNER and the CONTRACTOR shall abridge the right of any beneficiary hereunder, whose claim may be unsatisfied.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed in \_\_\_\_\_ parts,  
(Number)  
one of which shall be deemed an original, this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20 \_\_\_\_.

ATTEST:

(Principal)

\_\_\_\_\_ BY \_\_\_\_\_ (s)  
(Principal Secretary)

(SEAL)

(Witness as to Principal)

(Address)

ATTEST:

(Surety)

\_\_\_\_\_ BY \_\_\_\_\_  
(Witness as to Surety) (Attorney in Fact)

(Address)

(Address)

NOTE: Date of BOND must not be prior to date of Contract. If CONTRACTOR is Partnership, all partners should execute BOND.

IMPORTANT: Surety companies executing BONDS must appear on the Treasury Department's most current list (Circular 570 as amended) and be authorized to transact business in the state where the PROJECT is located.

**PERFORMANCE BOND**

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENT: that

(Name of Contractor or Company)

(Address)

a \_\_\_\_\_ hereinafter called Principal, and  
(Corporation/Partnership)

(Name of Surety Company)

(Address)

hereinafter called Surety, are held and firmly bound unto

(Name of Recipient)

hereinafter called OWNER, in the penal sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ dollars \$ \_\_\_\_\_ cents  
in lawful money of the United States, for the payment of which sum well and truly to be made  
we bind ourselves, successors, and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly in these presents.

THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION is such that whereas, the Principal entered into a  
certain contract with the OWNER dated the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 200\_\_, a copy of  
which is hereto attached and made a part hereof for the construction of:

**CAMERON COUNTY SANTA ROSA IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION**

NOW THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that, if Contractor shall promptly  
and faithfully perform said Contract, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it  
shall remain in full force and effect.

PROVIDED, FURTHER, that the said Surety, for value received hereby stipulates and agrees  
that no change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the contract or the  
WORK to be performed thereunder or the SPECIFICATIONS accompanying the same in any  
way accompanying the same in any way affect its obligation on this BOND, and it does hereby  
waive notice of any such change, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of the  
contract or to the WORK or to the SPECIFICATIONS.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this instrument is executed in \_\_\_\_\_ parts,  
(Number)  
one of which shall be deemed an original, this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19\_\_\_\_\_.

ATTEST:

(Principal)

BY:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Principal Secretary)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Witness as to Principal)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
ATTEST:

(Surety)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Witness as to Surety)

BY:

(Attorney

in Fact)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

(Address)

NOTE: Date of BOND must not be prior to date of Contract. If CONTRACTOR is Partnership, all partners should execute BOND.

IMPORTANT: Surety companies executing BONDS must appear on the Treasury Department's most current list (Circular 570 as amended) and be authorized to transact business in the state where the PROJECT is located.

## STATEMENT OF PROPOSER QUALIFICATIONS

All questions must be answered and the data given must be clear and comprehensive. The statement must be notarized. If necessary, may be answered on separate attached sheets. Proposers may submit any additional information he desires.

Name of Proposer: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Organized: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Date Incorporated: \_\_\_\_\_

Number of years in contracting business under present name \_\_\_\_\_

Contracts on Hand:

Contract	Amount \$	Completion Date
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Type of work performed by your company: \_\_\_\_\_

Have you ever failed to complete any work awarded to you? \_\_\_\_\_

Have you ever defaulted on a contract? \_\_\_\_\_

List the projects most recently completed by your firm (include projects of similar importance):

Project	Amount \$	Mo./Yr. Completed
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

Major equipment available for this contract:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Attach resume(s) for the principal member(s) of your organization, including the officers as well as the proposed superintendent for the project.

Credit available: \$ \_\_\_\_\_ Bank reference: \_\_\_\_\_

The undersigned hereby authorizes and requests any person, firm or corporation to furnish any and all information requested by the \_\_\_\_\_ for verification of the recitals comprising this Statement of Proposers Qualifications.

Executed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 19 \_\_\_\_\_.

By: (signature) \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

(print name) \_\_\_\_\_



**LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS**

To be submitted in a separate envelope with the Sealed Proposal

Owner’s Project: **Cameron County Santa Rosa Park Improvements**

To: Cameron County

The undersigned submit the following names of subcontractors to be used in performing the Contract. Each subcontractor is required to submit a standard AIA Qualification Statement clearly indicating prior project experience and references.

**SUBCONTRACTORS**

- 1. Site Work and Paving \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. Concrete \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Masonry \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Finish Carpentry \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Plaster \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Wood Flooring \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. Painting \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Elevator \_\_\_\_\_
- 9. HVAC \_\_\_\_\_
- 10. Plumbing \_\_\_\_\_
- 11. Electrical \_\_\_\_\_
- 12. Environmental \_\_\_\_\_

All Qualification Statements will be reviewed by the Architect, who will make appropriate recommendations to the Owner.

## SPECIAL INSURANCE CONDITIONS OF THE AGREEMENT

The following minimum limits of insurance coverage will be required:

**CONTRACTOR** shall maintain, at his sole cost, at all times while performing work hereunder, the insurance coverage set forth below with companies satisfactory to the Company with full policy limits applying but not less than as stated. A Certificate evidencing the required insurance and specifically quitting the indemnification provision set forth in this agreement shall be delivered to the Company prior to commencement of the work and shall provide that any change restricting or reducing coverage or the cancellation of any policies under which certificates are issued shall not be valid as respects the Company's interest therein until the Company has received 30 days notice in writing of such change or cancellation.

- (1) **Workman's Compensation Insurance** as required by laws and regulations applicable to and covering employees of **CONTRACTOR** engaged in the performance of the work under this agreement.
- (2) **Employer's Liability Insurance** protecting **CONTRACTOR** against common law liability, in the absence of statutory liability, for employee bodily injury arising out of the master/servant relationship with a limit of not less than \$100,000.
- (3) **Comprehensive General Liability Insurance** including products/completed operation with limits of liability of not less than: Bodily Injury \$500,000. each Person, \$500,000. each occurrence/aggregate; Property Damage \$500,000. each occurrence/aggregate. OR Combined Coverage limit \$5,000,000.
- (4) **Automobile Liability Insurance** including non-owned and hired vehicle coverage with limits of liability of not less than: Bodily Injury \$250,000. each Person, \$500,000. each occurrence; Property Damage \$250,000. each occurrence.
- (5) **Excess Liability Insurance** Comprehensive General Liability, Comprehensive Automobile Liability and coverage afforded by the policies described above, with minimum limits of \$500,000. excess of the specified limits.
- (6) **Builder's "All-Risk Insurance"** protecting the respective interest of Company and **CONTRACTOR** and its "Field Sub-contractors" covering loss or damage during the course of construction of the project described in this agreement and all property at the job site or in transit thereof which shall become a part of such project. Such insurance shall be maintained until such project is completed and accepted. This insurance shall be terminated with respect to portions of such project when such portions are completed and accepted.

**A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF MAINTAINING A HIGHER MINIMUM WAGE REQUIREMENT FOR ALL CONTRACTORS DOING WORK FOR CAMERON COUNTY.**

**Whereas**, Cameron County, Texas, has in recent years shown unprecedented growth and experienced increasing cost of living expenses; and

**Whereas**, there exists within Cameron County, and particularly among the elected officials, a desire to improve the living conditions and income potential of the members of the local work force; and

**Whereas**, the Cameron County Commissioners' Court desires to provide an opportunity for an increase in the standard of living for employees in our area; and

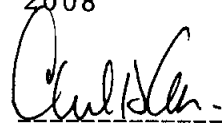
**Whereas**, the Cameron County Commissioners' Court desires to continue awarding contracts to contractors who support their workers;

Cameron County Commissioners' Court does hereby pass this resolution to demonstrate support for an increase in the minimum wage of all workers employed by the contractors doing work for the County of Cameron;

Now therefore, the Cameron County Commissioners' Court hereby resolves to establish a minimum wage requirement for all contractors bidding on and being awarded contracts for goods or services to be provided to the County of Cameron,

**THEREFORE, UPON THE PASSAGE OF THIS RESOLUTION, IT IS HEREBY DECREED, ORDAINED AND RESOLVED** that the County of Cameron, Texas will require that all prime and subcontractor contracts explicitly include a minimum wage of \$8.50 per hour for all full time and part time employees hired by prime and subcontractors who bid for and perform all types of contractual work for the County.

Done on this the 16th day of December, 2008



-----  
Carlos Cascos  
County Judge

Attested by: \_\_\_\_\_

Joe G. Rivera, County Clerk



**CAMERON COUNTY SANTA ROSA PARK  
IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION  
INSTRUCTIONS TO PROPOSERS  
(Special Provisions)**

1. **It shall be the Proposers responsibility to ensure delivery of his proposal to the proper place and at the proper time.**

2. **Sealed Proposals shall be addressed as follows:**  
SEALED PROPOSAL FOR The **Cameron County Santa Rosa Park  
Improvements Construction**

Attn: Mike Forbes  
Cameron County Courthouse, Purchasing Dept, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
964 E. Harrison  
Brownsville, TX

RSP Date: **April 4, 2022**  
Time: 11:00 A.M.

3. **Use of Separate RSP Forms:**

These Contract Documents include a complete set of sealed proposal and Contract forms which are for the convenience of Proposers and are not to be detached from the Contract Document, filled out, or executed. Separate copies of RSP Forms are furnished for that purpose.

4. **Interpretations of Addenda:**

No oral interpretation will be made to any Proposer as to the meaning of the Contract Documents or any part thereof. Every request for such an interpretation shall be made in writing to the County Engineer. Any inquiry received seven or more days prior to the date fixed for opening of RSP will be given consideration. Every interpretation made to a Proposer will be in the form of an Addendum to the Contract Documents, and when issued, will be on file in the office of the Engineer at least three days before RSP are opened. In addition, all Addenda will be mailed or telecopied to each person holding contract Documents, but it shall be the Proposer's responsibility to inquire as to the Addenda issued. All such Addenda shall become part of the Contract and all Proposers shall be bound by such Addenda, whether or not received by the Proposers.

5. **Inspection of Site:**

Each Proposer should visit the site of the proposed work and fully acquaint himself with the existing conditions there, relating to construction and labor, and should fully inform himself as to the facilities involved, the difficulties and restrictions attending the performance of the Contract. The Proposer should thoroughly examine and familiarize himself with the Drawings, Technical Specifications, and all other Contract documents. The Contractor by the execution of the Contract shall in no way be relieved of any obligation under it, due to his failure to receive or examine any form or legal instrument or to visit the site and acquaint himself with the conditions there existing, and the Owner will be justified in rejecting any claim based on facts regarding which the Contractor should have been on notice as a result thereof.

6. **Alternative RSP:**

No alternative RSPs will be considered unless alternative RSPs are specifically requested by the technical specifications, or RSP proposal package. Base RSPs must be provided for each **item**, even though an alternative RSPs item is also specified.

7. **RSPss:**

- A. All RSPs must be submitted on forms supplied by the Owner and shall be subject to all requirements of the Contract Documents including the Drawings, and these INSTRUCTIONS TO PROPOSERS. All RSPs must be regular in every respect and no interlineation, excisions or special conditions shall be made or included in the RSP Form by the Proposer.
- B. RSP Documents including the RSP, the RSP Guaranty, the Non-Collusion Affidavit and the Statement of Proposer's Qualifications (If required) shall be enclosed in an envelope, which shall be sealed and clearly labeled with the words "RSP Documents", name of Proposer, date and time of the RSP opening in order to guard against premature opening of the RSP.
- C. The Owner may consider as irregular any RSP on which there is an alteration to or departure from the RSP Form hereto attached and at its option may reject the same.
- D. If the contract is awarded, it will be awarded by the Owner to a responsible Proposer on the basis of the lowest RSP and the selected Alternative RSP items, if any. The Contract will require the completion of the work according to the Contract Documents.
- E. Each Proposer shall include in his RSP the following information:

Principals

Names

Social Security Number

Home Addresses, including City, State & Zip Code

Firm

Name

Treasury Number

Address

City, State & Zip Code

8. **RSP Guaranty:**

- A. The RSP must be accompanied by a RSP Guaranty which shall not be less than 5 percent (5%) of the amount of the RSP. At the option of the Proposer, the guaranty may be a certified check, bank draft, negotiable U.S. Government Bonds (at par value), or a bid bond in the form attached. The RSP bond shall be secured by a guaranty or a surety company Licensed to do business in the State of Texas. The amount of such RSP bond shall be within the maximum amount specified for such Company. No RSP will be considered unless it is accompanied by the required guaranty. Certified check or bank draft must be made payable to the order of County of Cameron. Cash deposits will not be accepted. The RSP guaranty shall insure the execution of the Agreement and the furnishing of the surety bond or bonds by the successful Proposer, all as required by the Contract documents.
- B. Revised RSPs submitted before the opening of RSP, whether forwarded by mail or telegram, if representing an increase in excess of ten percent (10%) of the original RSP, the RSP will not be considered.
- C. Certified checks or bank drafts, or the amount thereof, RSP Bonds and negotiable U.S. Government bonds of unsuccessful Proposers will be returned as soon as practical after the opening of the RSPs.

9. **Collusive Agreement:**

- A. Each Proposer submitting a RSP to the Owner for any portion of the work contemplated by the documents on which RSP is based shall execute and attach thereto, an affidavit substantially in the form herein provided, to the effect that he has not entered into a collusive agreement with any other person, firm, or corporation in regard to any RSP submitted.

- B. Before executing any subcontract the successful Proposer shall submit the name of any proposed subcontractor for prior approval and an affidavit substantially in the form to be provided by the Owner. Copies are available upon request.

10. **Statement of Proposer's Qualifications:**

Each Proposer shall submit on the form furnished for that purpose a statement of the Proposer's qualifications, his experience record in organization and equipment available in the contract, his organization and equipment available for the work contemplated and, when specifically requested by the Owner, a detailed financial statement. The Owner shall have the right to take such steps as it deems necessary to determine the ability of the Proposer to perform his obligations under the Contract and the Proposer shall furnish the owner all such information and data for this purpose as it may request.

The right is reserved to reject any RSP where an investigation of the available evidence or information does not satisfy the Owner that the Proposer is qualified to carry out properly the terms of the contract.

11. **Sub-Contractors:**

All Sub-Contractors must be approved by the Owner. A list of all proposed Sub-Contractors must be furnished to the Owner, prior to the start of construction.

12. **Interpretation of Quoted Prices:**

In case of difference in written words and figures in a Proposal, the amount stated in written words shall govern.

13. **Unit Prices:**

The unit price for each of the several items in the proposal of each Proposer shall include its pro rata share of overhead for both labor and materials so that the sum of the products obtained by multiplying the quantity shown for each item by the unit price RSP represents the total RSP. Any RSP not conforming to this requirement may be rejected as informal. The special attention of all Proposer is called to this provision, for should conditions make it necessary to revise the quantities, no limit will be fixed for such increased or decreased quantities nor extra compensation allowed, provided the net monetary value of all such additive and subtractive changes in quantities of such items of work (i.e., difference in cost shall not increase or decrease the original contract award price by more than twenty-five percent (25%), except for work not covered in the Drawings and Technical Specifications.

14. **Rejection of RSPs:**

RSPs may be rejected if they show any alteration of works or figures, additions not called for, conditional or uncalled for alternate RSPs, incomplete RSPs, any alteration or words or figures, or erasures not initialed by the person or persons signing the proposal, or irregularities of any kind.

15. **Time for Receiving RSPs:**

RSPs received prior to the advertised hour of opening shall be kept securely sealed. The officer appointed to open the RSPs shall decide when the specified time has arrived and no RSP received thereafter will be considered; except that when a RSP arrives by mail after the time fixed for opening, but before the reading of all other RSPs is completed, and it is shown to the satisfaction of the County that the late arrival of the RSP was solely due to delay in the mails for which the Proposer was not responsible, such RSP will be received and considered.

16. **Opening of RSPs:**

The County shall, at the time and place fixed for the opening of RSPs, cause each RSP to be publicly opened and read aloud, irrespective of any irregularities therein. Proposers and other interested individuals may be present.

17. **Withdrawal of RSPs:**

RSPs may be withdrawn on written or telegraphic request dispatched by the Proposer in time for delivery in the normal course of business to the time fixed for opening; provided, that written confirmation of any telegraphic withdrawal over the signature of the Proposer is placed in the mail and postmarked prior to the time set for RSP opening. The RSP guaranty of any Proposer withdrawing his RSP in accordance with the foregoing conditions will be returned promptly.

18. **Award of Contract: Rejection of RSPs**

A. The Contract will be awarded to the responsible Proposer submitting the lowest responsive RSP complying with the conditions of the Invitation for RSPs. The Proposer to whom the award is made will be notified at the earliest possible date. The Owner, however, reserves the right to reject any and all RSPs and to waive any informality in RSPs received whenever such rejection or waiver is in its interest.

B. The Owner reserves the right to consider as unqualified to do work of general construction any Proposer who does not habitually perform with his own forces the major portions of the work involved in construction of the improvements embraced in this Contract.



- C. Time is of the essence in this Contract and the Owner may weigh the calendar days or working days RSP in award of the Contract. The calendar days or working days will be valued equal to the liquidated damages charged per day of delay.

19. **Execution of Agreement: Performance and Payment Bond**

- A. Subsequent to the award and within ten (10) days after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, the successful Proposer shall execute and deliver the Owner an Agreement in the form included in the Contract Documents in such number of copies as the Owner may require (not to exceed six (6) copies).
- B. Having satisfied all conditions of award as set forth elsewhere in these documents, the successful Proposer shall, within the period specified in paragraph "a" above, furnish a surety bond in a penal sum not less than the amount of the Contract as awarded, as security for the faithful performance of the Contract, and for the payment of all persons, firms or corporations to whom the Contractor may become legally indebted for labor, materials, tools, equipment, or services of any nature including utility and transportation services, employed or used by him, in performing the work. Such bond shall be in the same form as that included in the Contract Documents and shall bear the same date as, or a date sub-sequent to that of the Agreement. The current **Power of Attorney** for the person who signs for any surety company and issued be attached to such bond. This bond shall be signed by a guaranty or surety company authorized to do business in the State of Texas.
- C. The failure of the successful Proposer to execute such Agreement and to supply the required bond or bonds within ten (10) days after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, or within such extended period as the Owner may grant, based upon reasons determined sufficient by the Owner, shall constitute a default, and the Owner may either award the Contract to the next lowest responsible Proposer or readvertise for RSPs, and may charge against the Proposer the difference between the amount of the RSP and the amount of which a Contract for the work is subsequently executed, irrespective of whether the amount thus due exceeds the amount of the RSP Bond. If a more favorable RSP is received by readvertising, the defaulting Proposer shall have no claim against the Local Public Agency for a refund.
- D. Full (100%) performance and payment bonds are required on all contracts in excess of \$25,000.00. The only exception is that if the contract is less than \$50,000.00, the entity may hold all payment, with no interim payments made, until final completion and presentation of lien releases from all subcontractors and suppliers, in lieu of the performance bond. Such bonds must be issued by a

corporate surety authorized to do business in the State of Texas.

20. **This project will be awarded for construction in accordance with these specifications and upon approval by the Owner.**

21. **Insurance:**

See Special Conditions of the Agreement.

22. **Certificate of Insurance:**

The successful Proposer will furnish a completed Certificate of Insurance with the executed contract. This Certificate of Insurance shall include all applicable policies and their numbers. These policies will cover all sub-contractors and the sub-contractors Certificate of Insurance will also be submitted covering the same amount stated above for the Contractor.

23. **In case of discrepancies or conflicts between the specifications, RSP documents or contract documents, the following order of priority shall govern:**

1. RSP Documents
2. Instructions to Proposer
3. Special Instructions to Proposer
4. Supplemental General Conditions
5. Technical Specifications
6. Standard Form of Agreement
7. General Conditions of the Agreement
8. Special Conditions of the Agreement
9. Other Contract Documents

24. **The award of the low RSP does not constitute award of a contract. A contract will be binding on both parties when executed by both parties and a purchase order is issued.**

## GENERAL CONDITIONS OF THE AGREEMENT

### Contract and Contract Documents

The project to be constructed subject to all applicable Federal and State laws and regulations.

The Plans, Specifications, Supplemental Conditions (or Special Conditions), and Addenda shall form part of this contract and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties hereto as if they were herein fully set forth:

### **DEFINITIONS**

Whenever used in any of the contract Documents, the following meanings shall be given to the terms here in defined:

- A. The term "Contract" means the Contract executed between the County of Cameron, hereinafter called the "**County**" and, \*\*\*\*\* hereinafter called "**Contractor**", of which these GENERAL CONDITIONS form a part.
- B. The term "Project Area" means the area within which is the specified Contract limits of the Improvements contemplated to be constructed in whole or in part under this contract.
- C. The term "Engineer" means the Cameron County Engineer, Engineer in charge, serving the **County** with architectural or engineering services, his successor, or any other person or persons, employed by the **County** for the purpose of directing or having in charge the work embraced in this Contract.
- D. The term "**Architect**" means the architect contracted for the project by **Cameron County**.
- E. The term "Contract Documents" means and shall include the following: Executed Contract, Addenda (if any), Invitation for sealed proposal, Instructions to Proposers, Signed Copy of Sealed Proposal, General Conditions, Special Conditions, Technical Specifications, and Drawings (as listed in the Schedule of Drawings).

### **ADMINISTRATION OF THE CONTRACT BY ARCHITECT AND ENGINEER**

The Engineer and Architect will provide administration of the Contract and will be the Owner's representatives (1) during construction and (2) until final payment is due. The Architect will advise and consult with the Owner and Engineer.

The Architect may appoint an employee or other person to assist him during the construction. These representatives will be instructed to assist the **Contractor** in interpreting the Contract Documents; however, such assistance shall not relieve the

Contractor from any responsibility as set forth by the Contract Documents. The fact that the Architect's representative may have allowed work not in accordance with the Contract Documents shall not prevent the Architect from insisting that the faulty work be corrected with the Contract Documents and the Contractor shall correct same.

## **SUPERVISION BY CONTRACTOR**

- A. Except where the **Contractor** is an individual and gives his personal supervision to the work, the **Contractor** shall provide a competent superintendent, satisfactory to the **County** and the **Engineer**, on the work at all times during working hours with full authority to act for him. The **Contractor** shall also provide an adequate staff for the proper coordination and expediting of his work.
- B. The **Contractor** shall lay out his own work and he shall be responsible for all work executed by him under the Contract. He shall verify all figures and elevations before proceeding with the work and will be held responsible for any error resulting from his failure to do so.
- C. The **Contractor** expressly recognizes that the **Architect** does not owe him any duty to supervise or direct his work as to protect the **Contractor** from the consequences of his own acts or omissions.

## **SUBCONTRACTS**

- A. The **Contractor** shall not execute an agreement with any subcontractor or permit any subcontractor to perform any work included in this contract until he has verified the subcontractor as eligible to participate in federally funded contracts.
- B. No proposed subcontractor shall be disapproved by the **County** except for cause.
- C. The **Contractor** shall be as fully responsible to the **County** for the acts and omissions of his subcontractors, and of persons either directly or indirectly employed by them.
- D. The **Contractor** shall cause appropriate provisions to be inserted in all subcontracts relative to the work that require compliance by each subcontractor with the applicable provisions of this Contract.
- E. Nothing contained in the Contract shall create any contractual relation between any subcontractor and the **County**.

## **FITTING AND COORDINATION OF WORK**

The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the proper fitting of all work and for the coordination of the operations of all trades, subcontractors, or material suppliers engaged upon this Contract.

## PAYMENTS TO CONTRACTOR

### A. Partial Payments

1. The **Contractor** shall prepare his requisition for partial payment as of the last day of the month and submit it, with the required number of copies, to the Architect and Engineer for their approval, on a notarized AIA G702 Application and Certificate for Payment form, and continuation sheet. In any contract where the total contract price at time of execution of the contract is \$400,000.00 or more and the contract provides for retainage of five percent (5%) of periodic contract payments, the Owner shall deposit the retainage in an interest-bearing account, and interest earned on such retainage funds shall be paid to the General Contractor upon completion of the contract. If the total contract price is less than \$400,000.00, then the retainage amount will be 10%. The amount of the payment due the Contractor shall be determined by adding to the total value of work completed to date, the value of materials properly stored on the site and deducting (1) five percent (5%) or ten percent (10%) of the total amount, to be retained until final payment and (2) the amount of all previous payments. The total value of work completed to date shall be based on the estimated quantities of work completed and on the unit prices contained in the agreement. The value of materials properly stored on the site or bonded warehouse shall be based upon the estimated quantities of such materials and the invoice prices, Copies of all invoices shall be available for inspection of the Architect and Engineer.
2. Monthly or partial payments made by the **county** to the **Contractor** are monies advanced for the purpose of assisting the contractor to expedite the work of construction. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the care and protection of all materials and work upon which payments have been made until final acceptance of such work and materials by the **County**. Such payments shall not constitute a waiver of the right of the **County** to require the fulfillment of all terms of the Contract and the delivery of all improvements embraced in this Contract complete and satisfactory to the **County** in all details. Such payments will be made by the County within thirty days of receipt of the invoice by the County Auditor's Office.

### B. Final Payment

1. After final inspection and acceptance by the **County** and Architect of all work under the Contract, the **Contractor** shall prepare his requisition for final payment which shall be based upon the careful inspection of each item of work at the applicable unit prices stipulated in the Agreement. The total amount of the final payment due the **Contractor** under this contract shall be the amount computed as described above less all previous payments.

2. The **County** before paying the final estimate shall require the **Contractor** to furnish releases (AIA G706A Contractor's Affidavit of Release of Liens form) or receipts from all subcontractors having performed any work and all persons having supplied materials, equipment (installed on the Project) and services to the **Contractor**, if the **County** deems it necessary in order to protect its interest. The **County** may, if it deems such action advisable, make payment in part or in full to the **Contractor** without requiring the furnishing of such releases or receipts and any payments made shall in no way impair the obligations of any surety or sureties furnished under this Contract. Other close out documents shall include AIA G706 Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims, AIA G707 Consent of Surety Company to Final Payment.
3. Any amount due the **County** under Liquidated Damages shall be deducted from the final payment due the contractor.

C. Payments Subject to Submission of Certificates

Each payment to the **Contractor** by the **County** shall be made subject to submission by the **Contractor** of all written certifications required of him and his subcontractors.

D. Withholding Payments

The **County** may withhold from any payment due the **Contractor** whatever is deemed necessary to protect the **County**, and if so elects, may also withhold any amounts due from the **Contractor** to any subcontractors or material dealers, for work performed or material furnished by them. The foregoing provisions shall be construed solely for the benefit of the **County** and will not require the **County** to determine or adjust any claims or disputes between the **Contractor** and his subcontractors or material dealers, or to withhold any moneys for their protection unless the **County** elects to do so. The failure or refusal of the **County** to withhold any moneys from the **Contractor** shall in no way impair the obligations of any surety or sureties under any bond or bonds furnished under this Contract.

## CHANGES IN THE WORK

- A. The **County** may make changes in the scope of work required to be performed by the **Contractor** under the Contract without relieving or releasing the **Contractor** from any of his obligations under the Contract or any guarantee given by him pursuant to the Contract provisions, and without affecting the validity of the guaranty bonds, and without relieving or releasing the surety or sureties of said bonds. All such work shall be executed under the terms of the original Contract unless it is expressly provided otherwise.
- B. Except for the purpose of affording protection against any emergency endangering

health, life, limb or property, the Contractor shall make no change in the materials used or in the specified manner of constructing and/or installing the improvements or supply additional labor, services or materials beyond that actually required for the execution of the Contract, unless in pursuance of a written order from the **County** authorizing the **Contractor** to proceed with the change. No claim for an adjustment of the Contract Price will be valid unless so ordered.

- C. If applicable unit prices are contained in the Agreement, the **County** may order the **Contractor** to proceed with desired unit prices specified in the Contract; provided that in case of a unit price contract the net value of all changes does not increase the original total amount of the agreement by more than twenty-five percent (25%) or decrease the original the total amount by twenty-five percent (25%).
- D Each change order shall include in its final form:
  - 1. A detailed description of the change in the work.
  - 2. The Contractor's proposal (if any) or a confirmed copy thereof.
  - 3. A definite statement as to the resulting change in the contract price and/or time.
  - 4. The statement that all work involved in the change shall be performed in Accordance with contract requirements except as modified by the change order.
  - 5. The procedures as outlined in this Section for a unit price contract also apply in any lump sum contract.
  - 6. The signatures of authorized representatives of Contractor and County.

#### **CLAIMS FOR EXTRA COST**

- A. If the **Contractor** claims that any instructions by Drawings or otherwise involve extra cost or extension of time, he shall, within ten days after the receipt of such instructions, and in any event before proceeding to execute the work, submit his protest thereto in writing to the **County**, stating clearly and in detail the basis of his objections. No such claim will be considered unless so made.
- B. Claims for additional compensation for extra work, due to alleged errors in ground elevations, contour lines, or bench marks, will not be recognized unless accompanied by certified survey data, made prior to the time the original ground was disturbed, clearly showing that errors exist which resulted, or would result, in handling more material, or performing more work, than would be reasonably estimated from the Drawings and maps issued.
- C. Any discrepancies, which may be discovered between actual conditions and those represented by the Drawings and maps, shall be reported at once to the Architect and the Engineer and work shall not proceed except at the Contractors risk, until written instructions have been received by him from the Engineer.

- D. If, on the basis of the available evidence, the **County** determines that an adjustment of the Contract Price and/or time is justifiable, a change order shall be executed.

## **EXTRA WORK**

The term “EXTRA WORK” as used in the agreement shall be understood to mean and include all work that may be required by the Engineer or **County** to be done by the **Contractor** to accomplish any change, alteration or addition to the work shown upon the plans, or reasonably implied by the specifications, and not covered by the Contractor’s proposal. It is agreed that the Contractor shall perform all Extra Work under the direction of the Engineer when presented with a written Work Order signed by the Engineer; Subject, however, to the right of the **Contractor** to require a written confirmation of such Extra Work Order by the **County**. It is also agreed that the compensation to be paid the **Contractor** for performing said Extra Work shall be determined by one or more of the following methods:

Method (a): By agreed unit prices;

Method (b): By agreed lump sum;

Method (c): If neither Method (a) nor Method (b) can be agreed the “actual field cost” of the work plus ten (10) percent.

In the event said Extra Work be performed and paid for under Method (c), then the provisions of this paragraph shall apply and the “actual field cost” is hereby defined to include the cost of all workmen, such as foremen, time keepers, mechanics and laborers, and materials, supplies, trucks, rental of machinery and equipment for the time actually employed or used on such Extra Work plus actual transportation changes necessarily incurred if the kind of equipment or machinery is not already on the job, together with the power, fuel, lubricants, water and similar operating expenses, also all necessary incidental expenses incurred directly on account of such Extra Work, including Social Security, Old Age Benefits and other payroll taxes, and a rateable proportion of premiums on Construction and Maintenance Bonds, Public Liability and Property Damage and Workmen’s Compensation, and all other insurance as may be required by any law or ordinance, or directed by the Engineer or **County**, or by them agreed. The Engineer may direct the form in which accounts of the “actual field cost” shall be kept and may also specify in writing, before the work commences, the method of doing the work and the type and kind of machinery and equipment to be used, otherwise these matters shall be determined by the **Contractor**. Where practicable the terms and prices for the use of machinery and equipment shall be incorporated in the Written Extra Work Order.

The ten (10) percent of the “actual field cost” to be paid the **Contractor** shall cover and compensate him for his profit, overhead, general superintendence and field office expense, and all other elements of cost and expense not embraced within the “actual field cost” as above defined, save that where the Contractor’s Camp or Field Office must be maintained primarily on account of such Extra Work, then the cost to maintain and operate same, excluding staff, shall be included in the “actual field cost”.

No claim for extra work of any kind will be allowed unless ordered in writing by the Engineer.



In case any orders or instructions, either oral or written, appear to the Contractor to involve extra work for which he should receive compensation, he shall make written request to the Engineer for written order authorizing Extra Work. Should a difference of opinion arise as to what does or does not constitute extra work, or as to the payment therefore, and the Engineer insists upon its performance, the **Contractor** shall proceed with the work after making written order and shall keep an accurate account of the "actual field cost" thereof, as provided under Method (c). The **Contractor** will thereby preserve the right to submit the matter for payment, as herein above described. Change orders shall be executed on form similar to AIA G701Change Order document.

## **TERMINATION, DELAYS, AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES**

### A. Right of the County to Terminate Contract.

In the event that any of the provisions of this contract are violated by the **Contractor**, or by any of his subcontractors, the **County** may serve written notice upon the **Contractor** and the Surety of its intention to terminate the contract. The notices shall contain the reasons for such intention to terminate the contract, and unless such violation or delay shall cease and satisfactory arrangement of correction be made within ten days, the contract shall, upon the expiration of said ten (10) days, cease and terminate. In the event of any such termination, the **County** shall immediately serve notice thereof upon the Surety and the **Contractor**. The Surety shall have the right to take over and perform the contract. Provided, however, that if the Surety does not commence performance thereof within ten (10) days from the date of the mailing to such Surety of notice of termination, the **County** may take over the work and complete the project by sealed proposal/contract or by force account at the expense of the **Contractor** and his Surety shall be liable to the **County** for any excess cost incurred. In such event the **County** may take possession of and utilize in completing the work, such materials, appliances, and plant as may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore.

### B. Liquidated Damages for Delays.

If the work is not complete within the time stipulated in the applicable sealed proposal for Lump Sum or Unit Price Contract provided, the **Contractor** shall pay to the **County** as fixed, agreed, and liquidated damages (it being possible to determine the actual damage occasioned by the delay) the amount of Three Hundred Dollars (\$300.00) for each calendar day of delay, until the work is completed. The **Contractor** and his sureties shall be liable to the **County** for the amount thereof.

### C. Hindrance and Delays.

No damages for delays shall be paid to the **Contractor** by the **County**, except for any unreasonable delays caused by the **County**.

D. Excusable Delays.

The right of the **Contractor** to proceed shall not be terminated nor shall the **Contractor** be charged with liquidated damages for any delays in the completion of the work due to:

- (1) Any acts of the Government, including controls or restrictions upon or requisitioning of materials, equipment, tools, or labor by reason of war, national defense, or any other national emergency;
- (2) Any acts of the **County**;
- (3) Causes not reasonably foreseeable by the parties to this Contract at the time of the execution of the Contract which are beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the **Contractor**, including, but not restricted to, acts of God or of the public enemy, acts of another **Contractor** in the performance of some other contract with the **County**, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine, restrictions, strikes, freight embargoes, and weather of unusual severity such as hurricanes, tornadoes, cyclones and other extreme weather conditions.

Provided, however, that the **Contractor** promptly notifies the **County** within ten (10) days in writing of the cause of the delay. Upon receipt of such notification, the **County** shall ascertain the facts and the cause and extent of delay. If, upon the basis of the facts and the terms of this contract, the delay is properly excusable, the **County** shall extend the time for completing the work for a period of time commensurate with the period of excusable delay.

The **Contractor** shall include a time to complete the scope of work stated in calendar days that includes anticipated number of working days that construction may be unable to take place, due to inclement weather and muddy ground. Extensions to the completion date will be granted only if, in the opinion of the Architect, climatological conditions that impede the progress of construction significantly exceed conditions for the local area. A guide for average climatological conditions will be the "Local Climatological Data" bulletin published by the Department of Commerce.

#### **ASSIGNMENT OR NOVATION**

The **Contractor** shall not assign or transfer, whether by an assignment or novation, any of its rights, duties, benefits, obligations, liabilities, or responsibilities under this **Contract** without the written consent of the **County**; provided, however, that assignments to banks or other financial institutions may be made without the consent of the **County**. No assignment or novation of this Contract shall be valid unless the assignment or novation expressly provides that the assignment

of any of the **Contractors** rights or benefits under the Contract is subject to a prior lien for labor performed, services rendered, and materials, tools, and equipment supplied for the performance of the work under this Contract in favor of all persons, firms, or corporations rendering such labor or services or supplying such materials, tools, or equipment.

## **DISPUTES**

- A. All disputes arising under this Contract or its interpretation except those disputes covered by FEDERAL LABOR STANDARDS PROVISIONS whether involving law or fact or both, or extra work, and all claims for alleged breach of contract shall, within ten (10) days of commencement of the dispute, be presented by the **Contractor** to the Architect and Engineer for review and decision. Any claim not presented within the time limit specified in this paragraph shall be deemed to have been waived, except that if the claim is of a continuing character and notice of the claim is not given within ten (10) days of its commencement, the claim will be considered only for a period commencing ten (10) days prior to the receipt of the Architect and Engineer.
- B. The **Contractor** shall submit in detail his claim and his proof thereof.
- C. If the **Contractor** does not agree with any decision of the Architect and Engineer, he shall in no case allow the dispute to delay the work but shall notify the Architect and Engineer promptly that he is proceeding with the work under protest.

## **TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS**

Anything mentioned in the Technical Specifications and not shown on the Drawings or vice versa shall be of like effect as if shown on or mentioned in both. In case of difference between Drawings and Technical Specifications, the Technical Specifications shall govern. In case of any discrepancy in Drawings, or Technical Specifications, the matter shall be immediately submitted to the Architect and Engineer, without whose decision, said discrepancy shall not be adjusted by the **Contractor**, save only at his own risk and expense.

## **SHOP DRAWINGS**

- A. All required shop drawings, machinery details, layout drawings, etc. shall be submitted to the Architect and the Engineer in copies for approval sufficiently in advance of requirements to afford ample time for checking, including time for correcting, resubmitting and rechecking if necessary. The **Contractor** may proceed, only at his own risk, with manufacture or installation of any equipment or work covered by said shop drawings, etc. until they are approved and no claim, by the **Contractor**, for extension of the contract time shall be granted by reason of his failure in this respect.
- B. Shop drawings and samples shall be dated and marked to show the names of the Project, Architect, **Contractor**, Originating Subcontractor, Manufacturer or Supplier. Shop

drawings shall completely identify specification section and locations at which materials or equipment is to be installed. All shop drawings are to be reviewed first by the **General Contractor** who shall affix his signature. Any drawings submitted without the Contractor's stamp of approval will not be considered and will be returned to him for proper resubmission. If any drawings show variations from the requirements of the Contract because of standard shop practice or other reason, the **Contractor** shall make specific mention of such variation in his letter of transmittal in order that, if acceptable, suitable action may be taken for proper adjustment of contract price and/or time, otherwise the **Contractor** will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the Contract even though the drawings have been approved.

- C. The **Contractor** shall submit and, if necessary, resubmit one (1) reproducible and four (4) copies of the shop drawings.
- D. If a shop drawing is in accordance with the contract or involves only a minor adjustment in the interest of the **County** not involving a change in contract price or time; the Engineer may approve the drawing. The approval shall not relieve the **Contractor** from his responsibility for adherence to the contract or for any error in the drawing.

#### **REQUESTS FOR SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

It shall be the responsibility of the **Contractor** to make timely requests of the **County** for any additional information not already in his possession which should be furnished by the **County** under the terms of this Contract, and which he will require in the planning and execution of the work. Such requests may be submitted from time to time as the need approaches, but each shall be filed in ample time to permit appropriate action to be taken by all parties involved so as to avoid delay. Each request shall be in writing, and list the various items and the latest date by which each will be required by the **Contractor**. The first list shall be submitted within two weeks after Contract award and shall be as complete as possible at that time. The **Contractor** shall, if requested, furnish promptly any assistance and information the Engineer may require in responding to these requests of the **Contractor**. The **Contractor** shall be fully responsible for any delay in his work or to others arising from his failure to comply fully with the provision of this section.

#### **MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP**

- A. Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the technical specifications, all workmanship, equipment, materials and articles incorporated in the work shall be new and the best grade of the respective kinds for the purpose. Where equipment, materials, articles or workmanship are referred to in the technical specifications as "equal to" any particular standard, the Engineer shall decide the question of equality.
- B. The **Contractor** shall certify in writing that no materials used in the work contain asbestos materials in them excess of amounts allowed by Local/State standards, laws,

codes rules and regulations; the Federal Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards and/or the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards, whichever is most restrictive. The **Contractor** shall provide this written certification to the Engineer.

- C. The **Contractor** shall furnish to the **County** for approval the manufacturer's detailed specifications for all machinery, mechanical and other special equipment, which he contemplates installing together with full information as to type, performance characteristics, and all other pertinent information as required, and shall likewise submit for approval full information concerning all other materials or articles which he proposes to incorporate.
- D. Products are generally specified by ASTM or other reference standard, and/or by manufacture's name and model number or trade name. When specified only by reference standard, the **Contractor** may select any product meeting this standard by any manufacturer. When several products or manufacturers are specified as being equally acceptable, the **Contractor** has the option of using any product and manufacturer combination listed. When only one product manufacturer is specified this is the basis of the Contract, without substitution or exception.
- E. Substitutions will not be considered if they are indicated or implied on shop drawing submissions without formal request, or for their implementation they require a substantial revision of the Contract Documents in order to accommodate their use.
- F. No request for the substitution of products in place of those specified shall be considered after the Contract has been executed.
- G. Not later than seven (7) days from the Contract Date, the **Contractor** shall provide a list showing the name of the manufacturers proposed to be used for each of the products identified in the General Requirements of the Specifications, and where applicable, the name of the installing subcontractor.
- H. Machinery, mechanical and other equipment, materials or articles installed or used without such prior approval shall be at the risk of subsequent rejection.
- I. Materials specified by reference to the number or symbol of a specific standard, shall comply with requirements in the latest revision thereof and any amendment or supplement thereto in effect on the date of the Invitation for sealed proposals, except as limited to type, class or grade, or modified in the technical specifications shall have full force and effect as though printed therein.
- J. The **County** may require the **Contractor** to dismiss from the work such employee or employees as the **County** or the Engineer may deem incompetent, or careless, or insubordinate.

## SAMPLES, CERTIFICATES AND TESTS

- A. The **Contractor** shall submit all material or equipment samples, certificates, affidavits, etc., as called for in the contract documents or required by the Engineer, promptly after award of the contract and acceptance of the Contractor's bond. No such material or equipment shall be manufactured or delivered to the site, except at the Contractor's own risk, until the required samples or certificates have been approved in writing by the Engineer. Any delay in the work caused by late or improper submission of samples or certificates for approval shall not be considered just cause for an extension of the contract time.
- B. Each sample submitted by the **Contractor** shall carry a label giving the name of the **Contractor**, the project for which it is intended, and the name of the producer. The accompanying certificate or letter from the **Contractor** shall state that the sample complies with contract requirements, shall give the name and brand of the product, its place of origin, the name and address of the producer and all specifications or other detailed information which will assist the Engineer in making a prompt decision regarding the acceptability of the sample. It shall also include the statement that all materials or equipment furnished for use in the project will comply with the samples and/or certified statements.
- C. Approval of any materials shall be general only and shall not constitute a waiver of the **County's** right to demand full compliance with Contract requirements. After actual deliveries, the Engineer will have such check tests made as he deems necessary in each instance and may reject materials and equipment and accessories for cause, even though such materials and articles have been given general approval. If materials, equipment or accessories which fail to meet check tests have been incorporated in the work, the Engineer will have the right to cause their removal and replacement by proper materials or to demand and secure such reparation by the **Contractor** as is equitable.
- D. Except as otherwise specifically stated in the Contract, the costs of sampling and testing will be divided as follows:
1. The **Contractor** shall furnish without extra cost, including packing and delivery charges, all samples required for testing purposes, except those samples taken on the project by the Engineer;
  2. The **Contractor** shall assume all costs of re-testing materials, which fail to meet contract requirements;
  3. The **Contractor** shall assume all costs of testing materials offered in substitution for those found deficient;

4. The **County** will pay all other expenses.

## **PERMITS AND CODES**

- A. The **Contractor** shall give all notices required by and comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, and codes of the Local Government. All construction work and/or utility installations shall comply with all applicable ordinances, and codes including all written waivers. Before installing any work, the **Contractor** shall examine the drawings and technical specifications for compliance with applicable ordinances and codes and shall immediately report any discrepancy to the **County**. Where the requirements of the drawings and technical specifications fail to comply with such applicable ordinances or codes, the Architect will adjust the Contract by Change Order at his expense to conform to such ordinances or codes (unless waivers in writing covering the difference have been granted by the governing body or department).

Should the **Contractor** fail to observe the foregoing provisions and proceed with the construction and/or install any utility at variance with any applicable ordinance or code, including any written waivers (notwithstanding the fact that such installation is in compliance with the drawings and technical specifications), the **Contractor** shall remove such work without cost to the **County**,

- B. The **Contractor** shall at his own expense, secure and pay for all permits for street pavement, sidewalks, shed, removal of abandoned water taps, sealing of house connection drains, pavement cuts, buildings, electrical, plumbing, water, gas and sewer permits required by the local regulatory body or any of its agencies.
- C. The **Contractor** shall comply with applicable local laws and ordinances governing the disposal of surplus excavation, materials, debris and rubbish on or off the Project Area and commit no trespass on any public or private property in any operation due to or connected with the Improvements contained in this Contract.

## **CARE OF WORK**

- A. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for all damages to person or property that occur as a result of his fault or negligence in connection with the prosecution of the work and shall be responsible for the proper care and protection of all materials delivered and work performed until completion and final acceptance.
- B. The **Contractor** shall provide sufficient competent watchmen, both day and night, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, from the time the work is commenced until final completion and acceptance.
- C. In an emergency affecting the safety of life, limb or property, including adjoining property, the **Contractor**, without special instructions or authorization from the **County** is authorized to act at his discretion to prevent such threatened loss or injury, and he shall

so act. He shall likewise act if instructed to do so by the **County**.

- D. The **Contractor** shall avoid damage as a result of his operations to existing sidewalks, streets, curbs, pavements, utilities (except those which are to be replaced or removed), adjoining property, etc., and he shall at his own expense completely repair any damage thereto caused by his operations.
- E. The **Contractor** shall shore up, brace, underpin, secure, and protect as maybe necessary, all foundations and other parts of existing structures adjacent to, adjoining, and in the vicinity of the site, which may be in any way affected by the excavations or other operations connected with the construction of the improvements included in this Contract. The **Contractor** shall be responsible for the giving of any and all required notices to any adjoining or adjacent property owner or other party before the commencement of any work. The **Contractor** shall indemnify and save harmless the County from any damages on account of settlements or the loss of lateral support of adjoining property and from all loss or expense and all damages for which the **County** may become liable in consequence of such injury or damage to adjoining and adjacent structures and their premises.

#### **ACCIDENT PREVENTION**

- A. No laborer or mechanic employed in the performance of this Contract shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions, which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health or safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor.
- B. The **Contractor** shall exercise proper precaution at all times for the protection of persons and property and shall be responsible for all damages to persons or property, either on or off the site, which occur as a result of his prosecution of the work.
- C. The **Contractor** shall maintain an accurate record of all cases of death, occupational disease, or injury requiring medical attention or causing loss of time from work, arising out of and in the course of employment on work under the Contract. The **Contractor** shall promptly furnish the **County** with reports concerning these matters
- D. The **Contractor** shall indemnify and save harmless the **County** from any claims for damages resulting from property damage, personal injury and/or death suffered or alleged to have been suffered by any person as a result of any work conducted under this contract.
- E. The **Contractor** shall provide trench protection for all trenches in excess of a depth of five (5) feet, in the manner specified in the technical specifications and drawings.



## **SANITARY FACILITIES**

The contractor shall furnish, install and maintain ample sanitary facilities for the workmen. As the needs arise, a sufficient number of enclosed temporary toilets shall be conveniently placed as required. Drinking water shall be provided from an approved source, so piped or transported as to keep it safe and fresh and served from single service containers or satisfactory types of sanitary drinking stands or fountains. All such facilities and services shall be furnished in strict accordance with existing and governing health regulations.

## **USE OF PREMISES**

- A. The **Contractor** shall confine his equipment, storage of materials, and construction operations to the contract limits as shown on the drawings and as prescribed by ordinances or permits, or as may be desired by the **County**, and shall not unreasonably encumber the site or public rights of way with his materials and construction equipment.
- B. The Contractor shall comply with all reasonable instructions of the County and all existing state and local regulations regarding signs, advertising, traffic, fires, explosives, danger signals, and barricades
- C. Smoking and chewing of tobacco products is prohibited in the enclosed new construction.

## **REMOVAL OF DEBRIS, CLEANING, ETC.**

The **Contractor** shall, periodically or as directed during the progress of the work, remove and legally dispose of all surplus excavated material and debris, and keep the Project Area and public rights of way reasonably clear. Upon completion of the work, he shall remove all temporary construction facilities, debris and unused materials provided for work, and put the whole site of the work and public rights of way in a neat and clean condition.

## **INSPECTION**

- A. All materials and workmanship shall be subject to inspection, examination, or test by the **County**, the Architect, and the Engineer at any and all times during manufacture or construction and at any and all places where such manufacture or construction occurs. The **County** shall have the right to reject defective material and workmanship or require its correction. Unacceptable workmanship shall be satisfactorily corrected. Rejected material shall be promptly segregated and removed from the Project Area and replaced with material of specified quality without charge. If the **Contractor** fails to proceed at once with the correction of rejected workmanship or defective material, the **County** may by contract or otherwise have the defects remedied or rejected materials removed from the Project Area and charge the cost of the same against any Monies which may be due the **Contractor**, without prejudice to any other rights or remedies of the **County**.

- B. The **Contractor** shall furnish promptly all materials reasonably necessary for any tests, which may be required. All tests by the **County** will be performed in such manner as not to delay the work unnecessarily and will be made in accordance with the provisions of the technical specifications.
- C. The **Contractor** shall notify the **County** sufficiently in advance of back filling or concealing any facilities to permit proper inspection. If any facilities are concealed without approval or consent of the **County**, the **Contractor** shall uncover for inspection and recover such facilities at his own expense, when so requested by the **County**.
- D. Should it be considered necessary or advisable by the **County** at any time before final acceptance of the entire work to make an examination of work already completed by uncovering the same, the **Contractor** shall on request promptly furnish all necessary facilities, labor, and material. If such work is found to be defective in any important or essential respect, due to fault of the **Contractor** or his subcontractors, the **Contractor** shall defray all the expenses of such examination and of satisfactory reconstruction. If, however, such work is found to meet the requirements of the Contract, the actual cost of labor and material necessarily involved in the examination and replacement, shall be allowed the **Contractor** and he shall, in addition, if completion of the work of the entire Contract has been delayed thereby, be granted a suitable extension of time on account of the additional work involved
- E. Inspection of materials and appurtenances to be incorporated in the improvements included in this Contract may be made at the place of production, manufacture or shipment, whenever the quantity justifies it, and such inspection and acceptance, unless otherwise stated in the technical specifications, shall be final, except as regards (1) latent defects, (2) departures from specific requirements of the Contract, (3) damage or loss in transit, or (4) fraud or such gross mistakes as amount to fraud. Subject to the requirements contained in the preceding sentence, the inspection of materials as a whole or in part will be made at the Project Site.
- F. Neither inspection, testing, approval nor acceptance of the work in whole or in part, by the **County** or its agents shall relieve the **Contractor** or his sureties of full responsibility for materials furnished or work performed not in strict accordance with the Contract.

## **REVIEW BY COUNTY**

The **County** and its authorized representatives and agents shall have access to and be permitted to observe and review all work, materials, equipment, payrolls, personnel records, employment conditions, material invoices, and other relevant data and records pertaining to this Contract, provided, however that all instructions and approval with respect to the work will be given to the **Contractor** only by the **County** through its authorized representatives or agents.

## **FINAL INSPECTION**

When the Improvements included in this Contract are substantially completed, the Architect shall notify the **County** in writing that the work will be ready for final inspection on a definite date, which shall be stated in the notice. The **County** will make the arrangements necessary to have final inspection commenced on the date stated in the notice, or as soon thereafter as is practicable. The AIA Certificate of Substantial Completion G704 form shall be used to determine date of substantial completion.

## **DEDUCTION FOR UNCORRECTED WORK**

If the **County** deems it not expedient to require the **Contractor** to correct work not done in accordance with the Contract Documents, an equitable deduction from the Contract Price will be made by agreement between the **Contractor** and the **County** and subject to settlement, in case of dispute, as herein provided.

## **INSURANCE**

The **Contractor** shall not commence work under this contract until he has obtained all the insurance required under this paragraph and such insurance has been approved by the **County**.

- A. Compensation Insurance: The **Contractor** shall procure and shall maintain during the life of this contract Workers Compensation Insurance as required by the State of Texas for all of his employees to be engaged in work at the site of the project under this contract and, in case of any such work sublet, the **Contractor** shall require the subcontractor similarly to provide Worker's Compensation Insurance for all of the employees to be engaged in such work unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the Contractors Workers Compensation Insurance.
- B. Contractors Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance and Vehicle Insurance: The **Contractor** shall procure and shall maintain during the life of this contract Contractor's Public Liability Insurance, Contractor's Property Damage Insurance and Vehicle Liability Insurance in the following amounts: See Special Conditions of the Agreement.
- C. Proof of Insurance: The **Contractor** shall furnish the **County** with certificates showing the type, amount, class of operations covered, effective dates and date of expiration of policies. Such certificates shall also contain substantially the following statement: "The insurance covered by this certificate will not be canceled or materially altered, except after ten (10) days written notice has been received by the **County**."

## **INDEMNITY**

**Contractor** shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Architect and **Cameron County**, its

officials, officers, agents, and employees, from any and all liabilities, claims, demands, actions, losses, damages and costs, including all costs of defense thereof, of any nature whatsoever, for injury to or death of persons or loss or damage to property, or for any other reason (except for those resulting from the negligence of the County's or Architects' officials, officers, agents, and employees) occurring on the premises or in any manner arising out of or connected with Contractor's contractual obligations, including any claims, liabilities and actions based upon the acts or omissions of Contractor's officers, agents and employees.

## **WARRANTY OF TITLE**

No material, supplies, or equipment to be installed or furnished under this Contract shall be purchased subject to any chattel mortgage or under a conditional sale, lease-purchase or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller or supplier. The **Contractor** shall warrant good title to all materials, supplies, and equipment installed or incorporated in the work and upon completion of all work, shall deliver the same together with all improvements and appurtenances constructed or placed by him to the **County** free from any claims, liens, or charges. Neither the Contractor -nor any person, firm, or corporation furnishing any material or labor for any work covered by this Contract shall have any right to a lien upon any improvement or appurtenance. Nothing contained in this paragraph, however, shall defeat or impair the right of persons furnishing materials or labor to recover under any law permitting such persons to look to funds due the **Contractor** in the hands of the **County**. The provisions of this paragraph shall be inserted in all subcontracts and material contracts and notice of its provisions shall be given to all persons furnishing materials for the work when no formal contract is entered into for such materials.

## **WARRANTY OF WORKMANSHIP AND MATERIALS**

Neither the final certificate of payment nor any provision in the Contract nor partial or entire use of the improvements included in this Contract by the **County** or the public shall constitute an acceptance of work not done in accordance with the Contract or relieve the **Contractor** of liability in respect to any express warranties or responsibility for faulty materials or workmanship. The **Contractor** shall promptly remedy any defects in the work and pay for any damage to other work resulting therefrom, which shall appear within a period of twelve (12) months from the date of final acceptance of the work.

## **COMPLIANCE WITH AIR AND WATER ACTS**

In compliance with the Clean Air Act, as amended, 41 U.S.C. Sec 7401 ET. Seq., and the regulations of the Environmental Protection Agency with respect thereto, the **Contractor** agrees that:

1. Any facility to be utilized in the performance of this contract or any subcontract shall not be a facility listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.
2. He will comply with all requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act, as amended.

## **EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY**

- A. The **Contractor** will not discriminate against any employee or the applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
- B. The **Contractor** will cause the foregoing provision to be inserted in all subcontracts for any work covered by this contract so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor, provided that the foregoing provisions shall not apply to contracts or subcontracts for standard commercial supplies or raw materials.
- C. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws, which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents.

## **AFFIRMATIVE ACTION FOR HANDICAPPED WORKERS**

The **Contractor** will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of physical or mental handicap in regard to any position for which the employee or applicant for employment is qualified.

## **NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES**

The **Contractor** certifies that he does not and will not maintain or provide for his employees any segregated facilities at any of his establishments, and that he does not and will not permit his employees any segregated facilities at any of his establishments, or permit his employees to perform their services at any location, under his control, where segregated facilities are maintained. As used in this paragraph the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, rest rooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation. And housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise.

## **JOB OFFICES**

- A. The **Contractor** will maintain such office and storage facilities on the site as are necessary for the proper conduct of the work. Subcontractors may do the same. These shall be located so as to cause no interference to any work to be performed on the site. The **County** shall be consulted with regard to locations.
- B. Upon completion of the improvements, or as directed by the **County**, the **Contractors** shall remove all such temporary structures and facilities from the site, and leave the site of the work in the condition required by the Contract.

## **CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND DRAWINGS**

The **Contractor** will be furnished a maximum number of TWENTY (20) free of charge, copies of Drawings and Project Manuals. Additional sets will be furnished at the cost of reproduction, postage, and handling.

## **CONTRACT PERIOD**

The work to be performed under this contract shall commence within the time stipulated by the **County** in the Notice to Proceed, and shall be fully completed within 150 calendar days thereafter.

## **ABANDONMENT BY CONTRACTOR**

In case the **Contractor** should abandon or fail to resume work within ten (10) days after written notification from the **County** or the Engineer, or the **Contractor** fails to comply with the orders of the Engineer when such orders are consistent with this contract or this Agreement or with the specifications hereto attached, then and in that case, the Surety on the bonds shall be notified in writing and directed to complete the work, and a copy of said notice shall be delivered to the **Contractor**.

After receiving said notice of abandonment, the **Contractor** shall not remove from the work any machinery, equipment, tools, materials or supplies then on the job, but the same, together with any materials and equipment under contract for work, may be held for use on the work by the **County** or the Surety on the construction bond, or another **Contractor**, in completion of the work; and the **Contractor** shall not receive any rental or credit therefore (except when used in connection with extra work, where credit shall be allowed as provided for under "Extra Work"), it being understood that the use of such equipment and materials will ultimately reduce the cost to complete the work and be reflected in the final settlement.

In case the Surety should fail to commence compliance with the notice for completion herein before provided for within ten (10) days after services of such notice, then the **County** may provide for completion of the work in either of the following elective manners:

- A. The **County** may thereupon employ such force of men and use such machinery, equipment, tools, materials and supplies as said **County** may deem necessary to complete the work and charge the expense of such labor, material, machinery, equipment, tools and supplies to said **Contractor** and the expense so charged shall be deducted and paid by the **County** out of such money as may be due, or that may thereafter at any time become due to the **Contractor** under and by virtue of this Agreement. In case such expense is more than the sum which would have been payable under this contract if the same had been completed by the Contractor, then the Contractor and/or his surety shall

pay the amount of such excess to the County;

- B. The **County**, under sealed proposals, after five (5) days notice published one or more times in a newspaper having a general circulation in the **County** of the location of the work, may let a contract for the completion of the work under substantially the same terms and conditions which are provided in this contract. In case of any increase in cost to the **County** under the new contract as compared to what would have been the cost under this contract, such increase shall be charged to the **Contractor** and the Surety shall be and remain bound thereto. When the work shall have been substantially completed the **Contractor** and his Surety shall be notified and Certificates of Completion and Acceptance shall be issued as provided herein-above, a complete itemized statement of the contract accounts, certified to by the Engineer as being correct, shall then be prepared and delivered to the **Contractor** and his Surety, whereupon the **Contractor** and/or his Surety shall pay the balance due as reflected by said statement within twenty-one (21) days after the date of such Certificate of Completion.

In the event the statement of the account shows that the cost to complete the work is less than that which would have been the cost to the **County** had the work been completed by the **Contractor** under the terms of this contract and when the **Contractor** and/or his Surety shall pay the balance shown to be due by them to the **County**, then all machinery, equipment tools, materials or supplies left on the site of the work shall be turned over to the **Contractor** and/or his Surety. Should the cost to complete the work exceed the contract price and the **Contractor** and/or his Surety fail to pay the amount due the **County** within the time designated hereinabove, and there remains any machinery, equipment, tools, material or supplies on the site of the work, notice thereof, together with an itemized list of such equipment and materials, shall be mailed to the **Contractor** and his Surety at the respective addresses designated in this contract provided, however, that actual written notice given in any manner will satisfy this condition. After mailing or otherwise giving such notice, such property shall be held at the risk of the **Contractor** and his Surety subject only to the duty of the **County** to exercise ordinary care to protect such property. After fifteen (15) days from the date of said notice the **County** may sell such machinery, equipment, tools, materials or supplies and apply the net sum derived from such sale to the credit of the **Contractor**, as the **County** may elect.

The **County** shall release any machinery, equipment, tools, materials or supplies, which remain on the work and belong to persons other than the **Contractor** or his Surety, to their proper Localities without notice to the **Contractor**.

#### **ABANDONMENT BY THE COUNTY**

In case the **County** shall fail to comply with the terms of this contract and should fail or refuse to comply with said terms within ten (15) days after written notifications by the **Contractor**, the **Contractor** may suspend or wholly abandon the work, and may remove therefrom all machinery, tools and equipment. And thereupon the Engineer shall make an estimate of the total

earned by the **Contractor**, which estimate shall include the value of all work actually completed by said **Contractor** at the prices stated in the attached proposal, the value of all partially completed work at a fair and equitable price, and the amount of all extra work performed at the prices agreed upon, or provided for by the terms of this contract, and a reasonable sum to cover the cost of any provisions made by the **Contractor**, to carry the whole work to completion and which cannot be utilized. The Engineer shall then make a final statement of the balance due the **Contractor** by deducting from the above estimate all previous payments by the **County**, all other sums that may have been retained by the **County**, under the terms of this Agreement, and shall certify same to the **County** who shall pay to the **Contractor** on or before thirty (30) days after the date of the notification by the **Contractor**, the balance shown by said final statement as due the Contractor under the terms of this Agreement.

## **BONDS**

It is further agreed by the parties of this contract that the **Contractor** shall execute a performance bond and a payment bond, each in the sum of one hundred (100%) percent, in the forms provided for this purpose, and it agreed that this contract shall not be in effect until such bonds are furnished and approved by the **County**.

## **RIGHTS AND REMEDIES**

Duties and obligations imposed by the Contract Documents and rights and remedies available thereunder shall be in addition to and not a limitation of duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise imposed or available by law.

No action or failure to act by the **County** or Architect or **Contractor** shall constitute a waiver of a right or duty afforded them under the Contract, nor shall such act or failure to act constitute approval of or acquiescence in a breach thereunder, except as may be specifically agreed in writing.



**STANDARD FORM OF AGREEMENT**

STATE OF TEXAS           §

COUNTY OF CAMERON   §

THIS AGREEMENT, MADE AND ENTERED INTO THIS THE \_\_\_\_ DAY OF \_\_\_\_\_, 2003, A.D., by and between the County of Cameron thereunto duly authorized so to do, Party of the First Part, hereinafter called County, and, of the City of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Party of the Second Part hereinafter termed Contractor.

WITNESSETH: That for and in consideration of the payments and agreements hereinafter mentioned, to be made and performed by the Party of the First Part (County), and under the conditions expressed in the bond bearing every date herewith, the said Party of the Second Part (Contractor), hereby agrees with said Party of the First Part (County), to commence and complete the construction of certain improvements described as follows: **CAMERON COUNTY SANTA ROSA PARK IMPROVEMENTS CONSTRUCTION**, and any extra work in connection therewith, under the terms as stated in the General Conditions of the Agreement, Special Conditions of the Agreement, Technical Specifications and Plans and at his (or their) own proper cost and expense to furnish all the materials, supplies, machinery, equipment, tools, superintendence, labor, insurance, and other accessories, with the conditions and prices stated in the Proposal attached hereto, in accordance with all General Conditions of the Agreement, Special Conditions of the Agreement, Technical Specifications and Plans and in accordance with the Plans, which include all maps, plats, blueprints and other drawings and printed or written explanatory matter thereof, and the specifications therefore, together with the Contractor's written approval, and the General Conditions of the Agreement, Special Conditions of the Agreement, Technical Specifications and Plans and the Construction Bonds hereto attached, all of which are made a part hereof and collectively evidence and constitute the entire contract.

The Contractor hereby agrees to commence work within 10 days after the date written notice to do so shall have been given to him, and to substantially complete same within 150 calendar days, after the date of the written notice to commence work.

The County agrees to pay the Contractor in current funds the sum of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ (to include alternates# \_\_\_\_\_) for the performance of the Contract in accordance with the proposal submitted therefore, subject to additions and deductions as provided in the General Conditions of the Agreement, and to make payment on account thereof as provided therein.

Contractor further agrees not to do any work unless he has received a valid Purchase Order issued by Cameron County for payment of the work to be accomplished.

This instrument contains the entire agreement between the parties relating to the rights herein granted and obligations herein assumed. Any oral representations or modifications concerning this instrument shall be of no force or effect, excepting a subsequent modification in writing, signed by the party to be charged. This Agreement may be amended, provided that no

amendment, modification, or alteration of the terms of this agreement shall be binding unless the same is in writing and duly executed by the parties hereto.

All notices to Cameron County shall be sent by certified or registered mail, addressed to: Cameron County Judge, Cameron County Courthouse, 964 East Harrison Street, Brownsville, Texas 78520, and Cameron County Engineer, 805 W. Price Rd., Brownsville, Texas 78521, or at such other address as the COUNTY may otherwise designate. All notices to Contractor shall be sent certified or registered mail, addressed to: \_\_\_\_\_ or at such other address as said Contractor may otherwise designate in writing.

This Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Texas and venue shall be in Cameron County.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties of these presents have executed this Agreement in quadruplicate in the year and day first above written.

\_\_\_\_\_  
PARTY OF THE FIRST PART  
(Contractor)

\_\_\_\_\_  
PARTY OF THE SECOND PART  
(County)  
Eddie Treviño Jr.  
Cameron County Judge

ATTESTED BY:

Sylvia Garza Perez, County Clerk

**NOTICE OF AWARD**

**TO:**

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: **Cameron County Santa Rosa Park  
Improvements Construction**

The OWNER has considered the Sealed Proposal submitted by you for the above described WORK in response to its Advertisement and Invitation to Sealed Proposal dated \_\_\_\_\_.

You are hereby notified that your Sealed Proposal has been accepted in the amount of .

You are required by the Instructions to Proposers to execute the Agreement and furnish the required CONTRACTOR'S Performance Bond, Payment Bond and certificates of insurance within ten (10) calendar days from the date of this Notice to you.

If you fail to execute said Agreement and to furnish said Bonds within ten (10) days from the date of the Notice, said OWNER will be entitled to consider all your rights arising out of the OWNER'S acceptance of your SEALED PROPOSAL as abandoned and as forfeiture of your SEALED PROPOSAL SECURITY. The OWNER will be entitled to such other rights as may be granted by law.

You are required to return an acknowledged copy of the NOTICE OF AWARD to the OWNER.

Dated the \_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2017.

OWNER: CAMERON COUNTY

BY:

TITLE: County Engineer

**ACCEPTANCE OF NOTICE**

Receipt of the above NOTICE OF AWARD is hereby acknowledged by \_\_\_\_\_, this the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2022.

BY:

TITLE:

**CERTIFICATE AS TO CORPORATE PRINCIPAL**

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that I am the \_\_\_\_\_, Secretary of the Corporation named as Principal in the within bond; that \_\_\_\_\_, who signed the said bond on behalf of the Principal was then \_\_\_\_\_ of said corporation; that I know his/her signature, and his/her signature thereto is genuine; and that said bond was duly signed, sealed, and attested to, for and in behalf of said corporation by authority of this governing body.

Corporate  
Seal

Title: \_\_\_\_\_

\* Power-of-attorney for person signing for surety company must be attached to bond.

## ATTORNEY'S REVIEW CERTIFICATION

I, the undersigned, Dylbia L. Jefferies Vega, the duly authorized and acting legal representative of the County of Cameron, Texas, do hereby certify as follows:

I have examined the attached contract(s) and surety bonds and am of the opinion that each of the agreements may be duly executed by the proper parties, acting through their duly authorized representatives; that said representatives have full power and authority to execute said agreements on behalf of the respective parties; and that the agreements shall constitute valid and legally binding obligations upon the parties executing the same in accordance with terms, conditions and provisions thereof.

Attorney's signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Attorney's Name: Dylbia L. Jefferies Vega



## PROJECT CLOSE-OUT CHECK LIST

**Project Name:**

**Project PO #:**

TASK DESCRIPTION

COMPLETED    DATE

### A. General Requirements

1. Certificate of Substantial Completion (AIA G704)  
(Executed by Architect/Engineer, Contractor and Owner) \_\_\_\_\_
2. Inspections Certifications
  - a. Certificate of Occupancy  
(By Building Inspections Officials) \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. Copy of Building Official Inspection Card  
(Showing required inspection approvals) \_\_\_\_\_
  - c. Regulatory Inspection Sign-Offs (as applicable)
    - (1) General Contract \_\_\_\_\_
    - (2) Plumbing Subcontract \_\_\_\_\_
    - (3) Fire Protection Contract \_\_\_\_\_
    - (4) Mechanical Contract \_\_\_\_\_
    - (5) Electrical Contract \_\_\_\_\_
    - (6) Certification Reports for All Backflow Assemblies \_\_\_\_\_  
(Includes Plumbing, HVAC, Fire Protection as applicable)
    - (7) Well Water Quality Test Report (if applicable) \_\_\_\_\_
    - (8) Other Certifications as Required \_\_\_\_\_  
(NCDFS, NC DOT, Land Quality, Local Government, Utilities, Health Dept., Fireproofing Certification, Structural Steel Inspection Certification, etc.)
3. Closeout Reports & Documentation
  - a. Owner Instruction and Training with Equipment and Systems \_\_\_\_\_  
(Memo/List of Attendees required for each session)
  - b. HVAC Test and Balance Report \_\_\_\_\_  
(Approval cover letter from Architect/Engineer required)



## PROJECT CLOSE-OUT CHECK LIST

**Project Name:**

**Project PO #:**

<u>TASK DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>COMPLETED</u>	<u>DATE</u>
c. Attic Stock Turnover (Transfer to Owner with Typed Inventory Required)	_____	_____
d. Keys & Permanent Hardware Changeover (Delivery of Final Keys and Cabinet to Owner; Memo of Hardware Changeover Date)	_____	_____
e. Insurance Coverage Change Over	_____	_____
f. Utility Account Change Over		
(1) Electric Service	_____	_____
(2) Gas Service	_____	_____
(3) Water Service	_____	_____
(4) Other Utility Service	_____	_____
 B. Record Document Requirements		
1. As-built drawings (as applicable)		
a. Site/Civil	_____	_____
b. Architectural & Structural	_____	_____
c. Plumbing	_____	_____
d. Fire Protection	_____	_____
e. Mechanical	_____	_____
f. Electrical	_____	_____
g. Security	_____	_____
h. Other (Kitchen Equipment, etc.)	_____	_____
2. Final Finish Schedule (updated with actual finishes and bound in with O+M Manual)	_____	_____



## PROJECT CLOSE-OUT CHECK LIST

**Project Name:**

**Project PO #:**

<u>TASK DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>COMPLETED</u>	<u>DATE</u>
3. Operation & Maintenance (O+M) Manuals (Approval cover letter from Designer required)	_____	_____
a. Product & Operations Data	_____	_____
b. Maintenance Information	_____	_____
c. Product Warranty Certificates/Maintenance Agreements	_____	_____
4. Shop Drawings – Complete Set (With Architect's Review Stamp)	_____	_____
5. Construction Site Documentation (Contractor's Job Log and Photographs)	_____	_____
C. Final Accounting Requirements – by Contractor		
1. Affidavit of Release of Liens (AIA G706A)	_____	_____
2. Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims (AIA G706)	_____	_____
3. Consent of Surety to Final Payment (AIA G707)	_____	_____
4. Final Request for Payment Certified by Architect/Engineer	_____	_____
D. Final Accounting Requirements – by Architect/Engineer		
1. Cover Letter of Approval of Roof Warranty	_____	_____
2. Cover Letter of Approval for O&M Manuals	_____	_____
3. Certification by Architect of Completed Final Punch List	_____	_____
4. Final Completion Certificate executed by Architect/Engineer	_____	_____
5. Final Liquidated Damages analysis by Architect/Engineer	_____	_____
6. Record Drawings (electronic CAD files +set of pdf files + 3 reproducible sets of all drawings based on Contractor As-Builts)	_____	_____
7. Certification of Project Compliance	_____	_____





## PROJECT CLOSE-OUT CHECK LIST

**Project Name:**

**Project PO #:**

<u>TASK DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>COMPLETED</u>	<u>DATE</u>
8. MSDS Asbestos Free Building Letter	_____	_____
E. Warranty Period		
1. Pre-Expiration Warranty Inspection (Inspection 30 days prior to warranty expiration date)	_____	_____
F. Cameron County requirements		
1. Final Payment Requires Commission Approval.	_____	_____
2. TDLR Accessibility Compliance Letter from Registered Accessibility Specialist (RAS)	_____	_____
3. Windstorm Certification – Flood Zone Certification, if required in Zone A designated areas for new buildings and additions	_____	_____
4. Required Training documentation/logs, complete with sign in sheets on personnel present for Elevators and Boilers, TDLR certification of Inspection.	_____	_____

**ADVERTISEMENT AND INVITATION FOR BID  
FOR CONSTRUCTION  
BID # 220303**

The County of Cameron will receive bids for the **Santa Rosa Park Improvements Construction**. Sealed bids, addressed and sent to the County Purchasing Department - Cameron County Courthouse, (Dancy Building) 1100 E. Monroe St., 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor, Room # 345, Brownsville, Tx. 78520. Bid deadline is no later than **April 5, 2022 at 11:00 a.m.** Bids will be opened at the Cameron County Courthouse, 1100 East Monroe Street, Brownsville, Texas in the Purchasing Department – 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor – Room # 345 at 11:01 a.m. (as per Purchasing Dept. time clock) on deadline date. Bidders are invited to attend.

Bids are invited for several items and quantities of work as follows:

1. Construction of the Santa Rosa Park Improvements

Bid/Contract Documents including Drawings and Technical Specifications are on file at the office of Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. 1150 Paredes Line Rd., Brownsville, Texas 78521.  
Phone # (956) 546-0110

Copies of the Bid/Contract Documents may be obtained by depositing \$200.00 with the office of Gomez Mendez Saenz, Inc. for each set of documents obtained. The deposit will be refunded if the documents and drawings are returned in good condition within 10 days following the bid opening.

A bid bond in the amount of 5% of the bid issued by an acceptable surety shall be submitted with each bid. A certified check or bank draft payable to the County of Cameron or negotiable U.S. Government Bonds (as per value) may be submitted in lieu of the Bid Bond.

Attention is called to the fact that not less than, the federally determined prevailing (Davis Bacon and Related Acts) wage rate, as issued by the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs and contained in the contract documents, must be paid on this project. In addition, the successful bidder must ensure that employees and applicants for employment are not discriminated against because of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin.

Bid may be held by Cameron County for a period not to exceed 30 days from the date of the bid opening for the purpose of reviewing the bids and investigating the bidders qualifications prior to the contract award.

All contractor/subcontractors which are debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation on federal assistance programs may not undertake any activity in part or in full under this project.

Cameron County is an Equal Employment Opportunity Employer and expressly reserves the right to accept or reject any and all bids/proposals and may waive informalities.

**TO APPEAR: March 20 & 27, 2022**

**Brownsville Herald - P.O. # P326387**

## DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

### SECTION 01010 - SUMMARY OF WORK:

- 1.1 Location: The project site for Cameron County Parks – Santa Rosa Park Improvements is located at Santa Rosa Blvd. (FM506), Santa Rosa, TX.
- 1.2 Approval of Working Surfaces: Any contractor performing work over the work of other contractors shall notify the Architect of any unsatisfactory condition. Beginning of work by any contractor shall constitute the acceptance of the previous work.
- 1.3 Checking Dimensions at Site: Before ordering any materials or doing any work, verify all measurements of the building and be responsible for the correctness of them. No extras will be allowed for variations from drawings in existing conditions or for work performed under this contract. Any discrepancies found shall be submitted to the Architect for instruction before proceeding. The Section shall be enforced diligently.
- 1.4 Cutting & Patching: No excessive cutting will be permitted, nor shall any structural members be cut without the approval of the Architect. Each contractor shall leave all chases and openings straight, true and of the proper size in his work as may be necessary for the proper installation of his and/or other contractor's work. After such work has been installed, he shall carefully fit around, close up, repair, patch and point up same as directed, to the entire satisfaction of the Architect.
- 1.5 Cooperation: The General Contractor, all other contractors and all sub-contractors shall coordinate their work with all adjacent work and shall cooperate with all other trades as to facilitate the general progress of the work. Each trade shall afford all other trades every reasonable opportunity for installation of their work and storage of their materials.
- 1.6 Project Logbook: The project superintendent shall maintain a daily project logbook, indicating which sub-contractors were on the job, time of arrival, and the number of workers. Statements as to the daily progress shall be logged. This logbook shall be made available to the Architect and shall be kept at the job site office.
- 1.7 Inspection and Tests: Architect and his representative shall at all times have access to the work whether it is in preparation or progress. Provide proper and safe facilities for such access and inspection. Make all inspections and test in connection with this entire contract as required by the Architect. All material testing shall be paid for by the Testing Allowance and be done by an independent testing laboratory meeting the approval of the architect.
- 1.8 Security: Provide security fencing in all work areas. See Temporary Facilities.
- 1.9 Mockup Panel: Provide a mock-up for evaluation of product and application workmanship.
  1. Install in area and of size designated by Architect.
    - a. Construct mockup to illustrate backup wall, exterior sheathing, air barrier, cavity wall, connectors, weep holes, cavity vents, and through wall flashing.
    - b. Construct mockup panel 72 inches by 72 inches to illustrate coursing, anchorage, mortar joints and color, window opening and flashing system.

2. Do not proceed with work until finish color, texture, pattern, joint sizes, and installation workmanship are approved by Architect.
3. Correct mock-up area as required to produce acceptable work.

2. ALLOWANCES:

See Paragraph 4.8 of the General Conditions.

2.1 Testing Allowance: A recognized, independent material testing laboratory will be selected and paid directly by the Owner.

2.2 Betterment Allowance: Include the sum set forth below as a Betterment Allowance which will, if needed, be expended on Betterment to the Project, as directed in writing by approved change orders.

**Betterment Allowance: \$20,000.00**

2.3 Structural Allowance: Include the sum set forth below as a Betterment Allowance which will, if needed, be expended on Betterment to the Project, as directed in writing by approved change orders.

**Reinforcing Steel Allowance: \$ 4,000.00**

**Fabricated Steel Allowance: \$ 6,000.00**

2.4 Signage Allowance: Include the sum set forth below as a Betterment Allowance which will, if needed, be expended on Betterment to the Project, as directed in writing by approved change orders.

**Signage Allowance: \$ 5,000.00**

2.5 Splash Pad Allowance: Include the sum set forth below as a Betterment Allowance which will, if needed, be expended on Betterment to the Project, as directed in writing by approved change orders.

**Splash Pad Allowance: \$ 650,000.00**

SECTION 0110 - BID SCHEDULE

1. BID SCHEDULE: All proposals and alternate bid items shall be subject to the General and Special Conditions and all other related sections of the specifications and requirements of the drawings. The Owner shall have the right to accept or reject any or all alternates.

1.1 BASE BID: The Contractor shall state on the General Contract Bid Proposal under the Base Bid, the amount for all work, complete in all respects in accordance with plans and specifications, to construct Santa Rosa Park Improvements. The scope of work is defined in the plans and specifications.

1.2 ALTERNATES: The Contractor shall state on this Bid Form, under each Alternate the amount to add to this bid to perform all work, complete in all respects, in accordance with the plans and specifications to construct work required by the Alternates.

N/A

SECTION 0120 - AS BUILT DRAWINGS:

As the work proceeds, keep careful records of piping, electrical circuits, duct work and other concealed work whose installed location varies from that shown on plans. Refer to Section 01705 Project Closeout for additional requirements.

SECTION 0130 - REPORTS:

The Contractor will provide a written report to the Architect after each inspection conducted by the City Inspectors concerning their findings.

SECTION 0140 - QUANTITIES & WARRANTIES:

All guarantees and warranties expressed or implied shall be provided to the Architect in written form prior to final payment.

SECTION 0150 - PICTURES:

In addition to the required monthly progress photos, the Contractor will provide the following:

1. Aerial job photos.
2. Sequence photographs showing the flashing in place prior to application of roof. This is MANDATORY. Close-ups of all flashing are required.

The Contractor is required to submit progress photos with each month's application for payment.

SECTION 0160 - CERTIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION:

The building contractor or construction manager shall certify in writing that the facility has been constructed in accordance to the construction documents and its specifications.

SECTION 0170 - CERTIFICATION OF NON-USE OF ASBESTOS PRODUCTS

The General Contractor shall provide the Architect with written certification letters from all sub-contractors and suppliers that no asbestos products shall be use on this project.

SECTION 0180 - SCOPE AND SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

1.1 General:

No time extensions shall be considered.

The successful bidder shall under no circumstances leave this project unsecured or unprotected at any time during construction. The General Contractor is to refer to Section 01505 Temporary Facilities for all requirements required by this project.

The General Contractor to provide all necessary precautions and safeguards during construction for protection of personnel utilizing the site and any visitor who might visit the project site. The General Contractor shall provide in a neat format project monthly reports with photos showing progress of construction for their review.

## SECTION 01110

### TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

#### WINDSTORM CERTIFICATION OF NEW STRUCTURES - DELEGATED RESPONSIBILITY TO THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR

##### PART 1 GENERAL

###### 1.1 SUMMARY

1. The general contractor (Contractor) shall be responsible for the windstorm certification of all new structures through the Texas Department of Insurance (TDI). The general **contractor shall contract with a TDI Appointed Qualified Inspector (Inspector) to issue an Application for Windstorm Inspection Certificate of Compliance (WPI-1)** form for each building, review exterior architectural and mechanical envelope assembly submittals, conduct periodic inspections of the installation of the exterior envelope assemblies, issue reports of finding of field inspections, conduct follow up inspections as deemed necessary by the Inspector and **shall issue Inspection Verification (WPI-2) forms for each building**. The Contractor shall include copies of each form and **a final copy of the Windstorm Certificate of Compliance (WPI-8) form for each building** with the substantial completion close-out documents.

###### 1.2 CONTRACTOR'S DELEGATED RESPONSIBILITY – TDI WINDSTORM CERTIFICATION PROGRAM

- A. The Contractor is solely responsible for all activities, scheduling, safe access, and communication to achieve a windstorm certificate (WPI-8) from the TDI for each building. The contractor shall provide all construction services as needed to satisfy the requirements of the construction drawings and specifications, the referenced building code (International Building Code, 2018) and the TDI windstorm inspection program. The contractor shall contract with an Appointed Qualified Inspector (Inspector) as defined by the TDI windstorm program to provide field inspection services throughout construction. All construction administration costs, submittal preparation costs, submittal review by the Inspector costs, inspection costs, inspection coordination, including all general conditions, overhead and profit shall be included in the contractor's bid.
- B. The Contractor's Inspector shall submit an Application for Windstorm Inspection Certification of Compliance (WPI-1) form to the TDI for each individual building. The WPI-1 shall be issued within 30 days of Notice to Proceed, and shall be made available to the Owner, Architect and Authority Having Jurisdiction for construction permit applications as requested.
- C. The contractor shall make available all exterior envelope assembly submittals to their Inspector for windstorm construction compliance review and comment. Exterior envelope assembly submittals may include but are not limited to the following general items:
  1. Roofing assemblies
  2. Edge of roof details and parapet coping detail assemblies
  3. Soffit assemblies

4. Roof mounted equipment curbs and attachment assemblies
  5. Wall mounted mechanical louvers and attachment assemblies
  6. Exterior wall cladding and finish assemblies
  7. Exterior doors and hardware assemblies
  8. Exterior overhead doors and hardware assemblies
  9. Exterior windows and storefront assemblies
- D. The Contractor and Inspector shall review submittals for compliance with the tested performance requirements noted in the IBC, 2018 for all door, window, storefront, wall cladding, roofing system, soffit and mechanical louver and roof mounted equipment assemblies. The contractor shall provide within the submittal substantiating product evaluation reports or tested assembly reports that confirm the tested performance requirements of the IBC are satisfied by the submitted assemblies.
- E. The Contractor shall coordinate appropriate inspections with the Inspector required to verify compliance of windstorm construction requirements as detailed by the TDI windstorm inspection program. The contractor and Inspector shall be responsible for the timing of the inspection and safe access to the site to accommodate the needs of the Inspector throughout the entire construction.
- F. The Contractor and Inspector shall rely on the signed and sealed contract drawings as indication that the inspected buildings were designed in compliance with the International Building Code, 2018 edition. Any delegated design responsibilities of individual assemblies or components shall be the responsibility of the contractor as indicated on the contract drawings and specifications.
- G. The Contractor and Inspector shall provide site inspection reports to the Owner and Architect indicating compliance with installation details of exterior envelope assemblies or written remedial measures required by the Contractor to get inspected works in the field into compliance with submitted assembly installation details.
- H. The Contractor and Inspector shall provide a list of expected site inspections to the Owner and Architect within 30 days of the Notice to Proceed date. The inspection list shall identify the work in the field to be inspected and indicate the sequence of work at which time the Inspector will need to be present to observe the installed work prior to it being concealed by subsequent trade activities and material installation.
- I. The Contractor and Inspector shall conduct all windstorm inspections and activities required for certification of the buildings through the TDI Windstorm Certification program independent of all Architectural and Engineering Design Team field observations. The Contractor and/or the Inspector shall not rely on contract administration services from the Design Team as substitution for any delegated windstorm inspection service required by the TDI windstorm certification program and/or delegated within the contract documents to the Contractor.
- J. The contractor shall include a copy of the WPI-1, WPI-2 and WPI-8 forms for each individual building with all other substantial completion close-out documents. The contractor shall not rely on the WPI-2 from the Inspector to satisfy this delegated responsibility. The windstorm inspection services delegated responsibility shall be considered incomplete until the Contractor delivers a copy a of the WPI-8 Certificate of Compliance for each individual building under contract.

- K. Should the project, Inspector or individual building be selected by the TDI for quality control auditing of the Inspector's work, the Contractor and Inspector shall be responsible for all time, documentation and field inspections requested by the TDI windstorm program to satisfy the audit requirements.

**END OF SECTION 01110**



## SECTION 01340 - SUBMITTALS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specifications, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS:

The types of submittal requirements for specified in this section including shop drawings, product data, samples and miscellaneous work related Submittals. Individual submittal requirements are specified in applicable sections for each unit of work. Refer to other Division 1 sections and other contract documents for requirements of administrative Submittals.

Definitions: Work related Submittals of this section are categorized for convenience as follows:

Shop drawings include specially prepared technical data for this project including drawings, diagrams; performance curves data sheets schedules, templates, patterns, reports, calculations, instructions, measurements and similar information not in standard printed form for general application to a range of similar projects.

Product data includes standard printed information on manufactured products that has not been specially prepared for this project, other than the designation of selections from among available choices printed therein.

Samples include both fabricated and un-fabricated physical examples of materials, products and units of work; both as complete units and as smaller portions of units of work; either for limited visual inspection or (where indicated) for more detailed testing and analysis.

Mock ups are special forms of samples, which are too large or otherwise inconvenient for handling in the manner specified for transmittal of sample Submittals.

Miscellaneous Submittals related directly to the work (non administrative) include warranties, maintenance agreements, workmanship bonds, project photographs, survey data and reports, physical work records quality testing and certification reports, copies of industry standards, record drawings, field measurement data, operating and maintenance manuals, overrun stock, and similar information, devices and materials applicable to the work and not processed as shop drawings, product data or samples.

#### GENERAL SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS:

Scheduling: Where appropriate in administrative submittals, (listing of products, manufacturers, suppliers and sub-contractors, and in job progress schedule), show principal work related submittals and time requirements for coordination of submittal activity with related work in each instance.

Listing: Prepare a separate listing; organized by related specification section number sequence, showing principal work related submittals and their initial submittal dates as required for coordination of the work. Submit listing within 45 days of date of commencement of the work.

Coordination and Sequencing: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with the performance of the work so that work will not be delayed by submittals. Coordinate and sequence different categories of submittals for same work, and for interfacing units of work, so that one will not be delayed for coordination of A/E's review with another.

Preparation of Submittals: Provide permanent marking on each submittal to identify project, date, Contractor, subcontractor, Submittal name, and similar information to distinguish it from other submittals. Show Contractor's executed review and approval markings and provide space for the Architect/Engineer's "Action" marking. Package each submittal appropriately for transmittal and handling. Submittals which are received from sources other than through Contractor's office will be returned by A/E "without action".

#### SPECIFIC CATEGORY SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS:

General: Except as otherwise indicated in the individual work sections, comply with the requirements specified herein for each indicated category of submittal. Provide and process intermediate submittals, where required between initial and final, similar to initial submittals.

Shop Drawings: Provide newly prepared information, on reproducible sheets, with graphic information at accurate scale (except as otherwise indicated), with name of preparer indicated (firm name). Show dimensions and not which are based on field measurement. Identify materials and products in the work shown. Indicate compliance with standards and special coordination requirements. Do not allow shop drawing copies without appropriate final "Action" markings by the Architect/Engineer to be used in connection with the work.

Initial Submittal: Provide one electronic print with requested testing data, ICC-ES reports and TDI reports, where applicable.

Product Data: Collect required data into one submittal for each unit of work or system; and mark each copy to show which choices and options are applicable to project. Include manufacturer's standard printed recommendations for application and use, compliance with standards, application of labels and seals, notation of field measurements which have been checked, and special coordination requirements. Maintain one set of product data (for each submittal) at project site, available for reference by Architect/Engineer and others.

Submittals: Do not submit product data, or allow its use on the project, until compliance with requirements of contract documents has been confirmed by Contractor. Submittal is for information and record, unless otherwise indicated.

Initial submittal is final submittal unless returned promptly by Architect/Engineer, marked with an "Action" which indicates an observed non-compliance. Submit 3 copies where required for maintenance manuals.

Samples: Provide units identical with final condition of proposed materials or products for

the work. Include "range" samples (not less than 3 units) where unavoidable variations must be expected, and described or identify variations between units of each set. Provide full set of optional samples where Architect's/Engineer's selection is required. Prepare samples to match Architect's/Engineer's sample where so indicated. Include information with each sample to show generic description, source or product name and manufacturer, limitations, and compliance with standards. Samples are submitted for review and confirmation of color, pattern, texture and "kind" by Architect/Engineer. Architect/Engineer will not "test" samples (except as otherwise indicated) for compliance with other requirements, which are therefore the exclusive responsibility of Contractor.

Submittal: Provide a single set of samples for Architect's/Engineer's review and "Action".

Mock Ups and similar samples specified in individual work sections recognized as a special type of sample. Comply with requirements for "samples" to greatest extent possible, and process transmittal forms to provide a record of activity.

Inspection and Test Reports: Classify each as either "shop drawings" or "product data" depending upon whether report is uniquely prepared for project, or a standard publication of workmanship control testing at point of production and process accordingly.

Warranties: Refer to "Products" section for specific general requirements on warranties, product/workmanship bonds and maintenance agreements. In addition to copies desired for the Contractor's use, furnish 2 executed copies except furnish 2 additional (conformed) copies where required for maintenance manuals.

Closeout Submittals: Refer to Section 01705 Project Closeouts and to individual work sections for specific requirements on submittal of closeout information, materials, tools, and similar items.

Materials and Tools: Refer to individual work sections of for required quantities of spare parts, extra and overrun stock, maintenance tools and devices, keys, and similar physical units to be submitted.

General Distribution: Provide additional distribution of submittals (not included in foregoing copy submittal requirements) to subcontractors, suppliers, fabricators, installers, governing authorities, and others as necessary for the proper performance of the work. Include such additional copies in transmittal to the Architect/Engineer where the submittals are required to receive "Action" marking before final distribution. Record submittal distributions on transmittal forms.

### ACTION ON SUBMITTALS

Architect/Engineer's Action: Where action and return is required or requested, the Architect/Engineer will review each submittal, mark with "Action", and where possible return within 2 weeks of receipt.

Where the submittal must be held for coordination, Contractor will be so advised by A/E without delay.

Final Unrestricted Release: Work may proceed, provided it complies with the contract

documents, when submittal is returned with the following:

Marking: "Accepted".

Marking: "Reviewed".

Final But Restricted Release: Work may proceed, provided it complies with notations and corrections on submittal and with contract documents, when submittal is returned with the following:

Marking: "Accepted as Noted".

Marking: "Reviewed as Noted".

Returned for Resubmittal: Do not proceed with work. Revise submittal in accordance with notations thereon, and resubmit without delay to obtain a different action marking. Do not allow submittals with the following marking (or unmarked submittals where a marking is required) to be used in connection with performance of the work:

Marking: "Not Accepted, Resubmit".

Marking: "Revise and Resubmit".

Other Action: Where the submittal is returned, for other reasons, with Architect/Engineer's explanation included, it will be marked as follows:

Marking: "Action Not Required".

Marking: "No Action".

Action Stamp: Architect's/Engineer's action stamp, for use on submittals to be returned to Contractor, is self explanatory as marked.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable).

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable).

## SECTION 01505 - -TEMPORARY FACILITIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification sections, apply to the work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS:

Definitions: Specific administrative and procedural minimum actions are specified in this section, as extensions of provisions in General Conditions and other contract documents. These requirements have been included for special purposes as indicated. Nothing in this section is intended to limit types and amounts of temporary work required, and no omission from this section will be recognized as an indication by Architect or Engineer that such temporary activity is not required for successful completion of the work and compliance with requirements of contract documents. Provisions of this section are applicable to, but not by way of limitation, utility services, construction facilities, support facilities, security/protection provisions, and support facilities.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

General: In addition to compliance with governing regulations and rules/recommendation of franchised utility companies, comply with specific requirements indicated and with applicable local industry standards for construction work (published recommendations by local consensus "building councils").

ANSI Standards: Comply with applicable provisions of ANSI A1 Series standards on construction safety, including A.10.3, A.10.4, A10.5, A10.6, A10.7, A10.8, A10.9, A10.10, A10.11, A10.12, A10.13, A10.14, A10.15, A10.17, A10.18, A10.20, and A10.22.

NFPA Code" Comply with NFPA Code 241 "Building Construction and Demolition Operations."

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

General: Establish and initiate use of each temporary facility at time first reasonably required for proper performance of the work. Terminate use and remove facilities at earliest reasonable time, when no longer needed or when permanent facilities have, with authorized use, replaced the need.

Conditions of Use: Install, operate, maintain and protect temporary facilities in a manner and at locations which will be safe, non hazardous, sanitary and protective of persons and property, and free of deleterious effects.

### PART 2 AND 3 - PRODUCTS AND EXECUTION

#### TEMPORARY UTILITY SERVICES:

The types of services required include, but not by way of limitation, water, sewerage, surface drainage, electrical power and telephones. Where possible and reasonable, connect to existing franchised utilities for required services; and comply with service

companies' recommendations on materials and methods, or engage service companies to install services. Locate and relocate services (as necessary) to minimize interference with construction operations.

### TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FACILITIES:

The types of temporary construction facilities required include, but not by way of limitation, water distribution, drainage, enclosure of work, heat, ventilation, electrical power distribution, lighting, hoisting facilities, stairs, ladders, and roads. Provide facilities reasonably required to perform construction operations properly and be large enough to accommodate meetings for 10 persons.

**Water Distribution:** Provide hose lengths sufficient to reach entire area of construction work, not less than 3/4" hose size. Prevent freezing of water distribution by either prompt drainage after each use, or by suitable protection.

**Electrical Power:** Provide weatherproof, grounded, power distribution system sufficient to accommodate construction operations requiring power, use of power tools, electrical heating, lighting, and start up testing of permanent electric powered equipment prior to its permanent connection to electrical system. Provide overload protection. Locate multiple outlets (not less than 4 gang boxes) at each story of construction, spaced so that entire area of construction can be reached by power tools on a single extension cord of 100' maximum length.

Supply power for electric welding, if any, from either temporary power distribution system or by engine driven power generator sets, at Contractor's option.

**Lighting:** Provide sufficient temporary lighting to ensure proper workmanship everywhere; by combined use of daylight, general lighting, and portable plug in task lighting. Provide general lighting with local switching which will enable energy conservation during periods of varying activity (work in progress, traffic only security check, lock up, etc.).

Provide uniformly spaced general lighting equivalent to not less than one 200 watt incandescent lamp per 1000 sq. ft. of floor area, and one 100 watt lamp per 50' of corridor and per flight of stairs.

**Access Provisions:** Provide ramps, stairs, ladders and similar temporary access elements as reasonably required to perform the work and facilitate its inspection during installation. Comply with reasonable requests of governing authorities performing inspections. When permanent stairs are available for access during construction, cover finished surfaces with sufficient protection to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of substantial completion.

### SECURITY/PROTECTION PROVISION:

The types of temporary security and protection provision required include, but not by way of limitation, fire protection, barricades, fencing (wire), warning signs/lights, and similar provision intended to minimize property losses, personal injuries and claims for damages at project site.

**Fire Extinguishers:** Provide types, sizes, numbers and locations as would be reasonably effective in extinguishing fires during early stages, by personnel at project site. Provide Type A extinguishers at locations of low potential for either electrical or grease oil

flammable liquids fires; provide Type ABC dry chemical extinguishers at other locations; comply with recommendations of NFPA No. 10. Post warning and quick instructions at each extinguisher location, and instruct proper use of extinguishers and other available facilities at project site. Post local fire department call number on each telephone instrument at project site.

Permanent Fire Protection: Complete each fire protection facility at earliest reasonable date, make ready for emergency use, and instruct personnel at site on availability and proper use.

Building Enclosure and Lockup: At earliest possible date, secure building against unauthorized entrance at times when personnel are not working.

Temporary Fencing is required at all work areas (Building Addition, walk-way canopies, soccer field, new parking areas etc.) to provide protection for building occupants using the portion of the building being used. Coordinate locations with Owner.

#### TEMPORARY SUPPORT FACILITIES:

The types of temporary support facilities required include, but not by way of limitation, field offices, storage sheds, fabrication sheds, sanitary facilities, drinking water, first aid facilities, bulletin board, private telephones, project identification signs, clean up facilities, waste disposal service, and similar miscellaneous general services, all as may be reasonably required for proficient performance of the work and accommodation of personnel at the site including Owner's and Architect's/Engineer's personnel.

Discontinue and remove temporary support facilities, and make incidental similar use of permanent work of the project, only when and in manner authorized by Architect/Engineer; and, if not otherwise indicated, immediately before time of substantial completion. Locate temporary support facilities for convenience of users, and for minimum interference with construction activities.

Contractor's Field Offices: Provide adequate office space for field office personnel plus one spare work station for incidental use by subcontractor's personnel, suitably finished, furnished, equipped and conditioned.

Sanitary Facilities: At contractor's option, provide either piped (wet) toilets facilities or self contained toilet units of type acceptable to governing authorities, adequate (at all stages of construction) for use of personnel at job site. Provide separate facilities for male and female personnel when both sexes are working (in any capacity) at project site.

Project Identification Sign: At locations(s) shown on site plans provide project identification sign complying with sketch/data sheet included at end of this section. Engage an experienced sign painter to paint graphics on sign as indicated. Construct sign of treated wood framing and posts, and 3/4" plywood panels of exterior type Grade B C sanded 2 sides.

END OF SECTION 01505

## SECTION 01605 - PRODUCTS AND SUBSTITUTIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS:

Definitions: "Products" is defined to include purchased items for incorporation into the work, regardless of whether specifically purchased for project or taken from Contractor's stock of previously purchased products. "Materials", is defined as products which must be substantially cut, shaped, worked, mixed, finished, refined or otherwise fabricated, processed, installed or applied to form units of work. "Equipment" is defined as products with operational parts, regardless of whether motorized or manually operated, and particularly including products with service connections (wiring, piping, etc.). Definitions in this paragraph are not intended to negate the meaning of other terms used in contract documents, including "specialties," "systems," "structure," "finishes," "accessories," "furnishings," "special construction," and similar terms, which are self explanatory and have recognized meanings in the construction industry.

Substitutions: The requirements for substitutions do not apply to specified Contractor options on products and construction methods. Revisions to contract documents, where requested by Owner, Architect or Engineer, are "changes" not "substitutions." Substitutions requested during bidding period, which have been accepted prior to Contract Date, are included in contract documents and are not subject to requirements for substitutions as specified herein. Contractor's determination of an compliance with governing regulations and orders issued by governing authorities do not constitute "substitutions;" and do not constitute a basis for change orders, except as provided for in contract documents. Otherwise, Contractor's requests for changes in products, materials and methods of construction required by contract documents after the bidding period are considered requests for "substitutions," and are subject to requirements hereof.

Standards: Refer to Division 1 section "Definitions and Standards" for applicability of industry standards to products of project, and for acronyms used in text of specification sections.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Source Limitations: To the greatest extent possible, for each unit of work, provide products, materials or equipment of a singular generic kind and from a single source.

Compatibility of Options: Where more than one choice is available as options for Contractor's selection of a product or material, select an option which is compatible with other products and materials already selected (which may have been from among options for those other products and materials). Total compatibility among options is not assured by limitations within contract documents, but must be provided by Contractor. Compatibility is a basic general requirement of product/material selections.



## SUBMITTALS:

Requests for Substitutions: Submit 3 copies, fully identified for product or method being replaced by substitution, including related specification section and drawing number(s), and fully documented to show compliance with requirements for substitutions. Include product data/drawings, description of methods, samples where applicable, Contractor's detailed comparison of significant qualities between specified item and proposed substitution, statement of effect on construction time and coordination with other affected work, cost information or proposal, and Contractor's statement to the effect that proposed substitution will result in overall work equal to or better than work originally indicated.

## PRODUCT DELIVER STORAGE HANDLING:

General: Deliver, handle and store products in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and by methods and means which will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss including theft. Control delivery schedules to minimize long term storage of products at site and overcrowding of construction spaces. In particular, provide delivery/installation coordination to ensure minimum holding or storage times for products recognized to be flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft and other sources of loss.

## WARRANTIES (GUARANTEES):

Categories of Specific Warranties: Warranties on the work are in several categories, including those of General Conditions, and including (but not necessarily limited to) the following specific categories related to individual units of work specified in sections of Divisions 2 through 16 of these specifications:

Special Project Warranty (Guarantee): A warranty specifically written and signed by Contractor for a defined portion of the work; and, where required, countersigned by subcontractor, installer, manufacturer or other entity engaged by Contractor.

Specified Product Warranty: A warranty which is required by contract documents, to be provided for a manufactured product incorporated into the work; regardless of whether manufacturer has published a similar warranty without regard for specific incorporation of a product into the work, or has written and executed a special product warranty as a direct result of contract document requirements.

Coincidental Product Warranty: A warranty which is not specifically required by contract documents (other than as specified in this Section); but which is available on a product incorporated into the work, by virtue of the fact that manufacturer of product has published warranty in connection with purchases and uses of product without regard for specific applications except as otherwise limited by terms of warranty.

Refer to individual sections of Divisions 2 through 16 for the determination of units of work which are required to be specifically or individually warranted, and for the specific requirements and terms of those warranties (or guarantees).

General Limitations: It is recognized that specific warranties are intended primarily to protect Owner against failure of the work to perform as required, and against deficient, defective and faulty materials and workmanship, regardless of sources. Except as otherwise indicated, specific warranties do not cover failures in the work which result from: 1.) Unusual and abnormal phenomena of the elements, 2.) The Owner's misuse,

maltreatment or improper maintenance of the work, 3.) Vandalism after time of substantial completion, or 4.) Insurrection or acts of aggression including war.

**Related Damages and Losses:** In connection with Contractor's correction of warranted work which has failed, remove and replace other work of project which has been damaged as a result of such failure, or must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted work.

**Consequential Damages:** Except as otherwise indicated or required by governing regulation, special project warranties and product warranties are not extended to cover damage to building contents (other than work of Contract) which occurs as a result of failure of warranted work.

**Reinstatement of Warranty Period:** Except as otherwise indicated, when work covered by a special project warranty or product warranty has failed and has been corrected by replacement or restoration, reinstate warranty by written endorsement for the following time period, starting on date of acceptance of replaced or restored work.

A period of time is equal to original warranty period of time.

**Replacement Cost, Obligations:** Except as otherwise indicated, costs of replacing or restoring failing warranted units or products is Contractor's obligation, without regard for whether Owner has already benefited from use through a portion of anticipated useful service lives.

**Rejection of Warranties:** Owner reserves the right, at time of substantial completion or thereafter, to reject coincidental product warranties submitted by Contractor, which in opinion of Owner tend to detract from or confuse interpretation of requirements of contract documents.

**Contractor's Procurement Obligations:** Do not purchase, subcontract for, or allow others to purchase or sub subcontract for materials or units of work for materials or units of work for project where a special project warranty, specified product warranty, certification or similar commitment is required, until it has been determined that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.

**Specific Warranty Forms:** Where a special project warranty (guarantee) or specified project warranty is required, prepare a written document to contain terms and appropriate identification, ready for execution by required parties. Submit draft to Owner (through Architect/Engineer) for approval prior to final executions.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### GENERAL PRODUCT COMPLIANCES:

**General:** The compliance requirements, for individual products as indicated in contract documents, are multiple in nature and may include generic, descriptive, proprietary, performance, prescriptive, compliance with standards, compliance with codes, conformance with graphic details and other similar forms and methods of indicating requirements, all of which must be complied with. Also "allowances" and similar provisions of contract documents will have a bearing on selection process.

Procedures for Selecting Products: Contractor's options for selecting products are limited by contract document requirements, and governing regulations, and are not controlled by industry and governing regulations, and are not controlled by industry traditions or procedures experienced by Contractor on previous construction projects.

Required procedures include, but are not necessarily limited to, the following for various indicated methods of specifying:

Single Product/Manufacturer Name: Provide product indicated, except advise Architect/Engineer before proceeding, where known that named product is not a feasible or acceptable selection.

Two or More Product/Manufacturer Names: Provide one of the named products, at Contractor's option; but excluding products which do not comply with requirements. Do not provide or offer to provide an unnamed product, except where none of named products comply with requirements or are a feasible selection; advise Architect/Engineer before proceeding.

"Or Equal": Where named products in specifications text are accompanied by the term "or equal", or other language of similar effect, comply with those contract document provisions concerning "substitutions" for obtaining Architect/Engineer's approval (by change order) to provide an unnamed product. This product must meet or exceed the original specified product specifications.

"Named", except as otherwise indicated, is defined to mean manufacturer's name for product, as recorded in published product literature, of latest issue as of date of contract documents. Refer requests to use products of a later (or earlier) model to Architect/Engineer's for acceptance before proceeding.

Standards, Codes and Regulations: Where only compliance with an imposed standard, code or regulation is required, selection from among products which comply with requirements including those standards, codes and regulations, is Contractor's option.

Performance Requirements: Provide products which comply with specific performances indicated, and which are recommended by manufacturer (in published product literature or by individual certification) for application indicated. Overall performance of a product is implied where product is specified with only certain specific performance requirements.

Prescriptive Requirements: Provide products which have been produced in accordance with prescriptive requirements, using specified ingredients and components, and complying with specified requirements for mixing, fabricating, curing, finishing, testing and similar operations in manufacturing process.

#### SUBSTITUTIONS:

Conditions: Contractor's request for substitution will be received and considered when extensive revisions to contract documents are not required and changes are in keeping with general intent of contract documents; when timely, fully documented and properly submitted; and when one or more of following conditions is satisfied, all as judged by Architect/Engineer. Otherwise, requests will be returned without action except to record non compliance with these requirements.

Where required product, material or method cannot be provided in a manner which is compatible with other materials of the work, or cannot be properly coordinated therewith,

or cannot be warranted as required, or cannot be used without adversely affecting Owner's insurance coverage on completed work, or will encounter other substantial non compliance which are not possible to otherwise overcome except by making requested substitution, which Contractor thereby certifies to overcome such non compatibility, non coordination, non warranty, non insurability or other non compliance as claimed.

Work Related Submittals: Contractor's submittal of (and Architect/Engineer's acceptance of) shop drawings, product data or samples which relate to work not complying with requirements of contract documents, does not constitute an acceptable or valid request for a substitution, nor approval thereof.

#### GENERAL PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS:

General: Provide products which comply with requirements, and which are undamaged and unused at time of installation, and which are complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards and other devices and details needed for a complete installation and for intended use and effect.

Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types which have been produced and used previously and successfully on other projects and in similar applications.

Nameplates: Except as otherwise indicated for required approval labels, and operating data, do not permanently attach or imprint manufacturer's or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products which will be exposed to view either in occupied spaces or on exterior of the work.

Labels: Locate required labels and stamps on a concealed surface or, where required for observation after installation, on an accessible surface which, in occupied spaces, is not conspicuous.

Equipment Nameplates: Provide permanent nameplate on each item of service connected or poser operated equipment. Indicate manufacturer, product name, model number, serial number, capacity, speed, ratings and similar essential operating data. Locate nameplates on an easily accessed surface which, in occupied spaces, is not conspicuous.

PART 3 EXECUTION (not applicable)

END OF SECTION 01605

## SECTION 01705 - PROJECT CLOSEOUTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF REQUIREMENTS:

Definitions: Closeout is hereby defined to include general requirements near the end of the Contract Time, in preparation for final acceptance, final payment, normal termination of contract, occupancy by Owner and similar actions evidencing completion of the work. Specific requirements for individual units of work are specified in sections of Divisions 2 through 16. Time of closeout is directly related to "Substantial Completion", and therefore may be either a single time period for entire work which have been certified as substantially complete at different dates. That time variation (if any) shall be applicable to other provisions of this section.

#### PREREQUISITES TO SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION:

General: Prior to requesting the Architect/Engineer's inspection for certification of substantial completion, (for either the entire work or for portions thereof), complete the following and list known exceptions in the request:

Submit specific warranties, workmanship/maintenance bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications and similar documents.

Obtain and submit releases enabling Owner's full, unrestricted use of the work and access to services and utilities (where required), include occupancy permits, operating certificates, and similar releases.

Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stocks of materials, and similar physical items to the Owner.

Attic stock or extra materials for the Owner are not to be used for punchlist or warranty work, unless permission is given. In such case, the material is to be restocked and provided to the Owner.

Make final changeover of locks and transmit the keys to the Owner, and advise the Owner's personnel of change over in security provisions.

Complete start up testing of systems, and instructions of the Owner's operating and maintenance personnel. Discontinue or change over and remove temporary facilities and services from the project site, along with construction tools and facilities, mock ups, and similar elements.

Complete final cleaning up requirements, including touch up of painting of marred surfaces.

Inspection Procedures: Upon receipt of the Contractor's request Architect/Engineer will either proceed with inspection or advise Contractor of unfilled prerequisites. Following the initial inspection, the Architect/Engineer will either prepare the certificate of

substantial completion, or will advise the Contractor of work which must be performed prior to the issuance of certificate; and repeat the inspection when requested and when assured that the work has been substantially completed. Results of the completed inspection will form the initial "punch list" for final acceptance.

**Attic Stock Quantities:**

Vinyl Composition Tile:	(2) Boxes – Each Color
Rubber Base:	60 LF
Paint:	(1) 5-gallon - Each Color (1) 5-gallon – Each Accent Color
Acoustical Ceiling	(2) Boxes – Type I (1) Boxes – Type II

**SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES**

Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Service/Power Poles: One for every 10, but no fewer than one.
- Floor Service-Outlet Assemblies: One for every 10 but no fewer than one.
- Poke-Through, Fire-Rated Closure Plugs: One for every five floor service outlets installed, but no fewer than two.

**SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS**

Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Fuses: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.
- Fuse Pullers: Two for each size and type.

**SECTION 262913 - ENCLOSED CONTROLLERS**

Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Fuses for Fused Switches: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.
- Control Power Fuses: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than two of each size and type.
- Indicating Lights: Two of each type and color installed.
- Auxiliary Contacts: Furnish one spare(s) for each size and type of magnetic controller installed.
- Power Contacts: Furnish three spares for each size and type of magnetic contactor installed.

**SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING**

Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Lamps: Ten for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- Fluorescent-luminaire-mounted emergency battery pack: One for every 40 emergency lighting unit.
- Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

#### SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Lamps: 10 for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- Luminaire-mounted, emergency battery pack: One for every 20 emergency lighting units. Furnish at least one of each type.
- Diffusers and Lenses: two for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
- Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

#### SECTION 267240 - INTRUSION DETECTION

Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

- Intrusion Detection Devices: Furnish quantity equal to two percent of the number of units of each type installed, but no less than one of each type.

#### PREREQUISITES TO FINAL ACCEPTANCE:

General: Prior to requesting Architect/Engineer's final inspection for certification of final acceptance, and final payment, as required by the General Conditions, complete the following and list known exceptions, (if any), in request.

Submit the final payment request with final releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include certificates of insurance for products and completed operations where required.

Submit an updated final statement, accounting for final additional changes to the Contract Sum.

Submit certified copy of the Architect/Engineer's final punch list of itemized work to be completed or corrected, stating that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance and has been endorsed and dated by the Architect.

Submit consent of surety.

Re-inspection Procedure: Upon receipt of the Contractor's notice that the work has been completed, including punch list items resulting from earlier inspections, and excluding incomplete items delayed because of acceptable circumstances, the Architect/Engineer will re-inspect the work.

Upon completion of re-inspection, the Architect/Engineer will either prepare a certificate of final acceptance, or will advise the Contractor of work that is incomplete or obligations not fulfilled, as required for final acceptance. If necessary, procedure will be repeated.

#### RECORD DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS:

General: Specific requirements for record documents are indicated in individual sections of these specifications. Other requirements are indicated in the General Conditions. General submittal requirements are indicated in the "Submittals" sections. Do not use record documents for construction purposes; protect from deterioration and loss in a secure, fire resistive location; provide access to record documents for Architect/Engineer's reference during normal working hours.

Record Drawings: Maintain a white print set (blue line or white prints of contract drawings and shop drawings in a clean, undamaged condition with mark up of actual installations which vary substantially from the work as originally shown. Mark whichever drawing is most capable of showing the actual "field" condition fully and accurately; however, where shop drawings are used for mark up, record a cross reference at the corresponding location on the working drawings. Mark with legible erasable pencil and, where feasible, use other colors to distinguish between variations in separate categories of work. Verify colors will be visible during scanning of record drawings. Mark up new information which is recognized to be of importance to Owner, but was for some reason not shown on either contract drawings or shop drawings. Give particular attention to concealed work that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date. Note related change order numbers where applicable. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets, bind with durable paper cover sheets, and print suitable titles, dates and other identification on cover of each set. Provide two electronic copies on CD of the record drawings to the Owner.

Record Specifications: Maintain one copy of specifications, including addenda, change orders and similar modifications issued in printed form during construction, and mark up variations (of substance) in the actual work in comparison with the text of the specifications and modifications as issued. Give particular attention to substitutions, selection of options and similar information on work where it is concealed or cannot otherwise be readily discerned at a later date by direct observation. Note related record drawing information and product data, where applicable. Upon completion of mark up, submit to Architect/Engineer for Owner's records.

Record Product Data: Maintain one copy of each product data submittal, and mark up significant variations in actual work in performed in comparison with the submitted information. Include both variations in product as delivered to site, and variations from the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation. Give particular attention to concealed products and portions of the work which cannot otherwise be readily discerned at a later date by direct observation. Note related change orders and mark up of record drawings and specifications. Upon completion of mark up, submit complete set to Architect/Engineer for the Owners' records.

Miscellaneous Record Submittals: Refer to other sections of these specifications for



requirements of miscellaneous record keeping and submittals in connection with the actual performance of the work. Immediately prior to the date(s) of substantial completion, complete miscellaneous records and place in good order, properly identified and bound or filed, ready for continued use and reference. Submit to the Architect/Engineer for the Owner's records.

Maintenance Manuals: Organize maintenance and operating manual information into suitable sets of manageable size, and bind into individual binders properly identified and indexed (thumb tabbed). Include emergency instructions, spare parts listing, and copies of warranties, wiring diagrams, recommended "turn around" cycles, inspection procedures, shop drawings, product data, and similar applicable information. Bind each manual of each set of data in a heavy duty 2", 3 ring vinyl covered binder, and include pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark identification on both front and spine of each binder.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS (not applicable)

## PART 3 EXECUTIONS

### CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES:

General Operating and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each installer of work requiring continuing maintenance or operation, to meet with Owner's personnel, at the project site, to provide basic instruction needed for proper operation and maintenance of the entire work. Include instructions by the manufacturer's representatives where installers are not experts in the required procedures. Review maintenance manuals, record documentation, tools, spare parts and materials, lubricants, fuels identification system, control sequences, hazards, cleaning and similar procedures and facilities. For operational equipment, demonstrate start up, shut down, emergency operations, noise and vibration adjustments, safety, economy and efficiency adjustments energy effectiveness, and similar operations. Review maintenance and operations in relation with applicable warranties, agreements to maintain, bonds and similar continuing commitments.

### FINAL CLEANING:

General: Special cleaning for specific units of work is specified in sections of Divisions 2 through 16. General cleaning during the progress of the work is specified in General Conditions and as "Temporary Facilities" section of this Division. Provide final cleaning of the work, at time indicated, consisting of cleaning each surface or unit of work to normal "clean" condition expected for a first class building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's instructions for cleaning operations. The following are examples but not by way of limitation, of cleaning levels required.

Remove labels which are not required as permanent labels.

Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and window/door glass, to a polished condition, removing substances which are noticeable as vision obscuring materials. Replace broken glass and damaged transparent materials.

Clean exposed exterior and interior hard surface finishes to a dirt free condition, free of dust, stains, films and similar noticeable distracting substances. Except as other-wise indicated, avoid disturbance of natural weathering of exterior surface. Restore reflective surfaces to their original reflective condition.

Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment clean, including elevator equipment and similar equipment; remove excess lubrication and other substances.

Remove debris and surface dust from limited access spaces including roofs, plenums, shafts, trenches, equipment vaults, manholes, attics and similar spaces.

Clean concrete floors in non-occupied spaces broom clean. Vacuum clean carpeted surfaces and similar soft surfaces.

Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition, free of stains including those resulting from water exposure.

Clean food service equipment to a condition of sanitation ready and acceptable for intended food service use.

Clean light fixtures and lamps so as to function with full efficiency.

Clean project site (yard and grounds), including landscape development areas, of litter and foreign substances.

Sweep paved areas to a broom clean condition; remove stains, petro chemical spills and other foreign deposits. Rake ground which are neither planted nor paved, to a smooth, even textured surface.

Pest Control: Engage an experienced exterminator to make a final inspection of project and to rid project of rodents, insects, and other pests.

Removal of Protection: Except as otherwise indicated or requested by the Architect/Engineer, remove temporary protection devices and facilities which were installed during the course of the work to protect previously completed work during the remainder of the construction period.

Compliance: Comply with safety standards and governing regulations for cleaning operations. Do not burn waste materials at the site. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile or other harmful or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from site and dispose of in a lawful manner.

### **Close-Out Required Documents**

#### Required Documents provided to Owner:

- 2 - Sets of As-Built Drawings (Hard Copy)
  - 1 Set is to be provided to Central Administration Facilities Manager
  - 1 Set is to be provided to the Project Specific Campus Facility Manager
- 1 – CD of As-Built Drawings provided to Central Administration Facilities Manager
- 2 - Sets of Close-Out Binders
  - 1 Set is to be provided to Central Administration Facilities Manager
  - 1 Set is to be provided to the Project Specific Campus Facility Manager.

Required Electronic Documents sent to Owner's Representative:

- Punch Lists
- Special Tests
- Special Inspector Sign-Off
- Asbestos Affidavit
- Certificate of Occupancy
- Certificate(s) of Substantial Completion
- Owner Training / System Demonstrations (Sign-In sheet w/ hours)
- Change Orders
- As-Built Drawings
- Spare Parts / Attic Stock (Transmittal of delivery to Campus & IDEA sign-off)
- Subcontractor / Supplier Contact List
- Warranties
- Elevation Certificates
- Final Release of Liens
- Consent of Surety

END OF SECTION 01705

## SECTION 02060 - DEMOLITION

### PART 1 - GENERAL:

#### SUBMITTALS:

The procedures proposed for the accomplishment of salvage and demolition work shall be submitted for approval. The procedures shall provide for safe conduct of the work, careful removal and disposition of materials specified to be salvaged, protection of property which is to remain undisturbed, coordination with other work in progress, and timely disconnection of utility services. The procedures shall include a detailed description of the methods and equipment to be used for each operation, and the sequence of operations.

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

The work includes demolition or removal of all construction indicated or specified. All materials resulting from demolition work, except as indicated or specified otherwise, shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the limits of the property. Rubbish and debris shall be removed from the property daily unless otherwise directed so as to not allow accumulation inside or outside the building. Materials that cannot be removed daily shall be stored in areas specified by the Architect.

#### DUST CONTROL:

The amount of dust resulting from demolition shall be controlled to prevent the spread of dust to occupied portions of the building and to avoid creation of a nuisance in the surrounding area. Use of water will not be permitted when it will result in, or create, hazardous or objectionable conditions such as ice, flooding and pollution.

#### PROTECTION:

1. Protection of Existing Work: Before beginning any cutting or demolition work, the Contractor shall carefully survey the existing work and examine the drawings and specifications to determine the extent of the work. The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to insure against damage to existing work to remain in place, to be reused, or to remain the property of the owner, and any damage to such work shall be repaired or replaced as approved by the Architect at no additional cost to the owner. The Contractor shall carefully coordinate the work of this section with all other work and construct and maintain shoring, bracing and supports, as required. The Contractor shall insure that structural elements are not overloaded and be responsible for increasing structural supports or adding new supports as may be required as a result of any cutting, removal, or demolition work performed under any part of this contract.

2. Protection of building from the Weather: The interior of the building and all materials and equipment shall be protected from the weather at all times.

3. Protection of Trees: Trees within the project site which might be damaged during demolition and which is indicated to be left in place shall be protected by a 6-foot high fence. The fence shall be securely erected a minimum of 5-feet from the trunk of individual trees or follow the outer perimeter of branches or clumps of trees. Any tree designated to remain that is damaged during the work under this contract shall be replaced.

4. Environmental protection: All work and Contractor operations shall comply with the requirements of SECTION: ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION.

**BURNING:** The use of burning at the project site of the disposal of refuse and debris will not be permitted.

USE OF EXPLOSIVES: Use of explosives will not be permitted.

PART 2 - EXECUTION:

EXISTING FACILITIES:

1. Structural, Walls, and Partitions: Existing walls and partitions indicated shall remain.

DISPOSITION OF MATERIAL:

1. Title of Materials: Title to all materials and equipment to be demolished, excepting owners salvage and historical items, is vested in the Contractor upon receipt of notice to proceed. The owner will not be responsible for the condition, loss or damage to such property after notice to proceed.
2. Material for Contractor Salvage: Material for salvage shall be stored as approved by the Architect. Salvage materials shall be removed from Owner's property before completion of the Contract. Material for salvage shall not be sold on the site.

CLEAN UP:

1. Debris and Rubbish: Debris created by the demolition of existing roofs shall be removed from site and buildings.
2. Debris Control: Debris shall be removed and transported in a manner as to prevent spillage on streets or adjacent areas.
3. Regulations: Local regulations regarding hauling and disposal apply.

END OF SECTION 02060

## SECTION 02110 - SITE PREPARATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Site preparation shall include furnishing necessary equipment and labor to remove vegetation and rubbish and the placement of approved excess excavation in conformity with the lines, grades, dimensions, and details shown on the Contract Documents.
- B. Within limits shown on the Contract Documents, or in areas where existing grade is altered, strip existing topsoil to a depth of 6-inches and stockpile in approved areas for subsequent replacement. Contractor to remove and dispose of all excess materials.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 02060 - Demolition

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM D698-1991: Test Method for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Standard Effort (12,400 ft-lbf/ft [600 kN-m/m]).

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Borrow. Material taken from designated areas to make up any deficit of excavated material.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS AND WORK

- A. Coordinate activities with other work being performed so as not to cause any interruption of activities being completed under other Sections of the Contract Documents.

#### 1.6 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Work under this Section shall conform to applicable City Regulations for disposal of debris, including safety requirements during performance of the work.
- B. Work under this Section shall be coordinated with utility companies and any the management of any existing facilities in order to prevent any disruption in operation and/or utility service.
- C. Permits, fees, disposal charges and licenses shall be secured and paid by Contractor.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURER(S) (not used)

#### 2.2 EQUIPMENT

- A. The Contractor may use equipment and materials necessary to properly complete the tasks described under this Section.

#### 2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Fill:
  - 1. Source: Obtain embankment fill from required excavation or, if excavated material is insufficient, from borrowed areas approved by the Geotechnical Engineer.

2. Suitability: Use the best material available from excavation or borrow. Suitability of fill material is subject to the Geotechnical Engineer's approval.
3. Quality: Fill material must be free of excessive silts. Do not use soil containing brush, roots, sod or similar perishable material.
4. Excess Excavation: Use excess excavation or borrowed material with prior approval of the Engineer. Borrow material from the approved source and excavate. On completion of work borrowed area to be cleaned and dressed. Reuse of material stripped from borrow site is not allowed unless specifically indicated on the Drawings.

#### 2.4 FABRICATION (not used)

#### 2.5 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Fill materials to be acquired as specified in Plans and/or by the Geotechnical Engineer.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Verify existing plant life designated to remain and tag as such.
- B. Locate, identify and protect all utilities.
- C. Locate, identify and protect bench marks and existing structures.
- D. Maintain surface drainage on site during construction. Remove unsatisfactory fill material and waste vegetation from jobsite and dispose of properly.

#### 3.2 PRESERVATION AND RESTORATION

- A. Protect trees that are to remain in the project area or in adjacent areas. Take special care not to damage trees outside limits of construction.
- B. Fill depressions made by grubbing with suitable material to make new surface conform to the existing adjacent ground surface.
- C. Final Cleanup: Level washes, ruts, depressions, and mounds to give areas smooth finish.

#### 3.3 CLEARING

- A. Remove designated trees and shrubs along with stumps, roots, rubbish and other objectionable material from the designated areas.
- B. Remove grass and weeds to a depth of two (2) inches below existing soil line.
- C. Remove stumps, roots, muck and spongy materials within the area to a depth of eighteen (18) inches.
- D. For areas where paving will be built remove stumps and roots within pavement section to depth of two feet below finish subgrade elevation.
- E. Provide demolition as required and specified in Section 02115 and the Drawings.

#### 3.4 REMOVING MATERIAL

- A. Unless otherwise specified, cleared and grubbed material shall become property of the Contractor and be removed from the work site or disposed of in manner not to damage the Owner.

- B. Burning of cleared and grubbed material on the Owner's property is not permitted.

END OF SECTION



## SECTION 02200 EARTHWORK

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of earthwork is indicated on drawings.

Preparation of subgrade for building slabs, walks, and pavements is included as part of this work.

Backfilling of trenches within building lines is included as part of this work.

Definition: "Excavation" consists of removal of material encountered to subgrade elevations indicated and subsequent disposal of materials removed.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Codes and Standards: Perform excavation work in compliance with applicable requirements of governing authorities having jurisdiction.

#### Testing and Inspection Service:

Employ, at Contractor's expense, testing laboratory to perform soil testing and inspection service for quality control testing during earthwork operations.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Test Reports Excavating: Submit following reports directly to Architect/Engineer from the testing services, with copy to Contractor:

Field density test reports.

One optimum moisture maximum density curve for each type of soil encountered.

Report of actual unconfined compressive strength and/or results of bearing tests of each strata tested.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

Site Information: Data on indicated subsurface conditions are not intended as representations or warranties of accuracy or continuity between soil borings. It is expressly understood that Owner will not be responsible for interpretations or conclusions drawn therefrom by Contractor. Data are made available for convenience of Contractor.

Existing Utilities: Locate existing underground utilities in areas of work. If utilities are to remain in place, provide adequate means of support and protection during earthwork operations.

Should uncharted, or incorrectly charted, piping or other utilities be encountered during excavation, consult utility owner immediately for directions. Cooperate with owner and utility companies in keeping respective services and facilities in operation. Repair damaged utilities to satisfaction of utility owner.

Protection of Persons and Property: Barricade open excavations occurring as part of this work and post with warning lights.

Operate warning lights as recommended by authorities having jurisdiction.

Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout and other hazards created by earthwork operations.

Perform excavation within drip line of large trees to remain by hand, and protect the root system from damage or dry out to the greatest extent possible. Maintain moist condition for root system and cover exposed roots with burlap. Paint root cuts of 1" diameter and larger with emulsified asphalt tree paint.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### SOIL MATERIALS:

#### General:

Backfill and Fill Materials: Provide satisfactory soil materials for backfill and fill, free of clay, rock or gravel larger than 3" in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetable matter, and other deleterious matter. Use excavated or borrow material that has been sampled, tested and approved as satisfactory material. Backfill excavations as promptly as the work permits, but not backfill until completion of all inspections, testing, approvals, and recording locations of underground utilities.

Select Fill: Fill under all floor slabs (and extending 5'-0" beyond the building area), walks, and paved areas to consist of low plasticity index materials (12 or less) as approved by the Architect which is to be placed in 8" layers and compacted by use of sheep foot rollers, pneumatic tired roller, tamp rollers or other compaction equipment capable of obtaining the required density thru out the entire layer. This material shall be predominately sandy in nature, ideally with enough binder to facilitate trenching operations, and with more than 50% retained on a #200 sieve. On site materials are generally acceptable for use, but should be laboratory tested for compliance.

Sand Cushion: Material immediately below sidewalks and at other locations indicated on the drawings shall consist of a clean sand, free of silts, fines, or other organic impurities capable of supporting the migration of water, as approved by the Architect. This material shall be loosely compacted as in typical screeding and placement operations.

Dirt Fill: Fill dirt approved by the Architect shall be furnished, hauled, and spread on the site by this Contractor at all locations where other materials are not specified, and in accordance with drawings. High PI soils are not to be used for dirt fill.

All other materials, not specifically described but required for proper completion of the work of this Section, shall be as selected by the Contractor subject to the approval of the Architect.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### GENERAL:

Ground Surface Preparation: remove vegetation, debris unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface prior to placement of fills. Plow, strip, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so that fill material will bond with existing surface.

When the existing ground surface is a density less than that specified under "Compaction" for the particular area classification, break up the optimum moisture content, and compact to the required depth and percentage of maximum density.

#### EXCAVATION:

Excavation to grades shown on drawings, if grades not shown excavate as required to accommodate installation.

Excavation consists of the removal and disposal of all materials encountered to obtain the required subgrade elevations, including earth, rock, etc., necessary for footings, columns, beams, slabs, etc.

Unauthorized Excavation: Unauthorized excavation consists of removal of materials beyond indicated subgrade elevations without the specific direction of the Architect.

Backfill and compact unauthorized excavations as specified for authorized excavations of the same classification, unless otherwise directed by the Architect.

Excavation for Pavements: Cut the ground under pavements to comply with the cross sections, elevations, and grade as shown on the drawings.

Excavation for Ditches: Cut ditches to the cross sections and grades as shown on the drawings. Deposit excavated materials a sufficient distance from the edges of ditches to prevent cave ins or material falling or sliding into ditch. Keep ditches free of an accumulation of leaves, sticks and other debris until final acceptance of work.

Removal of Unsatisfactory Soil Materials: Excavate unsatisfactory soil materials encountered that extend below the required elevations, to the additional depth directed by the Architect. Such additional excavation, provided it is not due to the fault or neglect of the Contractor, will be measured as directed by the Architect and paid for by the Owner as a change in the work. Where the removal of unsatisfactory soil materials, is due to the fault or negligence of the Contractor in his performance of earthwork and site grading operations, excavate the resulting unsatisfactory soil material and replace with compacted satisfactory soil material as required.

Unauthorized excavation consists of removal of materials beyond indicated subgrade elevations or dimensions without specific direction of Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be at Contractor's expense.

Under footings, foundation bases, or retaining walls, fill unauthorized excavation by extending indicated bottom elevation of footing or base to excavation bottom, without altering required top elevation. Lean concrete fill may be used to bring elevations to proper position, when acceptable to Architect.

Elsewhere, backfill and compact unauthorized excavations as specified for authorized excavations of same classification, unless otherwise directed by Architect.

Additional Excavation: When excavation has reached required subgrade elevations, notify Architect who will make an inspection of conditions.

If unsuitable bearing materials are encountered at required subgrade elevations, carry excavations deeper and replace excavated material as directed by Architect.

Removal of unsuitable material and its replacement as directed will be paid on basis of contract conditions relative to changes in work.

Stability of Excavations: Slope sides of excavations to comply with local codes and ordinances having jurisdiction. Shore and brace where sloping is not possible because of space restrictions or stability of material excavated.

Maintain sides and slopes of excavations in safe condition until completion of backfilling.

Shoring and Bracing: Provide materials for shoring and bracing, such as sheet piling, uprights, stringers and cross braces, in good serviceable condition. Establish requirements for trench shoring and bracing to comply with local codes and authorities having jurisdiction.

Maintain shoring and bracing in excavations regardless of time period excavations will be open. Carry down shoring and bracing as excavation progresses.

Dewatering: Prevent surface water and subsurface or ground water from flowing into excavations and from flooding project site and surrounding area.

Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Remove water to prevent softening of foundation bottoms, undercutting footings, and soil changes detrimental to stability of subgrades and foundations. Provide and maintain pumps, well points, sumps, suction and discharge lines, and other dewatering system components necessary to convey water away from excavations.

Establish and maintain temporary drainage ditches and other diversions outside excavation limits to convey rain water and water removed from excavations to collecting or run off areas. Do not use trench excavations as temporary drainage ditches.

Material Storage: Stockpile satisfactory excavated materials where directed, until required for backfill or fill. Place, grade and shape stockpiles for proper drainage.

Locate and retain soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of trees indicated to remain.

Dispose of excess soil material and waste materials as herein specified.

Excavation for Structures: Conform to elevations and dimensions shown within a tolerance of plus or minus 0.10', and extending a sufficient distance from footings and foundations to permit placing and removal of concrete formwork, installation of services, other construction, and for inspection.

In excavating for footings and foundations, take care not to disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade just before concrete reinforcement is placed. Trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive other work.

Do not backfill trenches until tests and inspections have been made and backfilling authorized by Architect. Use care in backfilling to avoid damage or displacement of pipe systems.

Cold Weather Protection: Protect excavation bottoms against freezing when atmospheric temperature is less than 35° F. (1°C).

#### COMPACTION:

General: Control soil compaction during construction providing minimum percentage of density specified for each area classification indicated below.

Percentage of Maximum Density Requirements: Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum density for soils which exhibit a well defined moisture density relationship (cohesive soils) determined in accordance with ASTM D 1557; and not less than the following percentages of relative density, determined in accordance with ASTM D 2049, for soils which will not exhibit a well defined moisture density relationship (cohesion-less soils).

Structures, Building Slabs: Compact subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill material at 95% relative density.

Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Compact top 6" of subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill material at 85% maximum density for cohesive materials and 90% relative density for cohesion-less soils.

Walkways: Compact top 6" of subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill material at 90% relative density.

Moisture Control: Where subgrade or layer of soil material must be moisture conditioned before compaction, uniformly apply water to surface of subgrade, or layer of soil material, to prevent free water appearing on surface during or subsequent to compaction operations.

Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, soil material that is too wet to permit compaction to specified density.

Soil material that has been removed because it is too wet to permit compaction may be stockpiled or spread and allowed to dry. Assist drying by discing, harrowing or pulverizing until moisture content is reduced to a satisfactory value.

## BACKFILL AND FILL:

General: Place acceptable soil material in layers to required subgrade elevations, for each area classification listed below.

In excavations, uses satisfactory excavated or borrow material.

Under grassed areas, use satisfactory excavated or borrow material.

Under walks and pavements, use subbase material or satisfactory excavated or borrow material, or combination of both.

Under building slabs, use drainage fill material.

Backfill excavations as promptly as work permits, but not until completion of the following:

Acceptance of construction below finish grade including, where applicable, dampproofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.  
Inspection, testing, approval, and recording locations of underground utilities.

Removal of concrete formwork.

Removal of shoring and bracing, and backfilling of voids with satisfactory materials. Cut off temporary sheet piling driven below bottom of structures and remove in manner to prevent settlement of the structure or utilities, or leave in place if required.

Removal of trash and debris.

Permanent or temporary horizontal bracing is in place on horizontally supported walls.

Ground Surface Preparation: Remove vegetation, debris, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface prior to placement of fills. Plow, strip, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so that fill material will bond with existing surface.

When existing ground surface has a density less than that specified under "Compaction" for particular area classification, break up ground surface, pulverize, moisture condition to optimum moisture content, and compact to required depth and percentage of maximum density.

Placement and Compaction: Place backfill and fill materials in layers not more than 8" in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment, and not more than 4" in loose depth for material compacted by hand operated tampers.

Before compaction, moisten or aerate each layer as necessary to provide optimum moisture content. Compact each layer to required percentage of maximum dry density or relative dry density for each area classification. Do not place backfill or fill material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.

## GRADING:

### ROUGH GRADING

After excavation is made to lines shown on the Drawings, and under proposed embankments and structures, as adjusted for topsoil and landscaping depths, remove soft or undesirable material as specified in this Section. Break down sides or holes or depressions to flatten the slopes.

Locate and correct any irregularities in the subsoil, filling each depression with the appropriate subsoil resulting in a level surface. Place any fill necessary in layers moistened and compacted as specified in this Section.

Shape all areas designated for grading, including cut and fill areas, to receive a minimum of 4-inches of topsoil. Topsoil depth at areas receiving landscaping, shrubs or trees shall be coordinated through Landscaping Sections and Drawings

Scarify subsoil to a depth of 4 inches where topsoil is scheduled and in areas where subsoil has been compacted due to equipment activity. Shape all areas designated for grading, including cut and fill areas, to receive a minimum of four inches of topsoil.

Verify that subsoil has been appropriately contoured and shaped.

Tolerance on top surface of subgrade is plus/minus 1/10 foot.

#### FINISH GRADING

Place topsoil in areas where seeding, sodding and planting is indicated on Drawings or otherwise scheduled.

Place topsoil while soil is dry and during dry weather. Perform topsoil spreading so that planting can proceed with little additional tillage or soil preparation. Fine grade topsoil, eliminating rough or low rough areas. Manually place topsoil around trees, plants, and building to prevent any damage. Lightly compact topsoil.

Verify that finish grades and contours as indicated on Drawings have been maintained after placement of topsoil and any landscape soil.

Tolerance of finish grade is plus/minus 1/2".

#### FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

Quality Control Testing During Construction: Allow testing service to inspect and approve subgrades and fill layers before further construction work is performed.

Perform field density tests in accordance with ASTM D 1556 (sand cone method), ASTM D2922-81 (nuclear density method), ASTM D 2167 (rubber balloon method), as applicable.

Footing Subgrade: For each strata of soil on which footings will be placed, conduct at least one test to verify required design bearing capacities. Subsequent verification and approval of each footing subgrade may be based on a visual comparison of each subgrade with related tested strata, when acceptable to Architect.

Building Slab Subgrade: Make at least one field density test of subgrade for every 2000 sq. ft. of building slab, but in no case less than 3 tests. In each compacted fill layer,

make one field density test for every 2000 sq. ft. of overlaying building slab but in no case less than 3 tests.

If in opinion of Architect, based on testing service reports and inspection, subgrade or fills which have been placed are below specified density, provide additional compaction and testing at no additional expense.

MAINTENANCE:

Protection of Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.

Repair and re establish grades in settled, eroded, and rutted areas too specified tolerances.

Reconditioning Compacted Areas: Where completed compacted areas are disturbed by subsequent construction operations or adverse weather, scarify surface, re shape, and compact to required density prior to further construction.

Settling: Where settling is measurable or observable at excavated areas during general project warranty period, remove surface (lawn or other finish), add backfill material, compact, and replace surface treatment. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of surface or finish to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

DISPOSAL OF EXCESS AND WASTE MATERIALS:

Removal to Designated Areas on Owner's Property: Transport acceptable excess excavated material to designated soil storage areas on Owner's property. Stockpile soil or spread as directed by Architect.

Removal from Owner's Property: Remove waste materials, including unacceptable excavated material, trash and debris, and dispose of it off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 02200



## SECTION 02444 VINYL COATED CHAIN LINK FENCES AND GATES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of vinyl coated chain link fences and gates is shown on drawings.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE

Provide chain link fences and gates as complete units controlled by a single source including necessary erection accessories, fittings, and fastenings.

#### SUBMITTALS

Submit Product data in the form of manufacturer's technical data, specifications, and installation instructions for metal fencing and gates.

### PART 2 PRODUCT

#### GENERAL

Exterior Chain Link Fence 7ft High (Match Existing) Black Vinyl, and Black Vinyl Posts

Dimensions shown form pipe, roll formed, and H sections are outside dimensions.

#### MANUFACTURERS

##### Vinyl Coated Steel Fencing and Fabric:

Allied Tube and Conduit Corp.

Anchor Fence, Inc.

Colorguard Corp.

Davis Walker Corp.

Dominion Fence and Wire Prod.

United States Steel.

Merchants Metals

#### STEEL FENCING (STFN):

Fabric: No. 9 ga. (0.148") finished steel wires, 2" mesh, with top selvages knuckled for fabric 60" high and under, and both top and bottom selvages twisted and barbed for fabric over 60" high. Furnish one-piece fabric widths for fencing up to 12' high.

Fabric coating: The zinc coating of the fabric shall be minimum .30 oz./sq. ft. of uncoated wire surface. The weight of zinc coating on the fabric shall be determined in accordance with ASTM A-90.

PVC: Wire shall be coated with a minimum of 7 mils of poly-vinyl chloride permanently bonded to the galvanized wire by the thermal fusion bonded method. Chain link fabric shall conform to the requirements of ASTM F-668, class 2b.

## HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES:

Framework: Galvanized steel, ASTM A 120 or A 123, with not less than 2.0 oz. zinc per sq. ft. of surface. All framework and components shall be coated with 10 to 15 mils of PVC.

End, Corner, and Pull Posts: Minimum sizes and weights as follows:

Up to 6 feet fabric height: 2.375 inch OD steel pipe, 3.65 lbs. per lin. ft., or 3.5 inch by 3.5 inch roll formed sections weighing 4.85 lb. per lin. ft.

Over 6 feet fabric height: 2.875 inch OD steel pipe, 5.79 lbs. per lin. ft., or 3.5 inch by 3.5 inch roll formed sections weighing 4.85 lbs. per lin. ft.

Line posts Space 10' o.c. maximum, unless otherwise indicated, of following minimum sizes and weights.

Up to 6 feet fabric height: 1.90 inch OD steel pipe, 2.70 lbs. per lin. ft. or 1.875" x 1.625" C sections, 228 lbs. per lin. ft.

6' to 8' fabric height, 2.375" OD steel pipe, 3.65 lbs. per lin. ft. or 2.25" x 1.875" H sections, 2.64 lbs. per lin. ft.

Over 8 feet fabric height: 2.875 inch OD steel pipe, 5.79 lbs. per lin. ft. or 2.25" x 1.875" H sections, 3.26 lbs. per lin. ft.

Gate Posts: Furnish posts for supporting single gate leaf, or one leaf of a double gate installation, for nominal gate widths as follows:

<u>Leaf Width</u>	<u>Gate Post</u>	<u>Lbs./Lin. Ft.</u>
Up to 6'	3.5" x 3.5" roll formed section or 2.875" OD pipe	4.85 5.79
Over 6' to 13'	4.000" OD pipe	9.11
Over 13' to 18'	6.625" OD pipe	18.97
Over 18'	8.625" OD pipe	28.55

Tension Wire: 7 gage, coated coil spring wire, metal finish to match fabric. Locate wire at bottom of fabric.

Top Rail: Provide 1 -5/8" diameter galvanized steel.

Post Brace Assembly: Manufacturer's standard adjustable brace at end and gate posts and at both sides of corner and pull posts, with horizontal brace located at mid height of fabric. Use same material as top rail for brace, and truss to line posts with 0.375" diameter rod and adjustable tightener.

Post Tops: Weathertight closure cap for tubular posts. Provide one cap for each post.

Stretcher Bars: One piece lengths equal to full height of fabric, with minimum cross section of 3/16" x 3/4". Provide one stretcher bar for each gate and end post, and two for each corner and pull post, except where fabric is integrally woven into post.

Corner Bracing: Install diagonal cross bracing consisting of 3/8" diameter adjustable length truss rods on corner posts to ensure frame rigidity without sag or twist, if required.

Stretcher Bar Bands: Space not over 15" oc., to secure stretcher bars to end, corner, pull and gate posts.

## GATES

Fabrication: Fabricate gate perimeter frames of 1.90" OD pipe. Metal and finish to match fence framework. Provide horizontal and vertical members to ensure proper gate operation and attachment of fabric, hardware, and accessories. Space frame member's maximum of 8 feet apart.

Assemble gate frames by welding or with special fittings and rivets, for rigid connections. Use same fabric as for fence, unless otherwise indicated. Install fabric with stretcher bars at vertical edges. Bars may also be used at top and bottom edges. Attach stretchers to gate frame at not more than 15" o.c. Attach hardware to provide security against removal or breakage.

Install diagonal cross bracing consisting of 3/8" diameter adjustable length truss rods on gates to ensure frame rigidity without sag or twist, if required.

Gate Hardware: Furnish the following hardware and accessories for each gate.

Hinges: Size and material to suite gate size, non lift off type, offset to permit 180 deg gate opening. Provide 1 1/2 pair of hinges for each leaf over 6 foot nominal height.

Latch: Forked type or plunger bar type to permit operation from either side of gate, with padlock eye as integral part of latch.

Keeper: Provide keeper for vehicle gates, which automatically engages gate leaf and holds it in open position until manually released.

Sliding Gates: Provide manufacturer's standard heavy duty track, ball bearing hanger sheaves, overhead framing and supports, guides, stays, bracing, hardware, and accessories as required.

Wire Ties: For tying fabric to line posts, use wire ties spaced 12" o.c. For tying fabric to rails and braces, use wire ties spaced 24" o.c. For tying fabric to tension wire, use hog rings spaced 24" o.c.

Manufacturer's standard procedure will be accepted if of equal strength and durability.

Concrete: Provide concrete consisting of Portland cement, ASTM C150, aggregates, ASTM C33, and clean water. Mix materials to obtain concrete with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 2500 psi using at least 4 sacks of cement per cu. yd., 1" maximum size aggregate, maximum 3" slump, and 2% to 4% entrained air.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### INSTALLATION

Do not begin installation and erection before final grading is completed, unless otherwise

permitted.

Excavation: Drill holes for posts to diameters and spacings shown, in firm, undisturbed or compacted soil.

If not shown on drawings, excavate holes for each post to minimum diameter recommended by fence manufacturer.

Unless otherwise indicated, excavate hole depths approximately 3 inches lower than post bottom, with bottom of posts set not less than 36 inches below finish grade surface.

Setting Posts: Center and align posts in holes 3 inches above bottom of excavation.

Place concrete around posts and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Check each post for vertical and top alignment, and hold in position during placement and finishing operations.

Center Rails: Provide center rails where shown. Install in one piece between posts and flush with post on fabric side, using special offset fittings where necessary.

Brace Assemblies: Install braces so posts are plumb when diagonal rod is under proper tension.

Tension Wire: Install tension wires before stretching fabric and tie to each post with not less than 6 ga. galvanized wire. Fasten fabric to tension wire using 11 gage galvanized steel hog rings of spaced 24 inches o.c.

Fabric: Leave approximately 2 inches between finish grade and bottom selvage unless otherwise indicated. Pull fabric taut and tie to posts, rails, and tension wires. Install fabric on security side of fence, and anchor to framework so that fabric remains in tension after pulling force is released.

Stretcher Bars: Thread through or clamp to fabric 4 inches o.c., and secure to posts with metal bands spaced 15 inches o.c.

Gates: Install gates plumb, level, and secure for full opening without interference. Install ground set items in concrete for anchorage as recommended by manufacturer. Adjust hardware for smooth operation and lubricate where necessary.

Tie Wires: Use U shaped wire, conforming to diameter of pipe to which attached, clasping pipe and fabric firmly with ends twisted at least 2 full turns. Bend wire to minimize hazard to persons or clothing.

Fasteners: Install nuts for tension bands and hardware bolts on side of fence opposite fabric side. Peen ends of bolts or score threads to prevent removal of nuts.

END OF SECTION 02444

SECTION 02514  
CONCRETE WALKS

PART 1 - GENERAL

RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Requirements of Drawings, General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 apply to work of this section.

SCOPE:

Provide all concrete walk, curb and paving work including but not necessarily limited to:  
Walks

Related work specified elsewhere:

Earthwork	Section 02200
Concrete Work	Section 03010
Joint Sealers	Section 07900

QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Comply with local governing regulations of more stringent than herein specified.

SUBMITTALS:

Furnish samples, manufacturer's product data, test reports and materials certifications as required in the referenced Sections for concrete and joint fillers and sealers. Submit data on color admixtures or color finish materials and samples of exposed aggregate if applicable to project.

QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Cast mockup of size directed by Architect of each type of concrete walk to demonstrate typical joints, surface finish, texture, color, and standard of workmanship for Architect's review and acceptance.

When Architect determines that mockup does not meet requirements, demolish, and review if from the site and cast another until the mockup is accepted.

Keep accepted mockup undisturbed during construction as a standard for judging completed paving. Undamaged mockup may be incorporated into the work.

Demolish accepted mockup and remove from site when directed by Architect.

PROJECT CONDITIONS

Maintain access for vehicular and pedestrian traffic as required for other construction activities. Utilize flagmen, barricades, warning signs and warning lights as required.

PART 2 - MATERIALS

Forms: steel, wood or other suitable material of size and strength to resist movement during concrete placement and to retain horizontal and vertical alignment until removal. Use

straight forms, free of distortion and defects, to provide continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.

Use flexible spring steel forms of laminated boards to form radius bends as required.

Coat forms with a non-staining form release agent that will not discolor or deface the surface of the concrete.

Plain, cold-drawn steel wire: ASTM A182.

Welded wire mesh: Welded plain cold-drawn steel wire fabric, ASTM A 185.

Furnish in flat sheets, not rolls, unless other acceptable to Architect.

Reinforcing bars: deformed steel bars, ASTM A615, Grade 60, unless otherwise indicated.

Joint dowel bars: plain steel bars, ASTM A 615, Grade 60, unless otherwise indicated. But bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.

Metal expansion caps: furnish for one end of each dowel bar in expansion joints. Design caps with one end closed and a minimum length of 3" to allow bar movement of not less than 1", unless otherwise indicated.

Hook bolts: ASTM A307, Grade 1 Bolts, internally and externally threaded. Design hook bolt joint assembly to hold the coupling against pavement form and in position during concreting operation and to permit removal without damage to concrete or hook bolt.

Supports for reinforcement: chairs, spacers, dowel bar supports and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars, welded wire fabric and dowels in place. Use wire type for supports complying with CRSI specifications.

Use support with sand plates or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs.

Concrete materials: comply with requirements of applicable DIVISION 3 Sections for concrete materials, admixtures, bonding materials, curing materials and others as required.

Bonding Agent: Acrylic or styrene butadiene.

Expansion joint materials: comply with requirements of SECTION 07900 for preformed expansion joint fillers and sealers.

### CONCRETE MIX, DESIGN & TESTING

Comply with requirements of applicable DIVISION 3 Sections for concrete mix design, sampling and testing, and quality control and as herein specified.

Design the mix to produce standard -weight concrete consisting of portland cement, aggregate and water to produce the following properties:

Compressive strength:	3000 psi, minimum at 28-days
Slump range:	2" to 4"

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## INSPECTION:

Examine areas and conditions under which concrete walks are to be installed. Do not proceed with the work until satisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## SURFACE PREPARATION

Remove loose material from compacted sub-base surface immediately before placing concrete.

Proof-roll prepared sub-base surface to check for unstable areas and need for additional compaction. Do not begin paving work until such conditions have been corrected and are ready to receive paving.

## FORM CONSTRUCTION

Set forms to required grades and lines, rigidly braced, and secured.

Install sufficient quantity of forms to allow continuous progress of the work and so that forms can remain in place at least 24-hours after concrete pavement.

Check completed formwork for grade and alignment to the following tolerances:

Top of forms not more than 1/8" in 10'

Vertical face on longitudinal axis, not more than 1/4" in 10'

Clean forms after each use, and coat with form release agent as often as required to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

## REQUIREMENTS

Locate, place and support reinforcement as specified in SECTION 03010.

## CONCRETE PLACEMENT

Comply with requirements of SECTION 03010 for mixing and placing concrete and as herein specified.

Do not place concrete until sub-base and forms have been checked for lime and grade. Moisten sub-base if requirements to provide a uniform dampened condition at the time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment. Remove snow, ice or frost from subbase surface and reinforcing before placing concrete.

Place concrete using methods which prevent segregation of mix. Consolidate concrete along face of forms and adjacent to transverse, joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand-spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocation of reinforcing, dowels, and joint devices.

Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints, as far as possible. If interrupted for more than ½ hour, place a construction joint.

When adjacent walks are placed in separate pours, do not operate equipment on concrete until concrete has attained sufficient strength to carry the loads without injury.

## JOINTS

Construct expansion, weakened-plane (construction), and construction joints true-to-line with face perpendicular to surface of concrete, as shown on drawings. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.

When joining existing structures, place transverse joints to align with previously placed joints, unless otherwise indicated.

Provide weakened-plane (contraction) joints, sectioning concrete into areas as shown on Drawings. Construct weakened-plane joints for a depth equal to at least 1/4 concrete thickness, as follows:

Tooled joints: form weakened-plane joints in fresh concrete by grooving and finishing edges with a radiused jointing tool.

Provide expansion joints of pre-molded joint filler for expansion joints abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks and other fixed objects, unless otherwise indicated.

Locate expansion joints, unless otherwise indicated, at following spacings:  
Walks 40' - 0" o.c.

Extend joint fillers full-width and depth of joint, and not less than 1/2" or more than 1" below finished surface where joint sealer is indicated. If not joint sealer, place top of joint filler flush with finished concrete surfaces.

Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths for full width being placed, where possible. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint filler sections together.

Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with a metal cap or other temporary materials. Remove protection after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.

Comply with requirements of SECTION 01900 for preparation of joints, materials, installation, and performance, and as herein specified.

Where load transfer-slip dowel devices are used, install so that one end of each dowel bar is free to move.

## CONCRETE FINISHING

After striking-off and consolidating concrete, smooth surface by screeding and floating. Use hand methods only where mechanical floating is not possible. Adjust floating to compare surfaces and produce a uniform texture.

After floating, test surface for trueness with a 10' straightedge.

Distribute concrete as required to remove surface irregularities and refloat repaired areas to provide a continuous smooth finish. Finish surfaces to true planes within a tolerance of 1/4" in 10 feet in any direction.

Work edges of slabs, gutters, back to p edge of curb, and formed joints with an edging tool, and round to 3/8" radius, unless otherwise indicated.



Eliminate any tool marks on concrete surface.

After completion of floating and when excess moisture or surface sheen has disappeared, complete surface finishing, as follows:

Provide light broom finish by drawing a fine-hair broom across concrete surface, perpendicular to line of traffic. Repeat operation if required to provide a fine line texture acceptable to Architect.

On inclined slab surfaces, provide a course, non-slip finish by scoring surface with a stiff-bristled broom, 1/16" to 1/8" deep, perpendicular to line of traffic.

Do not remove forms for 24-hours after concrete has been placed. After form removal, clean ends of joints and point-up any minor honeycombed areas. Remove and replace areas or sections with major defects as directed by Architect.

## CURING

Protect and cure finished concrete surfaces, complying with applicable requirements of SECTION 03010. Use moist-curing methods for initial curing whenever possible.

## REPAIRS & PROTECTIONS

Remove and replace broken, damaged, or defective concrete, concrete with defective finishes, or concrete that does not meet the requirements of this Section.

Protect concrete from damage until acceptance of work. Exclude traffic from walks for at least 14-days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain walks as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur and covering with suitable cover.

Maintain concrete walks free of stains, discolorations, dirt and other foreign material, sweep and clean concrete walks just prior to Substantial Completion inspection.

Protect adjacent construction from concrete splatter. Clean off any splatter and remove any concrete spills from ground surfaces.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 02790 - MULTI-PURPOSE COURT SURFACE COLOR COATING SYSTEM

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system.

#### 1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 03300 – Cast-in-Place Concrete.
- B. Section 03231 – Post Tension Concrete Court.

#### 1.3 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. American Sports Builders Association (ASBA).
- B. National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS) Rule Book
- C. National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) Rule Book

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Comply with Section 01300 – Submittal Procedures.
- B. Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, including surface and crack preparation and application instructions.
- C. Samples: Submit manufacturer's color samples of color coating.
- D. Test Reports:
  - 1. Submit independent test results for solar reflectance index.
  - 2. Submit independent test results for 2000 Hour ASTM G154, accelerated weathering UV test, to demonstrate long-term durability and fade resistance.
  - 3. Submit independent test results for 2000 Hour, accelerated weathering ASTM G155 Xenon Arc test, to demonstrate long-term fade resistance and quality of pigment.
- E. Manufacturer's Certification: Submit manufacturer's certification that materials comply with specified requirements and are suitable for intended application.
- F. Manufacturer's Project References: Submit manufacturer's list of successfully completed concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system projects, including project name, location, and date of application.
- G. Applicator's Project References: Submit applicator's list of successfully completed concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system projects, including project name, location, type and quantity of color coating system applied, and date of application.
- H. Warranty Documentation: Submit manufacturer's standard warranty.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer's Qualifications:
  - 1. Manufacturer regularly engaged, for past 5 years, in manufacture of concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating systems of similar type to that specified.
  - 2. United States owned company.
  - 3. Member: ASBA.
- B. Applicator's Qualifications:
  - 1. Applicator regularly engaged, for past 3 years, in application of basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating systems of similar type to that specified.
  - 2. Employ persons trained for application of basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating systems.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Acceptance Requirements: Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name and manufacturer.
- B. Storage and Handling Requirements:
  - 1. Store and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 2. Keep materials in manufacturer's original, unopened containers and packaging until application.
  - 3. Store materials in clean, dry area indoors.
  - 4. Store materials out of direct sunlight.
  - 5. Keep materials from freezing.
  - 6. Protect materials during storage, handling, and application to prevent contamination or damage.
  - 7. Close containers when not in use.

#### 1.7 AMBIENT CONDITIONS

- A. Do not apply concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system when air or surface temperatures are below 50 degrees F during application or within 24 hours after application.
- B. Do not apply concrete basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system when rain is expected during application or within 24 hours after application.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. SportMaster Sport Surfaces, PO Box 2277, 2520 South Campbell Street, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. Toll Free 800-326-1994. Fax 877-825-9226. Website [www.sportmaster.net](http://www.sportmaster.net). E-mail [info@sportmaster.net](mailto:info@sportmaster.net).
- B. Dalton Enterprises, Inc., 131 Willow Street Cheshire, CT 06410  
Phone : (800) 851-5606 / (203) 272-3221; Fax : (203) 271-3396; Email : [info@latexite.com](mailto:info@latexite.com)

#### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Multi-Purpose Court Surface Color Coating System: SportMaster Color Coating System.

- B. Crack Sealant: SportMaster "Crack Magic".
  - 1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion elastomeric crack sealant.
  - 2. Seals cracks and expansion joints up to 1/2 inch wide in concrete pavement.
  - 3. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 8.8 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.
  - 4. Non-Volatile Material: 61 percent, plus or minus 5 percent.
  
- C. Crack Filler: SportMaster "Acrylic Crack Patch".
  - 1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion trowel-grade crack filler.
  - 2. Fills cracks in concrete pavement up to 1 inch wide.
  - 3. Chemical Characteristics, by Weight, Minimum:
    - a. Acrylic Emulsion: 10.0 percent.
    - b. Hiding Pigment: 0.2 percent.
    - c. Mineral Inert Fillers: 78.0 percent.
    - d. Film Formers, Additives: 1.8 percent.
    - e. Water: 8.5 percent.
  - 4. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 15.2 lbs., plus or minus 1.0 lbs.
  - 5. Non-Volatile Material: 80 percent, plus or minus 5 percent.
  - 6. Color: Neutral.
  
- D. Patch Binder: SportMaster "Acrylic Patch Binder".
  - 1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion liquid binder.
  - 2. Mix on-site with sand and cement.
  - 3. Levels and repairs low spots and depressions up to 3/4 inch deep in concrete pavement.
  - 4. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 8.8 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.
  
- E. Filler Course: SportMaster "Acrylic Resurfacer".
  - 1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion resurfacer.
  - 2. Mix on-site with silica sand.
  - 3. Apply to adhesion promoter or previously colored acrylic surfaces in preparation of color coating system.
  - 4. Chemical Characteristics, by Weight, Minimum:
    - a. Acrylic Emulsion: 44.0 percent.
    - b. Hiding Pigment: 2.0 percent.
    - c. Mineral Inert Fillers: 5.0 percent.
    - d. Film Formers, Additives: 0.2 percent.
    - e. Water: 45.0 percent.
  - 5. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 8.5 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.
  - 6. Non-Volatile Material: 27.5 percent, plus or minus 5.0 percent.
  - 7. Color: Neutral.
  
- F. Adhesion Promoter: SportMaster "Acrylic Adhesion Promoter" (on concrete courts).
  - 1. Acrylic emulsion primer.
  - 2. Primes concrete surface and promotes adhesion of color coating system materials.
  - 3. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 8.7 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.
  
- G. Color Coating: SportMaster "ColorPlus System".
  - 1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion coating.
  - 2. Mix on-site with silica sand and water.
  - 3. Color coats basketball and multi-purpose courts.
  - 4. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 9.2 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.

5. Color: As selected from Manufacturer's standard colors. Minimum 12 colors will be available for selections.
- H. Line Markings Primer: SportMaster "Stripe-Rite".
1. 100 percent acrylic emulsion primer, clear drying.
  2. Primes line markings and prevents bleed-under for sharp lines.
  3. Chemical Characteristics, by Weight, Nominal:
    - a. Acrylic Emulsion: 38.0 percent.
    - b. Hiding Pigment: 0.0 percent.
    - c. Mineral Inert Fillers: 7.0 percent.
    - d. Film Formers, Additives: 1.5 percent.
    - e. Water: 50.0 percent.
  4. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 8.9 lbs., plus or minus 0.5 lbs.
  5. Non-Volatile Material: 29 percent, plus or minus 5 percent.
- I. Line Paint: SportMaster "Textured Line Paint".
1. Pigmented, 100 percent acrylic emulsion line paint.
  2. Line marking on concrete basketball and multi-purpose courts.
  3. Chemical Characteristics, by Weight, Nominal:
    - a. Acrylic Emulsion: 25.89 percent.
    - b. Pigment: 14.90 percent.
    - c. Mineral Inert Fillers: 13.12 percent.
    - d. Additives: 4.73 percent.
    - e. Water: 41.36 percent.
  4. Weight per Gallon at 77 Degrees F: 10.65 lbs., plus or minus 0.75 lbs.
  5. Non-Volatile Material: 45.17 percent, plus or minus 5 percent.
  6. Color: As selected from Manufacturer's standard colors. Minimum 10 colors will be available for selections.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine concrete / asphalt multi-purpose court surfaces to receive color coating system.
- B. Verify:
  1. Suitable vapor barrier beneath concrete slab.
  2. Perimeter drainage to prevent moisture accumulation beneath concrete surface.
  3. No curing compounds have been applied to surface.
  4. Concrete / Asphalt multi-purpose courts meet ASBA requirements.
- C. Notify Architect of conditions that would adversely affect application or subsequent use.
- D. Do not begin surface preparation or application until unacceptable conditions are corrected.

### 3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Protection of In-Place Conditions: Protect adjacent surfaces and landscaping from contact with concrete basketball and multi-purpose court surface color coating system.
- B. Prepare surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. At New Concrete Court:

1. Cure new concrete surfaces a minimum of 28 days before application of concrete basketball and multi-purpose court surface color coating system.
  2. Provide medium broom finish or similar roughened texture.
  3. Do not steel trowel finish.
  4. Acid etch with phosphoric or muriatic acid and rinse thoroughly prior to application of color coating system.
- D. At New Asphalt Court:
1. Cure new asphalt surfaces a minimum of 14 to 30 days before application of asphalt basketball & multi-purpose court surface color coating system.
- E. Remove dirt, dust, debris, oil, grease, sealers, curing compounds, vegetation, loose coatings, loose materials, and other surface contaminants which could adversely affect application of concrete basketball and multi-purpose court surface color coating system. Pressure wash entire surface.
- F. Repair cracks, depressions, and surface defects in accordance with manufacturer's instructions before application of color coating.
- G. Repair spalled areas and level depressions 1/8 inch and deeper with patch binder in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- H. Apply adhesion promoter over entire concrete surface in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- I. At New Concrete Court: Apply 1 coat of filler course to provide smooth underlayment for application of color coating.
- J. At New Asphalt Court: Apply 1 or 2 coats of filler course as required by surface roughness and porosity to provide smooth underlayment for application of color coating.
- K. Ensure surface repairs are flush and smooth to adjoining surfaces.

### 3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply concrete basketball and multi-purpose court surface color coating system in accordance with manufacturer's instructions at locations indicated on the Drawings.
- B. Mix materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Apply Filler Course and Color Coating with a 50-60 durometer, soft rubber squeegee.
- D. Filler Course:
  1. Apply 1 coat on new concrete acrylic surfaces with minimal repairs.
  2. Apply 2 coats acrylic surfaces with extensive cracks or low spot repair.
- E. Apply a minimum of 2 coats of color coating to prepared surfaces in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- F. Allow material drying times in accordance with manufacturer's instructions before applying other materials or opening completed surface to foot traffic.

### 3.4 LINE MARKINGS

- A. Lay out court line markings in accordance with appropriate governing body:
  - a. NFHS Rules for high school basketball
  - b. NCAA Rules for college basketball
  - c. Other required game layout
- B. Apply line markings primer, after masking tape has been laid, to seal voids between masking tape and court surface to prevent bleed-under when line paint is applied.
- C. Apply a minimum of 1 coat of line paint in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Allow a minimum of 24 hours curing time before opening courts for play.
- B. Protect applied concrete basketball and multi-purpose court surface color coating system to ensure that, except for normal weathering, coating system will be without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

### PART 1 – GENERAL

#### 1.01 SCOPE

- A. An automatic underground irrigation system for exterior landscaped areas including, but not limited to, supply an installation of water meter, backflow device and controller, boring and sleeving, rotary heads and spray heads in lawn areas and spray heads and drip lines in shrub, ground cover, and flower bed areas.

**NOTE: This project is additions to an existing park with existing irrigation, lawns and landscape. Contractors shall protect existing irrigation, lawns, landscape, etc. and existing irrigation system must remain active and fully functional throughout construction. Contractor is responsible to re-route mainlines, control wires, laterals, etc. in order to keep existing system 100% operational. Any damage whatsoever to existing irrigation, landscape or lawns shall be repaired and replaced at contractor's expense.**

#### 1.02 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Design Requirements:
  - 1. Provide connection to water source and new water meter(s) as specified and in accordance with local code requirements.
  - 2. Provide for an electro-mechanical controller.
- B. Performance Requirements: Provide for irrigation at a rate of 1 in. per week applied at 2 or 3 day intervals.

#### 1.03 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Irrigation work to be performed by a Texas licensed irrigation company specializing in commercial irrigation installation with a minimum of five (5) years experience on similar projects. Owner/SSP Design to review qualifications and approve subcontractor prior to commencing work.

#### 1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Landscape/Irrigation subcontractor shall submit costs for GC schedule of values as follows:
  - 1. Irrigation Sleeving
  - 2. Irrigation Water Meter, Backflow, Permits, Testing
  - 3. Irrigation System
  - 4. Landscape Grading and Soil Mix
  - 5. Landscape Planting, Materials, Installation, Warranty
  - 6. Landscape / Irrigation 90 Day Maintenance

#### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be formatted electronically in a PDF file with a table of contents and tabs



## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

identifying each section. The following submittals are required for this section:

1. Product Data: Manufacturers' technical data (Cut Sheets) and installation information for all components including: Backflow Assembly (Pressure Vacuum Breaker PVB or Reduced Pressure, Backflow Preventer RPZ (as specified), Y strainer (if required), Ball valves, PVC pipe, PVC fittings, PVC primers, solvents, cement, glue, etc., Control wire / tracking wire, Wire connectors, Pump stations, booster pumps (if specified), Pump enclosures (if specified), Controller (incl. communications modules, etc.), Rain/freeze sensors, Valves, Valve boxes, Decoders (if specified), Rotors, Sprays, Nozzles, Bubblers, Drip line, Drip filters, Drip indicators (operind), Air relief valves

### 1.05 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Submit verification of water pressure at meter or point of connection.

### 1.06 MAINTENANCE/WARRANTY

- A. Provide the following extra materials to the Owner:
  1. Two (2) quick coupler hose bib keys.
  2. Four (4) keys for the controller door lock.
- B. Maintenance Requirements: Maintain the work of this Section during construction and for ninety days after 'substantial completion' and until final acceptance by Owner. Notify the owner in writing of 'substantial completion'. Maintenance period begins after owner's acceptance of 'substantial completion'.
- C. Maintenance Service: Perform the following maintenance operations at least once a week:
  1. Test entire system and adjust timer as necessary and as directed by landscape contractor, landscape designer or owner.
  2. Replace or repair any broken parts or equipment.
  3. Report any significant problems in writing to landscape contractor, owner and landscape designer.
- D. Warranty: Warranty shall cover all parts and equipment for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance. Repairs and replacements shall be completed within two weeks of notification from owner.

## PART 2- PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. PVC Plastic Pipe: ASTM D 2241-83, SDR21, class 160 lateral piping; ASTM D1785, class 200 mainline piping.

## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

- B. Pipe Fittings:
  - 1. Pipe under 3 in., id: Socket type, ASTM D 2466-78, with solvent Cement, ASTM D 2564-80.
  - 2. Pipe 3 in. id and Larger: Gasketed fittings of epoxy coated steel with non-hardening pipe dope or Teflon tape for threads.
- C. Concrete: 2500 psi min. compressive strength.

### 2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

- A. Controller: Electro-mechanical, 24 hr./14-day clock with manual operation capacity, with adequate number of stations for system operating requirements (two wire) (see irrigation equipment table). Provide both freeze-protection and rain-sensor devices with controller. Provide ground-fault interrupt and lightning protection. Provide flow control, ET Management, and IQ System. Contractor to coordinate setup and connection to IQ software including training.
- B. Water Meters: Water meters in locations shown on plans. Contractor to coordinate application, permit and installation with local utility company. Contractor responsible for water meters and all associated installation costs.
- C. Booster Pump: If required contractor shall furnish and install booster pump with enclosure as specified in plans/details. Contractor shall also provide a concrete pad and any and all fittings, adaptors, connections, enclosure, etc. for the complete installation and proper operation of booster pump.
- D. Backflow Preventers: Provide and install backflow devices per local codes, specifications and requirements. Provide steel mesh enclosure per plans/schedule.
- E. Electric Valves: Normally closed, 24v AC, 60 cycle, solenoid actuated, globe pattern, diaphragm type. Cast brass or plastic body and nylon reinforced nitrile rubber diaphragm.
- F. Quick coupling Valves: Cast brass body with self-closing cover. Provide (2) brass keys with 1 in. female threaded outlet.
- G. Sprinkler Heads: Heavy-duty plastic sprinkler case, high density plastic sprinkler body, corrosion-resistant internal parts, plastic spray nozzles with adjustable flow and direction features.
- H. Control Wire: 24v UL/UF., approved for direct burial. Provide color-coded wire with white used for common (14-gauge, single-strand copper) and red for control (14-gauge single-strand copper).
- I. Tracking Wire: 18 gauge copper (only where mainline and wiring bundle are separated)
- J. Valve Boxes: Heavy-duty commercial grade, fiberglass reinforced, plastic with locking covers. Rainbird/Hunter/Approved Equal VB series, 10” Round or Standard Rectangular Min. or approved equal.

## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

- K. Swing Joints: 3 high density polyethylene street ells with 8 in. Schedule 80 PVC nipple; sized the same as inlet to sprinkler head.
- L. Sleeves: Schedule 40 PVC. Boring as required under all existing pavement, walls or curbs.

## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine the site and conditions under which irrigation work is to be performed. Irrigation contractor shall notify the landscape contractor in writing, with a copy to Construction Manager, if the site is unsatisfactory. Do not begin the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to irrigation contractor. Beginning of work indicates acceptance of the site as satisfactory by the irrigation contractor.

#### 3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install tracking wire along mainline pipe if separate from valve wiring bundle.
- B. Excavating and Filling:
1. Cover for Piping:
    - a) Mains: 18 in. min.
    - b) Laterals: 12 in. min.
  2. Use clean backfill material without stones larger than 1/2 in., debris or extraneous material that may damage pipe assembly.
  3. Compact all trenches to a minimum 95% Standard Proctor Density.
- C. Pipe:
1. Install in existing sleeves under pavement or provide boring and sleeves under pavement as required.
  2. Clean pipe and joints before making connections. Purple primer to be used on all joints before applying solvent. Per TCEQ Regulations.
  3. Attach joints according to manufacturer's instructions. Threaded joints to be coated with "Teflon" tape. Allow joints to set for at least 24 hrs. before applying water pressure to the system.
  4. Thoroughly flush piping before sprinkler heads are installed and test under pressure for leaks in each line separated by valves.
- D. Water Meters: Provide and install water meters per local codes, specifications and requirements. Coordinate permit and application with owner and local utility company. Adjust locations as necessary to coordinate with existing water line locations.
- E. Back Flow Protection: Provide and install backflow devices per local codes, specifications and requirements including enclosure.
- F. Valves:
1. Provide isolation valve on inlet side of every electric control valve (if specified).
  2. Install electric and gate valves with at least 10 in. of cover over the valve and at least 6 in. of cover over the stem.
  3. Install valve box centered over the flow control handle. Provide 1 cu. ft. of clean pea gravel in the bottom of each valve box with filter fabric below.
  4. In lawn areas, valve boxes to be set flush with existing grade; in planting bed areas valve boxes shall be set 2" above grade.

## SECTION 02810 – IRRIGATION

- G. Controllers: Hard wire to nearest power source. Coordinate with general contractor. Install on exterior wall in location as shown on plans or as directed/approved by Owner / SSP. Must be hard wired to an electrical J-Box. Plug in connection not acceptable.
- H. Sprinkler Heads: Install all heads on swing joint assemblies and flush with finish grade.
- I. Wiring:
  - 1. Bundle and tape wires at 10 ft. o.c., max.
  - 2. Snake wire in trenches to allow for expansion. Provide expansion coils at 100 ft. o.c. max., and at the entry to each valve box.
  - 3. Splice wires using mechanical sealant connector for a waterproof connection. Make all wire splices within valve boxes. Use RB WPCONN N90300 or approved equal.

### 3.03 FIELD QUALITY WORK

- A. General: Notify the Construction Manager at least 48 hours before testing is begun.
- B. Hydrostatic Test: Test mainline piping to a hydrostatic pressure of not less than 100 psi for a minimum of 24 hours. Piping may be tested in sections to expedite work. Remove and repair piping and connections which do not pass hydrostatic testing.
- C. Operational Testing: Perform operational testing after hydrostatic testing is completed, backfill is in place, and sprinkler heads adjusted to final position.

### 3.04 ADJUSTING

- A. Check sprinkler heads for arc of spray. Adjust as necessary to provide 100% coverage of all landscaped areas.
- B. Adjust layout to conform to actual layout of landscape plantings.

### 3.05 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Demonstrate operation of the system to Owner's personnel and staff.

### 3.06 CLOSE-OUT DOCUMENTS

- A. As-Built Drawings: Submit 'As-Built' drawings before project close-out showing the irrigation system layout, including line locations and sizes, spray heads and types, points of connection, booster pump, location of backflow device(s), controller, and other installation information.
- B. Warranty Letters: Submit warranty letters for all irrigation items including labor for the specified warranty period.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: Submit Manufacturers' operation and maintenance instructions and laminated colored (11x17) valve Zoning Diagram.

**END OF SECTION**

## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 SCOPE

- A. Supply and installation of all approved materials, labor, equipment, transportation and services required and incidental thereto, in conformity with the plans and specifications, including but not limited to; vegetation protection/pruning, fine grading, earth mounding, bed excavation and preparation, bed edging, planting soil/compost mixes, fertilizer, mulch, trees, palms, shrubs, ground covers, staking, paving, site furniture, clean-up, maintenance, and warranty.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Irrigation – 02810
  - 2. Lawns – 02930

**NOTE: This project is additions to an existing park and contractors shall protect existing vegetation and brush. Any damage to existing vegetation, brush, irrigation, landscape or lawns shall be repaired and replaced at contractor's expense.**

#### 1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. General: "Hortus Third," 1976.
- B. Texas Association of Nurserymen, Grades and Standards for Nursery Stock.
- C. Plant Material: "American Standard for Nursery Stock," ANSI Z60.1-1990.
- D. National Arborist Association Standards

#### 1.03 DEFINITIONS

- A. Specimen Plants: Plants having exceptional character, superiority in form and branching, and the best attributes of the species; all as determined by the Architect, Landscape Designer or Owner.

#### 1.04 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Landscape work to be performed by a single firm specializing in commercial landscape work with a minimum of five (5) years experience on similar type projects. Owner/SSP Design to review qualifications and approve subcontractor prior to commencing work.

#### 1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Landscape subcontractor shall submit costs for GC schedule of values as follows:
  - 1. Irrigation Sleeving
  - 2. Irrigation Water Meter, Backflow, Permits, Testing
  - 3. Irrigation System
  - 4. Landscape Athletic Field Grading and Soil Mix
  - 5. Landscape Athletic Field Sod

## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

6. Landscape Planting, Materials, Installation, Warranty
7. Landscape / Irrigation 90 Day Maintenance

### 1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be formatted electronically in a pdf file with a table of contents and tabs identifying each section. The following submittals are required for this section:
  1. Landscape Construction Sequence
  2. Edging Materials
  3. Post emergent Herbicides
  4. Pre emergent Herbicides
  5. Soils, Compost and Mulch
  6. Sources of all Plant Materials (including address and telephone numbers)
  7. Product Data Material Safety Data Sheets
  8. Paving Materials
  9. Staking Materials
  10. Samples: One foot sections of edging (as specified on plans), one pound bag sample of each; topsoil, premium compost, mulch, decomposed granite, river rock, washed gravel and example boulder/rocks.
  11. Photographs of all plant material prior to ordering/installation
  12. Name and License Number of Subcontractor for pruning trees (Certified I.S.A. Arborist required)

### 1.05 PROTECTION

- A. Before commencing work, contractor shall place orange construction fencing around all vegetation labeled “to remain” on landscape plans. Fencing shall be placed squarely around each tree 6’ x 6’ and at least 60” in height or continuously around groups of vegetation as shown on plans. No work may begin until this requirement is fulfilled. All other vegetation not labeled “to remain” shall be cleared and grubbed including root systems.
- B. In order to avoid damage to roots, bark or lower branches, no truck or other equipment shall be driven or parked within the drip line of any tree, unless the tree overspreads a paved way.
- C. The contractor shall use any and all precautionary measure when performing work around trees, walks, pavements, utilities, and any other features either existing or previously installed under this Contract.
- D. The Contractor shall adjust depth of earthwork and loaming when working immediately adjacent to any of the aforementioned features in order to prevent disturbing tree roots, undermining walks and pavements, and damage in general to any existing or newly incorporated item.
- E. Where excavating, fill or grading is required within the branch spread of trees that are to remain, the work shall be performed as follows:
  - a. TRENCHING: When trenching occurs around trees to remain, the tree roots shall not be cut but the trench shall be tunneled under or around the roots by careful hand digging and without injury to the roots.

## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

- b. **RAISING GRADES:** When the existing grade at tree is below the now finished grade, and fill not exceeding 16 inches (16") is required, clean, washed gravel graded from one to two inches (1" - 2") in size shall be placed directly around the tree trunk. The gravel shall extend out from trunk on all sides a minimum of 18 inches (18") and finish approximately two inches (2") above the finished grade at tree. Install gravel before any earth fill is placed. New earth fill shall not be left in contact with the trunks of any trees requiring fill. Where fill exceeding 16 inches (16") is required, a dry laid tree well shall be constructed around the trunk of the tree. The tree well shall extend out from the trunk on all sides a minimum of three feet (3') and to three inches (3") above finish grade. Coarse grade rock shall be placed directly around the tree well extending out the drip line of the tree. Clean, washed gravel graded from one to two inches (1" - 2") in size shall be placed directly over the coarse rock to a depth of three inches (3"). Approved backfill material shall be placed directly over the washed gravel to desired finished grade.
  - c. **LOWERING GRADES:** Existing trees in areas where the now finished grade is to be lowered shall have regarding work done by hand to elevation as indicated. Roots as required shall be cut cleanly three inches (3") below finished grade and scars covered with tree paint.
  - d. Trees marked for preservation that are located more than six inches (6") above proposed grades shall stand on broad rounded mounds and be graded smoothly into the lower level. Trees located more than 16 inches (16") above proposed grades shall have a dry laid stonewall, or other retaining structure as detailed on the plans, constructed a minimum of five feet (5') from the trunk. Exposed or broken roots shall be cut clean and covered with topsoil.
- F. Contractor is responsible for all protection measures listed above. If these procedures are not followed, contractor is responsible for replacement of existing trees with approved trees of equal caliper and height.

### 1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. **Packing and Shipping:** Transport plant materials covered or in closed vehicles to protect from exposure to heat and wind. Spray trees and in full leaf with anti-desiccant - as recommended by the manufacturer - before shipping. Take precautions to protect plant materials from desiccation and from damage to bark, branches and roots. Do not allow root balls to crack. Schedule shipments to coincide with planting work schedule.
- B. **Storage and Protection:** If planting is delayed after delivery, keep plants in a shaded area, cover roots with mulch or topsoil, and keep plants constantly watered until planted.

### 1.07 MAINTENANCE/WARRANTY

- A. **Maintenance Requirements:** Maintain the work of this Section throughout construction and for ninety days after 'substantial completion' and until final written acceptance by Owner. Notify the owner in writing of 'substantial completion'. Maintenance period begins after owner's written acceptance of 'substantial completion'.
- B. **Maintenance Service:** Perform the following maintenance operations at least once a week:
  - 1. Remove and replace dead plant material. Prune plants to remove dead wood and to maintain health of plants.



## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

2. Maintain all mulched areas at a 2 in. depth. Remove weeds and grass from shrub and ground cover areas and from watering basins.
  3. Provide insect and disease control to maintain health of plants.
  4. Irrigation:
    - a) If the irrigation system is operating, program and monitor the system to provide adequate water for plants.
    - b) If the irrigation system is not operating, hand water plants. Deep water trees each week.
  5. Dispose of all maintenance debris/clippings off-site. Owner's dumpsters shall not be used.
  6. Keep all site areas tidy and free of grass clippings, mulch or other foreign materials.
  7. Submit dates, descriptions and receipts of all maintenance operations to SSP Design for approval.
- C. Warranty: Warranty shall cover all shrubs/groundcovers for a period of three months and trees/palms for a period of one year from the date of final acceptance. Any plant material deemed dead or unrecoverable by the owner shall be replaced with similar species and size within two weeks of notification from owner.

### 1.08 RIGHT OF REJECTION

- A. The Owner/SSP Design reserve the right to inspect and reject plants at any time and at any place.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Fertilizer: 13-13-13 Osmocote slow release fertilizer granules or approved equal.
- B. Planting tablets: Agriform 21 gram slow release fertilizer tablets or approved equal.
- C. Compost: Premium grade compost ('9 Kids Compost' or approved equal).
- D. Topsoil: Fertile, agricultural soil, typical for locality, capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth, taken from drained site; free of subsoil, clay or impurities, plants, weeds and roots; minimum pH value of 5.4 and maximum 7.0; organic matter to exceed 1.5%, magnesium to exceed 100 units; phosphorus to exceed 150 units; potassium to exceed 120 units; soluble salts/conductivity not to exceed 900 ppm/0.9 mmhos/GC in soil.
- E. Sand: Clean, screened inorganic masonry sand. Silica sand only. River sand not acceptable. Mathis sand, Wright Materials, Plant 3 masonry sand (361) 387-0293 or approved equal
- F. Mulch:
  1. Shrub and Ground Cover Planting Areas: Grade A Shredded Hardwood; long, fibrous bark strands free from wood chips. Texas Natives or Approved Equal.
  2. Watering basins: Grade A Shredded Hardwood; long, fibrous bark strands free from wood chips. Texas Natives or Approved Equal.
- G. Plants:
  1. General: Provide plant materials that are healthy and free from disease, insects, and larvae

## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

and without damage to bark, branches, and roots.

2. Approval: All plants must be approved by Owner/SSP Design prior to installation. Any plants not approved by Owner/SSP Design shall be subject to rejection. All trees/palms must be inspected, approved and tagged by Owner/SSP Design at their place of origin or as directed in writing by Owner/SSP Design. Container grown trees shall be obtained by Glen Flora Farms, Inc. or approved equal.
3. Sizes: Measured after pruning and in accordance with the plant schedule.
4. Root Treatment: As follows in accordance with the Reference Standards:
  - a) Palms: Balled and burlapped or containerized if they have been in the container for at least one growing season.
  - b) Trees, Shrubs, Ground Cover Plants: Container grown with a well-established fibrous root system.
5. Palms: All new palms shall be field dug or containerized material in specified sizes shown in plant schedule. All palms shall have good form (straight trunks) consistent of its species, free of scares/abrasions/burn marks and disease and insects, with large healthy root systems. Rootballs sizes for B/B material must meet the following minimum specifications:
  - a) Sabal Palms - 44" diameter, 36" height
  - b) Washingtonia Palms - 44" diameter, 36" height
  - c) Cuban Royal Palms, Mediterranean Fan Palms, Cocos Palms - 30" diameter, 30" height

### H. Staking material:

1. Tree stakes shall be commercial grade T-Posts, 1.25 Gauge, 8' Ht., Green with orange safety caps on tops. Note: Do not drive through stakes through root balls.
2. Tree ties shall be Poly Chain Lock – 1" width, black, ProLock or approved equal
3. Palm stakes shall be treated timber braces, stakes, and battens including burlap protection and steel straps sized per palm planting detail. Ground stakes must be at least 48" in length with at least 42" securely embedded in undisturbed soil.
4. All staking to be removed at the end of the maintenance period or at final acceptance, whichever is later.

### I. Edging:

1. Concrete Edging: Extruded, colored, fibermesh reinforced concrete edging (per details) *Curb Appeal (or approved equal)*
2. Tree Rings: 4" Ht., 30" Dia., Black Anodized Aluminum tree rings. *Dreamscapes (or approved equal)*
3. Aluminum edging: 4" Ht., Black Anodized Aluminum Edging. *Dreamscapes (or approved equal)*

## 2.2 PLANTING SOILS

- A. Planting Mix: 75 percent sandy-loam topsoil; 25 percent premium compost; (3:1 ratio by volume); and specified fertilizer or planting tablets.
- B. Shrub and Ground Cover Areas:
  1. Where no topsoil has been installed: Remove twelve inches of existing soil and replace with ten inches of 'Planting Mix' as described in Item A above.

## SECTION 02900 – PLANTING

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine the site and conditions under which landscape work is to be performed. Have the installer notify the Contractor in writing, with a copy to SSP Design if the site is unsatisfactory. Do not begin the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to installer. Beginning of work indicates acceptance of the site as satisfactory by the installer.

#### 3.02 EXECUTION

- A. Site Preparation: Contractors must visit and review site prior to bidding. Compacted soils and sub-soils from construction activities must be ripped and tilled until a loose, friable and free-draining condition is met. All existing weeds, grass, stabilized sub-base material, rubble, excavated soil and other material shall be removed from the site and disposed of by the contractor prior to starting any new landscape work. Soil conditions around entire site must be approved by Owner/SSP Design prior to rough and finished grading operations. Contractor shall not install any fill or topsoil in landscape areas prior to site condition approval by Owner/SSP Design.
- B. Drainage: Landscape contractor shall follow grading as shown and specified on Civil Engineer's grading plans. Landscape contractor shall coordinate grading operations with site contractor. Landscape contractor shall ensure final grades conform to the Civil Engineer's grading plan including grades around building, swales, sidewalk under-drains/swales, roof drains, splash blocks and rock swales through planting beds.
- C. Vegetation Protection: Contractors are responsible for protection of existing vegetation labeled on plans "to remain". Protection of existing vegetation includes supply and installation of protective fencing around all existing planting areas.
- D. Bed Preparation and herbicide: All planting areas shall be free of weeds, grass, insects, or any other deleterious material prior to bed preparation. Contractor shall herbicide all planting areas with 'RoundUp' or approved equal at least two times prior to installation of any new plants. Pre-emergent herbicide shall be applied after planting and before placement of mulch.
- E. Planting Beds: Excavate 12" of existing soil within planting beds and replace with 8" of imported topsoil and 2" of premium compost. Mechanically till into top six inches of bed until a loose, friable soil condition is met. Final grades within all planting beds shall be 2-3" below adjacent curbs to allow for mulch. Contractor to ensure positive drainage throughout all landscape areas. Adjust grades as necessary to direct water away from planting beds. Report any discrepancies on all drainage issues in writing to Construction Manager or the Civil Engineer. Owner or SSP Design to approve planting beds prior to planting operations.
- F. Edging: Edging shall be installed as shown on plans. Edging shall allow for tapered drainage points to ensure free drainage away from all structures and walkways. Edging shall be set flush with adjacent paving, sidewalks or driveways.

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- G. Grass Areas: Scarify, float and fine grade all areas to receive sod or hydromulch for approval by SSP prior to placement of sod or application of hydromulch. Supply additional topsoil as necessary to fill any/all low areas and ensure positive drainage away building / planting beds. (see specification on lawns for further requirements).
- H. Berms and Mounding: Supply topsoil and construct berms as indicated on plans. Berms shall have a maximum slope of 1:4. Owner or Construction manager to approve berming and mounding prior to planting operations.
- I. Planting:
1. Installation:
    - a) Excavate planting pit and french drains to depth and width indicated on details in drawings.
    - b) Set root ball on undisturbed or compacted soil in planting pit. Remove burlap, rope, wire, and all other wrapping material from top of ball. Remove any binding rope which is not biodegradable completely. Top of root ball shall be set 1" above adjacent finished grade.
    - c) Fill planting pit 2/3 full with planting mix, soak with water and allow settling, and adding fertilizer tablets as detailed. Finish filling pit with planting mix and tamp lightly.
    - d) Construct a watering basin as detailed (or install aluminum edge tree ring) and install 2 in. layer of mulch. Water-in to completely saturate the root ball and planting mix. Add planting mix where any settling or air pockets occur.
    - e) Stake all trees/palms immediately after planting as detailed.
  2. Palms: New Washingtonia palms shall be cleaned (skinned) completely of their leaf stem bases and fibers to a height 4 feet below the crown. Sabal palms shall be planted with their leaf stem bases remaining but cleaned and trimmed evenly. All palms shall be planted with several petioles or fronds tied up straight with natural twine. Remaining fronds shall be trimmed or 'hurricane cut' to lighten wind load on terminal bud. Contractor is responsible for removing or cutting the twine supporting the fronds at the appropriate time. All palms must be inspected and approved on site by SSP Design prior to installation.
  3. Shrubs: All plants shall be of species denoted on plans and shall be container-grown material at specified sizes. All plants shall be of size equal or greater than T.A.N. standards for their respective container size. All material shall be vigorous, well established, of good form consistent of species, free of disease and insects, with large healthy root systems and with no evidence of being restricted or damaged. All plants shall be inspected and approved on site by SSP Design prior to installation.

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4. **Planting Holes:** All tree/palm holes shall be excavated with a diameter at least two times the rootball size and to a depth equal to the height of the rootball. The bottoms and sides of each hole shall be scarified with a pick to allow for free drainage and maximum root penetration. After tree/palm placement, the hole shall be backfilled with a mixture of excavated soil and premium compost mixture (9 Kids Compost or approved equal). All holes shall be tested/inspected by SSP Design for free drainage prior to installation of trees.
  5. **Tree Rings:** Tree rings shall be installed on trees within grass areas as indicated on plans. Tree rings are to be aluminum edge or extruded concrete per plans and details. A minimum of 2 inches of specified mulch shall be placed within the tree rings. Tree rings must be maintained and kept free of weeds during the entire maintenance period.
  6. **Watering Basins:** Watering basins for all trees/palms that do not include a tree ring shall be constructed in a ring shape around each tree or palm trunk. This earthen berm shall be constructed 6” in height and 36” in diameter so as to hold water and allow infiltration around root ball. A minimum of 2 inches of specified mulch shall be placed within the watering basin. Watering basins must be maintained and kept free of weeds during the entire maintenance period.
- J. **Insect and Disease Control:** Apply treatment as frequently as required during construction and 90-day maintenance period to prevent damage to plant material. Use only chemicals specifically approved by TNRCC.
- K. **Pruning:** All existing and new vegetation shall be pruned/trimmed by a Certified I.S.A. Arborist as directed on site by SSP Design.

### 3.03 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove debris from landscaped areas daily and sweep clean adjacent pavements, if soiled by landscape activities.
- B. Provide temporary barriers or fences as required to protect landscaping from any type of damage or theft until final acceptance.

### 3.04 CLOSE-OUT DOCUMENTS

- A. **As-Built Drawings:** Submit ‘As-Built’ drawings before project close-out showing the landscape layout, including revised plant material, and other installation information.
- B. **Warranty Letters:** Submit warranty letters for trees / palms / lawns / shrubs / pavers / furniture / masonry / stone / amenities.

**END OF SECTION**

## SECTION 02902 – VEGETATION PROTECTION & RELOCATION

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.01 SCOPE

General: Section Includes: Labor, materials, necessary equipment and services to complete the tree protection and relocation work.

**NOTE: This project is additions to an existing park and contractors shall protect existing vegetation and brush. Any damage to existing vegetation, brush, irrigation, landscape or lawns shall be repaired and replaced at contractor's expense.**

- A. Related Section:
  - 1. 02900 - Planting.
- B. Before tree excavation, pruning, removal, or relocation of existing trees, contractor shall engage a certified arborist (ISA Certified) and notify and meet with:
  - 1. SSP
  - 2. Appropriate utility companies for spotting and coordination of service disconnection as necessary to complete work.
  - 3. All other trades associated or affected by this work.

#### 1.02 REFERENCES

- A. General: "Hortus Third," 1976.
- B. Texas Association of Nurserymen, Grades and Standards for Nursery Stock.
- C. Plant Material: "American Standard for Nursery Stock," ANSI Z60.1-1990.
- D. NAA: National Arborist Association Standards
- E. ISA: International Society of Arboriculture

#### 1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Landscape subcontractor shall submit costs for GC schedule of values as follows:
  - 1. Tree or palm pruning (ISA Certified Arborist)
  - 2. Tree or palm preparation, relocation, fertilization, mulching, watering system

#### 1.03 DEFINITION

- A. Toxic Substances:
  - 1. Do not deliver any toxic substance or item to the site without furnishing to the owner a Texas Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).
  - 2. Provide current MSDS information with each initial shipment.
  - 3. The MSDS shall contain the following information:
    - a. The chemical name and the common name of the toxic substance.
    - b. The hazards or other risks in the use of the toxic substance, including:
      - 1) The potential for fire, explosion, corrosivity and reactivity.
      - 2) The known acute and chronic health effects of risks from exposure, including the medical conditions which are generally recognized as being aggravated by exposure to the toxic substance.

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- 3) The primary routes of entry and symptoms of overexposure.
- c. The proper precautions, handling practices, necessary personal protective equipment, any other safety precautions in the use of or exposure to the toxic substance including appropriate emergency treatment in case of overexposure.
- d. The emergency procedure for spills, fire disposal, and first aid.
- e. A description in lay terms of the known specific potential health risks posed by the toxic substance intended to alert any person reading this information.
- f. The year and month, if available, that the information was compiled and the name, address, and emergency telephone number of the manufacturer responsible for preparing the information.

### 1.04 DESCRIPTION

- A. Protect existing trees to remain during construction phases. Provide tree protection fencing around all trees to remain and barriers for existing trees adjacent to tree transplantation operations. Any trees designated to remain that are scarred, damaged or destroyed shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense, with similar species, size, and quality. Provide temporary watering methods for trees and vegetation to remain on site – hand water if required. Watering schedule shall be coordinated by contractors' certified arborist in conjunction with Owner.
- B. Relocate trees/palms as noted on plans. Store and maintain relocated trees/palms in contractor's nursery during construction. Storage and maintenance includes regular watering (or drip irrigation), fertilizing and pruning as necessary for healthy growth. Storage area in contractor's nursery must be approved prior to relocation. Relocate stored material on site in locations shown on final landscape plans or as directed by SSP.
- C. Resulting tree pits of relocated material on site shall be backfilled with clean top soil fill and brought back flush with surrounding grade, unless the pits are to be immediately replanted. Stabilize/compact grade if required. Correct problems caused by erosion, wind, etc., in the reclaimed area. Pits to be quickly replanted shall be surrounded by safety barricades to prevent accidental falls into pits.
  1. In areas where new plant material will replace relocated plant material, appropriate planting soil mix shall be used as backfill.
- B. Remove other vegetation per plans or as directed by SSP to accommodate new plantings. Prepare areas to be planted according to Section 02900.

### 1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit certified arborist information, protection measures & materials, pruning/trimming/watering schedule, for use in tree protection for approval by SSP.
- B. Submit a list of equipment, procedures, and labor force anticipated for use in tree relocation for approval by SSP.
- C. Submit a daily/weekly schedule indicating trees/palms to be dug and relocated. Note materials requiring root pruning, and that the relocation schedule is to begin at the end of the specified root pruning period.
- D. Obtain permits required by the local tree or landscape ordinances which may include meeting with the local City or Urban Forester.

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- E. Submit written certification that trees indicated to remain have been protected during the course of construction according to industry standards. Certify that where damage did occur:
  - 1. Trees were promptly and properly treated.
  - 2. Indicate which damaged trees (if any) are incapable of retaining full growth potential and are recommended to be replaced.

### 1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor's crew used for the relocation of existing trees shall have minimum 10 years' experience in relocation of existing plant materials and shall include an ISA Certified Arborist.
- B. Unless otherwise specified, tree transplanting shall comply with NAA Ref.1.
- C. Comply with NAA standards for pruning and remove branches from trees to remain to clear new construction.
- D. Recommend procedures to compensate for loss of roots (if any) and perform initial pruning of branches and stimulation of root growth where removed to accommodate new construction.
- E. Perform tree repair work for damage incurred by new construction.
- F. Provide routine progress evaluation reports on relocated trees until the end of the maintenance period.
- G. Evaluate existing trees and verify trees are free of disease and ready to survive relocation from the site to their new location on-site or off-site.

### 1.07 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Properly handle trees and palms during moving so trunks will not be scarred or damaged and to avoid broken limbs. Broken limbs not causing the tree to be rejected shall be repaired as follows:
  - 1. Properly prune dead, dying, or damaged branches with clean, sharp equipment.
  - 2. Remove injured bark and wood of a tree would with a clean, sharp knife to a point where healthy bark and wood make contact at their margins.
  - 3. Inspect and treat wound for insect and disease.
  - 4. Seal wounds with bituminous base wound paint for all limbs greater than 3 inch diameter.
- B. Transport trees on vehicles of adequate size to prevent overcrowding, broken limbs, foliage damage, or root ball damage.
- C. Keep root balls moist during relocation.
- D. Protect tree crowns with shade cloth to prevent desiccation and wind burn. Crowns shall be periodically sprayed with water to help ensure against desiccation.
- E. Handle plant material only in ways and means accepted by industry standards and accepted by Owner.
- F. Plant material shall be planted the same day it is dug. Coordinate preparation of planting pits or temporary nursery accommodations to ensure this schedule.

### 1.08 WARRANTY

- A. For protected/preserved trees or palms that die due to contractor negligence during construction, replace their canopy area with new trees as specified:



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1. Canopy spread for trees shall be a minimum of six feet and a caliper of at least 3 inches. Height for replacement palms shall be a minimum of six clear trunk feet.
  2. Replacements (mitigation plantings) shall be provided at no additional cost to the Owner.
  3. Proposed replacement canopy tree species shall be approved by Owner.
  4. The specification requirements for trees and palms are according to Section 02900.
- B. For relocated trees or palms that die, replace their canopy area with new trees as specified:
1. Canopy spread for trees shall be a minimum of six feet and a caliper of at least 3 inches. Height for replacement palms shall be a minimum of six clear trunk feet.
  2. Replacements (mitigation plantings) shall be provided at no additional cost to the Owner.
  3. Proposed replacement canopy tree species shall be approved by Owner.
  4. The specification requirements for trees and palms are according to Section 02900.
- C. Repair damage to other plants and lawn or construction work within the relocation area during tree transplantation at no cost to the Owner. This includes, but is not limited to, damage to curbs, walks, roads, fences, site furnishings, etc. Replacing and replanting of damaged trees, shrubs or turf shall be according to Section 02900.

### **1.09 MAINTENANCE**

- A. Maintain protected/preserved and relocated plant materials throughout construction period and continue until the 90 day maintenance period is complete, upon which time the Owner will take over maintenance of materials following procedures and recommendations of contractor and specifications.
- B. During the maintenance period, maintain protected and relocated plant materials according to procedures described in Section 02900.

## **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

### **2.01 MATERIALS**

- A. Tree Protection Fence: Tree protection fence shall be a minimum of four feet high. Chain Link Fencing (No 9. GA. 2" Mesh with 2" Posts, driven at least 2' into ground @ 6 foot intervals or approved equal-see details on plans for alternate tree protection fencing).
- B. Tree Protection Signage: Vegetation Protection Areas shall be labeled "Vegetation Protection Area". Signs shall be laminated or otherwise weatherproof and printed in bold text so as to be easily read from a distance of 20 feet. Wording on signage shall be provided in both English and Spanish.
- C. Compost, topsoil, planting soil, mulch, staking, and guying, shall be as specified in section 02900.
- D. Fill materials shall be as specified in Section 02900.

## SECTION 02902 – VEGETATION PROTECTION & RELOCATION

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 VEGETATION PROTECTION

- A. Initial Work: No other construction activity may occur on site until Tree Protection Fencing has been installed and approved by SSP.
- B. Construction Activity: All construction activity within the areas fenced off around the trees shall be prohibited. This shall include the following activities:
  - 1. Parking or driving of equipment, machinery or vehicles of any type.
  - 2. Storage of any construction materials, equipment, stockpiling, excavation or fill, soil, gravel, etc.
  - 3. Dumping of any chemicals, (i.e. paint thinner from cleaning brushes), wash-out materials from cleaning equipment, concrete or mortar remainder, trash, garbage, or debris of any kind.
  - 4. Burning within or in proximity to protected areas.
  - 5. Felling trees into protected areas.
  - 6. Trenching or grading within the Critical Root Zones of protected trees for any purpose without notifying Owner 10 days in advance of operation in writing. This includes utilities, lighting, irrigation, drainage etc.
- C. Tree Protection Areas: Any work required by plans which is in a Tree Protection Area shall be performed by hand. All work shall be performed in a manner to prevent compaction, siltation and disturbance of the root systems of all associated trees and understory trees. At no time shall tree protection fencing be removed or relocated without permission of Owner.
- D. Subcontractor: The general contractor shall be responsible for insuring that all subcontractors are aware of all Vegetation Protection Specifications.
- E. Critical Root Zone: Contractor may operate equipment within the root zone of trees to be preserved only if buffered with 1/2" plywood with a 6" layer of wood chips underneath; or 12 inches of wood chips. Approval from Owner is required prior to operation of any equipment in tree protection areas. Root protection measures shall be inspected and maintained throughout construction.
- F. Location: Contractor will be responsible for installation, repairs and upkeep of tree protection fencing around trees and groups of trees to be preserved. See plan for locations.
- G. Flagging: Prior to installation, Contractor shall flag or paint location of fencing in field for verification by Owner.
- H. Contractor shall include supply, installation, maintenance, and removal of fencing in bid.
- I. Tree Protection Fence: Fencing shall remain in place and be continuously maintained for duration of construction.
- J. Watering: Contractor shall engage ISA Certified Arborist to coordinate and submit watering schedule for approval by Owner. Watering shall be scheduled as required specific species, soil conditions, and time or year.
- K. Damage: Contractor will provide services as necessary to respond to damage by construction activities within 48 hours of notification by the Owner.
- L. Penalties: Failure to comply with specifications will result in penalties as prescribed herein and by local codes and ordinances.

## SECTION 02902 – VEGETATION PROTECTION & RELOCATION

### 3.02 TRANSPLANTATION

- A. Transplanting shall consist of on-site or off-site transplanting of existing trees or palms from proposed construction areas to storage areas to permanent locations as noted on the drawings.
- B. Digging, Wrapping, and Handling: Plants shall be dug and prepared for moving in a manner that will not cause damage to branches, shape, root system, and development.
- C. Balled and Burlapped Plants:
  - 1. Balls shall be firmly wrapped with wire mesh, burlap or accepted cloth substitute.
  - 2. No balled plant will be acceptable if the ball is cracked and broken or if the stem or trunk is loose in the ball, either before or during transplanting.
  - 3. Balled plants shall be lifted and handled from the bottom of the ball.
  - 4. Protect ball and deliver to the site, plant immediately, and water thoroughly.
  - 5. Ball sizes shall be as recommended in ANSI Z60.1

### 3.02 PLANTING

- A. Relocated Material:
  - 1. Relocated trees/palms shall be planted according to procedures described for new material, Section 02900. Verify final grades have been established before planting operations. Ensure proposed planting pits drain freely by test-filling with water before transplantation.
  - 2. Continue watering and caring for relocated material as specified.
  - 3. Mulch tree pit areas to reduce weeds, discourage foot traffic, conserve moisture, and minimize temperature fluctuations.
  - 4. Brace trunk and leave in place for approximately one year until trees are wind firm.
  - 5. Wrap trunks and structural branches of thin-barked trees to protect against sun scald and dehydration. Retain through at least one growing season, and through hurricane season.
  - 6. Feed with a diluted solution of N-P-K in solution form with a soil needle, providing water, air, and nutrients.
  - 7. Where foliage is retarded, spray with soluble type foliage feeder.
  - 8. At time of planting, fill air pockets and keep roots, especially feeder roots, moist, live, and healthy. Use soil needles for watering new transplants. Direct fine spray at foliage to help harden-off new leaves.

### 3.03 STAKING AND GUYING

- A. Stake and guy designated material according to procedures described for new plant materials, Section 02900.

### 3.04 WATERING

- A. Following transplantation, water trees daily for the first two weeks, every other day for the next three weeks, and every third day for the balance of the three month watering/maintenance period. Such watering shall thoroughly saturate the root ball to its full depth.

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- B. Following relocation, trees designated for transplanting shall be watered as specified in this section. Such watering shall thoroughly saturate the root ball to its full depth.
- C. Provide temporary automatic or manual watering of protected/preserved trees and relocated plant materials during construction and for 90 days after substantial completion. If used, after 90-day maintenance period, Contractor shall be responsible for the complete removal of all temporary watering systems.

**3.05 TAGGING**

- A. Trees within the designated areas for relocation shall be clearly marked by means of yellow plastic surveyor's ribbons and coordinated with, inspected, and accepted by Owner before root pruning and digging.

**3.06 ROOT PREPARATION**

- A. Trees to be relocated shall be root pruned at least 45 days before digging with clean, sharp equipment.
  - 1. Maintain root pruned materials by watering, weeding, mowing, spraying, fertilizing, and other horticulture practices.
  - 2. After root pruning, backfill with good rooting medium, fertilize with organic fertilizer to promote root growth.
  - 3. Mulch to reduce weeds, discourage foot traffic, conserve moisture, and minimize temperature fluctuation.
- B. Root Ball Size Chart: Root ball sizes shall be according to minimum standards set forth in Texas Association of Nurserymen, Grades and Standards for Nursery Stock.
  - 1. Trees-Minimum Ball Sizes:

<u>Caliper Minimum</u>	<u>Ball Diameter</u>	(Larger sizes increase proportionally)
3-1/2" to 4"	28"	
4" to 4-1/2"	30"	
4-1/2" to 5"	32"	
5" to 5-1/2"	34"	

2. Minimum Ball Depth:

<u>Ball Diameter</u>	<u>Depth</u>
Less than 20"	Not less than 75 percent of diameter.
20" to 30"	Not less than 65 percent of diameter.
30" to 48"	Not less than 60 percent of diameter.

**3.07 CROWN PREPARATION**

- A. Shade and Flowering Trees:
  - 1. Shade Trees: ISA Certified Arborist to selectively prune and thin crown to remove approximately one third of the branches. Preserve the basic shape and form of the tree, eliminate cross-branching and dead or diseased branches.
  - 2. ISA Certified Arborist to hand strip selected species of all leaves following pruning and before moving.

## **SECTION 02902 – VEGETATION PROTECTION & RELOCATION**

- B. Palms: Follow standard procedure for transplantation of palms as specified in Section 02900.

### **3.08 HAND DIGGING**

- A. Burlapping is required. Trees that are burlapped for relocation shall comply and be handled in same manner as new plant material specified in Section 02900.

### **3.09 SPECIAL CONDITIONS**

- A. Multi-Trunk Trees: Relocate multi-trunk tree as one unit. Measure trees by taking the aggregate total of all DBH measurements.
- B. Multi-Trunk Palms: Relocate multi-trunk palms as one. Palms shall be measured as follows:
1. 50 percent of the value in dollars of the largest trunk in the grouping times the number of trunks in the clump.
- C. On/Off-site relocation:
1. Relocation shall include root pruning, canopy pruning, on/off-site transportation, off-site storage, watering and maintenance, hauling and dumping of debris, and 90-day maintenance after final planting.
  2. If the tree or palm should die within the 90 day maintenance period, remove the tree, replace the material, and restore the site at no additional cost to the Owner.

### **3.10 CLEANING**

- A. Site Clean-up:
1. Upon completion of each day's work, thoroughly clean up the project site.
  2. Remove equipment, unused materials, deleterious material, and surplus excavated material.
  3. Fine grade all disturbed areas and the areas adjacent to the transplanted material to provide a neat and uniform site.
  4. All damaged or altered existing structures, as a result of the landscape work, shall be corrected.

**END OF SECTION**

## SECTION 02930 – LAWNS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.01 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: The establishment of a complete and uniform lawn by sodding and/or hydromulching.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 02810-Irrigation
  - 2. Section 02900-Planting

**NOTE: This project is additions to an existing park and contractors shall protect existing vegetation and brush. Any damage to existing vegetation, brush, irrigation, landscape or lawns shall be repaired and replaced at contractor's expense.**

#### 1.02 QUALIFICATIONS

- A. Lawn work to be performed by a single firm specializing in commercial landscape work with a minimum of five (5) years experience on similar type projects. Owner/SSP Design to review qualifications and approve subcontractor prior to commencing work.

#### 1.03 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Landscape subcontractor shall submit costs for GC schedule of values as follows:
  - 1. Irrigation Sleeving
  - 2. Irrigation Water Meter, Backflow, Permits, Testing
  - 3. Irrigation System
  - 4. Landscape Grading and Soil Mix
  - 5. Landscape Planting, Materials, Installation, Warranty
  - 6. Landscape / Irrigation 90 Day Maintenance

#### 1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be formatted electronically in a pdf file with a table of contents and tabs identifying each section. The following submittals are required for this section:
  - 1. Product Data: Manufacturer's specifications and application instructions for fertilizer.
  - 2. Hydromulch mixes, percentages, lbs per acre, etc. for SSP review and approval before application.
  - 3. Samples: Topsoil, compost, silica/masonry sand for SSP review and approval before installation.
  - 4. Certificates: Inspection certificate from Texas Department of Agriculture indicating sod has been found free of diseases, insects and larvae.
  - 5. Certificates: Breakdown of seed types, percentages, and mixture composition.
  - 6. Sod Delivery Tickets: One per truckload indicating sod species, nursery certification, date and time of cutting.

## SECTION 02930 – LAWNS

### 1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Sod Delivery: Have sod delivered within forty-eight hours of cutting. Stack sod with roots to roots, protected from exposure to elements during shipment.
- B. Storage: Lay sod as soon as practicable after delivery. If installation is delayed more than four hours, store sod under shade and keep constantly moist. Sod must be laid within forty-eight hours of cutting. Do not pile more than two foot depth of sod. Do not tear, stretch or drop sod. Do not allow soil to break free of turf roots.

### 1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Utility Construction: Do not lay sod or begin hydro-mulching until all underlying utility work is complete, trenches backfilled, compacted and graded, and topsoil placed and fine graded and sports fields laser leveled and approved by Owner/SSP.

### 1.06 MAINTENANCE/WARRANTY

- A. Maintenance Service: Maintain the work of this Section throughout construction until the Date of Substantial Completion and ninety (90) days thereafter until a complete and uniform lawn has been established and accepted by the Owner / SSP.
1. Establish hydro-mulched or sodded lawns per planting plans. Reapply hydro-mulch or re-sod as necessary until **full and uniform** coverage is obtained.
  2. Mow general lawn areas **at least once per week** to maintain height of grass at 2 inches or as directed by Owner/SSP. Mowing of general lawn areas may be carried out using standard rotary type mowing equipment.
  3. If included in plans, mow Sports Fields **at least twice per week** to maintain an initial height of 2” for the establishment period then begin lowering the height over the next 90-days to achieve a final height of one inch. Mowing of Sports Field areas shall be carried out using reel type mowers only. Rotary mowers will not be accepted for Sports Field maintenance.
  4. Trim/edge all lawn areas adjacent to watering basins, pavements, driveways, walls, structures, curbs, planting beds, edges and islands.
  5. Provide insect and disease control to maintain health of grass.
  6. Apply pre and post emergent herbicides as required or directed to control weed growth throughout the establishment and maintenance periods.
  7. Fertilize general lawn areas (minimum two applications) with balanced commercial grade lawn fertilizer until complete and uniform coverage is obtained.
  8. If included in plans, fertilize Sports Field areas (minimum four applications) using a high nitrogen formula such as HJ 25-0-0 with Wolftrax or Scotts Sierrablen 27+5+5+Fe or Scotts Fairwaymaster 20+5+8 or approved equal.

***Note: Submit fertilizer type for SSP review and approval prior to application. Depending on time of year, SSP may require a fertilizer that includes pre or post emergent herbicide.***

## SECTION 02930 – LAWNS

9. Verti-cut or de-thatch Sports Field turf at least one time during the maintenance period.
10. Apply top dressing (Mathis Sand per materials schedule) to level any divots, depressions or low spots during the maintenance period. Application of top dressing sand shall be accomplished utilizing a mechanical top dresser (Lely or approved equal). Utilize entire amount of sand mix as specified.
11. Irrigation:
  - a) If the irrigation system is operating, program and monitor the system to provide adequate water for grass.
  - b) If the irrigation system is not operating, hand water grass.
12. Submit receipts/dates of all maintenance operations to SSP Design for approval.
  - B. Warranty: Warranty shall cover all lawn grasses for a period of three months from the date of final acceptance. Final acceptance will not be approved until full and uniform lawns are completely established and proof of all fertilizations including receipts have been reviewed and accepted.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### 2.01 MATERIALS

- A. Topsoil: Fertile, agricultural soil, typical for locality, capable of sustaining vigorous plant growth, taken from drained site; free of subsoil, clay or impurities, plants, weeds and roots; minimum pH value of 5.4 and maximum 7.0; organic matter to exceed 1.5%, magnesium to exceed 100 units; phosphorus to exceed 150 units; potassium to exceed 120 units; soluble salts/conductivity not to exceed 900 ppm/0.9 mmhos/cm in soil.

***NOTE: Any use of existing soil from the site must be tested by Texas Plant & Soil Lab in Edinburg, Texas and reviewed / approved by SSP and Owner before any use on site.***

- B. Sand: For athletic/sports fields. Silica sand, clean, screened and free of debris. (Mathis Sand, Wright Materials Plant-3, Tel. (361) 387-0293 or approved equal).
- C. Sod: (See schedule for type). Provide premium #1 certified sod grown in a sod nursery on sandy soil, at least 1 yr. old with a heavy top and a strong, well-knit root system, and not more than five percent weeds or foreign grasses.
- D. Hydromulch Material. Material for hydraulic mulching shall consist of virgin wood fibers manufactured expressly from clean whole wood chips. The chips shall be processed in such a manner as to contain no growth or germination inhibiting factors. Fiber shall not be produced from recycled materials such as sawdust, paper, cardboard, or residue from pulp and pure plants. The wood cellulose fiber mulch shall be dyed green to aid in visual metering during application. The dye shall be biodegradable and not inhibit plant growth. The wood cellulose fibers of the mulch must maintain uniform suspension in water under agitation. Upon application, the moist material shall form a blotter-like mat covering the ground. This mat shall have the characteristics of moisture absorption, percolation, and shall cover and hold seed in contact with the soil. The Contractor shall obtain certifications from suppliers that laboratory, field-testing of their product has been accomplished, and that it meets all of the foregoing requirements pertaining to wood cellulose fiber mulch. Terra-Mulch Terra-Blend with UltraGro or approved equal.



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- E. Fertilizer: Starter fertilizer (BCF 15-15-15) shall be used in hydro-mulch mix. The Contractor shall provide a Soil Analysis Report and shall use report to determine quantity and ratio of fertilizer for sustained growth of grass.
- F. Soil and Mulch Tackifier: Tackifier used with mulch shall be organic. Tackifier shall be mixed and applied with the hydromulch at an appropriate rate to stabilize soils and minimize erosion. Tackifier shall be pH stable with fertilizer and shall hydrate and disperse in mixing tank with water and other materials to form homogeneous slurry. Tackifier shall leave loose, chain-like stabilizing film on surface of soil, allow moisture to percolate into soil during seed germination and seedling growth, and break itself down through microbial action. Tackifier shall not inhibit plant germination or growth.
  - 1. Organic Tackifier. Organic tackifier shall be, starch-based tackifier formulated for use with conventional mulches. Active ingredient in tackifier shall be 100 percent derived from plant starch.
  - 2. Dry powder tackifier shall be blended with insolubilizer. After blending and mixing with water, tackifier shall swell, become sticky, and be suitable for use during heavy rain. Tackifier shall be applied at rate of 80 pounds per acre. Emulsion shall cure on surface of soil and become insoluble. Tackifier shall not inhibit plant germination or growth.
- G. Fertilizer: 12-4-8 (N-P-K), formulated for slow-release Nitrogen.

### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine the site and conditions under which this work is to be performed. Have the installer notify the Contractor in writing, with a copy to SSP Design, if the site is unsatisfactory. Do not begin the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to installer. Beginning of work indicates acceptance of the site as satisfactory by the installer.

#### 3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Topsoil: Refer to Section 02900 'Landscaping' for topsoil amendment.
- B. Site Preparation: Contractors must visit and review site prior to bidding. Compacted soils and sub-soils from construction activities must be ripped and tilled until a loose, friable and free-draining condition is met. All existing weeds, grass, stabilized sub-base material, rubble, excavated soil and other material shall be removed from the site and disposed of by the contractor prior to starting any new landscape work. Soil conditions around entire site must be approved by SSP Design prior to rough and finished grading operations. Contractor shall not install any fill or topsoil in landscape areas prior to site condition approval by SSP Design.

## SECTION 02930 – LAWNS

### 3.03 INSTALLATION – HYDROMULCH / SOD

- A. All exterior ground within the limit of contract or any damaged adjacent areas, except surfaces occupied by structures and paving, except areas indicated to be undisturbed, shall be seeded, hydromulched, sodded or planted as shown on drawings. Furnish topsoil (if required or specified in plans/schedules), provide finish grading, prepare seed bed, seed, hydromulch, sod and maintain areas as indicated on the drawings.
- B. Lawn Area Preparations - Grade areas to finish grades, filling as needed or removing surplus material. Float all lawn areas to a smooth, uniform grade as indicated on engineers grading plans. All lawn areas shall slope to drain away from structures and planting beds. Where no grades are shown, areas shall have a smooth and continual grade between existing or fixed controls (such as walks, curbs, catch basin, elevational steps or structures) and elevations shown on plans. Contractor to ensure proper drainage around all structures. Adjust grades as necessary to direct water away from structures and planting beds. Report any discrepancies on all drainage issues in writing to SSP Design or the project engineer.
- C. Roll, scarify, rake and level as necessary to obtain true, even lawn surfaces. All finish grades shall meet approval of the SSP, before seeding/hydromulching operations. Loosen soil to a depth of six inches (3") in lawn areas by approved method of scarification and grade to remove edges and depressions. Remove stones or foreign matter over one half inch (1/2") in diameter from the top two inches (2") of soil. Float lawn areas to finish grades as shown on civil plans. Install topsoil over prepared subbase if included in materials schedules or as required to allow for a proper seed bed for germination and strong healthy growth of sod.
- D. Lawn areas should be permitted to settle or should be firmed by rolling before hydromulching or sodding.
- E. Hydromulching shall not be performed in windy weather.
- F. Lawn areas shall be seeded by hydro-mulching evenly with an approved mechanical hydro-mulcher at the rate of a minimum of three (5) pounds per 1,000 square feet. In areas inaccessible to hydro-mulching equipment, the seeded ground shall be lightly raked with flexible rakes and rolled with a water ballast roller. After rolling, seeded areas are to be lightly mulched with wheat straw or approved material.
- G. Lawns shall be maintained by the Contractor for at least 90 days after substantial completion or as long as necessary to establish a uniform stand of the specified grasses, or until final acceptance of lawns, whichever is later.
- H. Water hydromulched / sodded areas to a minimum depth of six inches (6") with a fine spray as necessary to the equivalent of one inch (1") per week. Increase or decrease watering based on season and weather / rainfall amounts.
- I. The surface layer of soil for hydromulched areas must be kept moist during the germination period. Set irrigation controller to short (5 minute) cycles, multiple times per day to keep hydromulch moist but prevent runoff and erosion. Any eroded areas of

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hydromulch must be regraded and re-hydromulched.

- J. Sod shall be installed to all areas as indicated on plans.
- K. Sod Bed Preparation – See A, B, C, D above All lawn areas are to slope to drain.
- L. Sod shall be laid within 48hrs of being cut or 24 hours after delivery to the project site. Only healthy vigorous growing sod is to be laid. Any stressed or yellowing sod shall be rejected.
- M. Always lay sod across slope and tightly together so as to make a solid area. All rolls or pieces of sod must be butt-jointed with no open joints. Any open joints will require clean sand or topsoil fill and re-leveling and rolling.
- N. Roll all new sod sufficiently to set or press sod into underlying soil and provide a smooth and even finished surface. Mechanical 2 ton roller is required.
- O. After sodding has been completed, clean up and thoroughly moisten by sprinkler newly sodded areas.
- P. Make weekly inspections to determine the moisture content of the soil and adjust the watering schedule established by the irrigation system installer to fit conditions
- Q. After grass growth has started, all areas or parts of areas, which fail to show a uniform stand of grass for any reason whatsoever shall be re-hydromulched or sodded in accordance with the plans and as specified herein. Such areas and parts of areas shall be hydromulched or sodded repeatedly until all areas are covered with a full and uniform stand of grass at no additional cost to the Owner.
- R. Watering shall be done in such a manner and as frequently as is deemed necessary by SSP to assure continued growth of healthy grass. All areas of the site shall be watered in such a way as to prevent erosion due to excessive quantities applied over small areas and to avoid damage to the finished surface due to the watering equipment.
- S. Water for the execution and maintenance of this work shall be provided by the Owner at no expense to the Contractor. The Contractor shall, however, furnish his own portable tanks, pumps, hose, pipe, connections, nozzles, and any other equipment required to transport the water from the available outlets and apply it to the seeded area in an approved manner.
- T. Mowing of the seeded, hydromulched or sodded areas shall be initiated when the grass has attained a height of one and one-half to two inches (1-1/2" to 2"). Grass height shall be maintained between one and one and one-half inches (1 to 1½") at subsequent cutting depending on the time of year. Not more than one third (1/3) of the grass leaf shall be removed at any cutting and cutting shall not occur more than seven (7) days apart.
- U. When the amount of grass is heavy, it shall be removed to prevent destruction of the underlying turf. If weeds or other undesirable vegetation threaten to smother or takeover the planted species, such vegetation shall be mowed or, in the case of rank growths, shall be uprooted, raked and removed from the area by methods approved by the SSP.

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- V. Protect hydromulched / sodded areas against trespassing while the grass is germinating and/or growing in. Furnish and install fences, signs, barriers or any other necessary temporary protective devices. Damage resulting from trespass, erosion, washout, settlement or other causes shall be repaired by the Contractor at his expense.
- W. Remove all fences, signs, barriers or other temporary protective devices after final acceptable.

### 3.04 FERTILIZING – GRASS

Fertilizer shall be included in the hydromulch mixture. After full germination and or sodding, all lawn areas shall have fertilizer applied in two (2) applications with a thorough watering immediately following application. The first application shall be one (1) week after sodding or full germination at the rate of 5 pounds per 1,000 square feet. The second application shall be done after 60 days at the rate of 3 pounds per 1,000 square feet. Soil analysis and time of year shall be considered with SSP to determine fertilizer type, composition and final application rates . Submit fertilizer type and analysis to SSP for approval before any application. Document fertilizer application with photos and receipts of fertilizer purchases.

### 3.05 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove debris from landscaped areas daily and sweep clean adjacent pavements, if soiled by landscape activities.
- B. Protect lawns from damage, theft or vandalism until final acceptance. Install stakes and flagging or temporary fencing if required to keep traffic off newly established lawn areas

**END OF SECTION**

## SECTION 03010 CONCRETE WORK

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work specified in this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of concrete work shown on drawings.

Concrete paving and walks are specified in Division 2.

Precast concrete is specified in other Division 3 sections.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of following codes, specifications and standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified:

ACI 301 "Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings".

ACI 318 "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete."

Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute, "Manual of Standard Practice".

Concrete Testing Service: The Owner shall employ a testing laboratory to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixes.

Materials and installed work may require testing and retesting, as directed by Architect, at any time during progress of work. Allow free access to material stockpiles and facilities. Tests, including retesting of rejected materials and installed work, shall be done at Contractor's expense.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data with application and installation instructions for proprietary materials and items, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, waterstops, joint systems, curing compounds, dry shake finish materials, and others as requested by Architect.

Shop Drawings; Reinforcement: Submit shop drawings for fabrication, bending, and placement of concrete reinforcement. Comply with ACI 315 "Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures" showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, diagrams of bent bars, arrangement of concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcement required at openings through concrete structures.

Laboratory Test Reports: Submit laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design test as specified.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### FORM MATERIALS:

Forms for Exposed Finish Concrete: Unless otherwise indicated, construct formwork for exposed concrete surfaces with plywood, metal, metal framed plywood faced or other acceptable panel type materials, to provide continuous, straight, smooth, exposed surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints and to conform to joint system shown on drawings. Provide form material with sufficient thickness to withstand pressure of newly placed concrete without bow or deflection.

Forms for Unexposed Finish Concrete: Form concrete surfaces which will be unexposed in finished structure with plywood, lumber, metal or other acceptable material. Provide lumber dressed on at least 2 edges and one side for tight fit.

Form Coatings: Provide commercial formulation form coating compounds that will not bond with, stain nor adversely affect concrete surfaces, and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

### REINFORCING MATERIALS:

Reinforcing Bars (Rebar): ANSI/ASTM A 615, Grade 60, deformed. No. 3 bars may be grade 40.

Welded Wire Fabric (WWF): ANSI/ASTM A 185, welded steel wire fabric.

Supports for Reinforcement: Provide brick bat supports for reinforcement for supporting and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric in place. Use wire bar type supports complying with CRSI recommendations, unless otherwise acceptable.

For slabs on grade: Use Brick bats (1/2 of full brick) to support slab and beam reinforcing.

For exposed to view concrete surfaces, where legs of supports are in contact with forms, provide supports with legs which are plastic protected (CRSI, Class 1) or stainless steel protected (CRSI, Class 2).

### CONCRETE MATERIALS:

Portland Cement: ANSI/ASTM C 150, Type I.

Use one brand of cement throughout project, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

Normal Weight Aggregates: ANSI/ASTM C 33, and as herein specified. Provide aggregates from a single source for exposed concrete.

Water: Potable.

Moisture Barrier: Provide moisture barrier cover over prepared base material where indicated. Use only materials which are resistant to decay when tested in accordance with ANSI/ASTM E 154, as follows:

Clear Polyethylene Sheet not less than 6 mils thick.

Chemical Hardener (ChHd Fn): Colorless aqueous solution containing a blend of magnesium flousilicate and zinc flousilicate combined with a wetting agent, containing not less than 2 lbs. of flousilicates per gal.

Non slip Aggregate Finish (NSAg Fn): Provide fused aluminum oxide grits, or crushed emery, as abrasive aggregate for non slip finish with emery aggregate containing not less than 40% aluminum oxide and not less than 25% ferric oxide. Use material that is factory graded, packaged, rust proof and non glazing, and is unaffected by freezing, moisture and cleaning materials.

Absorptive Cover: Burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz. per sq. yd., complying with AASHTO M 182, Class 2.

Moisture Retaining Cover: One of the following, complying with ANSI/ASTM C 171.

10 mil polyethylene vapor barrier (clear).

Liquid Membrane Forming Curing Compound: (Typical): ASTM C309 Type 1; approved by Asphalt and Vinyl Composition Tile Institute; 30% minimum solids content.

Products: offered by manufacturers to comply with the requirements for membrane forming curing compounds include the following:

"Klearseal"; Setcon Industries.  
"Floor Coat"; The Euclid Chemical Corp.  
"MB 429"; Master Builders  
"Kure N Seal 800"; Sonneborn Contech.  
"Klorkure 800"; Setcon Industries.  
"Clear Seal 800"; W. R. Grace  
"Dress and Seal"; L & M Construction Chemicals.  
"Sealco 800"; Gifford Hill.

Note: Verify that selected product will not affect bonding of subsequent wall finishes or floor coverings.

#### PROPORTIONING AND DESIGN OF MIXES:

Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial batch or field experience methods as specified in ACI 301. If trial batch method used, use an independent testing facility acceptable to Architect for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs. The testing facility shall not be the same as used for field quality control testing unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

Submit written reports to Architect of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of work. Do not begin concrete production until mixes have been reviewed by Architect.

Design mixes to provide normal weight concrete with the following properties unless otherwise noted on the structural drawings, as indicated on drawings and schedules:

All concrete, except curb concrete, shall be flowable concrete comprised of:

1. Not less than 470# (5 sacks) of cement Type I per yard of concrete. (Unless water reducing agent is provided.)

2. Water reducer shall be used equal to WRDA No. 79, 20 oz. per yard by manufacturer by Grace Chemical.
3. Air 2% to 5 %.
4. 5" max. slump after additive placed in mix.
5. All concrete shall have a minimum compressive 28 day strength of 3,000 PSI. (Unless noted otherwise on construction drawings.)

Design Test cylinders and compression breaks of the above mix shall be submitted to the Architect/Engineer for approval. Should cylinders fail to meet specifications, the cement added shall be increased to satisfy the required strength.

Curb concrete shall be 4 sack per yard minimum cement factor and have a w/c maximum ratio of 0.65 with a minimum 28 day compressive strength of 2,500 PSI. Max slump shall be 3".

#### CONCRETE MIXES:

Ready Mix Concrete: Comply with requirements of ANSI/ASTM C 94, and as herein specified.

Addition of water to the batch will not be permitted.

During hot weather, or under conditions contributing to rapid setting of concrete, a shorter mixing time than specified in ASTM C 94 may be required.

When air temperature is between 85 degrees F (30 degrees C) and 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1 1/2 hours to 75 minutes, and when air temperature is above 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes. Ice or other means of cooling shall be added to mix should concrete exceed 95 deg. F.

#### Admixtures:

Use air entraining in all concrete, unless otherwise shown or indicated. Add air entraining admixture at the manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having air content within the following limits: 2% to 5% air.

When air entrainment is used, reduce the maximum water content of the design mixes.

A water reducing additive such as Master Builders' Pozzolith or Gifford Hills' PSI shall be used for all concrete. Such shall be used in strict compliance with manufacturer's recommendations, such as to provide a flowable mix.

Use amounts of admixtures as recommended by the manufacturer for climate conditions prevailing at the time of placing. Adjust quantities of admixtures as required to maintain quality control. All such shall be subject to approval of the Engineer and Architect.

Calcium Chloride: Do not use calcium chloride in concrete, except as otherwise authorized in writing by the Architect. Do not use any admixtures containing calcium chloride where concrete is placed against any galvanized steel, post tension steel or in any mix using high early strength cement.



## PART 3 EXECUTION

### FORMS:

Design, erect, support, brace and maintain formwork to support vertical and lateral loads that might be applied until such loads can be supported by concrete structure. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation and position. Use wood forming for the full surfaces of the exterior side of all grade beams.

Design formwork to be readily removable without impact, shock or damage to cast in place concrete surfaces and adjacent materials.

Construct forms to sizes shapes, lines and dimensions shown, and to obtain accurate alignment, location, grades, level and plumb work in finished structures. Provide for openings, offsets, sinkages, keyways, recesses, moldings, rustications, reglets, chamfers, blocking, screeds, bulkheads, anchorages and inserts, and other features required in work. Use selected materials to obtain required finishes. Solidly butt joints and provide backup at joints to prevent leakage of cement paste.

Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush plates or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces where slope is too steep to place concrete with bottom forms only. Kerf wood inserts for forming keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, to prevent swelling and for easy removal.

Provide temporary openings where interior area of formwork is inaccessible for cleanout, for inspection before concrete placement, and for placement of concrete. Securely brace temporary openings and set tightly to forms to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings on forms at inconspicuous locations.

Chamfer exposed corners and edges as indicated, using wood, metal, PVC or rubber chamfer strips fabricated to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.

Provisions for Other Trades: Provide openings in concrete formwork to accommodate work of other trades. Determine size and location of openings, recesses and chases from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.

Cleaning and Tightening: Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt or other debris just before concrete is placed. Retighten forms and bracing after concrete placement is required to eliminate mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

### PLACING REINFORCEMENT:

Comply with Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute's recommended practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars", for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports, and as herein specified.

Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other materials which reduce or destroy bond with concrete.

Accurately position, support and secure reinforcement against displacement by formwork, construction, or concrete placement operations. Locate and support

reinforcing by metal chairs, runners, bolsters, spacers, and hangers, as required.

Place reinforcement to obtain at least minimum coverages for concrete protection. Arrange, space and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement operations. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.

Install welded wire fabric in as long lengths as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh and lace splices with wire. Offset end laps in adjacent widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

Chuting of concrete in excess of 25' (twenty five feet) of slab perimeter is not approved. "Pumping Placement" of all concrete shall be required of all foundation work beyond 25' (twenty five feet) of perimeter.

#### JOINTS:

Construction Joints: Locate and install construction joints, which are not shown on drawings, so as not to impair strength and appearance of the structure, as acceptable to Architect.

Provide keyways at least 1 1/2" deep in construction joints in walls, slabs and between walls and footings; accepted bulkheads designed for this purpose may be used for slabs.

Place construction joints perpendicular to the main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints.

Joint sealant materials are specified in Division 7 sections of these specifications.

#### INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS:

General: Set and build into work anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to, or supported by, cast in place concrete. Use setting drawings, diagrams, instructions and directions provided by suppliers of items to be attached thereto.

Edge Forms and Screed Strips for Slabs: Set edge forms or bulkheads and intermediate screed strips for slabs to obtain required elevations and contours in finished slab surface. Provide and secure units sufficiently strong to support types of screed strips by use of strike off templates or accepted compacting type screeds.

#### PREPARATION OF FORM SURFACES:

Coat contact surfaces of forms with a form coating compound before reinforcement is placed.

Thin form coating compounds only with thinning agent of type, and in amount, and under conditions of form coating compound manufacturer's directions. Do not allow excess form coating material to accumulate in forms or to come into contact with concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed. Apply in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.

#### CONCRETE PLACEMENT:

Contractor shall notify Architect's office 48 hours prior to placement of concrete for on-

site visual inspection by Structural Engineer.

Preplacement Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcing steel, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other crafts to permit installation of their work; cooperate with other trades in setting such work. Moisten wood forms immediately before placing concrete where form coatings are not used.

Coordinate the installation of joint materials and moisture barriers with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.

General: Comply with ACI 304 and as herein specified.

Deposit concrete continuously or in layers of such thickness that no concrete will be placed on concrete which has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as herein specified. Deposit concrete as nearly as practicable to its final location to avoid segregation.

Placing Concrete in Forms: Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers not deeper than 24" and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints. Where placement consists of several layers, place each layer while preceding layer is still plastic to avoid cold joints.

Consolidate placed concrete by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding or tamping. Use equipment and procedures for consolidation of concrete in accordance with ACI recommended practices.

Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations not farther than visible effectiveness of machine. Place vibrators to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6" into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to set. At each insertion limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing segregation of mix.

Placing Concrete Slabs: Deposit and consolidate concrete slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until the placing of a panel or section is completed.

Consolidate concrete during placing operations so that concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.

Bring slab surfaces to correct level with straightedge and strikeoff. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface, free of humps or hollows. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.

Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement operations.

Cold Weather Placing: Place no concrete when temperature is less than 40 degrees F or 45 degrees F and falling.

Hot Weather Placing: When hot weather conditions exist that would seriously impair

quality and strength of concrete, place concrete in compliance with ACI 305 and as herein specified.

Cover reinforcing steel with water soaked burlap if it becomes too hot, so that steel temperature will not exceed the ambient air temperature immediately before embedment in concrete.

Wet forms thoroughly before placing concrete.

#### FINISH OF FORMED SURFACES:

Rough Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces not exposed to view in the finish work or by other construction, unless otherwise indicated. This is the concrete surface having texture imparted by form facing material used, with tie holes and defective areas repaired and patched and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4" in height rubbed down or chipped off.

Smooth Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces exposed to view, or that are to be covered with a coating material applied directly to concrete, or a covering material applied directly to concrete, such as waterproofing, dampproofing, painting or other similar system. This is as cast concrete surface obtained with selected form facing material, arranged orderly and symmetrically with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch defective areas with fins or other projections completely removed and smoothed.

Smooth Rubbed Finish: Provide smooth rubbed finish to scheduled concrete surfaces, which have received smooth form finish treatment, not later than one day after form removal.

Moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or other abrasive until a uniform color and texture is produced. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.

Related Uniformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets surfaces occurring adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.

#### MONOLITHIC SLAB FINISHES:

Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to monolithic slab surfaces that are to receive concrete floor topping or mortar setting beds for tile, portland cement terrazzo, and other bonded applied cementitious finish flooring material, and as otherwise indicated.

After placing slabs, plane surface to a tolerance not exceeding 1/2" in 10' when tested with a 10' straightedge. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required. After leveling, roughen surface before final set, with stiff brushes, brooms or rakes.

Float Finish: Apply float finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive trowel finish and other finishes as hereinafter specified, and slab surfaces which are to be covered with membrane or elastic waterproofing, membrane or elastic roofing, or sand bed terrazzo, and as otherwise indicated.

After screening, consolidating, and leveling concrete slabs, do not work surface until ready for floating. Begin floating when surface water has disappeared or when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power driven floats, or both. Consolidate

surface with power driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Check and level surface plane to a tolerance not exceeding 1/4" in 10' when tested with a 10' straight edge. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Uniformly slope surfaces to drains. Immediately after leveling, refloat surface to a uniform, smooth, granular texture.

Trowel Finish: Apply trowel finish to monolithic slab surfaces to be exposed to view, and slab surfaces to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile, paint or other thinfilm finish coating system.

After floating, begin first trowel finish operation using a power driven trowel. Begin final troweling when surface produces a ringing sound as trowel is moved over surface. Consolidate concrete surface by final hand troweling operation, free of trowel marks, uniform in texture and appearance, and with a surface plane tolerance not exceeding

1/8" in 10' when tested with a 10' straightedge. Grind smooth surface defects which would telegraph through applied floor covering system.

Non Slip Broom Finish: Apply non slip broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps and ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.

Immediately after trowel finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

Chemical Hardener Finish: Apply chemical hardener finish to interior concrete floors where indicated. Apply liquid chemical hardener after complete curing and drying of the concrete surface. Dilute liquid hardener with water, and apply in 3 coats; first coat, 1/3 strength; secondcoat, 1/2 strength; third coat, 2/3 strength. Evenly apply each coat, and allow 24 hours for drying between coats.

Apply proprietary chemical hardeners, in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.

After final coat of chemical hardener solution is applied and dried, remove surplus hardener by scrubbing and mopping with water.

Non slip Aggregate Finish: Apply non slip aggregate finish to concrete stair treads, platforms, ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.

After completion of float finishing, and before starting trowel finish, uniformly spread 25 lbs. of dampened non slip aggregate per 100 sq. ft. of surface. Tamp aggregate flush with surface using a steel trowel, but do not force below surface. After broadcasting and tamping, apply trowel finishing as herein specified.

After curing, lightly work surface with a steel wire brush, or an abrasive stone, and water to expose non slip aggregate.

#### CONCRETE CURING AND PROTECTION:

General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.

Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Weather permitting, keep continuously moist for not less than 72 hours.

Begin final curing procedures immediately following initial curing and before concrete has dried. Continue final curing for at least 7 days in accordance with ACI 301 procedures. Avoid rapid drying at end of final curing period.

Curing Methods: Perform curing of concrete by moist curing, by moisture retaining cover curing, by curing compound, and by combinations thereof, as herein specified.

Provide moisture curing by following methods.

Keep concrete surface continuously wet by covering with water.

Continuous water fog spray.

Covering concrete surface with specified absorptive cover, thoroughly saturating cover with water and keeping continuously wet. Place absorptive cover to provide coverage of concrete surfaces and edges, with 4" lap over adjacent absorptive covers.

Provide moisture cover curing as follows:

Cover concrete surfaces with moisture retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width with sides and ends lapped at least 3" and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

Provide curing compound to slab as follows:

Apply specified curing and sealing compound to concrete slabs as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within 2 hours). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas immediately after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period. Apply 2 separate coatings of spray cure. Second coat shall be applied in a pattern at 90 deg. to the first coat.

Do not use membrane curing compounds on surfaces which are to be covered with coating material applied directly to concrete, liquid floor hardener, waterproofing, dampproofing, membrane roofing, flooring, painting, and other coatings and finish materials, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

Curing Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including undersides of beams, supported slabs and other similar surfaces by moist curing with forms in place for full curing period or until forms are removed. If forms are removed, continue curing by methods specified above, as applicable.

Curing Unformed Surfaces: Cure unformed surfaces, such as slabs, floor topping, and other flat surfaces by application of appropriate curing compound. Final cure concrete surfaces to receive liquid floor hardener or finish flooring by use of moisture retaining cover, unless otherwise directed.

#### REMOVAL OF FORMS:

Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the work, may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 degrees F. (10 degrees C) for 24 hours after placing concrete, provided concrete is

sufficiently hard to not be damaged by form removal operations, and provided curing and protection operations are maintained.

Formwork supporting weight of concrete, such as beam soffits, joints, slabs and other structural elements, may not be removed in less than 14 days and until concrete has attained design minimum compressive strength at 28 days. Determine potential compressive strength of in-place concrete by testing field cured specimens representative of concrete location or members.

Form facing material may be removed 4 days after placement, only if shores and other vertical supports have been arranged to permit removal of form facing material without loosening or disturbing shores and supports.

#### RE USE OF FORMS:

Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be re used in work. Split, frayed, delaminated or otherwise damaged form facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form coating compound as specified for new formwork.

When forms are extended for successive concrete placement, thoroughly clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten forms to close joints. Align and secure joint to avoid offsets. Do not use "patched" forms for exposed concrete surfaces, except as acceptable to Architect.

#### MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS:

Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades, unless otherwise shown or directed, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place and cure concrete as herein specified, to blend with in place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling shown or required to complete work.

Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations, as shown on drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment to template at correct elevations, complying with certified diagrams or templates of manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.

#### CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS:

Patching Defective Areas: Repair and patch defective areas with cement mortar immediately after removal of forms, when acceptable to Architect.

Cut out honeycomb, rock pockets, voids over 1/4" in any dimension, and holes left by tie rods and bolts, down to solid concrete but, in no case to a depth of less than 1". Make edges of cuts perpendicular to the concrete surface. Thoroughly clean, dampen with water and brush coat the area to be patched with specified bonding agent. Place patching mortar after bonding compound has dried.

For exposed to view surfaces, blend white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match color surrounding. Provide test areas at inconspicuous location to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.

Repair of Formed Surfaces: Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to satisfaction of Architect. Surface defects, as such, include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycomb, rock pockets; fins and other projections on surface; and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Flush out form tie holes, fill with dry pack mortar, or precast cement cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.

Repair concealed formed surfaces, where possible, that contain defects that affect the durability of concrete. If defects cannot be repaired, remove and replace concrete.

Repair of Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as monolithic slabs, for smoothness and verify surface plane to tolerances specified for each surface and finish. Correct low and high areas as herein specified. Test unformed surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope, in addition to smoothness, using a template having required slope.

Repair finished unformed surfaces that contain defects which affect durability of concrete. Surface defects, as such, include crazing, cracks in excess of 0.01" wide or which penetrate to reinforcement or completely through non reinforced sections regardless of width, spalling, pop outs, honeycomb, rock pockets, and other objectionable conditions.

Correct high areas in unformed surfaces by grinding, after concrete has cured at least 14 days.

Correct low areas in unformed surfaces during, or immediately after completion of surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with fresh concrete. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete. Proprietary patching compounds may be used when acceptable to Architect.

Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes not exceeding 1" diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas to sound concrete with clean, square cuts and expose reinforcing steel with at least 3/4" clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding compound. Mix patching concrete of same materials to provide concrete of same type or class as original concrete. Place, compact and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in the same manner as adjacent concrete.

Repair isolated random cracks and single holes not over 1" in diameter by dry pack method. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean of dust, dirt and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding compound. Mix dry pack, consisting of one part portland cement to 2 1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 mesh sieve, using only enough water as required for handling and placing. Place dry pack after bonding compound has dried. Compact dry pack mixture in place and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for not less than 72 hours.

Use epoxy based mortar for structural repairs, where directed by Architect.

Repair methods not specified above may be used, subject to acceptance of Architect.

#### QUALITY CONTROL TESTING DURING CONSTRUCTION:

The Owner will employ a testing laboratory to perform other tests and to submit test reports.



Sampling and testing for quality control during placement of concrete may include the following, as directed by Architect.

Sampling Fresh Concrete: ASTM C 172, except modified for slump to comply with ASTM C 94.

Slump: ASTM C 143; the first three trucks will be tested for adequate slump, and every fifth truck thereafter. Those trucks exceeding the maximum 5" slump WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED.

Compression Test Specimen: ASTM C 31; one set of 3 standard cylinders for each compressive strength test, unless otherwise directed. Mold and store cylinders for laboratory cured test specimens except when field cure test specimens are required. All making and handling of test specimens shall be by Laboratory personnel.

Compressive Strength Tests: ASTM C 39; one set for each 50 cu. yds. or fraction thereof, of each concrete class placed in any one day for each 5,000 sq. ft. of surface area placed: 1 specimen tested at 7 days, 1 specimens tested at 28 days, and one specimen retained in reserve for later testing if required.

Strength level of concrete will be considered satisfactory if averages of sets of three consecutive strength test results equal or exceed specified compressive strength, and no individual strength test result falls below specified compressive by more than 500 psi.

Test results will be reported in writing to Architect and Contractor on same day that tests are made. Reports of compressive strength tests shall contain the project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing service, concrete type and class, location of concrete batch in structure, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mix proportions and materials; compressive breaking strength and type of break for both 7 day tests and 28 day tests.

Additional Tests: The testing service will make additional tests of in place concrete when test results indicate specified concrete strengths and other characteristics have not been attained in the structure, as directed by Architect. Testing service may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42, or by other methods as directed. Contractor shall pay for such tests conducted, and any other additional testing as may be required, when unacceptable concrete is verified.

END OF SECTION 03010

## SECTION 03100 – CONCRETE FORMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Formwork for cast-in-place concrete including shoring, bracing and anchorage.
- B. Openings for other Work.
- C. Release agents and other related form accessories.
- D. Form stripping.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTION

- A. Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement
- B. Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
  - 1. 347, Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Concealed: For Work required under this Section, the term "concealed" will mean "not exposed to view in finished construction."
- B. Exposed: For Work required under this Section, the term "exposed" will mean "exposed to view in finished construction."

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Grading Rules. Rules of the following associations apply to materials furnished under this Section:
  - 1. Southern Pine Inspection Bureau (SPIB).
  - 2. Western Wood Products Association (WWPA).
- B. Tolerances: Follow ACI 301 (Table 4.3.1).

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Store off ground in ventilated and protected manner to prevent deterioration from moisture.

## 1.7 DESIGN CRITERIA

- A. Design, engineering, fabrication, erection, maintenance and removal of formwork shall be responsibility of Contractor.
- B. Construct forms following ACI 318, ACI 347, OSHA, state and local requirements.
- C. Provide forms with sufficient strength to withstand pressures resulting from concrete placement and vibration.
- D. Responsibility for properly bracing and shoring to support subsequent construction loads rests solely with Contractor.
- E. Responsibility for removal of forms at any time before concrete has obtained certified specified design strength rests solely with Contractor.
- F. The Engineer's efforts are aimed at designing a project which will be safe after full completion. The Engineer has no expertise in, and takes no responsibility for, construction means and methods or job Site safety during construction which are exclusively Contractor's responsibility. Processing and/or approving submittals made by Contractor which may contain information related to construction methods or safety issues, or participation in meetings where such issues might be discussed must not be construed as voluntary assumption by Engineer of any responsibility for safety procedures.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS / PRODUCTS

- A. Use forms specified in the general notes of the structural drawings. Provide in largest practical sizes to minimize number of required joints.

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Wood Form Materials:
  - 1. Reference general structural notes in sheet S1.1 for wood grade requirements.
- B. Preformed Steel Forms: Minimum 16 gauge (0.06"/1.5mm) matched, tight fitting, stiffened to support weight of concrete without deflection detrimental to tolerances and appearance of finished surfaces.
- C. Form Release Agent: Colorless chemical form coating or mineral oil which will not stain concrete or absorb moisture.
- D. Form Ties: Standard coil or snap galvanized adjustable ties with 3/4" diameter plastic cones on exposed surfaces. Provide manufacturer's recessed plugs of gray plastic or concrete to seal tie holes.
- E. Nails, Spikes, Lag Bolts, Through Bolts and Anchorages: Sizes required; of sufficient strength and character to maintain formwork in place while placing concrete.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify lines, levels and centers before proceeding with formwork.

- B. Verify that dimensions agree with drawings.

### 3.2 ERECTION / INSTALLATION / APPLICATION

- A. Follow ACI 301 and 347.
- B. Provide forms as follows:
  - 1. Concealed Surfaces: Rough or board form finish left by clean, straight formed lumber.
  - 2. Exposed Surfaces (Typical): Hardboard or plywood lined concrete forms.
- C. Provide bracing to ensure stability of formwork. Shore or strengthen formwork subject to over-stressing by construction loads.
- D. Arrange and assemble formwork to permit dismantling and stripping. Do not damage concrete during stripping.
- E. Align joints and make watertight. Keep form joints to minimum.
- F. Obtain approval before framing openings in structural members which are not shown.
- G. Provide 1" chamfer strips in exposed exterior corners of beams, girders, columns, walls or foundation forms, around tops of all foundation slabs and elsewhere shown.
- H. Provide temporary ports or openings in formwork required for cleaning out debris, adjusting reinforcing steel and to facilitate inspection.
- I. Coordinate with Work of other Sections which require attachment of components to formwork.
- J. Coat forms with non-staining form release agent. No other coating will be permitted unless specifically approved by Architect.
- K. Inserts, Embedded Parts and Openings:
  - 1. Provide formed openings required for items to be embedded in or passing through concrete Work.
  - 2. Locate and set in place items which will be cast directly into concrete.
  - 3. Coordinate with Work of other Sections in forming and placing openings, slots, reglets, recesses, sleeves, bolts, anchors, collars, thimbles, ties, sockets, nailing blocks, other inserts and components of other Work.
  - 4. Obtain required setting information before proceeding.
- L. Install accessories following manufacturer's instructions, straight, level and plumb. Ensure items are not disturbed during concrete placement.
- M. Form Removal:
  - 1. Do not remove forms or bracing until concrete has gained sufficient strength to carry its own weight and imposed loads.
  - 2. Loosen forms carefully. Do not wedge pry bars, hammers or tools against exposed concrete surfaces.
  - 3. Store removed forms in manner that surfaces to be in contact with fresh concrete will not be damaged. Discard damaged forms.
- N. Do not construct any masonry walls on concrete floors or walls until concrete has attained its design strength and forms and shoring have been removed.
- O. Terminate embedded form ties 1-1/2" from formed face of concrete. Construct ties so that ends and fasteners can be removed without causing spalling of face of concrete.

- P. Repair form tie holes as follows:
1. Below Grade Surfaces: Fill tie holes with waterproof bituminous mastic to prevent water infiltration.
  2. Above Grade Surfaces - Concealed: Fill tie holes with compatible materials flush with adjacent concrete.
  3. Above Grade Surfaces - Exposed: Fill tie holes with compatible materials flush with adjacent concrete. Repairs shall blend in inconspicuously with surrounding surfaces. Follow Section 03 30 00.
- Q. Finishes. Follow ACI 301 unless specifically shown otherwise.

### 3.3 TOLERANCES

- A. Formwork: Follow ACI 301.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect erected formwork, shoring and bracing to ensure that Work follows formwork design and that supports, fastenings, wedges, ties and items are secure.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Clean forms as erection proceeds to remove foreign matter within forms.
- B. Clean formed cavities of debris prior to placing concrete.
- C. Flush with water or use compressed air to remove remaining foreign matter. Ensure that water and debris drain to exterior through clean-out ports.

END OF SECTION 03100

## SECTION 03200 – CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Reinforcing steel, welded wire fabric, tie wires and other related accessories.
- B. Work includes reinforcing for interior and exterior cast-in-place concrete.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 03300 - Cast-In-Place Concrete

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
  - 1. 301, Structural Concrete.
  - 2. 315, Manual of Standard Practice for Detailing Reinforced Concrete Structures.
  - 3. 318, Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - 1. A82, Cold Drawn Steel Wire for Concrete Reinforcement.
  - 2. A185, Welded Steel Wire Fabric for Concrete Reinforcement.
  - 3. A615, Deformed and Plain Billet Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement (including supplementary requirements)
- C. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute (CRSI):
  - 1. Manual of Practice.
  - 2. 63, Recommended Practice For Placing Reinforcing Bars.
  - 3. 65, Recommended Practice for Placing Bar Supports, Specifications and Nomenclature.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit:
  - 1. Shop drawings. Provide electronic (PDF) copies of each drawing.
    - a. Show reinforcing steel and wire fabric sizes, spacings, locations and quantities, bending and cutting schedules and supporting and spacing devices.
    - b. Indicate visual method of identification of bar strengths following ASTM standard for steel type used.
  - 2. Certified copies of mill test reports of reinforcement materials analysis (upon request).
- B. Provide submittals within 30 days after Contract date.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain 1 copy of each referenced document at Site.
- B. Fabrication and Placement Tolerances: Follow ACI 301.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver to Site free of rust and scale, clearly marked as to bar strength.
- B. Store reinforcing materials on pallets or other materials off ground. Avoid surface contamination before placement and prevent bending or warping.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Reinforcing Steel: ASTM A615, Grade 60 (60,000 psi yield strength) billet steel bars; unfinished. Provide in sizes shown on plans provide deformed bars typically and plain bars where dowels are shown.
- B. Stirrup Steel: #3 reinforcing bars may by ASTM A615 Grade 40.
- C. Welded Wire Fabric (WWF): ASTM A185, plain type; unfinished. Provide in sheet form not in rolls. Provide as sized if shown or as follows if not shown:
  - 1. Provide 1 layer of 6 x 6-W2.9 x W2.9 in sidewalk and toppings 4" or less in thickness.

### 2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Tie Wire: Minimum 16 gauge (0.06") annealed type.
- B. Chairs, Bolsters, Bar Supports and Spacers: Sized and shaped for strength and support of reinforcement during concrete placement conditions.
- C. Special Chairs, Bolsters, Bar Supports and Spacers Adjacent to Weather Exposed Concrete Surfaces: Stainless steel type; sizes and shapes required.

### 2.3 FABRICATION

- A. Fabrication: Follow CRSI Manual of Practice.
- B. Locate reinforcing splices not shown at points of minimum stress.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Foundations and Footings:

1. Clean excavations of loose debris and earth. Cut sides of excavations square and remove loose material.
  2. Pump out standing water from excavations before placing reinforcement. Remove and replace mud or frozen soil with lean concrete.
- B. Clean reinforcement completely before concrete placing. Reinforcement shall be free from loose, flaky rust, mud, oil or other coatings that would destroy or reduce bond with concrete at time concrete is placed. Reinspect reinforcement and clean off any dried cement, mortar or dirt when placement is delayed.
- C. Obtain Owner's Engineer's approval of reinforcement installations prior to placement of any concrete.

### 3.2 ERECTION / INSTALLATION / APPLICATION

- A. Position reinforcement following ACI 301, ACI 315 and drawn details.
- B. Provide reinforcing steel in concrete footings, foundation walls, thickened slabs, retaining walls and elsewhere shown.
- C. Provide corner reinforcing steel in footings at corners and at intersections of walls unless shown otherwise:
1. Bar size and spacing shall match wall or footing reinforcing.
  2. Return bars minimum of 36 diameters on each end.
  3. WELDING OF REINFORCING IS NOT PERMITTED.
- D. Provide the following minimum concrete cover requirements for reinforcing steel unless shown otherwise:
1. Concrete Cast Against and Permanently Exposed to Earth: 3".
  2. Concrete Exposed to Earth or Weather:
    - a. #5 Bars and Smaller: 1-1/2".
    - b. Others: 2".
- E. Provide minimum splice requirements for reinforcing steel shown or required by ACI 318. Stagger splices so that no more than 1/2 of horizontal reinforcing steel is spliced at any given cross section.
- F. Provide a bond breaker such as plastic sleeves at all dowel bars occurring at control and expansion joints.
- G. Place, support and secure reinforcement against displacement. Do not deviate from required position.
1. Provide bolsters and chairs required to maintain reinforcing steel at proper elevation in slab.
- H. Lap welded wire fabric minimum 6" or 1 full mesh on sides and 1 foot or 2 full meshes on ends and extend to within 2" of slab edges. Chair support welded wire fabric so that welded wire fabric is in upper half of slab while placing slabs on grade unless specifically shown otherwise.
- I. Carry welded wire fabric and reinforcing steel through control (contraction) joints but not through construction and expansion joints unless shown otherwise.
1. Grease dowels thoroughly and paper wrap to allow for horizontal movement at expansion joints.
  2. Cut alternate wires of welded wire fabric at control joints.
- J. Take care to avoid disturbing reinforcement and vapor retarder during placing of concrete. Remove and reinstall disturbed or improperly installed reinforcement when discovered or instructed by Owner's Engineer before continuing concrete placement.
- K. Accommodate placement of formed openings.

END OF SECTION 03200



## SECTION 03300 – CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Interior and exterior plain and reinforced site-placed concrete, vapor retarders, expansion joints, curing compounds and other related accessories.

#### 1.2 PRODUCTS INSTALLED BUT NOT FURNISHED UNDER THIS SECTION

- A. Masonry Wall Dowels.

#### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 03200 - Concrete Reinforcement
- B. Section 04220 – Concrete Masonry Units

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. American Concrete Institute (ACI):

1. 301, Structural Concrete.
2. 302, Guide for Concrete Floor and Slab Construction.
3. 304, Measuring, Mixing, Transporting and Placing Concrete.
4. 305R, Hot Weather Concreting.
5. 308, Curing Concrete.
6. 309, Recommended Practice for Consolidation of Concrete.
7. 318, Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete.

- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

1. C31, Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field.
2. C33, Concrete Aggregates.
3. C39, Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens.
4. C94, Ready Mixed Concrete.
5. C143, Test Method for Slump of Portland Cement Concrete.
6. C150, Portland Cement.
7. C171, Sheet Materials for Curing Concrete.
8. C172, Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete.
9. C231, Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method.
10. C260, Air Entraining Admixtures for Concrete.
11. C309, Liquid Membrane - Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete.
12. C494, Chemical Admixtures for Concrete.
13. C618, Fly Ash and Raw or Calcinated Natural Pozzolan for Use as a Mineral Admixture in Portland Cement Concrete.

#### 1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. Concealed: For Work required under this Section, the term "concealed" will mean "not exposed to view in finished construction."

- B. Exposed: For Work required under this Section, the term "exposed" will mean "exposed to view in finished construction."

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit: Provide electronic (PDF) copies of all required submittal information.
  - 1. Concrete mix designs. Follow ACI 301. Submit a mix design for each class of concrete required within 30 days after Contract date and prior to placing any concrete.
  - 2. Product data including installation requirements for curing/sealer compounds, mineral and chemical admixtures and joint devices.
  - 3. Concrete delivery tickets.
    - a. Submit to Owner's Engineer at Site.
    - b. Follow ASTM C94. Also include:
      - 1) Batch number.
      - 2) Mix by class of concrete and bag content with maximum aggregate size used
      - 3) Air content.
      - 4) Quantities and types of admixtures.
      - 5) Slump.
      - 6) Time of loading.
    - c. Delivery tickets not showing time of loading will be grounds for rejection of load.
  - 4. Testing laboratory reports.
    - a. Submit directly to Owner's Engineer, Contractor and ready-mix supplier.
  - 5. Certification or test results indicating compliance of material or source of material with these specifications (upon request).

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Maintain 1 copy of each referenced document at Site.
- B. Acquire cement and aggregate from same source for all Work.
- C. Tolerances: Place and finish cast-in-place concrete within tolerance limits specified in ACI 301 and as follows:
  - 1. Formed Surfaces: Follow ACI 301 (Table 4.3.1.)
- D. Acceptance of Work: Presence or evidence of nonconforming Work shall be sufficient cause for Owner's Engineer to require entire section of concrete affected be torn out and rebuilt properly at Contractor's expense.
  - 1. Such unacceptable Work includes:
    - a. Horizontal or vertical misalignment.
    - b. Cracking.
    - c. Honeycombing.
    - d. Spalling.
    - e. Embedded debris.

2. If by tests or on-site observation, Owner's Engineer determines that any of Contract requirements have not been fully met in completion of this Work, he may require additional testing or retesting to determine composition, soundness and actual structural capacity of any concrete.
3. Costs for such testing shall be paid by Contractor if such tests subsequently establish that Work is unacceptable and by Owner if Work is found to be acceptable.
4. Remove and replace all unacceptable Work including related Work which was acceptable but which must be disturbed as a result of replacement if such tests establish that Work is unacceptable with regard to compliance with these specifications.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Concrete Delivery: Follow ACI 304 and ASTM C94.
- B. Deliver packaged materials in manufacturer's unopened, labeled containers.
- C. Store materials to provide protection from weather and damage.
- D. Deliver concrete in agitating or revolving type equipment. DO NOT USE NON-AGITATING EQUIPMENT.
- E. Discharge concrete at Site within 1-1/2 hours or 300 revolutions, whichever comes first, after water has been added to cement and aggregates or cement batches with aggregates unless a longer time is specifically authorized by Owner's Engineer.
- F. Owner's Engineer may require a reduction in this elapsed time during hot weather, when high early strength cement is being used or under other conditions contributing to quick stiffening of concrete.

#### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Coordinate Work of other trades who will furnish and install items of Work (sleeves, piping, conduit, inserts, etc.) to be cast in concrete. Place no concrete until such items are in place.
- B. Place concrete at ambient temperatures between 50°F and 95°F.
- C. Follow instructions for special procedures at end of this Section should it be necessary to place concrete in colder or hotter weather.
- D. Protect freshly placed concrete from rainfall, water leaks, falling objects, traffic of any kind and other hazards to surfaces. Provide barricades and lights if necessary.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement:
  1. ASTM C150 Type II (Moderate).
  2. Cement shall be free of false set when tested following ASTM C451.
  3. Use same brand, type and source throughout.
- B. Aggregates:
  1. Fine Aggregate: ASTM C33; natural or manufactured sand, clean, hard and durable, uncoated grains, free from deleterious matter. Average fineness modulus shall be between 2.5 and 3.0.
  2. Coarse Aggregate: ACI 301 and ASTM C33.

- a. Interior and Concealed Exterior Applications: Crushed gravel or stone, durable uncoated particles free from deleterious matter.
- b. Exposed Exterior Applications: Crushed dolomite, granite or limestone.
- c. Grading: ASTM C33 No. 57. Exception: Use grade size No. 8 masonry core fill.

C. Admixtures:

1. Mineral Admixtures:

- a. Fly Ash: ASTM C618 Class C or Class F; maximum 25% fly ash may be used as a cement substitute; maximum 6% loss on ignition.
- b. Fly ash source must be approved by Owner's Engineer. Preapproved sources are:
  - 1) Class C: Boral Manufacturing

2. Chemical Admixtures:

- a. Air Entraining Admixtures: ASTM C260.
- b. Water Reducing Admixtures: ASTM C494 Type A (Water Reducing).
  - 1) Type E (Water Reducing and Accelerating) may be used during cold weather and Type D (Water Reducing and Retarding) during hot weather with Engineer's prior approval.
  - 2) Type F (Water Reducing - High Range) or Type G (Water Reducing High Range and Retarding) admixtures (superplasticizers) may be used with Engineer's prior approval.
- c. Calcium chloride, thiocyanates, corrosive admixtures or admixtures containing more than 0.05% chloride ions (total) are not permitted.

3. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER ADMIXTURES WITHOUT AEPSC'S PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL.

- D. Water: Potable; free from objectionable quantities of foreign materials harmful to concrete such as silt, organic matter, acids, alkali, salt and other deleterious substances.
- E. Vapor Retarders: Clear or black fungus resistant polyethylene or fabric reinforced plastic film recommended for below grade application; 10 mil thick. The vapor retarder should be installed according to ASTM E1643, "Standard Practice for Installation of Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Earth or Granular Fill Under Concrete Slabs."
- F. Expansion Joint Filler Strips: ASTM D1751 non-extruding and resilient type, asphalt impregnated fiberboard or felt or ASTM D1752 closed cell foam with resiliency recovery of 95% if not compressed more than 50% of original thickness; 3/8" thick for interior and 1/2" thick for exterior unless shown otherwise.
- G. Liquid Curing/Sealer Compound (Typical): ASTM C309 Type 1; approved by Asphalt and Vinyl Composition Tile Institute; 30% minimum solids content.
- H. Sheet Curing Membranes: ASTM C171; absorptive mats, waterproof paper or polyethylene film.

2.2 CONCRETE MIXES

A. General Requirements:

- 1. Concrete Mixing: Follow ASTM C94. BATCH MIXING OF CONCRETE ON SITE IS NOT PERMITTED EXCEPT FOR MISCELLANEOUS MIXES.
- 2. Mixing Procedures: Follow ACI 301.
- 3. Handling and Weighing: Follow ACI 304.

4. Measure water, air entraining admixtures and water reducing admixtures by weight or volume. Measure all other materials by weight.
5. Provide admixtures for entrainment in concrete Work subject to vehicle abrasion or freeze - thaw cycles either during construction or afterwards. AIR ENTRAINED CEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.
6. Provide water reducing admixtures in all Classes of concrete Work.
7. No dry-packaged mixtures are allowed.
8. Provide fly ash as supplementary cementitious material in concrete Work. Fly ash content shall not exceed 25% of the cementitious material weight within a concrete batch.
9. Exposed concrete is to meet requirements for potentially destructive exposure.
10. Admixtures are to be added at batch plant.
11. Do not add water to mix on job unless previously approved by Owner's Engineer. Note amount of water added on delivery ticket.
12. Nominal maximum allowable slump of concrete (except for controlled density fill) is 4".
13. Follow Exhibit 03 30 00 for water/cementitious ratio of concrete.
14. Provide minimum 3 day compressive strength of 1800 psi for concrete used for floors.

B. Concrete Properties and Proportions:

1. Provide concrete meeting the following properties and performance specifications

a. Cast-In-Place Concrete (Class 1)

F'c	3,000 psi (28-day compressive strength) at all locations, except at Pool Facility Building foundation shall be 4,000 psi (28-day compressive strength)
Portland Cement	ASTM C 150 Type II
Fly Ash	ASTM C 618 Class C (Maximum of 25% of cementitious material)
Water/Cementitious Material Ratio	0.60 Maximum
Slump	5" (+/- 1") measured from the discharge of the truck, for all concrete unless noted otherwise
Coarse Aggregate	1" maximum with gradation requirements prescribed in Table 2 of ASTM C33 Size No. 57
Air Entrainment	Air entrainment shall not be used for concrete with exposed steel troweled surfaces
Total Air Content	3% Maximum (by volume)
Concrete Temperature	95°F Maximum

b. Masonry Grout Fill (Class 2)

F'c	3,000 psi (28-day compressive strength)
Portland Cement	ASTM C 150 Type II
Fly Ash	ASTM C 618 Class C (Maximum of 25% of cementitious material)
Slump	8" to 11" measured from the discharge of the truck
Coarse Aggregate	3/8" maximum with gradation requirements prescribed in Table 2 of ASTM C33 Size No. 8

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine Site conditions and excavations for earth forms to verify that they are neatly and accurately cut and correctly located.
- B. Examine formwork to verify that it is sound and correctly located, that conditions are proper for concrete installation and that excavations are sufficient to permit placement, inspection and removal of forms.
- C. Examine reinforcement to verify requirements for concrete cover.
- D. Examine areas of Work to be cast to determine that substrates are properly installed, required reinforcement, inserts and embedded items are in place and that correct finish top of cast elevations can be obtained.

1. Verify that conduit and piping is installed below slab. NO UTILITIES ARE TO BE BUILT INTO SLAB OR TOPPING.
  2. Verify depths of depressed conditions are correct for specified delayed finishes. Slabs to receive finishes over 1/8" in thickness shall be depressed as required to allow for alignment with adjacent finish materials.
  3. Verify base and sub-base slope correctly at floor drains. Slab thickness shall be maintained in sloped areas.
- E. Do not start Work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Ensure availability of sufficient labor, equipment and materials to place concrete correctly following Project requirements and scheduled casting.
- B. Notify Owner's Engineer at least 48 hours in advance of placing any concrete. Place concrete only when Owner's Engineer is present unless this requirement is specifically waived. Excavations must be inspected and approved by soils engineer.
- C. Place no concrete before embedded items are in place and before forms, reinforcing and affected Work of other trades have been examined.
  1. Coordinate placement of joint devices with erection of formwork and placement of form accessories.
- D. Drill holes in previously poured concrete, insert steel dowels and pack solid with non-shrink grout in locations where new concrete is dowelled to existing Work including at bases and pads.
- E. Immediately Before Placing Concrete:
  1. Clean debris from forms, decks, base slabs, bottoms of forms, etc. to receive concrete.
  2. Thoroughly wet base of slabs poured directly on earth, sand, stone, concrete or gravel.
  3. Verify sizes and locations of openings required.
  4. Secure approval of conditions from Owner's Engineer. Allow a minimum of 1 hour for Owner's Engineer's inspection after installation of reinforcing and before placing concrete.

### 3.3 ERECTION / INSTALLATION /APPLICATION

- A. Follow ACI 301.
- B. Place concrete only when Owner's Engineer is present unless this requirement is specifically waived by Owner's Engineer upon notice of scheduled pour.
- C. Notify Owner's Engineer not less than 48 hours (excluding holidays and weekends) in advance of placing concrete.
- D. Provide concrete of following various classes unless shown otherwise.
  1. Class 1: Cast-In-Place Concrete
  2. Class 2: Masonry Grout Fill
- E. Provide uniform slope at rate shown on structural foundation plans. Exterior walkways shall slope as indicated on Architectural plans.
- F. Install vapor retarder under interior and exterior slabs, walks, bases and pads on grade.

1. Lay film directly on slab base just before setting reinforcing and pouring concrete slabs. Provide widest widths practical and oriented to obtain least lineal footage of joint.
  2. Lap and seal joints. Lap film a minimum of 6" at joints with top lap placed in direction of spreading of concrete. Seal joints watertight by taping or applying sealant at overlapping edges and ends.
  3. Carry film up walls, columns, etc. and secure in place with cement or tape. Fold and cement corners or otherwise make vaporproof.
  4. Provide sealed contact with piping and other penetrating items. Cut film carefully around opening for pipes, ducts, conduit, wiring, etc. Tape film to insure maximum barrier effectiveness.
  5. Exercise care so that film is not punctured. Seal joints, cuts, punctures, etc. with tape, cement or hot iron.
  6. Trim exposed film at floor line after concrete has cured and hardened.
  7. Repair vapor retarder damaged during placement of concrete reinforcing.
- G. Provide sufficient workmen to allow for placement of concrete and other operations within time limits required in Article 1.07 herein.
- H. Keep delivery carts and buggies on runways. Do not allow them to bear on reinforcing or uncured concrete.
- I. Deposit concrete within 6 feet of its final location to avoid segregation due to rehandling or flowing. Do not drop concrete freely where reinforcing will cause segregation. Chuting procedure is subject to approval of Owner's Engineer. Maximum allowable drop is 5 feet. SPREADING WITH VIBRATORS IS PROHIBITED.
- J. Place concrete quickly and vibrate thoroughly with a vibratory screed or other device approved by Owner's Engineer. Maintain specified position of mesh and reinforcement. Follow ACI 309 for use and type of vibrators.
- K. Deposit concrete continuously, or when continuous placement is not possible, provide construction joints at locations approved by Owner's Engineer.
- L. Do not deposit partially set concrete, retempered concrete or any concrete failing slump or air content tests.
- M. Consolidate concrete by internal vibration to maximum practical density so that it is free from pockets of coarse aggregate and trapped air, fits tightly against subgrades, forms and embedded items and leaves smooth, dense surfaces.
- N. Operate vibrators using experienced workers and where possible use same operators throughout Project. DO NOT USE VIBRATORS AGAINST FORMS OR REINFORCEMENT.
- O. Finishes: Follow ACI 301 (Chapter 11). Perform finishing using only experienced, skilled workers.
1. Flatwork:
    - a. Slab finish shall be as noted on structural foundation plans. Reference structural general notes for flatness requirements pertaining to surface finish.
    - b. Detectable Warning Finish: For exterior handicapped curb cuts (ramp only not on flared sides), textured or imprinted concrete using rollers or aluminum tools to produce 0.9" diameter x 0.2" high (nominal) truncated domes at 2.35" on center following requirements of Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA).
  2. Vertical and Miscellaneous Work:
    - a. Exposed Surfaces: Smooth, Do Not Rub Cement Paste on Exposed Concrete Surfaces.
    - b. Concealed Surfaces: Rough form finish.
- P. Control (Contraction) Joints:
1. General Requirements:

- a. Provide joints in walks, pads, slabs and toppings shown or specified.
- b. Make joints approximately 1/8" wide and minimum depth of 1/4 slab thickness.
- c. Locate as shown or as follows if not shown. Verify final locations with Owner's Engineer before proceeding.

2. Interior Locations:

- a. Provide sawed control joints where shown or at maximum 20 feet on center in each direction in slabs and toppings if not shown.
- b. Install sawed joints immediately after final finishing to depth of 1/4 slab thickness with Soff-Cut saw.
- c. Saw control joints 1/8" wide unless otherwise approved. A construction joint may be located where sawed joint is required.

Q. Curing and Protection: Follow ACI 308.

- 1. Prevent excessive moisture loss from formed surfaces. Cure formed surfaces by moist-curing or application of curing compound for remainder of curing period if forms are removed before 7 days have elapsed.
- 2. Provide 1 application of liquid curing/sealer compound immediately after finishing of concrete on interior and exterior concrete slabs.
  - a. Exception #1: Floors scheduled to receive ceramic tile and quarry tile shall be sheet membrane/water (moist) cured for minimum of 10 days.
    - 1) Begin water curing as soon as concrete has hardened sufficiently to prevent damage from water or cover material.
    - 2) Water curing shall consist of ponding or with sprinkling, spraying or covering with wet burlap, sand or waterproof barrier such as polyethylene or building paper.
    - 3) Maintain 100% coverage continuously over water cured slabs for minimum of 4 days for ponding and for 7 days for spraying and membrane curing.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Test and inspect materials and operations as Work progresses. Failure to detect defective Work shall not prevent rejection when defect is discovered nor shall it obligate Owner for final acceptance.
- B. Costs for any retesting resulting from Work found to be in non-compliance shall be paid for by Contractor.
- C. Strength: ASTM C31, C39 and C172.
  - 1. Conduct strength tests of all classes of concrete (except miscellaneous mixes).
  - 2. Secure composite samples following ASTM C172. For strength tests, a sample shall be obtained from same batch of concrete on a representative, random basis. A sample consists of six specimens.
  - 3. Mold and cure each sample following ASTM C31.
  - 4. Test 1 specimen at 7 days, test 2 specimens at 28 days and 1 specimen at 56 days following ASTM C39. Results shall be average of strengths of 2 specimens, except that if 1 specimen in a test manifests evidence of improper sampling, molding or testing, it shall be discarded.
  - 5. Record exact location of Work represented by each sample on test reports.
  - 6. Provide a sample for each amount or fraction thereof of each class of concrete placed each day as follows:
    - a. 0-100 Cubic Yards: 1 Sampling of 4 Cylinders.
- D. Air Content: ASTM C231.
- E. Slump: ASTM C143.



### 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Provide materials, methods and finishes for cleaning, patching and other repairs consistent with similar concrete Work in place, approved by Owner's Engineer before beginning repair Work and performed at Contractor's expense.
- B. Repair any slabs which do not meet finish requirements performing all grinding, filling of cracks or patching and leveling procedures as required. Replace slabs which cannot be successfully repaired.
- C. Point carefully around piping, conduit and other penetrations on both interior and exterior surfaces.
- D. Obtain Owner's Engineer prior approval of any corrective measures for slabs which are dusting or showing other signs of improper curing. These may include additional applications of sealer or hardener, grinding or covering with coating or topping.
- E. Remove from interior and exterior exposed surfaces any stain-producing elements such as pyrites, nails, wire, reinforcing steel and form ties immediately prior to final acceptance.
- F. Remove stains completely. Use of weak acids or patented cleaners is acceptable but surface is to be completely neutralized after use.
- G. Blend in surfaces of exposed repairs inconspicuously with surrounding surfaces.

### 3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect newly placed concrete from weather and construction traffic damage.

### 3.7 SPECIAL PROCEDURES

- A. It is Project intent to continue concrete Work required to keep Project on schedule throughout summer and winter.
- B. Hot Weather Concreting:
  - 1. Follow ACI 305R.
  - 2. Obtain approval to use a retarder in concrete.
  - 3. Temperature of concrete shall not exceed 95°F.
  - 4. Cool water and aggregate to lower temperature of concrete.
  - 5. Cool subgrade and forms by sprinkling with water immediately before placing.
  - 6. Schedule trucks to reduce waiting time at Site.
  - 7. Cure immediately after finishing.
- C. Replace any concrete injured or destroyed by reason of freezing, hot or cold weather at Contractor's own expense including cost of replacing any Work embedded in concrete.

END OF SECTION 03300

## SECTION 04220 – CONCRETE MASONRY UNITS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Concrete masonry units, lintels, mortar and other related accessories.

#### 1.2 PRODUCTS INSTALLED BUT NOT FURNISHED UNDER THIS SECTION

- A. Reinforcing steel.
- B. Masonry accessories.

#### 1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 03200 – Concrete Reinforcement
- B. Section 03300 – Cast-In-Place Concrete

#### 1.4 REFERENCES

- A. American Concrete Institute (ACI):
  - 1. 530, Building Code Requirements for Masonry Structures.
  - 2. 530.1, Specifications for Masonry Structures.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - 1. C33, Concrete Aggregates.
  - 2. C90, Load-Bearing Concrete Masonry Units.
  - 3. C140, Methods of Testing Concrete Masonry Units.
  - 4. C150, Portland Cement.
  - 5. C331, Lightweight Aggregates for Concrete Masonry Units.
  - 6. C618, Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use as a Mineral Admixture in Portland Cement Concrete.
- C. Portland Cement Association (PCA): Recommended Practices For Laying Concrete Block.

#### 1.5 DEFINITIONS

- A. Concealed: For Work required under this Section, the term "concealed" will mean "not exposed to view in finished construction."
- B. Exposed: For Work required under this Section, the term "exposed" will mean "exposed to view in finished construction."

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit: Provide electronic (PDF) copies of all required submittal information.

1. Provide independent test reports following ASTM C140 for sampling and testing of CMU. Test reports shall be dated within six months of start of project. Test reports shall include net area compressive strength, absorption and density results, average width, height and length of each unit, minimum face shell thickness, average face shell thickness, minimum web thickness, average web thickness, and all other test reporting requirements as noted in ASTM C140.
2. Color samples for precolored units.
3. Masonry unit assembly components such as horizontal wire reinforcement, control joint material and masonry veneer ties.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Follow ACI 530 and 530.1.
- B. Maintain 1 copy of each referenced document at Site.
- C. Manufacturer: Current NCMA member.
- D. Provide units from single manufacturing source to ensure uniform texture for continuous and visually related areas.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver to Site only units properly cured and following these specifications.
- B. Protect masonry units from damage and against moisture and weather, particularly against freezing and thawing. Maintain hollow concrete masonry units in their initial dry state until after they are laid up in wall.
- C. Stack masonry units in dry place, off ground on prepared plank platform and in manner to promote circulation of air through and around block. Protect stacked block by shed roof or tarpaulin arranged to allow for circulation of air around and above stacked block.
- D. Carefully handle masonry units. Do not build units into Work with chipped edges, spalls or other damage to their appearance which would show in finished wall.
- E. Do not store adjacent to materials which can cause staining or discoloration.

#### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Do not erect masonry when, in Owner's Engineer's opinion, atmospheric conditions or limited facilities prevent proper setting, bonding and curing.
- B. Protect tops of masonry walls against weather. Use strong, non-staining waterproof membrane secured with metal masonry wall clamps or properly weighted down. Maintain this protection during construction of walls and after their completion, properly anchored, repaired and replaced until tops of walls are covered by Work of others.
- C. Leave necessary openings for passage of pipes, drains, ducts, wires and utility lines. Form chases shown, required or directed. Return and solidly close all openings at completion of Work of other trades. Remove rubbish and sweep out area before closing up any pipe chase, duct space or similar limited access or inaccessible area.
- D. Coordinate with other trades and make provisions that will permit installation of their Work in manner to avoid cutting and patching. Build in items furnished by other trades as Work progresses.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150 Type 1.
- B. Lime: ASTM C207 Type S.
- C. Pozzolans: ASTM C618.
- D. Aggregates: ASTM D33 normal weight or ASTM C331 lightweight. Provide either normal, medium or light weight units unless shown otherwise.
- E. Mortar: Type S, following ASTM C270 Unit Proportion Requirements using preblended masonry cement.
- F. Integral Water Repellent: ASTM E514 Class E.
  - 1. Approved Product: Grace Construction Products' "Dry-Block" admixture.
- G. Integral Color: Integral color pigment mixed with cement and aggregates during fabrication to match local licensee's color selection(s).

### 2.2 CONCRETE BLOCK

- A. Hollow Units: ASTM C90 Type I; 1900 psi minimum compressive strength (net).

### 2.3 FABRICATION:

- A. Follow ACI and NCMA.
- B. Provide the following finishes and colors:
  - 1. Exterior Concrete Block: Manufacturer's regular (smooth) molded finish and precolored during fabrication.
- C. Provide integral water repellent in all exterior concrete block and exterior split face block units.
- D. Provide concrete masonry units with modular dimension; standard units 7-5/8" high, 1'-3-5/8" long and 3/8" less nominal widths or thicknesses shown or required, with permissible variation of 1/16".
- E. Provide special units for 90° corners, bond beams, bullnosed corners, control joint fillers, etc. shown or required.
- F. Cure units minimum 14 days in presence of moist air following ASTM C426.
  - 1. Provide block properly cured to 30% of maximum absorption. Questionable block will be tested and shipment rejected if average moisture content is found to exceed specification limits.
  - 2. Do not build in block with moisture content exceeding specification requirements into Work. Dry block containing excess moisture to acceptable maximum either by further air drying or use of heat before being used.
  - 3. No extension of time for completion will be allowed due to delay cause by failure of Contractor to maintain stored block at acceptable moisture content.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field conditions are acceptable and are ready to receive Work.
- B. Inspect materials for defects before starting installation.
- C. Reject any chipped or broken block. DO NOT BUILD DAMAGED UNITS INTO WORK.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Direct and coordinate placement of metal anchors supplied to other sections.
- B. Provide temporary bracing during installation of masonry Work. Maintain in place until building structure provides permanent bracing.

### 3.3 ERECTION / INSTALLATION / APPLICATION

- A. Follow ACI and NCMA.
- B. See Sections under which materials to be installed are furnished for additional installation requirements.
- C. Use thoroughly dry concrete block with sharp, square, unbroken corners and edges and no cracks. DO NOT WET MASONRY UNITS.
- D. Take special care in handling and storage of units for exposed block Work. Do not install chipped or marred block where exposed.
- E. Lay block in running bond with each course lapping block below by 1/2 block unless shown otherwise.
- F. Lay solid block units with full mortar coverage on head and bed joints and hollow block units with face shell bedding on head and bed joints. Mortar hollow block unit web joints in load bearing piers or pilasters, in starting course on footings or solid foundation walls and next to cores grouted solid.
  - 1. Do not shift or tap masonry after mortar has achieved initial set. Remove mortar and replace where adjustments must be made.
  - 2. Buttering corners of joints or excessive furring of mortar joints are not permitted.
- G. Build walls and partitions true to dimension, plumb and square, laid to line in level courses, accurately spaced and coordinated with other Work. Keep individual face units "in plane" with walls rising together. Use double lines in multiple-tier walls with each tier plumb and all units "in plane."
- H. Lay out Work to avoid fractional pieces. Interlock external corners. Set partitions on structural floor slabs before finish floor is laid unless shown otherwise.
- I. Perform required cutting with power equipment which will produce true, straight, clean edges free of chipping and undamaged surfaces. CUTTING WITH HAMMER AND CHISEL WILL NOT BE PERMITTED. Use 100% solid block where webs would be exposed. Minimum length of cut units on exposed Work shall be 1/2 unit.
- J. Cut units accurately to fit around pipes, ducts, openings, structural framing, etc. and slush voids full.

- K. Take particular care to embed conduits and pipes within block without fracturing exposed shells and to fit units around switch, receptacle and other boxes set in walls. Grind and cut units before building in service where electric conduit, outlets, switch boxes and similar items occur.
- L. Fill voids and joints between block and different types of materials with mortar.
- M. Make joints approx. 3/8" wide. Line up joints vertically. Remove burrs with burlap or carpet after tooling.
- N. Neatly tool interior and exterior joints below grade and in exposed masonry firm to slightly concave profile when mortar is thumbprint hard unless shown otherwise. Cut off flush and brush off surplus as Work progresses. Tool vertically then horizontally. Furnish all masons with joint tools of same diameter. Exception: Strike flush interior concealed joints (such as in chases and plenums) or those covered with directly applied finish materials.
- O. Install vertical and horizontal masonry reinforcing where shown. Grout cores solid full length of reinforcing with masonry core grout specified in Section 03300. Maintain position of reinforcing within 1/2" of dimensioned position.
- P. Fill voids receiving anchor bolts, wedge anchors, expansion bolts, etc. solid with masonry grout specified under Section 03300.
- Q. Provide solid masonry bearing surface under lintels, beams, bearing plates, etc. as shown. Provide the following minimum solid bearing (as applicable) if not shown:
  - 1. Lintels: Solid masonry bearing for full thickness of wall by length of bearing plus 8" by 8" high.
  - 2. Beams: Solid masonry bearing for full thickness of wall by length of bearing plus 1'-4" by 2 ft high.
- R. Provide solid masonry for course directly below corbelled masonry walls. Max corbel for each course is 1".
- S. Provide closure, lintels, bond beams, jamb units, sash, corners headers and other special shapes shown or required. Provide standard manufactured sizes or cut full size block for fractional course heights and lengths. Provide sash blocks or other shapes designed to receive specified control joint filler strips.
- T. Provide bullnosed units at exterior corners unless shown otherwise. Field grind to Owner's Engineer's satisfaction all external corners not installed bullnosed.
  - 1. Exception: Provide square cornered blocks at window jambs.
- U. Step back unfinished Work for joining with new Work. Tooothing will not be permitted unless specifically approved by Owner's Engineer. Remove loose masonry and mortar and clean thoroughly before new Work is started.
- V. Build in chases, openings, reinforcement, anchors, access doors, lintels, flashings and other items required. Provide centering required to properly support masonry until mortar attains design strength. Build in sleeves except where shown to be installed in other Sections.
- W. Build hollow metal door frames into wall. Plumb and brace. Thoroughly embed frame anchors. Slush frame jambs full with mortar. Allow 1/4" for caulking around frame in exterior walls and 1/8" on interior unless shown otherwise. Rake out joints for caulking.
- X. Fill masonry units solid with mortar 2 cores wide at each door jamb and 1 core wide at each window jamb for full height of opening.
- Y. Hold block down approximately 2" below roof structural members such as beams, joists and roof deck subject to deflection at non-bearing walls.
- Z. Provide control and expansion joints in all block Work. Reference Architectural Contract Drawings for masonry joint locations. Joints spacing shall not exceed 22 ft. on center nor shall a joint be located within two feet of an opening.

- AA. Build in control joint filler strips in control joints as masonry is laid up allowing for caulking on each side of wall. Reference architectural for caulking material. Exception: Do not carry horizontal joint reinforcement through control or expansion joints.
- BB. Maintain lateral support of intersecting masonry non- load bearing walls with wire mesh ties placed across joint between walls and spaced 1'-4" on center vertically.
- CC. Install concealed masonry flashing where shown. Provide clean smooth surfaces set in full mortar bed and cover with full mortar bed. Seal penetrations and joints with mastic.
- DD. Build in exposed sheet metal flashing, expansion joints and reglets occurring in masonry. Cut out mortar joint and set flashing or reglet in new mortar bed in existing construction.
- EE. Build in bond beams grouting full and carefully position reinforcing where shown. Lap rebars a minimum length of 48 bar diameters. Field modify standard units required to receive required reinforcing where bond beam units are not available in specified finish.
- FF. Any masonry Work found deficient in respect to these specifications will require entire wall to be removed and relayed at Contractor's expense.

### 3.4 TOLERANCES

- A. Maximum Variation From Unit to Adjacent Unit: 1/32".
- B. Maximum Variation From Plane of Wall: 1/4" in 10 feet and 1/2" in 20 feet or more.
- C. Maximum Variation From Plumb: 1/4" per story non-cumulative; 1/2" in 2 stories or more.
- D. Maximum Variation From Level Coursing: 1/8" in 3 feet, 1/4" in 10 feet and 1/2" in 30 feet.
- E. Maximum Variation From Joint Thickness: 1/8" in 3 feet.
- F. Maximum Variation From Cross Sectional Thickness of Walls: 1/4".

### 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Replace any masonry units which are loose or damaged and repair defective mortar joints. Make these repairs such that evidence of repair is not apparent.
- B. Remove surplus mortar, drippings, splatter, etc. from exterior and interior masonry as Work progresses.
- C. Clean, point & dry brush all exposed Work at end of each working day. Fill holes from line pins and nails.
- D. Point joints to provide a neat uniform appearance. Cut out unrepairable defective joints. Fill solidly with mortar and tool to match adjacent Work. DO NOT CORRECT IMPERFECTIONS WITH SPACKLE.
- E. Thoroughly rub out exposed Work to remove any projections. Fill indentations flush with surface.
- F. Clean masonry surfaces upon completion from top down with water and fiber brushes to remove stains. ACID CLEANING OF MASONRY IS NOT PERMITTED.

END OF SECTION 04220

## SECTION 05040 – HOT-DIP GALVANIZING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Hot-dip galvanizing of iron and steel materials

#### 1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Steel materials, fabrications and assemblies are specified to be furnished and installed in various other sections

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

##### A. Publications

1. American Galvanizers Association (AGA):
  - a. Inspection of Products Hot-dip Galvanized After Fabrication
  - b. The Design of Products to be Hot-dip Galvanized After Fabrication
  - c. Recommended Details of Galvanized Structures
  - d. Quality Assurance Manual
2. Research Council on Structural Connections of the Engineering Foundation:
  - a. Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 bolts.

##### B. Reference standards

1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - a. A 123 / A 123M Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products
  - b. A 143 Practice for Safeguarding Against Embrittlement of Hot-Dip Galvanized Structural Steel Products and Procedure for Detecting Embrittlement
  - c. A 153 / A 153M Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
  - d. A 384 Practice for Safeguarding Against Warpage and Distortion During Hot-Dip Galvanizing of Steel Assemblies
  - e. A 385 Practice for Providing High-Quality Zinc Coatings (Hot-Dip)
  - f. A 767 / A 767M Specification for Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Bars for Concrete Reinforcement
  - g. A 780 Repair of Damaged Hot-Dip Galvanized Coatings
  - h. B 6 Specification for Zinc
  - i. D 6386 Practice for Preparation of Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coated Iron and Steel Product and Hardware Surfaces for Painting
  - j. E 376 Practice for Measuring Coating Thickness by Magnetic-Field or Eddy-Current (Electromagnetic) Test Methods
2. Federal specifications
  - a. DOD-P-21035 Paint, High Zinc Dust Content, Galvanizing Repair
  - b. MIL-P-26915 Primer Coating, Zinc Dust Pigmented



#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Coating applicator: Company specializing in hot-dip galvanizing after fabrication and following the procedures in the Quality Assurance Manual of the American Galvanizers Association.
- B. Coordination Between Fabricator and Galvanizer: Prior to fabrication, fabricators shall submit approved fabrication shop drawings to the galvanizer. The Galvanizer shall review fabricator's shop drawings for suitability of materials for galvanizing and coatings and coordinate any required fabrication modifications.
- C. Materials: For steel to be hot-dip galvanized, provide steel chemically suitable for metal coatings complying with the following requirements: carbon below 0.25%, phosphorous below 0.04%, manganese below 1.3%, and silicon below 0.04%. Notify the galvanizer if steel does not meet these requirements so that suitability for galvanizing may be determined and whether special processing techniques are required.

#### 1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING

- A. Load and store galvanized articles in accordance with accepted industry standards.

### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 ACCEPTABLE COATING APPLICATORS

- A. Members of the AGA or equal approved by the architect and/or engineer.

#### 2.2 STEEL MATERIALS

- A. Material for galvanizing to be geometrically suitable for galvanizing as described in ASTM A 384 and A 385. Steel materials suitable for galvanizing include structural shapes, pipe, sheet, fabrications and assemblies.
- B. Recommended steel materials for hot-dip galvanizing include but are not limited to:

- 1. Structural shapes and plates: ASTM A 36, A 242 type 2, A 283, A 441, A 500, A 501, A 529, A 572, A 588 and A 992.
- 2. Steel for fasteners:

General Category	Bolt Material	Nut Material
Carbon Steel	A 307 Gr A or B	A 563 Gr A
High-strength	A 325 Type 1	A 563 Gr DH
Tower Bolts	A 394	A 563 Gr A
Quenched & Tempered (Carbon Steel Bolts)	A 499	A 563 Gr C
Quenched & Tempered (Alloy Steel Bolts)	A 354 Gr BC	A 563 Gr DH

- 3. Steel for sheet metal articles: ASTM A 569 or A 570.
- 4. Steel for pipe or tubing: ASTM A 53, A 120 or A 595, Gr A or B.

#### 2.3 FABRICATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fabricate structural steel in accordance with Class I, II, III guidelines as described in AGA's Recommended Details for Galvanized Structures.

- B. Fabrication practices for products to be in accordance with the applicable portions of ASTM A 143, A 384, and A 385, except as specified herein. Avoid fabrication techniques that could cause steel distortion or embrittlement.
- C. The fabricator shall consult with architect/engineer and hot-dip galvanizer regarding potential concerns, including handling issues, during the galvanizing process that may require design modification before fabrication proceeds.
- D. Remove all welding slag, splatter, anti-splatter compounds and burrs prior to delivery for galvanizing.
- E. Provide holes and/or lifting lugs to allow for handling during galvanizing.
- F. Avoid unsuitable marking paints. Consult with the galvanizer about removal of grease, oil, paint and other deleterious material prior to fabrication.
- G. Remove by blast-cleaning, or other methods, surface contaminants and coatings that are not removable by the normal chemical cleaning process in the galvanizing operation.
- H. Whenever possible, slip joints should be used to minimize field welding of material.

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Pre-clean steel work in accordance with accepted methods to produce an acceptable surface for quality hot-dip galvanizing.

#### 3.2 COATING APPLICATION

- A. Galvanize steel members, fabrications and assemblies after fabrication by the hot-dip process in accordance with ASTM A 123 / 123M.
- B. Galvanize bolts, nuts, washers and iron and steel hardware components in accordance with ASTM A 153 / 153M.
- C. Safeguard products against steel embrittlement in conformance with ASTM A 143.
- D. Galvanize reinforcing steel in accordance with ASTM A 767.
- E. Handle all articles to be galvanized in such a manner as to avoid any mechanical damage and to minimize distortion.

#### 3.3 COATING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Conform to paragraph 6.1 of ASTM A 123 / 123M, Table 1 of ASTM A 153 / 153M, or Table 2 of A 767, as appropriate.
- B. Surface Finish: Continuous, adherent, as smooth and evenly distributed as possible and free from any defect detrimental to the stated end use of the coated article.
- C. Adhesion: Withstand normal handling consistent with the nature and thickness of the coating and normal use of the article.

### 3.4 TESTS

- A. Inspection and testing of hot-dip galvanized coatings shall be done under the guidelines provided in the AGA publication Inspection of Products Hot-dip Galvanized After Fabrication.
- B. Include visual examination and tests in accordance with ASTM A 123 / 123M, A 153 / 153M, or A 767, as applicable, to determine the thickness of the zinc coating on the metal surface.
- C. If requested by owner or architect/engineer, the steel fabricator shall be prepared to furnish notarized Certificate of Compliance with ASTM standards and specifications herein listed. The Certificate must be signed by the galvanizer and contain a detailed description of the material processed. The Certificate shall include information as to the ASTM standard used for the coating.

### 3.5 REPAIR OF DAMAGED COATING

- A. The maximum area to be repaired is defined in accordance with ASTM A 123 / 123M, Section 6.2, current edition.
  - 1. The maximum area to be repaired in the field shall be determined in advance by mutual agreement between parties.
- B. Repair areas damaged by welding, flame cutting or during handling, transport or erection by one of the approved methods in accordance with ASTM A 780 whenever damage exceeds 3/16" in width. Minimum thickness requirements for the repair are those described in ASTM A 123 / 123M, Section 6.2, current edition.

END OF SECTION 05040

## SECTION 05120 - STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Structural steel.
  - 2. Architecturally exposed structural steel.
  - 3. Grout.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 1 Section "Quality Requirements" for independent testing agency procedures and administrative requirements.
  - 2. Division 5 Section "Steel Deck" for field installation of shear connectors.
  - 3. Reference Architectural specifications for surface preparation and priming requirements.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Structural Steel: Elements of structural-steel frame, as classified by AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges," that support design loads.
- B. Architecturally Exposed Structural Steel: Structural steel designated as architecturally exposed structural steel in the Contract Documents.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings of all structural steel members. Provide electronic (PDF) copies of each drawing. Shop drawings shall include fabrication piece drawings and field erection drawings. Structural construction drawings shall not be photocopied and submitted.
  - 1. Include details of cuts, connections, splices, camber, holes, and other pertinent data.
  - 2. Include embedment drawings.
  - 3. Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, distinguishing between shop and field welds, and show size, length, and type of each weld.
  - 4. Indicate type, size, and length of bolts, distinguishing between shop and field bolts. Identify pretensioned bolted connections.
  - 5. For structural steel connections indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparations.
- C. Welding certificates.
- D. Qualification Data: For Installer and fabricator.

- E. Mill Test Reports: Submit mill test reports upon request by project engineer. Mill test reports shall be signed by manufacturers certifying that the following products comply with requirements:
  - 1. Structural steel including chemical and physical properties.
  - 2. Bolts, nuts, and washers including mechanical properties and chemical analysis.
  - 3. Direct-tension indicators.
  - 4. Tension-control, high-strength bolt-nut-washer assemblies.
  - 5. Shear stud connectors.
  - 6. Shop primers.
  - 7. Nonshrink grout.
  
- F. Source quality-control test reports.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Erector Qualifications: A qualified erector who participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is designated an AISC-Certified Erector, Category CSE. In lieu of AISC certification, erector may, at the general contractor's recommendation and request, provide an in-house quality control program indicating compliance with minimum steel erection quality control requirements noted in AISC 360 – 10 "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings", Chapter N, subsection N2.
  
- B. Fabricator Qualifications: A qualified fabricator who participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is designated an AISC-Certified Plant, under Building QMS Certification Program, Category BU. In lieu of AISC certification, fabricator may, at the general contractor's recommendation and request, provide an in-house quality control program indicating compliance with quality control procedures meeting minimum fabrication requirements noted in AISC 360 – 10 "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings", Chapter N, subsection N2.
  
- C. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
  
- D. Comply with applicable provisions of the following specifications and documents:
  - 1. AISC 303 "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
  - 2. AISC 360 "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design."
  - 3. AISC's "Specification for the Design of Steel Hollow Structural Sections."
  - 4. AISC's "Specification for Allowable Stress Design of Single-Angle Members."
  - 5. RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
  
- E. Mockups: Build mockups of architecturally exposed structural steel to set quality standards for fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Coordinate finish painting requirements with Division 9 painting Sections.
  - 2. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
  
- F. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and identification. Keep steel members off ground and spaced by using pallets, dunnage, or other supports and spacers. Protect steel members and packaged materials from erosion and deterioration.
  - 1. Store fasteners in a protected place. Clean and relubricate bolts and nuts that become dry or rusty before use.

2. Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion, damage, or overload to members or supporting structures. Repair or replace damaged materials or structures as directed.

## 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Furnish anchorage items to be embedded in or attached to other construction without delaying the Work. Provide setting diagrams, sheet metal templates, instructions, and directions for installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 STRUCTURAL-STEEL MATERIALS

- A. W-Shapes: ASTM A 992/A 992M, ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 (345).
- B. Channels, Angles Shapes: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- C. Plate and Bar: ASTM A 36/A 36M for general use, and ASTM A 572/A 572M, Grade 50 (345) for metal building built-up plate section members.
- D. Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B, structural tubing.
- E. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E or S, Grade B.
  1. Weight Class: As indicated on structural drawings.
  2. Finish: Primed.
- F. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS requirements.

### 2.2 BOLTS, CONNECTORS, AND ANCHORS

- A. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325 (ASTM A 325M), Type 1, heavy hex steel structural bolts;
  1. Finish: Plain
  2. Direct-Tension Indicators: ASTM F 959, Type 325 (ASTM F 959M, Type 8.8.) compressible-washer type.
    - a. Finish: Plain.
- B. Tension-Control, High-Strength Bolt-Nut-Washer Assemblies: ASTM F 1852, Type 1, round head steel structural bolts with splined ends; ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon-steel washers.
  1. Finish: Plain.
- C. Shear Connectors: ASTM A 108, Grades 1015 through 1020, headed-stud type, cold-finished carbon steel; AWS D1.1, Type B.
- D. Unheaded Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36.
  1. Configuration: Straight.
  2. Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy hex carbon steel.
  3. Plate Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
  4. Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon steel.

5. Finish: Plain.
- E. Headed Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36 straight.
    1. Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy hex carbon steel.
    2. Plate Washers: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
    3. Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened carbon steel.
    4. Finish: Plain.
  - F. Threaded Rods: ASTM A 307, Grade A (ASTM F 568M, Property Class 4.6).
    1. Nuts: ASTM A 563 (ASTM A 563M) heavy hex carbon steel.
    2. Washers: ASTM F 436 (ASTM F 436M) hardened and ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon steel.
    3. Finish: Plain.
  - G. Turnbuckles: ASTM A 108, Grade 1035, cold-finished carbon steel.
  - H. Eye Bolts and Nuts: ASTM A 108, Grade 1030, cold-finished carbon steel.
  - I. Sleeve Nuts: ASTM A 108, Grade 1018, cold-finished carbon steel.

### 2.3 PRIMER

- A. Low-Emitting Materials: Paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Primer: Fabricator's standard lead- and chromate-free, nonasphaltic, rust-inhibiting primer.
  1. SSPC-Paint 25, Type I, zinc oxide, alkyd, linseed oil primer.

### 2.4 GROUT

- A. Cement Grout: Portland cement, ASTM C 150, Type I; and clean, natural sand, ASTM C 404, Size No. 2. Mix at ratio of 1 part cement to 2-1/2 parts sand, by volume, with minimum water required for placement and hydration.
- B. Metallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, metallic aggregate grout, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.
- C. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

### 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Structural Steel: Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and AISC's Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design.
  1. Camber structural-steel members where indicated.
  2. Identify high-strength structural steel according to ASTM A 6/ A 6M and maintain markings until structural steel has been erected.
  3. Mark and match-mark materials for field assembly.
  4. Complete structural-steel assemblies, including welding of units, before starting shop-priming operations.

5. Fabricate with exposed surfaces smooth, square, and free of surface blemishes including pitting, rust, scale, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, and roughness.
  6. Remove blemishes by filling or grinding or by welding and grinding, before cleaning, treating, and shop priming.
- B. Thermal Cutting: Perform thermal cutting by machine to greatest extent possible.
1. Plane thermally cut edges to be welded to comply with requirements in AWS D1.1.
- C. Bolt Holes: Cut, drill, or punch standard bolt holes perpendicular to metal surfaces.
- D. Finishing: Accurately finish ends of columns and other members transmitting bearing loads.
- E. Cleaning: Clean and prepare steel surfaces that are to remain unpainted according to SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning"
- F. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- G. Holes: Provide holes required for securing other work to structural steel and for passage of other work through steel framing members.
1. Cut, drill, or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces. Do not thermally cut bolt holes or enlarge holes by burning.
  2. Base-Plate Holes: Cut, drill, mechanically thermal cut, or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces.
  3. Weld threaded nuts to framing and other specialty items indicated to receive other work.

## 2.6 SHOP CONNECTIONS

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Shop install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
1. Joint Type: Snug tightened.
- B. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 for welding procedure specifications, tolerances, appearance, and quality of welds and for methods used in correcting welding work.
1. Remove backing bars or runoff tabs, back gouge, and grind steel smooth.
  2. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for mill material.
  3. Verify that weld sizes, fabrication sequence, and equipment used for architecturally exposed structural steel will limit distortions to allowable tolerances. Prevent weld show-through on exposed steel surfaces.
    - a. Grind butt welds flush.
    - b. Grind or fill exposed fillet welds to smooth profile. Dress exposed welds.

## 2.7 SHOP PRIMING

- A. Shop prime steel surfaces except the following:
1. Surfaces embedded in concrete or mortar. Extend priming of partially embedded members to a depth of 2 inches (50 mm).
  2. Surfaces to be field welded.



3. Surfaces to be high-strength bolted with slip-critical connections.
  4. Surfaces to receive sprayed fire-resistive materials.
  5. Galvanized surfaces.
- B. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to be painted. Remove loose rust and mill scale and spatter, slag, or flux deposits. Prepare surfaces according to the following specifications and standards:
1. SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
- C. Priming: Immediately after surface preparation, apply primer according to manufacturer's written instructions and at rate recommended by SSPC to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils (0.038 mm). Use priming methods that result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges, and exposed surfaces.
1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.
  2. Apply two coats of shop paint to inaccessible surfaces after assembly or erection. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from first.
- D. Painting: Apply a 1-coat, nonasphaltic primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide 7.00, "Painting System Guide 7.00: Guide for Selecting One-Coat Shop Painting Systems," to provide a dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils (0.038 mm).

## 2.8 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Owner will engage an independent testing and inspecting agency to perform shop tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
1. Provide testing agency with access to places where structural-steel work is being fabricated or produced to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.
- C. Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections will be inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- D. Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded connections will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1 and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:
1. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
  2. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
  3. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
  4. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.
- E. In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded shear connectors will be tested and inspected according to requirements in AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:
1. Bend tests will be performed if visual inspections reveal either a less-than- continuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
  2. Tests will be conducted on additional shear connectors if weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements in AWS D1.1.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify elevations of concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments, with steel erector present, for compliance with requirements.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide temporary shores, guys, braces, and other supports during erection to keep structural steel secure, plumb, and in alignment against temporary construction loads and loads equal in intensity to design loads. Remove temporary supports when permanent structural steel, connections, and bracing are in place, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Do not remove temporary shoring supporting composite deck construction until cast-in-place concrete has attained its design compressive strength.

### 3.3 ERECTION

- A. Set structural steel accurately in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings-- Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design".
- B. Base and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting base and bearing plates. Clean bottom surface of base and bearing plates.
  - 1. Set base and bearing plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
  - 2. Weld plate washers to top of base plate.
  - 3. Snug-tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of base or bearing plate before packing with grout.
  - 4. Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and base or bearing plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.
- C. Maintain erection tolerances of structural steel and architecturally exposed structural steel within AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
- D. Align and adjust various members forming part of complete frame or structure before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact with members. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.
  - 1. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
  - 2. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature when structure is completed and in service.
- E. Splice members only where indicated.
- F. Remove erection bolts on welded, architecturally exposed structural steel; fill holes with plug welds; and grind smooth at exposed surfaces.

- G. Do not use thermal cutting during erection unless approved by Engineer. Finish thermally cut sections within smoothness limits in AWS D1.1.
- H. Do not enlarge unfair holes in members by burning or using drift pins. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts.
- I. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.4 FIELD CONNECTIONS

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
  - 1. Joint Type: Snug tightened.
- B. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 for welding procedure specifications, tolerances, appearance, and quality of welds and for methods used in correcting welding work.
  - 1. Comply with AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings--Allowable Stress Design and Plastic Design" for bearing, adequacy of temporary connections, alignment, and removal of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.
  - 2. Remove backing bars or runoff tabs, back gouge, and grind steel smooth.
  - 3. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for mill material.
  - 4. Verify that weld sizes, fabrication sequence, and equipment used for architecturally exposed structural steel will limit distortions to allowable tolerances.
    - a. Grind butt welds flush.
    - b. Grind or fill exposed fillet welds to smooth profile. Dress exposed welds.

### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to inspect field welds and high-strength bolted connections.
- B. Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections will be inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- C. Welded Connections: Field welds will be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1.
  - 1. In addition to visual inspection, field welds may be tested according to AWS D1.1 and the following inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:
    - a. Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E 165.
    - b. Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E 709; performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or zones of incomplete fusion or penetration will not be accepted.
    - c. Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E 164.
    - d. Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E 94.
- D. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.

### 3.6 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Repair damaged galvanized coatings on galvanized items with galvanized repair paint according to ASTM A 780 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Touchup Painting: After installation, promptly clean, prepare, and prime or reprime field connections, rust spots, and abraded surfaces of prime-painted joists and accessories, bearing plates, and abutting structural steel.
  - 1. Clean and prepare surfaces by SSPC-SP 2 hand-tool cleaning or SSPC-SP 3 power-tool cleaning.
  - 2. Apply a compatible primer of same type as shop primer used on adjacent surfaces.

END OF SECTION 05120

## SECTION 05500 - METAL FABRICATIONS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### SUMMARY

This section includes the following metal fabrications:

Lintels  
Trench Grate Covers

Miscellaneous framing and supports for the following:

Related Sections: The following sections contain requirements that relate to this section.

#### DEFINITIONS

#### SUBMITTALS:

General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.

Product Data: for products used in miscellaneous metal fabrications, including paint products and grout.

Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Include plans, elevations and details of sections and connections. Show anchorage and accessory items. Provide templates for anchors and bolts specified for installation by other sections.

Samples: representative of materials and finished products as may be requested by Architect.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE

Fabricator Qualifications: Firm experienced in successfully producing metal fabrications similar to that indicated for this project, with sufficient production capacity to produce required units without causing delay in the work.

Installer Qualifications: Arrange for installation of metal fabrications specified in this section by same firm that fabricated them.

Qualify welding processes and welding operators in accordance with AWS D1.1 "Structural Welding Code - Steel," D1.3 "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel", and D1.2 "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum."

Certify that each welder has satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests for welding processes involved and, if pertinent, has undergone recertification.

#### PROJECT CONDITIONS

Field Measurements: Check actual locations of walls and other construction to which metal fabrications must fit, by accurate field measurements before fabrication; show recorded measurements on final shop drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delay of Work.

Where field measurements cannot be made without delaying the Work, guarantee dimensions and proceed with fabrication of products without field measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual opening dimensions correspond to guaranteed dimensions. Allow for trimming and fitting.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS:

### FERROUS METALS:

Metal Surfaces, General: For metal fabrications exposed to view upon completion of the Work, provide materials selected for their surface flatness, smoothness, and freedom from surface blemishes. Do not use materials whose exposed surfaces exhibit pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, roughness, and, for steel sheet, variations in flatness exceeding those permitted by reference standards for stretcher-leveled sheet.

- A. Structural-Steel Shapes: ASTM A 572 or ASTM A 992 (Fy=50 ksi)
- B. Structural steel pipe: ASTM A53, standard weight (Schedule 40), black finish.
- C. Steel Tubing: Cold-formed steel tubing complying with ASTM A 500, GR B.
- D. Plates, bars and angles: ASTM A36.
- E. Anchor Rods, Bolts, Nuts: ASTM A 36.
- F. Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325, Type 1, high-strength heavy hex steel structural bolts, heavy hex carbon-steel nuts, and hardened carbon-steel washers, uncoated.
- G. Primer: Lead- and chromate-free, nonasphaltic, rust-inhibiting primer.

For exterior installations and where indicated, provide fabrications with hot-dip galvanized coating.

Uncoated Structural Steel Sheet: Product type (manufacturing method), quality, and grade, as follows:

- A. Cold-Rolled Structural Steel Sheet: ASTM A 611, grade as follows:
- B. Grade A, unless otherwise indicated or required by design loading.
- C. Hot-Rolled Structural Steel Sheet: ASTM A 570, grade as follows:
- D. Grade 30, unless otherwise indicated or required by design loading.

Uncoated Steel Sheet: Commercial quality, product type (method of manufacture) as follows:

- A. Cold - Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 366.
- B. Hot - Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 569

Galvanized Steel Sheet: Quality as follows:

- A. Structural Quality: ASTM A 446; Grade A, unless another grade required for design loading, and G90 coating designation unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Commercial Quality: ASTM A 526, G90 coating designation unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Type S, Grade A standard weight (schedule 40), unless otherwise indicated, or another grade or weight or both required by structural loads.

Provide Hot Dipped Galvanized finish for exterior installations and where indicated.

Brackets, Flanges and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of the same type material and finish as supported rails, unless otherwise indicated.

Concrete Inserts: Threaded or wedge type; galvanized ferrous castings, either malleable iron, ASTM A 47, or cast steel, ASTM A 27. Provide bolts, washers, and shims as required, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 153.

Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select in accordance with AWS specifications for the metal alloy to be welded.

### GROUT AND ANCHORING CEMENT

Non-shrink Nonmetallic Grout: ASTM C 1107; recommended by manufacturer for exterior applications.

Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the work include but are not limited to the following:

Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:

#### Non-shrink Nonmetallic Grouts:

"Basal Construction Grout"; W. R. Bonsal Co.

"Euco N-S Grout"; Euclid Chemical Co.

"Kemset"; Chem-Masters Corp.

"Masterflow 713"; Master Builders.

"Sealtight 588 Grout"; W. R. Meadows, Inc.

"SonogROUT"; Sonneborn Building Products Div., Rexnord Chemical Products, Inc.

"Five Star Grout"; U. S. Grout Corp.

"Vibropruf #11"; Lambert Corp.

#### Fasteners:

General: Provide zinc coated fasteners for exterior use or where built into exterior walls. Select fasteners for the type, grade and class required.

- A. Bolts and Nuts: Regular Hexagon head type, ASTM A 307, Grade A.
- B. Lag Bolts: Square head type, FS FF-B-561.
- C. Machine Screws: Cadmium plated steel, FS FF-S-92.
- D. Wood Screws: Flat head carbon steel, FS FF-W-92.
- E. Plain Washers: Round, carbon steel, FS FF-W-92.
- F. Drilled- In Expansion Anchors: Expansion anchors complying with FS FF-S-325, Group VIII (anchors, expansion, (non-drilling), Type I(internally threaded tubular expansion anchor); and machine bolts complying with FS FF-B-575, Grade 5.
- G. Toggle Bolts: Tumble-wing type, FS FF-B-588, type, class, and style as required.
- H. Lock Washers: Helical spring type carbon steel, FS FF-W-84.

#### Paint:

Shop Primer for Ferrous Metal: Manufacturer's or fabricator's standard, fast-curing,

lead-free, universal modified alkyd primer selected for good resistance to normal atmospheric corrosion, for compatibility with finish paint systems indicated, and for capability to provide a sound foundation for field-applied topcoats despite prolonged exposure complying with performance requirements of FS TT-P-645.

Galvanizing Repair Paint: High zinc dust content paint for re-galvanizing welds in galvanized steel, with dry film containing not less than 94 percent zinc dust by weight, and complying with DOD - P- 21035 or SSPC-Paint-20.

Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt mastic complying SSPC-Paint 12 except containing no asbestos fibers.

Zinc Chromate Primer: FS TT-P-645.

#### Fabrication:

Fabrication shop shall have a minimum of three years experience in the field of steel fabrication. Steel erector shall have same minimum experience.

Allow for thermal movement resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient temperature in the design, fabrication, and installation of installed metal assemblies to prevent buckling, opening up of joints, and overstressing of welds and fasteners. Base design calculations on actual surface temperatures of metals due to both solar heat gain and nighttime sky heat loss.

Temperature Change (Range): 100 deg F (55.5 deg C).

General: Shear and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease exposed edges. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without impairing work.

Submit shop drawings of all structural steel members. Shop drawings shall include fabrication piece drawings and field erection drawings. Structural construction drawings shall not be photocopied and submitted. Contractor to provide electronic copies for engineering review.

Welding: Weld corners and seams continuously. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals. At exposed connections, finish welds and surfaces smooth with contour of welded surface matching those adjacent. Fabrication shop shall provide AWS welder certifications as requested by owner's engineer.

Fabricate loose lintels from steel angles. Loose lintel angles shall be hot dipped galvanized unless noted other wise.

Fabricate steel pipe columns with steel top plates drilled for connection bolts and welded to pipe with continuous fillet weld same size as pipe wall thickness.

1. Provide base plates as scheduled on construction documents.

Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners wherever possible. Use exposed fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated, Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts. Locate joints where least conspicuous.

Provide for anchorage of type indicated, coordinated with supporting structure.



Fabricate and space anchoring devices to provide adequate support for intended use.

Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.

Cut, reinforce, drill and tap miscellaneous metal work as indicated to receive finish hardware and similar items.

Fabricate joints which will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water or provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

## ERECTION

Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing miscellaneous metal fabrications. Set metal fabrication accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack.

Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints.

All bolted moment connection shall have high strength bolts using "Turn-of-Nut" method according to RCSC's specification structural joints using ASTM A325 or A490 Bolts and AISC "Manual of Steel Construction".

A qualified independent inspector shall be hired by the contractor to provide inspection of all bolted and welded connections.

END OF SECTION 05500

## SECTION 06100 - ROUGH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Definition: Rough carpentry includes carpentry work not specified as part of other sections and which is generally not exposed, except as otherwise indicated. Types of work in this section include rough carpentry for:

Finish carpentry is specified in another section within Division 6.

#### REFERENCES:

Lumber Standards: Comply with PS 20 70 and with applicable rules of the respective grading and inspecting agencies for species and products indicated.

Plywood Product Standards: Comply with PS 1 (ANSI A 199.1) or, for products not manufactured under PS 1 provision, with applicable APA Performance Standard for type of panel indicated.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Wood Treatment Data: Submit treatment manufacturer's instructions for proper use of each type of treated material.

Preservative Treatment: For each type specified, include certification by treating plant stating type of preservative retained and conformance with applicable standards.

For water borne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to a maximum of 15% prior to shipment to project site.

#### PRODUCT HANDLING:

Delivery and Storage: Keep materials dry at all times. Protect against exposure to weather and contact with damp or wet surfaces. Stack lumber as well as plywood and other panels; provide for air circulation within stacks.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

Coordination: Fit carpentry work to other work; scribe and cope as required for accurate fit. Correlate location of furring, nailers, blocking, grounds and similar supports to allow attachment of other work.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### LUMBER, GENERAL:

Factory mark each piece of lumber with type, grade, mill and grading agency, except omit marking from surfaces to be exposed with transparent finish or without finish.

Nominal sizes are indicated, except as shown by detail dimensions. Provide actual sizes as required by PS 20, for moisture content specified for each use.

Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.

Provide seasoned lumber with 19% maximum moisture content at time of dressing.

Framing Lumber (2" through 4" thick) (Wd Frm):

For light framing (less than 6" wide), provide "Stud" grade lumber for stud framing and "Standard" grade for other light framing, any species.

For light framing (less than 6" wide), provide the following grade, any species:

For structural framing (6" and wider and from 2" to 4" thick), provide the following grade and species:

Select Structural grade.

No. 1 grade.

No. 2 grade.

No. 3 grade.

Any species of the specified grade.

Any species and grade which meets or exceeds the following values:

Fb (minimum extreme fiber stress in bending); 1500 psi.

E (minimum modulus of elasticity); 1,500,000 psi.

Exposed Framing Lumber (2" through 4" thick):

Where framing will not be concealed by other work, provide the following grade and species:

Douglas Fir, Appearance Framing (WCLB or WWPA).

Southern Pine, Appearance Grade, Kiln Dried (SPIB).

Redwood Clear All Heart (RIS).

Boards (less than 2" thick).

Exposed Boards: Where boards will be exposed in the finished work, provide the following:

Moisture Content: 19% maximum, "S DRY."

Where painted finish is indicated, provide Southern Pine, No. 2 Boards per SPIB, or Douglas Fir Construction Boards (WCLB or WWPA).

Concealed Boards: Where boards will be concealed by other work, provide lumber of 19% maximum moisture content (S DRY) and of following species and grade:

Board Sizes: Provide sizes indicated or, if not indicated (for sheathing, sub flooring and similar uses), provide 1" x 8" boards.

#### MISCELLANEOUS, LUMBER:

Provide wood for support or attachment of other work including cant strips, bucks, nailers, blocking, furring, grounds, stripping and similar members. Provide lumber of sizes indicated, worked into shapes shown, and as follows:

Moisture content: 15% maximum for lumber items not specified to receive wood preservative treatment.

Grade: Construction Grade light framing size lumber of any species or board size lumber as required. Provide construction grade boards (RIS or WCLB) or No. 2 boards (SPIB or

WWPA).

PLYWOOD (PwD):

Trademark: Identify each plywood panel with appropriate APA trademark.

Plywood Decking / Sheathing: Refer to Structural.

Plywood Backing Panels: For mounting electrical or telephone equipment, provide fire-retardant treated plywood panels with grade designation, APA C-D PLUGGED INT with exterior glue, in thickness indicated, or, if not otherwise indicated, not less than ½".

Plywood Exterior Sheathing: Provide fire-retardant treated plywood panels with grade designation, APA C-D plugged exterior with exterior glue in thickness shown.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

Fasteners and Anchorages: Provide size, type, material and finish as indicated and as recommended by applicable standards, complying with applicable Federal Specifications for nails, staples, screws, bolts, nuts, washers and anchoring devices.

Provide metal hangers and framing anchors of the size and type recommended by the manufacturer for each use including recommended nails.

Where rough carpentry work is exposed to weather, in ground contact, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners and anchorages with a hot dip zinc coating (ASTM A 153).

WOOD TREATMENT:

Preservative Treatment: Where lumber or plywood is indicated as "Trt Wd" or "Treated," or is specified herein to be treated, comply with applicable requirements of AWPB Standards C2 (Lumber) and C9 (Plywood) and of AWPB Standards listed below. Mark each treated item with the AWPB Quality Mark Requirements.

Pressure treat above ground items with water borne preservatives complying with AWPB LP 2. After treatment, kiln dry to maximum moisture content, respectively of 19% and 15%. Treat indicated items and the following:

Wood cants, nailers, curbs, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers and waterproofing.

Complete fabrication of treated items prior to treatment, where possible. If cut after treatment, coat cut surfaces with heavy brush coat of same chemical used for treatment. Inspect each piece of lumber or plywood after drying and discard damaged or defective pieces.

Inspect each piece of treated lumber or plywood after drying and discard damaged or defective pieces.

BARRIER MEMBRANE AND FLASHING:

Membrane over Plywood (exterior): Acceptable Product: Sharkskin Ultra SA™ as manufactured by: Kirsch Building Products LLC, 1464 Madera Road, Suite 387, Simi Valley, CA 93065; Tel: (805) 750-0084 Fax: 805-526-1116; www.sharkskin.us.

Provide a self-adhered roof underlayment that has passed the requirements set forth in ICC/ES Report 1708 and Miami/Dade TAS 103.

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

### INSTALLATION, GENERAL:

Discard units of material with defects which might impair quality of work, and units which are too small to use in fabricating work with minimum joints or optimum joint arrangement.

Set carpentry work to required levels and lines, with members plumb and true to line and cut and fitted.

Securely attach carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as shown and as required by recognized standards.

Countersink fasteners on exposed carpentry work and fill holes.

Use finishing nails for finish work. Select fasteners of size that will not penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting of wood; pre-drill as required.

### WOOD GROUNDS, NAILERS, BLOCKING AND SLEEPERS:

Provide wherever shown and where required for screeding or attachment of other work. Form to shapes as shown and cut as required for true line and level of work to be attached. Coordinate location with other work involved.

Attach to substrates as required to support applied loading. Countersink bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise indicated. Build into masonry during installation of masonry work. Where possible, anchor to formwork before concrete placement.

Provide permanent grounds of dressed, preservative treated, key beveled lumber not less than 1 1/2" wide and of thickness required to bring face of ground to exact thickness of finish material involved. Remove temporary grounds when no longer required.

Fire stop concealed spaces with wood blocking not less than 2" thick, if not blocked by other framing members. Provide blocking at each building story level and at ends of joist spans.

Installation of Plywood:

General: Comply with applicable recommendations contained in Form No. E 304, "APA Design/Construction Guide Residential & Commercial," for types of plywood products and applications indicated.

Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below:

Sheathing: Screw to framing.

Plywood Backing Panels: Screw to supports.

END OF SECTION 06100

## SECTION 06200 - FINISH CARPENTRY

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Definition: Finish carpentry includes carpentry work which is exposed to view, is non-structural, and which is not specified as part of other sections.

Types of finish carpentry work in this section include:

- Fascias
- Trim
- Wall Mounted Plastic Laminate

Rough carpentry is specified in another Division 6 section.

Builders Hardware and wood doors are specified in Division 8 sections.

Architectural woodwork is specified in another Division 6 section.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Factory mark each piece of lumber and plywood with type, grade, mill and grading agency identification; except omit marking from surfaces to receive transparent finish, and submit mill certificate that material has been inspected and graded in accordance with requirements if it cannot be marked on a concealed surface.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications and installation instructions for each item of factory fabricated siding and paneling.

#### PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Protect finish carpentry materials during transit, delivery, storage and handling to prevent damage, soiling and deterioration.

Do not deliver finish carpentry materials, until painting, wet work, grinding and similar operations which could damage, soil or deteriorate woodwork have been completed in installation areas. If, due to unforeseen circumstances, finish carpentry materials must be stored in other than installation areas, store only in areas meeting requirements specified for installation areas.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

Conditioning: Installer shall advise Contractor of temperature and humidity requirements for finish carpentry installation areas. Do not install finish carpentry until required temperature and relative humidity have been stabilized and will be maintained in installation areas.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### WOOD PRODUCT QUALITY STANDARDS:

Softwood Lumber Standards: Comply with PS 20 and with applicable grading rules of the respective grading and inspecting agency for the species and product indicated.

Plywood Standard: Comply with PS 1/ANSI A199.1.

Hardwood Lumber Standard: Comply with National Hardwood Lumber Association (NHLA) rules.

Hardwood Plywood Standard: Comply with PS 51.

Woodworking Standard: Where indicated for specific products comply with specified provision of the following:

Architectural Woodwork Institute (AWI) "Quality Standards."

Glued -up Lumber Standard: Comply with PS 56.

### MATERIALS:

#### General:

Nominal sizes are indicated, except as shown by detailed dimensions. Provide dressed or worked and dressed lumber, as applicable, manufactured to the actual sizes as required by PS 20 or to actual sizes and pattern as shown, unless otherwise indicated.

Moisture Content of Softwood Lumber: Provide kiln -dried (KD) lumber having moisture content from time of manufacture until time of installation not greater than 6% to 11%.

Moisture Content of Hardwood Lumber: Provide kiln -dried (KD) lumber having moisture content from time of manufacture until time of installation from 6% to 11%.

Lumber for Transparent Finish (Stained or Clear): Use good grade pieces made of Cedar.

Lumber for Painted Finish: Any closed grain hardwood, AWI Section 300, custom grade.

### INTERIOR FINISH CARPENTRY:

Shelving: 1" shelves 36" wide or over #1 SYP and  $\frac{3}{4}$ " for shelves under 36".

Cleats: #1 SYP.

Solid Surfacing: Equal to Wilsonart Solid Surface at countertops and backsplashes as per drawings.

Standards: Meet requirements and recommendations of applicable portions of standards listed.

Federal Specifications: FS equal to Wilson Art

Examining:

Examine surfaces that are to receive Solid Surface. Report unsatisfactory condition.

Do not start installation of Solid Surface until satisfactory conditions have been corrected.

Proceeding with installation of Solid Surface will be constructed as evidence of acceptance of conditions under which work will be done.

Protecting:

Handle Solid Surface and items to avoid injury to person and to avoid damage to materials or to work in place. Satisfactorily repair or remove and replace work that has been damaged.

Protect adjacent surfaces from damage, soiling and adhering of adhesives and extra materials.

Protect Solid Surface from damage by weather and construction. Install necessary protective covering for surfaces that may have traffic during construction period.

Remove protective covering upon completion of project. Remove and replace work that has been damaged.

Delivering and Storing:

Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's original, unopened, labeled containers or packages.

Submit samples for approval of the Architect.

APPLICATION:

Trim shall be plumb and/or level with miter joints and finished as earlier specified. Pre-finished trim shall be required.

Application shall not take place sooner than 24 hours of temperatures less than 42 deg F.

Miscellaneous Materials:

Fasteners and Anchorages: Provide nails, screws and other anchoring devices of the type, size, materials and finish required for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible, and complying with applicable Federal Specifications.

All interior and exterior nails shall be galvanized.

Where finish carpentry is exposed on exterior or in areas of high relative humidity, provide fasteners and anchorages with a hot-dipped zinc coating (ASTM A 153).

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

PREPARATION:

Condition wood materials to the average humidity condition in installation areas prior to installing.

Back prime lumber for painted finish exposed on the exterior or, where indicated, to



moisture and high relative humidity on the interior. Comply with requirements of section on painting within Division 9 for primers and their application.

INSTALLATION:

Discard units of material which are unsound, warped, bowed, twisted, improperly treated, not adequately seasoned or too small to fabricate work with minimum of joints or optimum jointing arrangements, or which are of defective manufacturer with respect to surfaces, sizes or patterns.

Install the work plumb, level, true and straight with no distortions. Shim as required using concealed shims. Install to a tolerance of 1/8" in 8' -0" for plumb and level countertops; and with 1/16" maximum offset in flush adjoining 1/8" maximum offsets in revealed adjoining surfaces.

Scribe and cut work to fit adjoining work, and refinish cut surfaces or repair damaged finish at cuts.

Anchor finish carpentry work to anchorage devices or blocking built -in or directly attached to substrates. Secure to grounds, stripping and blocking with countersunk, concealed fasteners and blind nailing as required for a complete installation. Except where pre-finished matching fasteners heads are required, use fine finishing nail for exposed nailing, countersunk and filled flush with finished surface, and matching final finish where transparent is indicated.

MILLWORK AND TRIM:

Exterior and interior millwork and trim shall conform to design and details shown. Where practical, work shall be finished and assembled at the mill. All mill work and trim shall be furnished smooth and free from machine and tool marks that will show through the finish. All nail heads shall be set to receive putty.

Doors and other movable parts shall be accurately fitted with proper clearances and left in perfect working order. Passage doors shall have a minimum clearance of 1/8" at sides and top, and doors and hardware shall be fitted to template so that they may be interchanged from opening to opening. All refitting necessary due to swelling shrinking, assembly or installation shall be done by this Contractor, for a period of one year after completion and acceptance of the building.

When dressing or cutting has been done, these surfaces shall be refinished. The work shall be left clean and free from warp, twist, open joints or other defects.

Metal thresholds: Fit and set metal thresholds in mastic.

LOCATION OF FINISH HARDWARE:

Locate hardware for door and door frames as follows unless shown otherwise on the drawings:

Center door knobs 38" above floor. Offset screen door latches to clear door locksets.

Center door pulls 42" above floor and push plates 48" above floors.

INSTALLATION OF WINDOWS:

Install windows and operating sash closed and locked, and set plumb, true, and centered in openings; securely anchored in place, using approved manufacturers

anchors specifically designed for use in the openings detailed.

Check all windows for smooth operation and proper function and adjust as required, prior to acceptance by the Architect.

ADJUSTMENT, CLEANING, FINISHING AND PROTECTION:

Repair damaged and defective finish carpentry work wherever possible to eliminate defects functionally and visually; where not possible to repair properly, replace woodwork. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

Refer to Division 9 sections for final finishing of installed finish carpentry work.

Protection: Installer of finish carpentry work shall advise Contractor of final protection and maintained conditions necessary to ensure that work will be without damage or deterioration at time of acceptance.

END OF SECTION 06200

## SECTION 07410 - PREFORMED ROOFING AND SIDING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of each type of preformed roofing and siding is indicated on the drawings and by provisions of this section. Provide exposed flashing gutters and trim to match.

Preformed roofing/siding is hereby defined to include panels which are structurally capable of spanning between supports spaced as indicated.

The types of panels required include the following:

Formed sheet panels, intended for lapped seam installation.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Field Measurements: Where possible, prior to fabrication of prefabricated panels, take field measurements of structure or substrates to receive panel system. Allow for trimming panel units where final dimensions cannot be established prior to fabrication.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications, standard details, certified product test results, installation instructions and general recommendations, as applicable to materials and finishes for each component and for total system of preformed panels.

Metal roof system must be tested in accordance with ASTM E 1592-95 for negative loading. Determine panel bending and clips-to-panel strength by testing in accordance with ASTM E 1592-95 procedures.

Samples: Submit 2 samples 12" square, of each exposed finish material.

Shop Drawings: Submit small scale layouts of panels on walls and roofs, and large scale details of edge conditions, joints, corners, custom profiles, supports, anchorages, trim, flashings, closures, and special details. Distinguish between factory and field assembly work.

Submit documentation panel assemblies have been tested in compliance with Structural Engineer Design Pressures and Texas Department of Insurance Guidelines.

#### WARRANTY:

Owner shall receive one (1) warranty from manufacturer of roof panels covering all of the following criteria. Multiple warranties are not acceptable.

1. Manufacturer's 15 + 15 year watertight warranty, including coverage for all trim, flashings, and penetrations associated with the roof area.
2. 20 year coverage on finish including checking, crazing, peeling, chalking, fading and/or adhesion.
3. 20 year material coverage.
4. Warranty shall commence on date of substantial completion or final payment, whichever is agreed by contract.

The Contractor, in writing, will guarantee the job to manufacturer for two (2) years from the date of acceptance by the Owner and the Roofing System Manufacturer.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS:

Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering preformed roofing and siding products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to the following:

### METAL SIDING:

(A) Roof Panels: to be equal to MBCI DoubleLok panels. Pre-finished metal 24 gauge hot dipped galvanized steel ASTM A446-85. Finish shall be Galvalume Plus. Provide all trims, closures and accessories for proper installation.

(B) Metal gutter and Downspouts: to be pre-finished metal. Finish shall be Kynar 500 Fluorocarbon at all trim and accessories. Match finish at all trims, accessories exposed to view.

### SHEET MATERIALS:

Steel for Painting/Coating: Hot dip coated steel sheet, ASTM A446, Grade A except where higher strength required for performance, G90 zinc coating, surface treated for maximum coating performance.

### METAL FINISHES:

General: Apply coatings either before or after forming and fabricating panels, as required by coating process and as required for maximum coating performance capability. Protect coating promptly after application and cure, by application of strippable film or removable adhesive cover, and retain until installation has been completed. Provide colors or color matches as indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.

Fluoropolymer Coating: Full strength 70% "Kynar 500" coating baked on for 15 minutes at 450 degrees F. (232 degree C), in a dry film thickness of 1.0 mil, 30% reflective gloss (ASTM D523), over min. 0.2 mil baked on modified epoxy primer.

The Contractor, in writing, will guarantee the job to manufacturer for two (2) years from the date of acceptance by the Owner and the Roofing System Manufacturer.

### MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

Internal Panel Framing: Manufacturer's standard, as required for 100 MPH wind loading.

Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard non-corrosive types, with exterior heads gasketed.

Seam Lock: Wall Panels are required to have optional seam lock feature to comply with wind loading requirements.

Accessories: All exposed fascia, metal trim shall match metal roof color. Except as indicated as work of another specification section, provide components required for a complete roofing/siding system, including trim, copings, fascias, gravel stops, mullions, sills, corner units, ridge closures, clips, seam covers, battens, flashings, gutters, louvers, sealants, gaskets, fillers, closure strips and similar items. Match materials/finishes of preformed panels.

Membrane over Plywood Substrate: Acceptable Product: Sharkskin Ultra SA™ as manufactured by: Kirsch Building Products LLC, 1464 Madera Road, Suite 387, Simi Valley, CA 93065; Tel: (805) 750-0084 Fax: 805-526-1116; www.sharkskin.us.

Provide a self-adhered roof underlayment that has passed the requirements set forth in ICC/ES Report 1708 and Miami/Dade TAS 103.

PANEL FABRICATION; PERFORMANCES:

General: Fabricate and finish panels and accessories at the factory to greatest extent possible, by manufacturer's standard procedures and processes, and as required to fulfill indicated performance requirements which have been demonstrated by factory testing. Comply with indicated profiles and dimensional requirements, and with structural requirements. Provide only full length sheets.

Metal Gages: Thicknesses shall be 24 gage.

Required Performances: Fabricate panels and other components of roof/wall system for the following installed as indicated performances:

Water Penetration: No significant, uncontrolled leakage at 4 lbs. per sq. ft. pressure with spray test.

Air Infiltration: 0.02 cfm per sq. ft. for gross roof/wall areas, with 4 lbs. per sq. ft. differential pressure.

Apply bituminous coating or other permanent separation materials on concealed panel surfaces where panels would otherwise be in direct contact with substrate materials which are non-compatible or could result in corrosion or deterioration of either material or finishes.

Condensation: Fabricate panels for control of condensation, including proper inclusion of seals and provisions for breathing, venting, weeping and draining.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

INSTALLATION:

General: Comply with panel fabricator's and material manufacturers' instructions and recommendations for installation, as applicable to project conditions and supporting substrates. Anchor panels and other components of the work securely in place, with provisions for thermal/structural movement. Metal roof panels must be installed in accordance with UL 90 Construction method.

Install panels with concealed fasteners.

Installation tolerances: Shim and align panel units within installed tolerance of 1/4" in 20' 0" on level/plumb/slope and location/line as indicated, and within 1/8" offset of adjoining faces and of alignment of matching profiles.

Joint Sealers: Install gaskets, joint fillers and sealants where indicated and where required for weatherproof performance of panel systems. Provide types of gaskets and sealants/fillers indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, types recommended by panel manufacturer.

Refer to other sections of these specifications for product and installation requirements applicable to indicated joint sealers.

Joint Sealers: Refer to other sections of these specifications for post installation requirements on joint sealers; not work of this section.

**CLEANING AND PROTECTION:**

Damaged Units: Replace panels and other components of the work which have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond successful repair by means of finish touch up or similar minor repair procedures.

Cleaning: Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films (if any) as each panel is installed. Upon completion of panel installation, clean finished surfaces as recommended by panel manufacturer, and maintain in a clean condition during construction.

END OF SECTION 07410

## SECTION 07460 – CEMENTITIOUS SIDING AND PANELS

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Fiber cement lap siding, panels, shingle, trim, fascia, moulding and accessories; James Hardie HZ10 Engineered for Climate Siding.
- B. Factory-finished fiber cement lap siding, panels, shingle, trim, fascia, moulding and accessories; James Hardie HZ10 Engineered for Climate Siding.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 05400 - Cold-Formed Metal Framing.
- B. Section 06100 - Rough Carpentry.
- C. Section 07210 - Rockwool Insulation.
- D. Section 09250 – Gypsum Sheathing

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. AS D3359 - Standard Test Method for Measuring Adhesion by Tape Test, Tool and Tape.
- B. AS E136 - Standard Test Method for Behavior of Materials in a Vertical Tube Furnace at 750 degrees C.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit under provisions of Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer's data sheets on each product to be used, including:
  - 1. Preparation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Storage and handling requirements and recommendations.
  - 3. Installation methods.
- C. Shop Drawings: Provide detailed drawings of atypical non-standard applications of cementitious siding materials which are outside the scope of the standard details and specifications provided by the manufacturer.
- D. Selection Samples: For each finish product specified, two complete sets of color chips representing manufacturer's full range of available colors and patterns.
- E. Verification Samples: For each finish product specified, two samples, minimum size 4 by 6 inches (100 by 150 mm), representing actual product, color, and patterns.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Minimum of 2 years experience with installation of similar products.
- B. Mock-Up: Provide a mock-up for evaluation of surface preparation techniques and application workmanship.

1. Finish areas designated by Architect.
2. Do not proceed with remaining work until workmanship, color, and sheen are approved by Architect.
3. Remodel mock-up area as required to produce acceptable work.

#### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store products in manufacturer's unopened packaging until ready for installation.
- B. Store siding on edge or lay flat on a smooth level surface. Protect edges and corners from chipping. Store sheets under cover and keep dry prior to installing.
- C. Store and dispose of solvent-based materials, and materials used with solvent-based materials, in accordance with requirements of local authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, and ventilation) within limits recommended by manufacturer for optimum results. Do not install products under environmental conditions outside manufacturer's absolute limits.

#### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Product Warranty: Limited, non-pro-rated product warranty.
  1. Hardiesoffit HZ5 panels for 30 years.
- B. Finish Warranty: Limited product warranty against manufacturing finish defects.
  1. When used for its intended purpose, properly installed and maintained according to Hardie's published installation instructions, James Hardie's ColorPlus finish with ColorPlus Technology, for a period of 15 years from the date of purchase: will not peel; will not crack; and will not chip. Finish warranty includes the coverage for labor and material.
- C. Workmanship Warranty: Application limited warranty for 2 years.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer: James Hardie Building Products, Inc., which is located at: 231 S. La Salle St. Suite 2000; Chicago, IL 60604; Toll Free Tel: 877-236-7526.
- B. Substitutions: Not permitted.
- C. Requests for approval of equal substitutions will be considered in accordance with provisions of Section 01 60 00 - Product Requirements.

#### 2.2 SIDING AND TRIM

- A. Soffit Panels: HardieSoffit HZ5 Non-Vented Soffit Panel, as manufactured by James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
  1. Factory sealed on 5 sides.
  2. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
  3. Type: Textured Cedarmill, 12 inches (305 mm) by 12 feet (3658 mm).



4. Type: Textured Cedarmill, 16 inches (406 mm) by 12 feet (3658 mm).
  5. Type: Textured Cedarmill, 24 inches (610 mm) by 8 feet (2438 mm).
- B. Vented Soffit Panels: HardieSoffit HZ5 Vented Panels. as manufactured by James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
1. Net Free Ventilation: 5 sq inches of net free ventilation per linear foot (10583 sq mm per linear meter).
  2. Factory sealed on 5 sides.
  3. Thickness: 1/4 inch (6 mm).
  4. Type: Textured Cedarmill, 12 inches (305 mm) by 12 feet (3658 mm).
  5. Type: Textured Cedarmill, 16 inches (406 mm) by 12 feet (3658 mm).
  6. Type: Textured Cedarmill vented, 24 inches (610 mm) by 8 feet (2438 mm).
- 7.
- C. Hardie Textured Panels as manufactured by James Hardie Building Products, Inc. A non-combustible fiber-cement panel.
1. Product Composition: Grade II, Type A, fiber-cement sheets as defined by ASTM C1186, manufactured by the Hatschek process and cured by high pressure steam autoclaving.
  2. Florida State Product Approval FL13223
  3. Intertek Product Listing.
  4. Code Compliance:
    - a. International Building Code (IBC)
      - 1) Section 1404.10: 2009, 2012, and 2015
      - 2) Section 1403.10: 2018
    - b. International Residential Code (IRC):
      - 1) Table R703.3(1): 2009, 2012, 2015, and 2018
      - 2) Section R703.10.1 as ASTM C 1186 Grade II, Type A Fiber Cement: 2009, 2012, 2015, and 2018
    - c. Florida Building Code (FBC):
      - 1) Section 1404.10: 2017 and 2020
      - 2) Section 1405.16 as ASTM C 1186 Grade II, Type A Fiber Cement.
    - d. Wind Design:
      - 1) Manufacturer's readily available design load and exposure category tables are derived from testing in accordance with ASTM E 330.
      - 2) Wind speed design coefficient assumptions per Analytical Method in ASCE 7.
  5. Fire Characteristics:
    - a. Tested in Accordance with ASTM E136: Classified as non-combustible.
    - b. May be used in ASTM E119 fire resistance rated assemblies as listed by Warnock Hersey.
    - c. Class A Material: Per FBC 2017 and 2020, and 2018 IBC Section 803.1.1 Surface Burning Characteristics when tested in accordance with ASTM E84:
      - 1) Flame Spread Index : 0. Smoke Developed Index: 0.
  6. Type: Hardie Textured Knockdown Panel 4 by 8 feet (1219 by 2438 mm).
  7. Type: Hardie Textured Knockdown Panel 4 by 10 feet (1219 by 3048 mm).
  8. Type: Hardie Textured Knockdown Panel 4 by 12 feet (1219 by 3658 mm).
  9. Product Dimensions:
    - a. Thickness: 0.3125 inches (8 mm)
    - b. Length: 96 inches (2438 mm)
    - c. Length: 120 inches (3048 mm)
    - d. Length: 144 inches (3658 mm)

- e. Width: 48 inches (1219 mm)
- f. Vertical Joint: Shiplap.
- 10. Physical Properties:
  - a. Test Method ASTM C1185: Passed
    - 1) Dimensional Tolerances
    - 2) Length: Plus or minus 0.5 percent or plus or minus 1/4 inch
    - 3) Width: Plus or minus 0.5 percent or plus or minus 1/4 inch
    - 4) Thickness: Plus or minus 0.04 inch
    - 5) Squareness: less than 1/32 inches per ft of length
    - 6) Edge Straightness: Less than 1/32 inches per ft of length
    - 7) Density: Less than 83 pounds per sq ft.
    - 8) Water Tightness: No drop formation; Pass
    - 9) Flexural strength:
      - a) Wet conditioned, psi: greater than 1015 psi; Pass
      - b) Equilibrium conditioned, psi: Greater than 1450 psi; Pass
    - 10) Warm Water Resistance, Observations: No structural alteration; Pass
    - 11) Heat / Rain Resistance:
      - a) Physical Observations Mass: No structural alteration; Pass
      - b) Loss Percentage: Less than or equal to 3.0 percent; Pass.
      - c) Freeze/Thaw, percent strength retention: Greater than or equal to 80 percent; Pass.
  - b. Fire Characteristics:
    - 1) ASTM E84: Surface Burning Characteristics
      - a) Flame Spread Index (FSI) Smoke: 0.
      - b) Developed Index (SDI): 0.
      - c) Fuel Contributed: 0.
      - d) International Building Code: A.
    - 2) ASTM E136: Non-combustibility: Pass.
- D. Trim:
  - 1. HardieTrim HZ5 boards and HardieTrim HZ boards as manufactured by James Hardie Building Products, Inc.
  - 2. HardieTrim HZ5 Fascia boards as manufactured by James Hardie Building Products, Inc.

## 2.3 FASTENERS

- A. Wood Framing Fasteners:
  - 1. Salt water resistant.
  - 2. Complies with ICC-ES report and TDI Product Evaluation

## 2.4 WEATHER BARRIER

- A. Weather Barrier: James Hardie HardieWrap and HardieWrap Flashing and Seam Tapes.
- B. Code Compliance Requirement for Weather Barrier:
  - 1. Thickness, 11 mil sheet.
  - 2. Breathability in accordance with ASTM E96.
  - 3. Tear strength in accordance with ASTM D1117.
  - 4. Water resistance in accordance with AATCC127.
  - 5. Air Penetration in accordance with TAPPI - T460.
  - 6. HardieWrap Weather Barrier ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-2258

## 2.5 FINISHES

- A. Factory Primer: Provide factory applied universal primer.
  - 1. Primer: Factory primed by James Hardie.
  - 2. Topcoat: Refer to Section 09900 - Painting

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Do not begin installation until substrates have been properly prepared.
- B. If framing preparation is the responsibility of another installer, notify Architect of unsatisfactory preparation before proceeding.
- C. Nominal 2 inch by 4 inch (51 mm by 102 mm) wood framing selected for minimal shrinkage and complying with local building codes, including the use of water-resistive barriers or vapor barriers where required. Minimum 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) face and straight, true, of uniform dimensions and properly aligned.
  - 1. Install water-resistive barriers and claddings to dry surfaces.
  - 2. Repair any punctures or tears in the water-resistive barrier prior to the installation of the siding.
  - 3. Protect siding from other trades.
- D. Minimum 16 gauge Z-clips 16 inches maximum on center metal framing complying with local building codes, including the use of water-resistive barriers and/or vapor barriers where required. Minimum 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) face and straight, true, of uniform dimensions and properly aligned.
  - 1. Install water-resistive barriers and claddings to dry surfaces.
  - 2. Repair any punctures or tears in the water-resistive barrier prior to the installation of the siding.
  - 3. Protect siding from other trades.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean surfaces thoroughly prior to installation.
- B. Prepare surfaces using the methods recommended by the manufacturer for achieving the best result for the substrate under the project conditions.
- C. Install a water-resistive barrier is required in accordance with local building code requirements.
- D. The water-resistive barrier must be appropriately installed with penetration and junction flashing in accordance with local building code requirements.
- E. Install Engineered for Climate HardieWrap weather barrier in accordance with local building code requirements.
- F. Use HardieWrap Seam Tape and joint and laps.
- G. Install and HardieWrap flashing, HardieWrap Flex Flashing.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION - HARDIEPLANK HZ10 LAP SIDING WITH LOCK JOINT SYSTEM

- A. Install materials in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.

- B. Starting: Install a minimum 1/4 inch (6 mm) thick lath starter strip at the bottom course of the wall. Apply planks horizontally with minimum 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) wide laps at the top. The bottom edge of the first plank overlaps the starter strip.
- C. Allow minimum vertical clearance between the edge of siding and any other material in strict accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- D. Align vertical joints of the planks over framing members.
- E. Butt joints must not fall within 4 inches (102 mm) of a stud. Do not nail within 2 inches (51 mm) of the end of planks.
- F. Maintain clearance between siding and adjacent finished grade.
- G. Locate splices at least one stud cavity away from window and door openings.
- H. For proper fastener selection and fastening schedules for various wind load requirements and framing options, refer to the Technical Data Sheet at [www.aspyredesign.com](http://www.aspyredesign.com).
- I. Face nail to sheathing.
- J. Locate splices at least 12 inches (305 mm) away from window and door openings.

#### 3.4 INSTALLATION – HARDIEPANEL

- A. Fastening Method: Countersunk and filled.
- B. Place fasteners no closer than 3/4 inch (9.5 mm) from panel edges and 2 inches (51 mm) from panel corners.
- C. Use fasteners as specified in the James Hardie Tech Data sheet and in the Hardie Reveal Panel Installation Instruction.
- D. Install panel using 1/2 inch (13 mm) spacers at horizontal joints. Leave bottom edge of panel above all horizontal trims exposed, no caulking shall be placed at this overlap of Horizontal Reveal Trim. Factory primed edge shall always be used.
- E. Install a kickout flashing to deflect water away from the siding at the roof intersection.
- F. Install a self-adhering membrane on the wall before the subfascia and trim boards are nailed in place, and then install the kickout.
- G. Allow minimum vertical clearance between the bottom edge of siding and any other material in strict accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and as determined by James Hardie Zone.
- H. Maintain clearance between siding and adjacent finished grade.
- I. Specific framing and fastener requirements - refer to the applicable building code compliance reports.

#### 3.5 INSTALLATION - HARDIETRIM HZ10 BOARDS

- A. Install materials in strict accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Install flashing around all wall openings.
- B. Fasten through trim into structural framing or code complying sheathing. Fasteners must penetrate minimum 3/4 inch (19 mm) or full thickness of sheathing. Additional fasteners may be required to ensure adequate security.
- C. Place fasteners no closer than 3/4 inch (19 mm) and no further than 2 inches

(51 mm) from side edge of trim board and no closer than 1 inch (25 mm) from end. Fasten maximum 16 inches (406 mm) on center.

- D. Maintain clearance between trim and adjacent finished grade.
- E. Trim inside corner with a single board trim both side of corner.
- F. Outside Corner Board Attach Trim on both sides of corner with 16 gage corrosion resistant finish nail 1/2 inch (13 mm) from edge spaced 16 inches (406 mm) apart, weather cut each end spaced minimum 12 inches (305 mm) apart.
- G. Allow 1/8 inch gap between trim and siding.
- H. Seal gap with high quality, paint-able caulk.
- I. Shim frieze board as required to align with corner trim..
- J. Fasten through overlapping boards. Do not nail between lap joints.
- K. Overlay siding with single board of outside corner board then align second corner board to outside edge of first corner board. Do not fasten HardieTrim boards to HardieTrim boards.
- L. Shim frieze board as required to align with corner trim.
- M. Install HardieTrim Fascia boards to rafter tails or to sub fascia.

### 3.6 FINISHING

- A. Finish unprimed siding with a minimum one coat high quality, alkali resistant primer and one coat of either, 100 percent acrylic or latex or oil based, exterior grade topcoats or two coats high quality alkali resistant 100 percent acrylic or latex, exterior grade topcoat within 90 days of installation. Follow paint manufacturer's written product recommendation and written application instructions.
- B. Finish factory primed siding with a minimum of one coat of high quality 100 percent acrylic or latex or oil based exterior grade paint within 180 days of installation. Follow paint manufacturer's written product recommendation and written application instructions.

### 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products until completion of project.
- B. Touch-up, repair or replace damaged products before Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 07600 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

### PART 1 — GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including the Conditions of the Contract and Division 01 Specification Sections apply to this section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Provide all labor, equipment, and materials to fabricate and install the following.
  - 1. Edge strip and flashing.
  - 2. Fascia and trim.
  - 3. Coping cap at parapets.
  - 4. Fascia and edge metal.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Division 06 Rough Carpentry
  - 2. Division 07 Modified Bituminous Membrane Roofing
  - 3. Division 07 Roof Accessories
  - 4. Division 07 Roof & Deck Insulation
  - 5. Division 07 Manufactured Metal Roof Panels

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
  - 1. ASTM B209 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate.
  - 2. ASTM B221 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes.
- B. American National Standards Institute and Single Ply Roofing Institute (ANSI/SPRI)
  - 1. ANSI/SPRI ES-1 Testing and Certification Listing of Shop Fabricated Edge Metal
- C. Warnock Hersey International, Inc., Middleton, WI (WH)

- D. Factory Mutual Research Corporation (FMRC)
- E. Underwriters Laboratories (UL)
- F. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA)
  - 1. Latest Edition Architectural Sheet Metal Manual
  - 2. Roofing and Waterproofing Manual
- G. National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA)
- H. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE)
  - 1. ASCE 7-05 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS FOR REVIEW

- A. Product Data:
  - 1. Provide manufacturer's specification data sheets for each product.
  - 2. Metal material characteristics and installation recommendations.
  - 3. Submit color chart prior to material ordering and/or fabrication so that equivalent colors to those specified can be approved.
- B. Samples: Submit two (2) samples, illustrating typical metal edge, coping, gutters, fascia extenders for material and finish.
- C. Shop Drawings
  - 1. For manufactured and shop fabricated gravel stops, fascia, scuppers, and all other sheet metal fabrications.
  - 2. Indicate material profile, jointing pattern, jointing details, fastening methods, flashing, terminations, and installation details.
  - 3. Indicate type, gauge and finish of metal.
- D. Specimen Warranty: Provide an unexecuted copy of the warranty specified for this Project, identifying the terms and conditions required of the Manufacturer and the Owner.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS FOR INFORMATION

- A. Design Loads: Any material submitted must be accompanied by a report signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the

state of Texas. This report shall show that the submitted equal meets the wind uplift and perimeter attachment requirements according to ASCE 7-05 and ANSI/SPRI ES-1. Submittals without licensed engineer approval will be rejected for non-conformance.

- B. A letter from an officer of the manufacturing company certifying that the materials furnished for this project are the same as represented in tests and supporting data.
- C. Mill production reports certifying that the steel thicknesses are within allowable tolerances of the nominal or minimum thickness or gauge specified.
- D. Certification of work progress inspection. Refer to Quality Assurance Article below.
- E. Certifications:
  - 1. Submit certification that the perimeter/edge metal products being used on this project have been tested according to ANSI/SPRI ES-1 criteria. Certification submitted must be provided by either NRCA, Independent Test Agency or the perimeter/edge metal manufacturer.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Engage an experienced roofing contractor specializing in sheet metal flashing work with a minimum of five (5) years experience.
- B. Maintain a full-time supervisor/foreman who is on the job-site at all times during installation. Foreman must have a minimum of five (5) years experience with the installation of similar system to that specified.
- C. Upon request fabricator/installer shall submit work experience and evidence of financial responsibility. The Owner's representative reserves the right to inspect fabrication facilities in determining qualifications.

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturer's original, unopened containers or packages with labels intact and legible.
- B. Stack pre-formed and pre-finished material to prevent twisting, bending, or abrasion, and to provide ventilation. Slope metal sheets to ensure drainage.
- C. Prevent contact with materials which may cause discoloration or staining.



## 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Determine that work of other trades will not hamper or conflict with necessary fabrication and storage requirements for pre-formed metal edge system.

## 1.9 DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

A. Wind Uplift Pressures: Metal edge system must meet minimum design load pressures as determined by ASCE 7. Provide completed calculations to show ANSI/SPRI ES-1 test results meet the minimum wind uplift pressures.

B. Thermal expansion and contraction:

- 1. Completed metal edge flashing system shall be capable of withstanding expansion and contraction of components caused by changes in temperature without buckling, producing excess stress on structure, anchors or fasteners, or reducing performance ability.

## 1.10 WARRANTIES

A. Owner shall receive one (1) warranty from manufacturer covering all of the following criteria. Multiple warranties are not acceptable.

- 1. Pre-finished aluminum material shall require a written twenty (20)-year non-prorated warranty covering fade, chalking and film integrity. The material shall not show a color change greater than 5 NBS color units per ASTM D2244 or chalking excess of 8 units per ASTM D659. If either occurs material shall be replaced per warranty, at no cost to the Owner.
- 2. Changes: Changes or alterations in the edge metal system without prior written consent from the manufacturer shall render the system unacceptable for a warranty.
- 3. Warranty shall commence on date of substantial completion or final payment, whichever is agreed by contract.
- 4. The Contractor shall provide the Owner with a notarized written warranty assuring that all sheet metal work including caulking and fasteners to be watertight and secure for a period of (2) two years from the date of final acceptance of the building. Warranty shall include all materials and workmanship required to repair any leaks that develop and make good any damage to other work or equipment caused by such leaks or the repairs thereof.

## PART 2 — PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Refer to Division 01 Section "Common Product Requirements."

- B. Comply with all manufacturer and contractor/fabricator quality and performance criteria specified in Part 1.

### 2.3 ACCEPTABLE FABRICATORS

- A. Any fabricator which has been certified by the NRCA (National Roofing Contractors Association) to fabricate their ANSI/SPRI ES-1 tested profiles on their Gravel-Stop, Metal Edge, Fascia and Coping Cap products.
- B. Provide a product carrying a signed and sealed Performance Test Report from a testing company for ANSI/SPRI ES-1 on their Gravel-Stop, Metal Edge, Fascia and Coping Cap products.
- C. Any fabricator with a Gravel-Stop, Metal Edge, Fascia and Coping Cap products that has been tested in accordance with ANSI/SPRI ES-1 standards. Proof of this testing must be provided via a report signed and sealed by a qualified third party testing agency. This report shall show that the submitted equal meets the wind uplift and perimeter attachment requirements according to ASCE 7-05 and ANSI/SPRI ES-1. Substitution requests submitted without licensed engineer approval will be rejected for non-conformance

### 2.4 MATERIALS

#### A. Materials:

1. Exposed base metal material:
  - a. Aluminum, ASTM B209, alloy 3105-H14, in thickness of .032" nom. or .040" nom.
2. Unexposed base metal material:
  - a. Aluminum, ASTM B209, alloy 3105-H14, in thickness of .032" nom. or .040" nom.
3. Minimum gauge of steel or thickness of Aluminum to be specified in accordance with Architectural Sheet Metal Manual, Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractor's National Association, Inc. recommendations.

#### B. Finishes:

1. Exposed surfaces for coated panels:
  - a. Steel Finishes: fluorocarbon finish. Epoxy primer baked both sides, .2-.25 mils thickness as approved by finish coat manufacturer.

Weathering finish as referred by National Coil Coaters Association (NCCA).

<u>PROPERTY</u>	<u>TEST METHOD</u>	<u>FLUOROCARBON*</u>
Pencil Hardness	ASTM D3363 NCCA II-2	HB-H
Bend	ASTM D-4145 NCCA II-19	O-T
Cross-Hatch Adhesion	ASTM D3359	no loss of adhesion
Gloss (60° angle)	ASTM D523	25+/-5%
Reverse Impact	ASTM D2794	no cracking or loss of adhesion
Nominal Thickness	ASTM D1005	
Primer		0.2 mils
Topcoat		0.8 mils
TOTAL		1.0 mils

\* Subject to minimum quantity requirements

b. Color as selected by Architect. Refer to Specification Section 07410.

2. Exposed and unexposed surfaces for mill finish flashing, fascia, and coping cap, shall be as shipped from the mill.
3. Exposed and unexposed surfaces for anodized aluminum flashing, fascia, and coping cap, shall be as shipped from mill.

#### 2.4 RELATED MATERIALS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Metal Primer: Zinc chromate type.
- B. Plastic Cement: ASTM D 4586
- C. Sealant: Tuff-Stuff One part polyurethane sealant.
- D. Underlayment: Refer to Section 07410 for additional underlayment. ASTM D2178, No15 asphalt saturated roofing felt.
- E. Slip Sheet: Rosin sized building paper.
- F. Fasteners:
  1. Corrosion resistant screw fastener as recommended by metal manufacturer. Finish exposed fasteners same as flashing metal.

2. Fastening shall conform to Factory Mutual requirements or as stated on section details, whichever is more stringent.

G. Gutter and Downspout Anchorage Devices: Material as specified for system.

### PART 3 — EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXECUTION, GENERAL

- A. Refer to Division 07 Section Common Work Results for Thermal and Moisture Protection.

#### 3.2 PROTECTION

- A. Isolate metal products from dissimilar metals, masonry or concrete with bituminous paint, tape, or slip sheet. Use gasketed fasteners where required to prevent corrosive reactions.

#### 3.3 GENERAL

- A. Secure fascia to wood nailers at the bottom edge with a continuous cleat.
- B. Fastening of metal to walls and wood blocking shall comply with building code standards.
- C. All accessories or other items essential to the completeness of sheet metal installation, whether specifically indicated or not, shall be provided and of the same material as item to which applied.
- D. Allow sufficient clearances for expansion and contraction of linear metal components. Secure metal using fasteners as required by the system. Exposed face fastening will be rejected.

#### 3.4 INSPECTION

- A. Verify that curbs are solidly set and nailing strips located.
- B. Perform field measurements prior to fabrication.
- C. Coordinate work with work of other trades.
- D. Verify that substrate is dry, clean and free of foreign matter.
- E. Commencement of installation shall be considered acceptance of existing conditions.

#### 3.5 SHOP-FABRICATED SHEET METAL

- A. Metal work shall be shop fabricated to configurations and forms in accordance with recognized sheet metal practices.

- B. Hem exposed edges.
- C. Angle bottom edges of exposed vertical surfaces to form drip.
- D. Lap corners with adjoining pieces fastened and set in sealant.
- E. Form joints for gravel stop fascia system, coping cap with a 3/8" opening between sections. Back the opening with an internal drainage plate formed to the profile of fascia piece.
- F. Install sheet metal to comply with referenced ANSI/SPRI, SMACNA and NRCA standards.

### 3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean installed work in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Replace damaged work than cannot be restored by normal cleaning methods.

### 3.8 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

- A. Remove and properly dispose of waste products generated. Comply with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction

### 3.09 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. At completion of installation and associated work, meet with Contractor, Architect, installer, installer of associated work, Owner, roofing system manufacturer's representative, and other representatives directly concerned with performance of roofing system.
- B. Inspect work and flashing of roof penetrations, walls, curbs and other equipment. List all items requiring correction or completion and furnish copy of list to each party in attendance.
- C. Repair or replace deteriorated or defective work found at time above inspection as required to a produce an installation which is free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.
- D. Notify the Contractor upon completion of corrections.
- E. Following the final inspection, provide written notice of acceptance of the installation from the roofing system manufacturer.
- F. Immediately correct roof leakage during construction. If the Contractor does not respond within twenty-four (24) hours, the Owner will exercise rights to correct the Work under the terms of the Conditions of the Contract.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 07720 - ROOF ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following: Factory fabricated roof curbs.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, materials, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Coordination Drawings: Roof plans drawn to scale and coordinating penetrations and roof mounted items. Show the following:
  1. Size and location of roof accessories specified in this Section.
  2. Method of attaching roof accessories to roof or building structure to comply with design wind pressures, including fastener size and quantity with test results.
  3. Other roof-mounted items including mechanical and electrical equipment, ductwork, piping, and conduit.
  4. Coordinate dimensions with shop drawings of equipment to be supported.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Substitutions: Requests for substitution shall be submitted in writing at least 10 days prior to bid date and shall be accompanied by product literature and samples. No substitution will be permitted after bid date.
- B. Standards: Comply with the following:
  1. SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" details for fabrication of units, including flanges and cap flashing to coordinate with type of roofing indicated.
  2. NRCA's "Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" details for installing units.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. G-90 galvanized steel with paint-grip coating.
- B. Insulation: Manufacturer's standard rigid or semirigid glass-fiber board of 2" thickness, 1-1/2lb density, R8 value.

## SECTION 07720 - ROOF ACCESSORIES

- C. Wood Nailers: Softwood lumber, pressure treated with waterborne preservatives for aboveground use, complying with AWPA C2; not less than 1-1/2 inches thick.
- D. Fasteners: Stainless steel metal as recommended by manufacturer. Match finish of exposed fasteners with finish of material being fastened.
- E. Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard tubular or fingered design of neoprene, EPDM, or PVC; or flat design of foam rubber, sponge neoprene, or cork.
- F. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type bituminous mastic, nominally free of sulfur and containing no asbestos fibers, compounded for 15-mil dry film thickness per coating.
- G. Mastic Sealant: Polyisobutylene; nonhardening, nonskinning, nondrying, nonmigrating sealant.
- H. Elastomeric Sealant: Generic type recommended by unit manufacturer that is compatible with joint surfaces; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, and Uses NT, G, A, and, as applicable to joint substrates indicated, O.
- I. Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, nonasbestos, fibrated asphalt cement designed for trowel application or other adhesive compatible with roofing system.

### 2.2 ROOF CURBS

- A. General: Provide roof curbs capable of supporting superimposed live and dead loads, including equipment loads and other construction to be supported on roof curbs. Coordinate dimensions with rough-in information or Shop Drawings of equipment to be supported.
- B. Fabrication: Unless otherwise indicated or required for strength, fabricate units from minimum 16 gauge, galvanized steel with paint grip coating, with welded corners and with seams joined by continuous water and air-tight welds. Tack or spot welding is unacceptable.
  - 1. All external welds shall be prepared and coated with corrosion inhibitor compound.
  - 2. Curb walls shall be insulated with 1-1/2" thick, three-pound density insulation. Exposed edges shall be encapsulated to ensure no insulation erodes into the air stream. Insulation shall be either foil faced or coated with antimicrobial coating such that the fibers are not airborne over the life of the building.
  - 3. Provide preservative-treated wood nailers at tops of curbs and formed flange at perimeter bottom for mounting to roof.
  - 4. Provide formed cants and base profile coordinated with roof insulation thickness.
  - 5. The Manufacturer shall limit static pressure gain to .25 inches/water gauge
  - 6. Fabricate units to minimum height of 18 inches, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 7. Changes in airflow direction to be accomplished by 90-degree elbows with turning vanes. 8. Curbs shall be manufactured in one piece except when width exceeds 108". If width exceeds 108", the curb shall be designed with prefabricated joints for ease of installation. It will be manufactured in separate pieces with the number and length of the pieces determined by the total length of the unit. The Manufacturer shall supply drawings for assembly and installation.
  - 9. Curbs shall provide full support of the new unit and shall include 3/8" gasketing.
  - 10. Counter flashing shall extend over the original curb a minimum of 1" and be welded and weatherproof.



## SECTION 07720 - ROOF ACCESSORIES

### 2.3 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Surface preparation: Oil, grease and other deposits of surface contamination shall be removed by solvent or detergent washing. All surfaces must be clean, dry and free of any dirt, dust, grease, oil or other deleterious materials prior to coating. Care shall be taken to ensure surfaces remain clean before and during coating process.
- B. Application system:
  - 1. Coating shall provide a standard 5 year manufacturer's limited warranty.
  - 2. Metal surfaces shall be finished with a corrosion protection system equal to one of the following:
    - a. Energy Guard ZRU Primer. Finish coat shall consist of EnergyGuard DCC Cabinet Casing polyurethane coating. Coatings shall be applied by a certified applicator and shall result in a finish with an ASTMB117-90 salt spray rating of 10,000 hours.
    - b. Prime coat of ICI Devran 201 Universal Epoxy Primer to thickness of not less than 3.0 mils DFT (dry film thickness) nor more than 8.0 mils DFT. Minimum recoat time for Devran 201 Universal Epoxy Primer is 3.5 hours at 77 F with 80% relative humidity. Finish coat shall consist of Devthane 379 UVA Aliphatic Urethane Gloss Enamel applied to thickness of not less than 1.0 mils DFT nor more than 5.0 mils DFT.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Coordinate installation of roof accessories with installation of roof deck, roof insulation, flashing, roofing membranes, penetrations, equipment, and other construction involving roof accessories to ensure that each element of the Work performs properly and that combined elements are waterproof and weather tight. Anchor roof accessories securely to supporting structural substrates so they are capable of withstanding lateral and thermal stresses, and inward and outward loading pressures.
- B. Separation: Separate metal from incompatible metal or corrosive substrates, including wood, by coating concealed surfaces, at locations of contact, with bituminous coating or providing other permanent separation.
- C. Flange Seals: Unless otherwise indicated, set flanges of accessory units in a thick bed of roofing cement to form a seal.
- D. Cap Flashing: Where required as component of accessory, install cap flashing to provide waterproof overlap with roofing or roof flashing (as counter flashing). Seal overlap with thick bead of mastic sealant.
- E. Operational Units: Test-operate units with operable components. Clean and lubricate joints and hardware. Adjust for proper operation.

### 3.2 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions. Touch up damaged metal coatings.

END OF SECTION 077200

## SECTION 07730 - WIND LOAD RATED ROOF CURBS AND RESTRAINT BRACKETS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Design, construct, furnish and install roof curbs, brackets and related items to meet governing building codes, as demonstrated by comprehensive analysis that the load resisting capabilities meet or exceed requirements.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Meet requirements of the International Building Code, ASCE Std 7, TDI, and other applicable codes for the location. This specification shall be a minimum requirement for wind load design consideration, and is not intended as a substitute for legislated, more stringent, national, state or local requirements.
- B. Wind-induced forces shall be determined by governing code requirements. [Coordinate Design Wind Pressure Requirements with Structural Engineer.](#)
  - 1. Wind-generated force shall be reduced into an equivalent statically applied force.
  - 2. The statically applied force shall act in horizontal and vertical directions at the center of gravity of the rooftop mounted equipment, resulting in torsion, flexure, tension and shear forces that the wind restraint brackets shall be shown to be able to resist.
- C. Install products in strict accordance with applicable codes and manufacturers' standards. Whenever a conflict occurs between the manufacturers or construction standards, the most stringent shall apply.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's statement showing that the curbs and wind load restraint brackets meet the applicable code requirements, signed and sealed by a licensed professional engineer (PE). Provide the following:
  - 1. Test Reports or Wind restraint calculations for all connections of rooftop-mounted equipment to roof curb, and roof curb to the structure.
  - 2. Drawings showing curbs, wind restraint bracket dimensions, make and model compatible with rooftop unit, including type of connection hardware required.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 ROOF CURBS AND RESTRAINTS

- A. Approved manufacturers of roof curbs and wind load restraint brackets:
  - 1. Curbs Plus, Complete Curbs, Thybar Corporation.
  - 2. Others shall obtain a written pre-approval one week prior to bidding.

## SECTION 07730 - WIND LOAD RATED ROOF CURBS AND RESTRAINT BRACKETS

- B. Products shall be made of a material (Prime G-90 galvanized steel or galvalume) compatible with roof curb and the rooftop unit base-rail material. Dissimilar metals shall not to be used.
  - 1. Fully welded mitered corners for wind load consideration
  - 2. Base flange attachments for securing curb to structure.
  - 3. Factory installed wood nailer for attachment of roofing material.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Attach rooftop equipment to roof curbs with wind load restraint brackets of size, type and quantity as determined by equipment manufacturer.
- C. Attach roof curb to the building structure at the curb base flanges. Base flange attachment options include anchor bolts, welded connections and mechanical fasteners.
- D. Do not install wind load restraint brackets in a manner that will result in inadequate maintenance access, base-rail damage, or roof curb reduced weight carrying capacity.
- E. Prior to performing installation of restraint brackets, notify Engineer of any conflicts with other trades or equipment that may result in undesirable contact due to inadequate space or other unforeseen conditions. Notify Engineer of any discrepancies between the specifications and field conditions or changes required due to specific equipment selection prior to installation.
- F. Corrective work necessitated by discrepancies or conflicts after installation shall be at the contractor's expense.

#### 3.2 INSPECTION

- A. On completion of installation, inspect the completed system and report in writing any installation error or other faults in the system that could affect the wind load resistant capabilities of the roof top assembly.
- B. The Contractor shall submit a report to the project designer, including the above report with consequent steps taken to properly complete the wind load restraint installation.

END OF SECTION

## SECTION 07900 - JOINT SEALERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of each form and type of joint sealer is indicated on drawings and by provisions of this section.

Refer to Division 8 sections glazing requirements; not work of this section.

Refer to sections of Division 15 and 16 for joint sealers in mechanical and electrical work; not work of this section.

General Performance: Except as otherwise indicated, joint sealers are required to establish and maintain airtight and waterproof continuous seals on a permanent basis, within recognized limitations of wear and as indicated for each application. Failures of installed sealers to comply with this requirement will be recognized as failures of materials and workmanship.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product specifications, handling/installation/curing instructions, and performance tested data sheets for each elastomeric product required.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

Weather Conditions: Do not proceed with installation of liquid sealants under unfavorable weather conditions. Install elastomeric sealants when temperature is in lower third of temperature range recommended by manufacturer for installation.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### MATERIALS:

General Sealer Requirements: Provide colors indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, as selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors. Select materials for compatibility with joint surfaces and other indicated exposures, and except as otherwise indicated select modules of elasticity and hardness or grade recommended by manufacturer for each application indicated. Where exposed to foot traffic, select non-tracking materials of sufficient strength and hardness to withstand stiletto heel traffic without damage or deterioration of sealer system.

Sealant: (with expansion and compression capability of plus or minus 50%).

Silpruf Silicone weatherproofing sealant: General Electric

790 Building Sealant: Dow Corning

Caulking:

NP -2 Sonneborn. Polyurethane

Install at all locations where notes as "caulk" or required to provide a neat joint.

Expansion Joint Sealer:

ACMA Seal: ACME Highway Products Corp., Buffalo, N.Y. 14207

System: Series "J", Style No. 2-602, 1-3/4" wide x 2" high.  
Install with manufacturer's ACMA Lubricant Adhesive.

Wall Penetration Sealant:

FireBarrier Silicone Sealant - 3M™ Fire Barrier Silicone Sealant 2000+ or approve equal.

Fire Barrier Foam Sealant - 3M™ Fire Barrier Rated Foam FIP 1-Step or approve equal.

Foam Joint Filters:

Expanded Polyethylene Joint Filler (ExPe -JF): Provide flexible, compressible, closed - cell, polyethylene of not less than 10 psi compression deflection (25%) except provide higher compression deflection strength as may be necessary to withstand installation forces and provide proper support for sealants; surface water absorption of not more than 0.1 lbs. per sq. ft.

MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS:

Sealant backer Rod (S -Br): Provide compressible rod stock of polyethylene foam, polyurethane foam, polyethylene jacketed polyurethane foam, butyl rubber foam, neoprene foam or other flexible, permanent, durable non-absorptive material as recommended by sealant manufacturer for backup of an compatibility with sealant. Where used with hot -applied sealant, provide heat -resistant type which will not be deteriorated by sealant application temperature as indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

INSPECTION:

Installer must examine substrates, (joint surfaces) and conditions under which joint sealer work is to be performed, and must notify Contractor in writing of unsatisfactory conditions. Do not proceed with joint sealer work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to installer.

JOINT PREPARATION:

Clean joint surfaces immediately before installation of gaskets, sealant or caulking compounds. Remove dirt, insecure coatings, moisture and other substances which could interfere with seal of gasket or bond of sealant or caulking compound. Etch concrete and masonry joint surfaces as recommended by sealant manufacturer. Roughen vitreous and glazed joint surfaces as recommended by sealant manufacturer.

Prime or seal joint surfaces where indicated, and where recommended by sealant manufacturer. Confine primer/sealer to areas of sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.

INSTALLATION:

Install at exterior doors, glass frames (both interior and exterior of frames), exterior louvers, windows, exterior joints in walls and other locations where indicated or required to provide weather tight joints. Indicated for floor or wall assembly in which penetration occurs.

Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Produce beads of proper width and depth.

Tool as recommended by manufacturer.

Remove surplus materials.

Study drawings and furnish and install proper materials at each point where called for on the drawings plus all other points essential to continued integrity of the watertight barrier.

CURE AND PROTECTION

Cure sealants and caulking compounds in compliance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, to obtain high early bond strength, internal cohesive strength and surface durability. Advise the Contractor of procedures required for cure and protection of joint sealer during construction period, so that they will be without deterioration or damage (other than normal wear and weathering) at time of substantial completion. Cure and protect sealants in a manner which will minimize increases in modulus of elasticity and other accelerated aging effects. Replace or restore sealant which are damaged or deteriorated during construction period.

END OF SECTION 07900

## SECTION 08100 - STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of standard steel doors and frames is indicated and scheduled on drawings.

Custom hollow metal work is specified in other Division 8 sections.  
Builder's hardware is specified elsewhere in Division 8.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Provide doors and frames complying with Steel Door Institute "Recommended Specifications: Standard Steel Doors and Frames" (SDI 100) and as herein specified.

Provide Hurricane Resistant Steel Doors and Frames Equal to: Steel Craft Mfg. Co. H-Series Doors at all exterior door openings.

Manufacturer: Provide standard steel doors and frames by a single firm specializing in production of this type of work. Acceptable Manufacturer's:

Texas Door Products  
Ceco Corp.  
Republic Builders Prod. Corp.  
Tex Steel Corp.  
Pearland Industries  
Deansteel

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's specifications for fabrication and installation, including data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

Shop Drawings: Submit for fabrication and installation of steel doors and frames. Include details of each frame type, elevations of door design types, conditions at openings, details of construction, location and installation requirements of finish hardware and reinforcements, and details of joints and connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.

Provide schedule of doors and frames using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on contract drawings.

Label Construction Certification: Submit manufacturer's certification for oversize fire rated doors and frames that each assembly has been constructed with materials and methods equivalent to requirements for labeled construction.

#### DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Deliver hollow metal work in cartons or crated to provide protection during transit and job storage. Provide additional sealed plastic wrapping for factory finished doors.

Inspect hollow metal work upon delivery for damage. Minor damages may be repaired provided refinished items are equal in all respects to new work and acceptable to Architect; otherwise, remove and replace damaged items as directed.

Store doors and frames at building site under cover. Place units on wood sills at least 4" high, or otherwise store on floors in manner that will prevent rust and damage. Avoid use of non-vented plastic or canvas shelters which could create humidity chamber. If cardboard wrapper on door becomes wet, remove carton immediately. Provide 1/4" spaces between stacked doors to promote air circulation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### MATERIALS:

Hot Rolled Steel Sheets and Strip: Commercial quality carbon steel, pickled and oiled, complying with ASTM A 569 and ASTM A 568.

Cold Rolled Steel Sheets: Commercial quality carbon steel, complying with ASTM A 366 and ASTM A 568.

Supports and Anchors: Fabricate of not less than 18 gage galvanized sheet steel.

Inserts, Bolts and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard units, except hot dip galvanized items to be built into exterior walls, complying with ASTM A 153, Class C or D as applicable.

### Shop Applied Paint:

Primer: Rust inhibitive enamel or paint, either air drying or baking, suitable as a base for specified finish paints.

### FABRICATION, GENERAL:

Fabricate steel door and frame units to be rigid, neat in appearance and free from defects, warp or buckle. Wherever practicable, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment, to assure proper assembly at project site.

Fabricate exposed faces of doors and panels, including stiles and rails of non-flush units, from only cold rolled steel.

Fabricate frames, concealed stiffeners, reinforcement, edge channels, louvers and moldings from either cold rolled or hot rolled steel (at fabricator's option).

### Finish Hardware Preparation:

Prepare doors and frames to receive mortised and concealed finish hardware in accordance with final Finish Hardware Schedule and template provided by hardware supplier. Comply with applicable requirements of ANSI A 115 series specifications for door and frame preparation for hardware. Exterior doors shall be fabricated and assembled using frame, hinge, and locking hardware as indicated on third party test report.

Reinforce doors and frames to receive surface applied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surface applied finish hardware may be done at project site.



Locate finish hardware as indicated on final shop drawings or, if not shown, in accordance with "Recommended Locations for Builder's Hardware," published by Door and Hardware Institute.

Shop Painting:

Clean, treat, and paint exposed surfaces of steel door and frame units, including galvanized surfaces.

Clean steel surfaces of mill scale, rust, oil, grease, dirt, and other foreign materials before application of paint.

Apply shop coat of prime paint of even consistency to provide a uniformly finished surface ready to receive finish paint.

STANDARD STEEL DOORS:

Provide metal doors of types and styles indicated on drawings or schedules.

	<u>1 3/4" doors</u>
Stiles	16 ga.
Panels	16 ga.
Hinge Tap Plate	9 ga.
Hinges	1 1/2 pair 4 1/2 x 4 1/2 full mortise template typ
Lock reinforcement	3/32" steel
Lock Set	See Hardware Schedule
Door Closer Reinforcement	9 ga.

For fire rated openings, provide tightly fitted, spring loaded, automatic closing louvers with operable blades, equipped with fusible links, arranged so that metal overlaps metal at every joint.

STANDARD STEEL FRAMES:

Provide metal frames for doors, transoms, sidelights, borrowed lights, and other openings, of types and styles as shown on drawings and schedules. Conceal fastenings, unless otherwise indicated.

Frames shall be 16 gauge  
Fabricate frames with metered corners, knocked down not acceptable.

Door Silencers: Except on weatherstripped frames, drill stops to receive 2 silencers on strike jambs of single swing frames and 3 silencers on heads of double swing frames.

Glazing Stops: 16 ga. steel channel with pre drilled holes for flat heads of double sink screws.

Plaster Guards: Provide 26 gauge steel plaster guards or mortar boxes, welded to frame, at back of finish hardware cutouts where mortar or other materials might obstruct hardware operation.

Fire Resistant Frames: Provide 1-hr rated doors in partitions shown on plans and as scheduled.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### INSPECTION:

Installer must examine substrate and conditions under which steel doors and frames are to be installed and must notify Contractor in writing of any conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of work. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.

### INSTALLATION:

General: Install standard steel doors, frames, and accessories in accordance with final shop drawings, manufacturer's data, and as herein specified.

#### Placing frames:

Comply with provisions of SDI 105 "Recommended Erection Instructions for Steel Frames", unless otherwise indicated.

Except for frames located at in place concrete or masonry and at drywall installations, place frames prior to construction at enclosing walls and ceilings. Set frames accurately in position, plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is completed, remove temporary braces and spreaders leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.

In masonry construction, locate 3 wall anchors per jamb at hinge and strike levels. Building in of anchors and grouting of frames is specified in Division 4.

At in-place concrete or masonry construction, set frames and secure to adjacent construction with machine screws and masonry anchorage devices.

Install fire rate frames in accordance with NFPA STD. No. 80.

In metal stud partitions, install at least 3 wall anchors per jamb at hinge and strike levels. In open steel stud partitions, place studs in wall anchor notches and wire tie. In closed steel stud partitions, attach wall anchors to studs with tapping screws.

#### Door Installation:

Fit hollow metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified in SDI 100.

Place fire rated doors with clearances as specified in NFPA Standard No. 80.

### ADJUST AND CLEAN:

Prime Coat Touch up: Immediately after erection, sand smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touch up of compatible air drying primer.

Protection Removal: Immediately prior to final inspection, remove protective plastic wrappings from pre-finished doors.

Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating finish hardware items, leaving steel doors and frames undamaged and in complete and proper operating condition.

END OF SECTION 08100

## SECTION 08300 SPECIAL DOORS

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work specified in this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Special doors required for this work include but are not limited to, Overhead operating doors.

Non-insulated doors are required.

Provide complete operating door assemblies including door curtains, guides, counterbalance mechanism, hardware, operators, and installation accessories.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Furnish each door as a complete unit produced by one manufacturer, including hardware, accessories, mounting and installation components.

Insert and Anchorages: Furnish inserts and anchoring devices which must be set in concrete or built into masonry for the installation of the units. Provide setting drawings, templates, instructions and directions for installation of anchorage devices. Coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

See concrete and masonry sections of these specifications for installation of inserts and anchorage devices.

#### SUBMITALLS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data, roughing-in diagrams, and installation instructions for each type and size of door. Include operating instructions and maintenance information.

Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for special components and installations which are not fully dimensioned or detailed on manufacturer's data sheets. Provide documentation for compliance with TDI, where applicable.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### MATERIALS:

General: Special doors shall be the product of the manufacturer indicated and shall be the type, model and finish upon which the design is based. Equivalent products of other manufacturers will be considered provided approval is obtained from the Architect prior to bidding.

#### Door Types:

##### Rolling Door:

Description: Shall be equal to Overhead Door Corp. 625 series with all accessories related to this model.

- Air Infiltration Package to comply with IECC 2015
- Size as noted on the drawings
- Options: Face Mount
- Operation: Manual, Crank
- Locking: Key operated cylinder lock on side with panic lock release. Provide cylinder lock.

Manufacturer's: Overhead Door Corporation  
Cornell

All other manufacturers for rolling doors and rolling grilles need to be approved by Architects office, prior to bidding.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### INSTALLATION:

Install door and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, jamb and head mold strips, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment support in accordance with final shop drawings, manufacturer's instructions, and as specified herein.

Upon completion of installation including work by other trades, lubricate, test and adjust doors to operate easily, free from warp, twist or distortion and fitting weathertight for entire perimeter.

## SECTION 08700 - BUILDERS HARDWARE

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division - 1 Specification sections, apply to the work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Definition: "Builders Hardware" includes items known commercially as builders' hardware which are required for swing, sliding and folding doors, except special types of unique and non-matching hardware specified in the same section as the door and door frame. Types of items in this section include (but are not necessarily limited to):

- Hinges
- Pivots
- Lock cylinders and keys
- Lock and latch sets
- Bolts
- Exit devices
- Push/pull units
- Sliding door equipment
- Closures
- Overhead Holders
- Miscellaneous door control devices

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Manufacturer: Obtain each kind of hardware (latch and lock sets, hinges, closures, etc.) from only one manufacturer, although several may be indicated as offering products complying with requirements.

Supplier: A recognized builders hardware supplier who has been furnishing hardware in the project's vicinity for a period of not less than 2 years, and who is, or has in employment, an experienced hardware consultant who is available, at reasonable times during the course of the work, for consultation about project's hardware requirements, to Owner, Architect and Contractor.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturers' technical information for each item of hardware. Include whatever information may be necessary to show compliance with requirements, and include instructions for installation and for maintenance of operating parts and finish. Transmit copy of applicable data to Installer.

Hardware Schedule: Submit final hardware schedule in the manner and format specified, complying with the actual construction progress schedule requirements. Hardware schedules are intended for coordination of work.

Final Hardware Schedule: Based on builders hardware indicated, organize hardware schedule into "hardware sets" indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening. Include the following information:

- Type, style, function, size and finish of each hardware item.
- Name and manufacturer of each item.
- Fastenings and other pertinent information.
- Location of hardware set cross - referenced to indications on Drawings

both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.  
Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, codes, etc. contained in schedule.  
Mounting locations for hardware.  
Door and frame sizes and materials.  
Keying information.

**Submittal Sequence:** Submit schedule at earliest possible date particularly where acceptance of hardware schedule must precede fabrication of other work (e.g., hollow metal frames) which is critical in the project construction schedule. Include with schedule the product data, samples, shop drawings of other work affected by builders' hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of hardware schedule.

**Keying Schedule:** Submit separate detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final instructions on keying of locks has been fulfilled.

#### PRODUCT HANDLING:

Packaging of hardware, on a set by set basis, is the responsibility of the supplier. As materials received by the hardware supplier from the various manufacturers, sort and repackage in containers marked with the hardware set number. Two or more identical sets may be packed in the same container.

Inventory hardware jointly with representatives of the hardware supplier and the hardware installer until each is satisfied that the count is correct.

Provide secure lock-up for hardware delivered to the project, but not yet installed. Control handling installation of hardware items which are not immediately replaceable, so that the completion of the work will not be delayed by hardware losses, both before and after installation.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

**Coordination:** Coordinate hardware with other work. Tag each item or package separately, with identification related to the final hardware schedule, and include basic installation instructions in the package. Furnish hardware items of proper design for use on doors and frames of the thicknesses, profile, swing, security and similar requirements indicated, as necessary for proper installation and function. Deliver individually packaged hardware items at the proper times to the proper locations (shop or project site) for installation.

**Templates:** Furnish hardware templates to each fabricator of doors, frames and other work to be factory - prepared for the installation of hardware. Upon request, check the shop drawings of such other work, to confirm that adequate provisions are made for the proper installation of hardware.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### SCHEDULED HARDWARE:

Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size and other distinctive qualities of each type of builders hardware is indicated in the Builders Hardware Data Sheet and Hardware Schedule at the end of this section. Products are identified by using hardware designation numbers of the following.

Manufacturer's product designations: One or more manufacturers are listed for each hardware type required. An asterisk (\*) after a manufacturer's name indicates whose product designation is used in the Hardware Schedule for purposes of establishing minimum requirements. Provide product designated, or, where more than one manufacturer is listed, the comparable product of one of the other manufacturers which comply with requirements including those specified elsewhere in this section.

#### MATERIALS AND FABRICATION:

##### General:

Hand of door: The drawings show the direction of slide, swing or hand of each door leaf. Furnish each item of hardware for proper installation and operation of the door movement as shown.

Base Metals: Produce hardware units of the basic metal and forming method indicated, using the manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper and hardness, but in no case of lesser (commercially recognized) quality than specified for the applicable hardware units by FS FF-H-106, FS FF-g-111, FS FF-E-116 and FS FF-H-121. Do not furnish "optional" materials or forming methods for those indicated, except as otherwise specified.

Fasteners: Manufacture hardware to conform to published templates, generally prepared for machine screw installation. Do not provide hardware which has been prepared for self-tapping sheet metal screws, except as specifically indicated.

Furnish screws for installation, with each hardware item. Provide Phillips flat-head screws Finish exposed( under any condition) screws to match the hardware finish or , if exposed in surfaces of other work, to match the finish of such other work as closely as possible, including "prepared for paint" in surfaces to receive, painted finish.

Provide concealed fasteners for hardware units which are exposed when the door is closed, except to the extent no standard units of the type specified are available with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where the bolt head or the nut on the opposite face is exposed in other work, except where it is not feasible to adequately reinforce the work.

#### LOCK CYLINDERS AND KEYING:

Cylinders: Suppliers to provide interchangeable core rim cylinders at all locksets, deadbolt and panic hardware, where required for proper operation.

General: Supplier shall prepare the keying schedule according to the Owner's Keying Program and meet with Owner to finalize keying requirements and obtain final instructions in writing.

Keying System: Grandmaster key the locks to the campus, with a new master key for this project.

#### HARDWARE FINISHES:

Provide matching finishes for hardware units at each door or opening, to the greatest extent possible, and except as otherwise indicated. Reduce differences in color and textures as much as commercially possible where the base metal or metal forming



process is different for individual units of hardware exposed at the same door or opening. In general, match items to the manufacturer's standard finish for the latch and lock set (or push-pull units if no latch-lock sets) for color and texture.

Provide finishes which match those established by EEMA or, if none established, match the Architect's sample.

Provide quality of finish, including thickness of plating or coating (if any), composition, hardness and other qualities complying with manufacturer's standards, but in no case less than specified for the applicable units of hardware by referenced standards.

Provide protective lacquer coating on all exposed hardware finishes of brass, bronze and aluminum, except as otherwise indicated.

The designations used in schedules and elsewhere to indicate hardware finishes are those listed in "Materials & Finishes Standard 1301" by EEMA, including coordination with the traditional U.S. finishes shown by certain manufacturers for their products.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### INSTALLATION:

Mount hardware units at heights indicated in "Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware" by the NEEA, except as specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations, and except as may be otherwise directed by Architect.

Install each hardware item in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Wherever cutting and fitting is required to install hardware to a surface which will later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage and reinstallation or application of surface protections with finishing work specified in the Division 9 sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on the substrate.

Set units level, plumb and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce the attachment substrate as necessary for proper installation and operation.

Drill and countersink units which have not been factory-prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors in accordance with industry standards.

#### ADJUST AND CLEAN:

Adjust and clean each operating item of hardware and each door, to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units which cannot be adjusted to operate freely and smoothly as intended for the application made.

Final Adjustment: Wherever hardware installation is made more than one month prior to acceptance or occupancy, return to the work during the week prior to acceptance or occupancy to make final check and adjustment of all hardware items in such space or area. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish of hardware and doors. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment.

Instruct Owner's Personnel in proper adjustment and maintenance of hardware and hardware finishes, during the final adjustment of hardware.

## MANUFACTURERS

Butts	Hager	Hagr
Locksets	Schlage Lock Co.	Schl
Exit Device	Von Duprin	Von
Closers	LCN	LCN
Mullions	Von Duprin	Von
Stops	Hager	Hagr
Silencers	Hager	Hagr
Thresholds	Hager	Hagr
Weatherstripping	Hager	Hagr

### Keys & Keying;

All locks, cylinders and deadbolts shall be Master Keyed as required by the Owner to the Existing Grand Master Key System. Provide cylinders to all locksets, exit devices, etc. whether noted or not. Furnish two (2) keys per locking device.

All exterior hinges will be stainless steel.

### Schedule A at doors no. 1

1.5 pair butts	BB1191 x 4.5 x 4.5 x 630 x NRP	Hagr
exit device	WS9827L x 630 x 42"	Von
Door Closer	7570T	LCN
weatherstripping	891 x SV x 36" x 2 @ 84" x SMS	Hagr
threshold	520 x SV x 36" x SMS	Hagr
door bottom	770 x SV x 36" x SMS	Hagr
door drip	810S x 40" x SMS	Hagr
wall stop	236w x 630	Hagr
kick plates	8400 x 12" x 34" x 630	Ives
LockGuard	LG1 x 630	Ives

### Schedule B at doors no. 2,3,4

cylinder locks	20-757-626	Schl
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### Schedule C at doors no. 5,6

1.5 pair Butts	BB1191 x 4.5 x 4.5 x 652 x 2"ws	Hagr
Indicator	B571 x 626	Schl
Lockset	ND53PD x SPA x 626	Schl
Wall Stop	236w x 626	Hagr
Silencers	307D	Hagr

## SECTION 09900 PAINTING

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work in this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of painting work is indicated on drawings and schedules, and as herein specified.

Work includes painting and finishing of interior and exterior exposed items and surfaces throughout Project, except as otherwise indicated.

Surface preparation, priming and coats or paint specified are in addition to shop priming and surface treatment specified under other sections of work.

"Paint" as used herein means all coating systems materials, including primers, emulsions, enamels, stains, sealers and fillers, and other applied materials whether used as prime, intermediate or finish coats.

Paint exposed surfaces whether or not colors are designated in "schedules", except where natural finish of material is specifically noted as a surface not to be painted. Where items or surfaces are not specifically mentioned, paint the same as similar adjacent materials or areas. If color or finish is not designated, Architect will select these from standard colors available for materials systems specified.

Pre Finished Items: Unless otherwise indicated, do not include painting when factory finishing or installer finishing is specified for such items as (but not limited to) metal toilet enclosures, pre-finished partition systems, acoustic materials, architectural woodwork and casework, finished mechanical and electrical equipment, including light fixtures, switchgear and distribution cabinets, elevator entrance frames, doors and equipment.

Concealed Surfaces: Unless otherwise indicated, painting is not required on surfaces such as walls or ceilings in concealed areas and generally inaccessible areas, foundation spaces, furred areas, utility tunnels, pipe spaces, duct shafts and elevator shafts.

Finished Metal Surfaces: Unless otherwise indicated, metal surfaces of anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plate, copper, bronze and similar finished materials will not require finish painting.

Operating Parts: Unless otherwise indicated, moving parts of operating units, mechanical and electrical parts, such as valve and damper operators, linkages, sensing devices, motor and fan shafts will not require finish painting.

Do not paint over any code required labels, such as Underwriters' Laboratories and Factory Mutual, or any equipment identification, performance rating, name, or nomenclature plates.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical information including Paint label analysis

and application instructions for each material proposed for use.

Samples: Submit samples for Architect's review of color and texture only. Provide a listing of material and application for each coat of each finish sample.

On 12" x 12" hardboard, provide two samples of each color and material, with texture to simulate actual conditions. Resubmit samples as requested by Architect until acceptable sheen, color, and texture is achieved.

On actual wood surfaces, provide two 4" x 8" samples of natural and stained wood finish. Label and identify each as to location and application.

On concrete masonry, provide two 4" square samples of masonry for each type of finish and color, defining filler, prime and finish coat.

#### DELIVERY AND STORAGE:

Deliver materials to job site in original, new and unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label, and following information:

Name or title of material.

Fed. Spec. number, if applicable.

Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.

Manufacturer's name.

Contents by volume, for major pigment and vehicle constituents.

Thinning instructions.

Application instructions.

Color name and number.

#### JOB CONDITIONS:

Apply water base paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 degrees F (10 degrees C) and 90 degrees F (32 degrees C), unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

Apply solvent thinned paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and surrounding air temperatures are between 45 degrees F (7 degrees C) and 95 degrees F (35 degrees C), unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

Do not paint in snow, rain, fog or mist, or when relative humidity exceeds 85%, or to damp or wet surfaces, unless otherwise permitted by paint manufacturer's printed instructions.

Painting may be continued during inclement weather if areas and surfaces to be painted are enclosed and heated within temperature limits specified by paint manufacturer during application and drying periods.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS

### COLORS AND FINISHES:

Paint colors, surface treatments, and finishes, are indicated in "schedules" of the contract documents.

Prior to beginning work, Architect will furnish color chips for surfaces to be painted.

Use representative colors when preparing samples for review.

MANUFACTURERS: for interior paint system only;

Sherwin Williams  
Technical Coatings Inc.  
Jones Blair  
Pittsburgh Paint

For exterior paint system:

Tnemec (no substitutes for this product)

Color Pigments: Pure, non-fading, applicable types to suit substrates and service indicated.

Paint Coordination: Provide finish coats which are compatible with prime paints used. Review other sections of these specifications in which prime paints are to be provided to ensure compatibility of total coatings system for various substrates. Upon request from other trades, furnish information on characteristics of finish materials proposed for use, to ensure compatible prime coats are used. Provide barrier coats over incompatible primers or remove and re-prime as required. Notify Architect in writing of any anticipated problems using specified coating systems with substrates primed by others.

MATERIALS:

Material Quality: Provide best quality grade of various types of coatings as regularly manufactured by acceptable paint materials manufacturers. Materials not displaying manufacturer's identification as a standard, best grade product will not be acceptable.

EXTERIOR PAINT SYSTEMS (EPS):

Provide following paint systems for various substrates, as indicated.

Exterior CMU:

IPS2: 1<sup>st</sup> Coat - Tnemec 130 Envirofill – 60-85 SFPG  
2<sup>nd</sup> Coat - Tnemec 157 Enviro-Crete – 99-111 SFPG

EXPOSED STRUCTURAL STEEL AND ACCESSORIES

Surface Preparation: Abrasive blast as per manufacturer's guidelines, a minimum 1.5 mil angular anchor profile..

Coating System:

First Coat:	Tnemec Series 27WB Typoxy	4.0 - 6.0 dry mils
Second Coat:	Tnemec Series 27WB Typoxy	4.0 - 6.0 dry mils
Finish Coat:	Tnemec Series 66 HI-Build Epoxoline	4.0 - 6.0 dry mils

INTERIOR PAINT SYSTEMS:

Provide following paint systems for various substrates, as indicated.

Interior CMU Walls:

IPS2: 1<sup>st</sup> Coat - PROMAR Interior/Exterior Block Filler  
2<sup>nd</sup> Coat - Pro Industrial High Performance Epoxy  
3<sup>rd</sup> Coat - Pro Industrial High Performance Epoxy

Exposed Concrete Floor:

IPS2: 1<sup>st</sup> Coat - Tnemec 201 Epoxoprime – 6.0-12.0 mils per coat

2<sup>nd</sup> Coat - Tnemec 201 Epoxoprime – 6.0-12.0 mils per coat

Note: Provide Series 820 Field Tint with finish coat

PART 3 EXECUTION

INSPECTION:

Applicator must examine areas and conditions under which painting work is to be applied and notify Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of work. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been correct in a manner acceptable to Applicator.

Starting of painting work will be construed as Applicator's acceptance of surfaces and conditions within any particular area.

Do not paint over dirt, rust, scale, grease, moisture, scuffed surfaces, or conditions otherwise detrimental to formation of a durable paint film.

SURFACE PREPARATION:

General: Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in accordance with paint manufacturer's instructions and as herein specified, for each particular substrate condition.

Remove hardware, hardware accessories, machined surfaces, plates, lighting fixtures, and similar items in place and not to be finish painted or provide surface applied protection prior to surface preparation and painting operations. Remove, if necessary, for complete painting of items and adjacent surfaces. Following completion of painting of each space or area, reinstall removed items.

Clean surfaces to be painted before applying paint or surface treatments. Remove oil and grease prior to mechanical cleaning. Program cleaning and painting so that contaminants from cleaning process will not fall onto wet, newly painted surfaces.

Cementitious Materials: Prepare cementitious surfaces of concrete, concrete block to be painted by removing efflorescence, chalk, dust, dirt, grease, oils, and by roughening as required to remove glaze as required. Determine alkalinity and moisture content of surfaces to be painted by performing appropriate tests. If surfaces are found to be sufficiently alkaline to cause blistering and burning of finish paint, correct this condition before application of paint. Do not paint over surfaces where moisture content exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's printed directions.

Clean concrete floor surfaces scheduled to be painted with a commercial solution or muriatic acid, or another etching cleaner. Flush floor with clean water to neutralize acid and allow to dry before painting.

Wood: Clean wood surfaces to be painted of dirt, oil, or other foreign substances with scrapers, mineral spirits, and sandpaper, as required. Sandpaper smooth those finished surfaces exposed to view and dust off. Scrape and clean small, dry, seasoned knots and apply a thin coat of white shellac or other recommended knot sealer, before application of priming coat. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sandpaper smooth when dried.

Prime, stain, or seal wood required to be job painted immediately upon delivery to job.

Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of such wood, including cabinets, counters, cases, paneling. When transparent finish is required, use spar varnish for back-priming.

Back-prime paneling on interior partitions only where masonry or other wet wall construction occurs on backside.

Seal tops, bottoms, and cut outs of unprimed wood doors with a heavy coat of varnish or equivalent sealer immediately upon delivery to job.

Ferrous Metals: Clean ferrous surfaces, which are not galvanized, or shop coated, of oil, grease, dirt, loose mill scale and other foreign substances by solvent or mechanical cleaning.

Touch up shop applied prime coats wherever damaged or bare, where required by other sections of these specifications. Clean and touch up with same type shop primer.

Galvanized Surfaces: Clean free of oil and surface contaminants with non-petroleum-based solvent.

#### MATERIALS PREPARATION:

Mix and prepare painting materials in accordance with manufacturer's directions.

Maintain containers used in mixing and application of paint in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue. Store materials not in actual use in tightly covered containers.

Stir materials before application to produce a mixture of uniform density and stir as required during application. Do not stir surface film into material. Remove film and, if necessary, strain material before using.

#### APPLICATION:

General: Apply paint in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Use applicators and techniques best suited for substrate and type of material being applied.

Apply additional coats when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through final coat of paint, until paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance. Give special attention to ensure that surfaces, including edges, corners, crevices, welds, and exposed fasteners receive a dry film thickness equivalent to that of flat surfaces.

Paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only before final installation of equipment.

Paint interior surfaces of ducts, where visible through registers or grilles, with a flat, non-specular black paint. Paint back sides of access panels, and removable or hinged covers to match exposed surfaces.

Finish exterior doors on tops, bottoms and side edges same as exterior faces, unless otherwise indicated. Sand lightly between each succeeding enamel or varnish coat.

Omit first coat (primer) on metal surfaces which have been shop primed and touch up painted, unless otherwise indicated.

Scheduling Painting: Apply first coat material to surfaces that have been cleaned, pretreated or otherwise prepared for painting as soon as practicable after preparation and before subsequent surface deterioration.

Allow sufficient time between successive coatings to permit proper drying. Do not recoat until paint has dried to where it feels firm, does not deform or feel sticky under moderate thumb pressure, and application of another coat of paint does not cause lifting or loss of adhesion of the undercoat.

Minimum Coating Thickness: Apply materials at not less than manufacturer's recommended spreading rate, to establish a total dry film thickness as indicated or, if not indicated, as recommended by coating manufacturer.

Prime Coats: Apply prime coat of material, which is required to be painted or finished, and which has not been prime coated by others.

Recoat primed and sealed surfaces where there is evidence of suction spots or unsealed areas in first coat, to assure a finish coat with no burn through or other defects due to insufficient sealing.

Stipple Enamel Finish: Roll and redistribute paint to an even and fine texture. Leave no evidence of rolling such as laps, irregularity in texture, skid marks, or other surface imperfections.

Pigmented (Opaque) Finishes: Completely cover to provide an opaque, smooth surface of uniform finish, color, appearance and coverage. Cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness or other surface imperfections will not be acceptable.

Transparent (Clear) Finish: Use multiple coats to produce glass smooth surface film of even luster. Provide a finish free of laps, cloudiness, color irregularity, runs, brush marks, orange peel, nail holes, or other surface imperfections. Provide satin finish for final coats, unless otherwise indicated.

Completed Work: Match approved samples for color, texture and coverage. Remove, refinish or repaint work not in compliance with specified requirements.

#### FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

The right is reserved by Owner to invoke the following material testing procedure at any time, and any number of times during period of field painting:

Engage services of an independent testing laboratory to sample paint being used. Samples of materials delivered to project site will be taken, identified and sealed, and certified in presence of Contractor.

Testing laboratory will perform appropriate tests for any or all of following characteristics: Abrasion resistance, apparent reflectivity, flexibility, washability, absorption, accelerated weathering, dry opacity, accelerated yellowness, recoating, skinning, color retention, alkali resistance and quantitative materials analysis.

If test results show that material being used does not comply with specified requirements, Contractor may be directed to stop painting work, and remove non complying paint; pay for testing; repaint surfaces coated with rejected paint; remove rejected paint from previously painted surfaces if, upon repainting with specified paint,



the two coatings are non-compatible.

CLEAN UP AND PROTECTION:

Clean Up: During progress of work, remove from site discarded paint materials, rubbish, cans and rags at end of each workday. Upon completion of painting work, clean window glass and other paint spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paint by proper methods of washing and scraping, using care not to scratch or otherwise damage finished surfaces.

Protection: Protect work of other trades, whether to be painted or not, against damage by painting and finishing work. Correct any damage by cleaning, repairing or replacing, and repainting, as acceptable to Architect.

Provide "Wet Paint" signs as required to protect newly painted finishes. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work, after completion of painting operations. At completion of work of other trades, touch up and restore all damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09900

## SECTION 104400 SPECIALTY SIGNS

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work specified in this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of specialty signs is shown on drawings.

Forms of specialty signs required include the following:

- Interior Panel signs
- Cast metal plaques
- Exterior Metal signs
- Address Numbers
- Project Job Sign

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Uniformity of Manufacturer: For each sign form and graphic image process indicated, furnish products of a single manufacturer.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each type of sign required.

Samples: Submit samples of each sign form and material showing finishes, colors, surface textures and qualities of manufacture and design of each sign component, including graphics.

Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for fabrication and erection of specialty signs. Include plans, elevations, and large-scale details of sign wording and lettering layout. Show anchorages and accessory items. Furnish location template drawings for items supported or anchored to permanent construction.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS:

##### Panel Signage

Manufacturers of Rooms Signs and Address Numbers:

Basis of Design: Corpus Christi Stamp Works  
Bayuk Graphic Systems, Inc.  
MULTI-graphics, Inc.

Manufacturers of Plaques

Basis of Design: A.R.K. Ramos  
The Southwell Company.

Manufacturers of Plaques

Basis of Design: A.R.K. Ramos  
The Southwell Company.

#### MATERIALS:

Plastic Laminate: Provide high pressure plastic laminate engraving stock with face and

core plies in contrasting colors, in finishes and color combinations indicated. Manufacturer standard colors.

FABRICATION OF PANEL SIGNS:

Fabricate panels signs to comply with the requirements indicated for materials, thicknesses, finishes, colors, designs, shapes, sizes and details of construction. Provide and install, one per door.

Produce smooth, even, level sign panel surfaces, constructed to remain flat under installed condition within a tolerance of plus or minus 1/16" measured diagonally from corner to corner.

Panel Signs: Fabricate unframed panel signs with edges mechanically and smoothly finished to conform to following requirements:

A. Character Proportion. Letters and numbers on signs should have a width to height ratio between 3:5 and 1:1 and a stroke width to height ratio between 1:5 to 1:10 utilizing an uppercase "X" for measurement.

B. Color Contrast. Characters and symbols shall contrast with their background.

C. Tactile Characters and Symbols. Characters, symbols, or pictographs on signs required to be tactile, shall be raised 1/32 inch minimum. Letters and numbers refer to plans for text height at specific locations. Font: Helvetica 721.

D. Interior Signs (Named Spaces):

- A. Provide a sign at each door to each room of the building.
- B. Include braille message as required by ADA.
- C. Size: 6"x3"
- D. Provide the room number followed by the name of the space

E. Exterior Signs:

- A. Provide weather rated exterior sign at each of the following doors on the exterior of the building:
  - 1. Mechanical Rooms
  - 2. Riser Room
- B. Include braille message as required by ADA.
- C. Size: 6"x3"
- D. Provide the room number followed by the name of the space

F. Restroom Signs:

- A. Provide a sign at each restroom door.
- B. Include braille message as required by ADA.
- C. Size: 6" x 8" (Pictogram should be 6"x6". Restroom type should be in 2"x8" space)

CAST METAL PLAQUES:

Fabricate cast plaques to comply with requirements indicated below for metal, border style, background texture and finish, and on drawings for thickness, size, shape and copy. Produce castings free from pits, scale, and sand holes or other defects. Hand tool and buff borders and raised copy to produce manufacturer's standard satin polished finish. Refer to "Finish" article of other finish requirements.

Quantity: One (1)

Size: 30"W x 20"H x 3/4" D (with Cameron county logo & Parks and Recreation logo)

Metal: Bronze.

Fonts: Times New Roman (Refer to drawings for plaque layout. Revisions to verbiage on plaque will be verified and made by Owner before final approval)

Texture: Letherette

Finish: BR-400 Dark Oxidized background with Satin Bronze raised areas

Mounting: Concealed (Verify location for anchoring type)

Refer to drawings for location and spacing. Coordinate power supply with Electrical drawings.

#### PROJECT JOB SIGN:

Provide for (1) – 4'x8' Plywood Sheets with Owner directed signage to be used on Project Job Sign. Provide for possible project renderings and school logos and images. Mount on 4"x4" post or as required to stand for duration of project. Location on site to be provided by Owner.

#### METAL SIGNS:

General: Provide and install handicap metal signs, stop signs and directions signs as indicated in drawings.

Materials: Aluminum.

Mounting Pole shall be aluminum .125 wall thickness and five feet in height above finished sidewalk elevation.

#### FINISHES:

Colors and Surface Textures: For exposed sign materials which require selection of materials with integral or applied colors, surface textures or other characteristics related to appearance, provide color matches indicated, or if not otherwise indicated, as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standards.

Metal Finishes: Comply with NAAMM "Metal Finishes Manual" for finish designations and application recommendations.

#### Aluminum Finishes:

Baked Enamel Finish: Provide finish AA M4xC12C42Rlx (manufacturer's standard non directional mechanical finish including sanding and filing; cleaning with inhibited chemicals; conversion coated with an acid chromate fluoride phosphate treatment; and painted with organic coating specified below).

#### Bronze Finishes:

Natural Satin Finish: NAAMM-M31-06x (fine satin directional textured mechanical finish with clear organic coating specified below).

Clear Organic Coating: Manufacturer's standard clear coating.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION:

##### INSTALLATION:

General: Locate sign units and accessories where shown or scheduled, using mounting methods of type described and in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions, unless otherwise indicated.

Install sign units level, plumb and at the height indicated, with sign surfaces free from

distortion or other defects of appearance.

Panel Signs:

Wall Mounted Units: Attach panel signs to wall surfaces using the methods indicated below:

Interior:

Vinyl Tape Mounting (VTM): Use double sided foam tape, or thickness indicated, to mount signs to smooth non porous surfaces. Do not use for vinyl covered or rough surfaces.

Where mounted on glass provide additional blank sign on inside of glass to conceal mounting tape.

Exterior:

Mechanically fasten securely to substrate. Fastener should be appropriate for substrate.

Metal Letters and Numbers:

Mount letters and numbers as follows: use standard fastening methods recommended by manufacturer for letter form, type of mounting, wall construction, and condition of exposure indicated. Provide heavy weight paper template to establish letter spacing and to locate holes for fasteners.

Flush Mounting (FM): Mount letters either backs in contact with wall surface.

Cast Metal Plaques: Mount cast plaques using the manufacturer's standard fastening methods recommended by manufacturer for type of wall surface indicated.

Concealed Mounting: Mount the plaques by inserting threaded studs into tapped lugs on the back of the plaque. Set in predrilled holes filled with quick setting cement.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION:

At completion of the installation, clean soiled sign surface in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Protect units from damage until acceptance by the Owner.

END OF SECTION 10440

## SECTION 10520 - FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, CABINETS, AND ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Definition: "Fire extinguishers" as used in this section refers to units which can be hand carried, unless otherwise specified.

Types of products required include:

- Fire extinguishers.
- Fire extinguisher cabinets.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Provide portable fire extinguishers, cabinets and accessories by one manufacturer, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

#### SUBMITTALS:

Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for all portable fire extinguishers required. Where color selections by Architect are required include color charts showing full range of manufacturer's standard colors and designs available.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS:

- J. L. Industries.
- Larsen's Mfg. Co.

#### FIRE EXTINGUISHERS:

General: Provide fire extinguishers for each extinguisher cabinet and other locations indicated, in colors and finishes selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard which comply with requirements of governing authority.

Fill and service extinguishers to comply with requirements of governing authorities and manufacturer's requirement.

Multi Purpose Dry Chemical Type: UL rated 4 A: 60 BC, 10 lb. nominal capacity, in enameled steel container for Class A, Class B and Class C fires.

Type K Extinguishers will be required at Snack Bar, Serving Line and Kitchen locations.

#### FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS:

General: Provide fire extinguisher cabinets (FECB) where indicated, of suitable size for housing fire extinguishers of types and capacities indicated.

Construction: Manufacturer's standard enameled steel box, with trim, frame, door and hardware to suit cabinet type, trim style, and door style indicated. Weld all joints and grind smooth. Miter and weld perimeter door frames.

Cabinet Type: Suitable for mounting conditions indicated, of the following types:

Semi Recessed: Cabinet box (tub) fully recessed in walls of sufficient depth to suit style of trim indicated.

Trim Style: Fabricate trim in one piece with corners mitered, welded and ground smooth.

Exposed Trim: One piece combination trim and perimeter door frame overlapping surrounding wall surface with exposed trim face and wall return at outer edge (backbend).

Rolled Edge Trim: Rounded edges with backbend depth as follows:

Depth: 2 1/2".

Trim Metal: of same metal as door.

Door Material and Construction: Manufacturer's standard door construction, of material indicated, coordinated with cabinet types and trim styles selected.

Door Style: Equal to JL Vertical Duo

Duo Panel: Tempered glass, 1/8" thick, unless otherwise indicated.

Additional Features: Red Vertical FE letters

Door Hardware: Provide manufacturer's standard door operating hardware of proper type for cabinet type, trim style, and door material and style indicated. Provide either lever handle with cam action latch, or door pull, exposed or concealed, and friction latch. Provide concealed or continuous type hinge permitting door to open 180 degrees.

#### FACTORY FINISHING OF FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINETS

General: Comply with NAAMM "Metal Finishes Manual" for finish designations and application recommendations except as otherwise indicated. Apply finishes in factory after products are assembled. Protect cabinets with plastic or paper covering, prior to shipment.

#### Aluminum Finishes:

Provide #180 clear anodized door and frame.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### INSTALLATION:

Install items included in this section in locations and at mounting heights indicated, or if not indicated, at heights to comply with applicable regulations of governing authorities.

Prepare recesses in walls for fire extinguisher cabinets as required by type and size of cabinet and style of trim and to comply with manufacturer's instructions.

Where exact location of bracket mounted fire extinguishers is not indicated, locate as directed by Architect.

#### IDENTIFICATION:

Identify existence of fire extinguisher in cabinet with lettering spelling "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" painted on door by silk screen process. Provide lettering on door as indicated, or if not indicated, as selected by Architect from Manufacturer's standard letter sizes, styles, colors and layouts.

END OF SECTION 10520

FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, CABINETS, AND ACCESSORIES 10520 - 2

## SECTION 10800 TOILET ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### RELATED DOCUMENTS:

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

#### DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Extent of each type of toilet accessory is indicated on drawings and schedules.

Types of toilet accessories required include the following:

- Sanitary napkin disposal units.
- Grab bars.
- Mirrors.

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

**Inserts and Anchorages:** Furnish inserts and anchoring devices which must be set in concrete or built into masonry; coordinate delivery with other work to avoid delay.

**Accessory Locations:** Coordinate accessory locations with other work to avoid interference and to assure proper operation and servicing of accessory units.

**Products:** Provide products of same manufacturer for each type of accessory unit and for units exposed in same areas, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.

#### SUBMITTALS:

**Product Data:** Submit manufacturer's technical data and installation instructions for each toilet accessory.

**Setting Drawings:** Provide setting drawings, templates, instructions, and directions for installation of anchorage devices in other work.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS:

#### ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS:

Bobrick Washroom Equipment, Inc.  
Bradley Corporation

#### MATERIALS, GENERAL:

**Stainless Steel:** AISI Type 302/304, with polished No. 4 finish, 22 gage minimum, unless otherwise indicated.

**Mirror Glass:** FS DD G 451, Type I, Class 1, Quality q2, 1/4" thick, with silver coating, copper protective coating, and non metallic paint coating complying with FS DD M 411.

**Galvanized Steel Mounting Devices:** ASTM A 386, hot dip galvanized after fabrication.

**Fasteners:** Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit or of galvanized steel where concealed.



### FABRICATION:

General: Stamped names or labels on exposed faces of toilet accessory units are not permitted, except where otherwise indicated; unobtrusive labels on surfaces not exposed to view are acceptable. Where locks are required for a particular type of toilet accessory, provide same keying throughout project. Furnish two keys for each lock.

Surface Mounted Toilet Accessories, General: Except where otherwise indicated, fabricate units with tight seams and joints, exposed edges rolled. Hang doors or access panels with continuous stainless steel piano hinge. Provide concealed anchorage wherever possible.

- **Handicap Mirror:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-165 - 2448, Framed Mirror. Provide one unit at each lavatory.
- **Hot Air Dryer:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-770, refer to drawings for locations.
- **Grab Bar:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-66806 series x 42" long, provide at each handicap water closet location.
- **Grab Bar;** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-66806 series x 36" long, provide at each handicap water closet location.
- **Mop & Broom Holder:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-223X36, provide one unit at each janitorial room.
- **Soap Dispenser:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-2111, provide one unit at each lavatory.
- **Toilet Paper Dispenser:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-274, provide one unit at each water closet location.
- **Coat Hook:** Equal to Bobrick model no. B-2116, provide one unit at each water closet location.
- **Changing Station:** Equal to Bobrick model no. KB200, provide one unit at each toilet

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### INSTALLATION:

Install toilet accessory units in accordance with manufacturers' instructions, using fasteners which are appropriate to substrate and recommended by manufacturer of unit. Install units plumb and level, firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated. General Contractor to provide for solid 2x wood blocking at toilet accessories mounted at gypsum drywall partitons.

#### ADJUSTING AND CLEANING:

Adjust toilet accessories for proper operation and verify that mechanisms function smoothly.

Clean and polish all exposed surfaces after removing protective coatings.

END OF SECTION 10800

## SECTION 11400 - FOOD SERVICE EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 GENERAL

#### SCOPE:

This section includes furnishing all material, labor, equipment and services required to complete food service equipment shown on the drawings and described herein:

#### RELATED WORK SPECIFIED ELSEWHERE:

Plumbing (refer to Division 15) including:

- Rough In: Piping for supply and waste lines.
- Traps, grease traps, line strainers, tail pieces, valves, stops, shut offs and miscellaneous fittings required for complete installation.
- Final Connections.
- Ventilation (refer to Division 15)
- Roof mounted fans and connecting ductwork not shown as part of the kitchen equipment.

Electrical (refer to Division 16) including:

- Rough in:
- Conduit, wiring, line and disconnect switches, safety cut offs and fittings, control panels, fuses, boxes and fittings required for complete installation.
- Final connections including mounting and wiring of starters and switches furnished as part of the food service equipment (unless otherwise indicated on the drawings).

#### QUALITY ASSURANCE:

Food Service equipment suppliers shall submit satisfactory evidence of compliance with the following qualifications and conditions to be approved.

Successful completion of jobs of comparable scope.

Have manufacturer's authorization to distribute and install specified factory items of equipment.

Maintain a permanent staff experienced in the installation of food service equipment and preparation of professional style shop drawings and brochures.

Maintain or have access to shop meeting N.S.F. requirements. If other than food service equipment suppliers on shop, obtain approval of shop desired to be used.

Maintain or have access to a readily available stock of repair and replacement parts, together with authorized service personnel.

#### SUBMITTALS:

##### Shop Drawings:

Submit to the Consultant for preliminary review within six (6) weeks after notification of award, one sepia and one blue line print of professionally prepared detailed arrangement plans (not traced from the

Contract Documents) and mechanical rough-in plans showing dimensions locations, sizes, elevations and capacities of all services required for each item of equipment.

Submittal shall include bound brochures containing item flysheets, illustrations, specifications, line drawings and rough-in information on all brand name items (items not of his manufacture) herein after specified.

Two (2) preliminary brochures shall be submitted with arrangement plans, rough-in plans and shop drawings as hereinafter specified, for preliminary approval. After approval, drawings and brochures are to be submitted in the number as required by the Architect.

Professionally prepare detailed shop drawings at a minimum scale of 3/4" to the foot, plus necessary cross sections at a scale of 1-1/2" to the foot, showing complete detail of each item of specifically fabricated equipment. These drawings shall be based on the floor plans and the following item specifications.

Drawings shall include accurately dimensions layouts and locations for all masonry bases or recesses if required or called for hereinafter and shall furthermore, if applicable, include accurately dimensions, details and locations of any special wall openings that are required where items of equipment extend through walls.

Do not begin fabrication until shop drawings have been approved.

Food service equipment supplier shall furnish three (3) bound sets of dimensional prints, data sheets, spare parts lists, and operating instructions for each piece of mechanical equipment. These are to be prepared and submitted to Architect before demonstration of equipment (refer to 3.43).

All brochures shall be bound in hard durable covers bearing the job name and date of submission.

#### PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:

Delivery: Equipment shall be delivered only after the building is weather and vandal safe.

Storage: Store equipment in an area convenient to the point of installation in such a way that it can be protected from the weather and job hazards.

Protection: Wrapping and protective coverings shall remain on all items until ready for use and in the case of stainless steel items, until installation is complete and the job is ready for cleaning.

#### JURISDICTION TRADE AGREEMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS:

Include the work specified, shown or reasonably inferable as part of food service equipment. Portions of this work may be subcontracted to those qualified to do such work, as may be necessary because of jurisdictional trade agreements and restrictions.

#### REGULATION AND CODES:

In addition to complying with applicable laws, statutes, building codes and regulations of public authorities, comply with the following.

National Sanitation Foundation (to bear label)  
National Electric Code  
Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc.  
American Gas Association Laboratories  
National Fire Protection Association  
Occupational Safety and Health Act

**WARRANTIES:**

Warrantee in writing all equipment and fabrication against defects and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from date of acceptance, unless noted otherwise.

**KITCHEN EQUIPMENT LIST:**

**Item No. 1 - THREE (3) COMPARTMENT SINK**      Quantity: One (1) Total

Advance Tabco Model No. FC-3-1818

Fabricated Economy Sink, 3-compartment, 18" front-to-back x 18"W sink compartments, 14" deep, with 8"H backsplash, stainless steel legs with welded front-to-rear & adjustable left-to-right cross rails, 36" drainboards, 1" adjustable bullet feet, 16 gauge 304 series stainless steel, overall 31" F/B x 15 1/2" L/R, NSF (requires 2 faucets)

- K-453 Control Bracket, 14" x 16" (each)
- K-5 Drain, twist operated, 2" NPT & 1-1/2" IPS outlet connections - 3 each
- K-4 Support Bracket, for lever waste drain handle, (1) support required for each lever drain - 3 each
- **PRE-RINSE FAUCET ASSEMBLY, WITH ADD ON FAUCET**      Quantity: One (1) Total  
Fisher Model No. 34460
  - Pre-Rinse Unit, 8" c/c backsplash mount, with spring action flexible gooseneck, wall bracket, Add-On-Faucet with 12" swing spout

**END OF SECTION 11400**

## SECTION 11480 - RECREATIONAL EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Provide sports equipment, where shown on drawings, as specified herein, and as needed for a complete and proper installation.
- B. Related:
  - 1. Documents affecting work of this section include, but are not necessarily limited to, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Section in Division 1 of these specifications.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Comply with pertinent provisions of Section 01340.
- B. Product data: within 35 calendar days after Contractor has received the Owners Notice to Proceed, submit the following:
  - 1. Materials list of items proposed to be provided under this section.
  - 2. Manufacturer's specifications and other data needed to prove compliance with the specified requirements.
  - 3. Dimensioned drawings as needed to depict the space required for these items, and their interface with the work of other trades.
  - 4. Manufacturer's recommended installation procedures which, when approved by the Architect, will become the procedures used on the work.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Use adequate numbers of skilled workmen who are thoroughly trained and experienced in the necessary crafts and who are completely familiar with all specified requirements and the methods needed for proper performance of the work in this section.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with pertinent provisions of Section 01605.

### PART 2 – PRODUCTS

Basis of Design: Porter Sports Equipment  
Draper, Inc.

All other manufacturers must receive prior approval before bidding.

#### 2.1. Basketball Goals

Provide (2) – Porter Model #90926000 ceiling suspended, ceiling braced backstops with rectangular fiberglass backboard #216, playground goal #251H00 and anti-whip net.

#### 2.2 Bleachers

Provide (2) -27' x 5 row picket guard rail aluminum bleachers, fasten to concrete

foundation. Model # BGS-122 by Belson Outdoors 1-800-323-5664,  
[www.belson.com](http://www.belson.com)

### 2.3 Bleacher Shade Structure

Provide (3) - 16' x 32' x 12'-0" standard cantilevered shade structure as manufactured by Tensoshade. 17595 W Blanco Rd., Suite 300, San Antonio, TX 78232, [210.888.0128](tel:210.888.0128)

Provide sealed engineered documents to comply with IBC wind uplift requirements. Frames to be hot dipped galvanized at the factory. Fabric to be commercial 95 HDPE shade cloth with fire retardant coating.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### INSTALLATION:

Install equipment where shown on drawings and comply with manufacturer's instructions and final shop drawings. Provide accessories indicated and anchors, inserts, and other items required for installation of units and attachment of adjoining construction.

### ADJUSTMENT AND CLEANING

Upon completion of installation, including work of other trades, lubricate, test and adjust equipment to operate easily and in compliance with manufacturer's specifications.

Clean installed bleacher units on exposed and semi-exposed surfaces. Touch-up shop applied finishes restoring damaged or soiled area.

END OF SECTION 11480

## SECTION 13120 – PRE-ENGINEERED METAL BUILDINGS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

##### A. Section Includes:

1. Structural-steel framing
2. Associated building components (metal panels, thermal insulation, trims, flashings, gutters, downspouts, accessories, etc.) as specified by Architect, to be incorporated by building manufacturer.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. Section 03300 - Cast-in-Place Concrete: Foundations and anchor bolts.
- B. Section 05120 - Structural Steel

#### 1.3 REFERENCES

- A. ASTM A 36 - Standard Specification for Carbon Structural Steel.
- B. ASTM A 307 - Standard Specification for Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60 ksi Tensile Strength.
- C. ASTM A 325 - Standard Specification for Structural Bolts, Steel, Heat Treated, 120/105 ksi Minimum Tensile Strength.
- D. ASTM A 572 - Standard Specification for High-Strength Low-Alloy Columbium-Vanadium Steel.
- E. ASTM A 653 - Standard Specification for Steel Sheets, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process.
- F. ASTM E 1592 - Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Sheet Metal Roof and Siding Systems by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference.
- G. AWS D1.1 - Structural Welding Code; American Welding Society.
- H. UL 580 - Tests for Wind Uplift Resistance of Roof Assemblies; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
- I. UL 723 - Standard for Test for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; Underwriters Laboratories Inc.

#### 1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Building Width: Measured from outside to outside of exterior girts.
- B. Building Length: Measured from outside to outside of exterior girts.
- C. Building Line: Outside face of wall girts.

- D. Building Eave Height: Measured from the top of the eave member at the outside of the exterior girt line to the bottom of the sidewall column base plate.
- E. Bay Spacing: Measured from centerline to centerline of primary frame.
- F. Roof Pitch: The ratio of the vertical rise to the horizontal run.

## 1.5 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design structural systems according to professionally recognized methods and standards using the 2018 International Building Code, AISC Manual of Steel Construction, AISI Cold Formed Steel Design Manual.
- B. Design sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in State of Texas.
- C. Structural Performance: Metal building systems shall withstand the effects of the following loads within limits and under conditions indicated according to procedures in MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual."
  - 1. Design Loads:
    - a. Dead Loads: Self-weight, including weight of all indicated permanent construction.
    - b. Roof Live Load: 20 psf (Reducible)
    - c. Roof Collateral Load: 5 psf.
    - d. Wind Load: Wind design in accordance with ASCE 7-16 design standard:
      - a) Ultimate Design Wind Speed: 145 mph ( $V_{asd} = 113$  mph)
      - b) Risk Category: II
      - c) Wind Exposure Category: C
      - d) Internal Pressure Coefficient ( $GC_{pi}$ ): +/-0.00
      - e)  $K_{zt}$ : 1.0
      - f)  $K_d$ : 0.85
    - e. Seismic Performance: Metal building system shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE 7-16.
  - 2. Deflection and Drift Limits: No greater than the following:
    - a. Purlins and Rafters: Vertical deflection of 1/240 of the span.
    - b. Girts: Horizontal deflection of 1/240 of the span.
    - c. Design wall panel system to withstand specified loads with deflection of L/180 of span, maximum.
    - d. Lateral Drift For Rigid Frames: Maximum of 1/300 of the building height.
    - e. Design secondary-framing system to accommodate deflection of primary framing and construction tolerances, and to maintain clearances at openings.
- D. Structural Performance for Metal Panels:
  - 1. Provide metal panel systems and attachments capable of withstanding component & cladding design wind pressures listed on drawings, based on testing according to ASTM E 1592.
  - 2. Provide metal roof panel assemblies that comply with UL 580, Class 90.
- E. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F.
- F. Anchor Bolts: Provide anchor bolt material, quantity and diameter. Embedment length of anchor bolt shall be by project structural engineer.



- G. Manufacturer must be certified by AISC in the Metal Building category.
- H. Supplier must be a primary manufacturer of frames, secondary steel, roof and wall sheeting, and trim.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Provide electronic (PDF) copies of all required submittal information.
- B. Delegated-Design Data: For metal building systems.
  - 1. Provide detailed design criteria, analysis data and calculations indicating compliance with performance requirements, sealed by the Professional Engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 2. Include structural reactions at the base of frame columns.
- C. Shop Drawings: Include full building plan, elevations, sections and details. Show primary and secondary framing member sizes and locations, cross-sections and connection details, including attachments to other work. Indicate components by others.
- D. Anchor Bolt Installation Drawings: Plan layouts with minimum bolt diameters.
- E. Letter of Design Certification: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Include the following:
  - 1. Name and location of Project.
  - 2. Order number.
  - 3. Name of manufacturer.
  - 4. Name of Contractor.
  - 5. Building dimensions including width, length, height, and roof slope.
  - 6. Indicate compliance with AISC standards for hot-rolled steel and AISI standards for cold-rolled steel, including edition dates of each standard.
  - 7. Governing building code and year of edition.
  - 8. Design Loads: Include dead load, roof live load, collateral loads, roof snow load, deflection, wind loads/speeds and exposure, seismic design category or effective peak velocity-related acceleration/peak acceleration, and auxiliary loads (cranes).
  - 9. Load Combinations: Indicate that loads were applied acting simultaneously with concentrated loads, according to governing building code.
  - 10. Building-Use Category: Indicate category of building use and its effect on load importance factors.
- F. Third party independent laboratory reports of metal panel assembly meeting ASTM E1592 for the prescribed wind loads noted on the drawings.
- G. Product Data: For each type of metal building system component. Include information on manufactured products to be incorporated into the work.
- H. Welding certificates.
- I. Material test reports.
- J. Source quality-control reports.
- K. Field quality-control reports.
- L. Maintenance data.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer.

1. Accreditation: Manufacturer's facility accredited according to the International Accreditation Service's AC472, "Accreditation Criteria for Inspection Programs for Manufacturers of Metal Building Systems."
  2. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of comprehensive engineering analysis and Shop Drawings by a Professional Engineer who is legally qualified to practice in jurisdiction where Project is located.
- B. Erector Qualifications: An experienced erector who specializes in erecting and installing work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and who is acceptable to manufacturer.
- C. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
  2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel."

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Reference Architectural

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: Comply with AISC 360, "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings."
- B. Bolted Connections: Comply with RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using High-Strength Bolts."
- C. Cold-Formed Steel: Comply with AISI's "North American Specification for the Design of Cold-Formed Steel Structural Members" for design requirements and allowable stresses.
- D. Select materials and material yield strengths based on building design requirements; use the following unless required otherwise.
1. Structural Steel Plate, Bar, Sheet, and Strip for Use in Bolted and Welded Constructions: ASTM A 572, A570, A 529 or A 36 Modified 50, with minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi.
  2. Structural Steel Material for Use in Roll Formed or Press Broken Secondary Structural Members: ASTM A 570 or A 607, with minimum yield strength of 55,000 psi (380 MPa).
  3. Galvanized Steel Sheet for Roll Formed or Press Broken Roof and Wall Coverings, Trim and Flashing: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi (345 MPa).
  4. Galvalume Steel Sheet Used in Roll Formed or Press Broken Roof Covering: Aluminum-zinc alloy-coated steel sheet, ASTM A 792, with minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi; nominal coating weight of 0.5 oz per sq ft (equivalent to an approximate coating thickness of 0.0018 inch) both sides.
  5. Hot Rolled Steel Shapes: W, M and S shapes, angles, rods, channels and other shapes; ASTM A 572 or ASTM A 36 as applicable; with minimum yield strengths required for the design.
  6. Structural Bolts and Nuts Used with Primary Framing: High strength, ASTM A 325.
  7. Bolts and Nuts Used with Secondary Framing Members: ASTM A 307.
- E. All materials noted as "HD Galv." shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication.

### 2.2 FRAMING COMPONENTS

- A. Primary Framing: Manufacturer's standard primary-framing system, designed to withstand required loads and specified requirements. Primary framing includes transverse and lean-to frames; rafters and rake beams; sidewall, intermediate, end-wall, and corner columns; and wind bracing.

1. General: Provide frames with attachment plates, bearing plates, and splice members. Factory drill for field-bolted assembly. Provide frame span and spacing indicated on drawings.
  2. Rigid Frames: Provide solid web framing consisting of tapered or uniform depth rafters rigidly connected to tapered or uniform depth columns, as indicated on drawings. Provide a clear span that supports the loads at bay spacings indicated on drawings.
- B. Secondary Framing: Manufacturer's standard secondary framing, including purlins, girts, eave struts, flange bracing, base members, gable angles, clips, headers, jambs, and other miscellaneous structural members. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate framing from either cold-formed, structural-steel sheet or roll-formed, metallic-coated steel sheet, prepainted with coil coating.
  - C. Purlins: Zee-shaped; depth as required; with minimum yield strength of 57,000 psi; simple span or continuous span as required for design.
  - D. Girts: The girts' configuration and thickness shall be the Building Manufacturer's standard provided all design criteria, including deflection and girt spacing is met. Based on a simple span, the deflection of the girts (supporting the wall covering) shall be proportioned with due regard to that produced by the previously prescribed design (wind) load.
  - E. Wind Bracing: Portal, torsional, diagonal bracing or diaphragm in accordance with manufacturer's standard design practices; utilizing rods, angles, and other members, with minimum yield strengths as required for design.
  - F. Primary Frame Flange Bracing: Attached from purlins or girts to the primary framing, minimum yield strength as required for design.
  - G. Sag Straps: Galvanized 2" wide steel strap, with minimum 50,000 psi yield strength.
  - H. Base Angles: 2 inch x 3 inch x 0.059 inch steel angles, with minimum yield strength of 55,000 psi, anchored to the floor slab or grade beam with power driven fasteners or equivalent at a maximum spacing of 4 feet on center and not more than 6 inches from the end of any angle member.
  - I. Anchor Bolts: Threaded anchor rods as indicated in Anchor Bolt Plan for attachment of metal building to foundation.
  - J. Fabrication: Fabricate according to manufacturer's standard practice.
    1. Fabricate structural members made of welded plate sections by jointing the flanges and webs by continuous automatic submerged arc welding process.
    2. Welding operators and processes: Qualified in accordance with AWS D1.1.
    3. Field connections; Prepare members for bolted field connection by making punched, drilled, or reamed holes in the shop.
  - K. Component Identification: Mark all fabricated parts, either individually or by lot or group, using an identification marking corresponding to the marking shown on the shop drawings, using a method that remains visible after shop painting.
  - L. All materials noted as "HD Galv." shall be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication.

### 2.3 METAL ROOF/WALL PANELS & THERMAL INSULATION

- A. Reference Architectural

### 2.4 GUTTERS & DOWNSPOUTS, FLASHINGS, TRIMS & ACCESSORIES

- A. Reference Architectural

## 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. General: Design components and field connections required for erection to permit easy assembly.
  - 1. Mark each piece and part of the assembly to correspond with previously prepared erection drawings, diagrams, and instruction manuals.
  - 2. Fabricate structural framing to produce clean, smooth cuts and bends. Punch holes of proper size, shape, and location. Members shall be free of cracks, tears, and ruptures.
- B. Tolerances: Comply with MBMA's "Metal Building Systems Manual" for fabrication and erection tolerances.
- C. Primary Framing: Shop fabricate framing components to indicated size and section, with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other items required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld framing for bolted field assembly.
- D. Secondary Framing: Shop fabricate framing components to indicated size and section by roll forming or break forming, with baseplates, bearing plates, stiffeners, and other plates required for erection welded into place. Cut, form, punch, drill, and weld secondary framing for bolted field connections to primary framing.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that foundations are installed correctly. Contractor shall notify Engineer of any deficiencies or discrepancies with the contract documents before proceeding.
- B. Verify that anchor bolts are installed as indicated on anchor bolt shop drawings. Contractor shall notify Engineer of any deficiencies or discrepancies with the contract documents before proceeding.

### 3.2 ERECTION OF STRUCTURAL FRAMING

- A. Erect metal building system according to manufacturer's written instructions, approved erection drawings and other erection documents.
- B. Provide temporary bracing, shoring, blocking, bridging and securing of components as required during the erection process.
- C. Do not field cut, drill, or alter structural members without written approval from metal building system manufacturer's Professional Engineer.
- D. Set structural framing accurately in locations and to elevations indicated, according to AISC specifications referenced in this Section. Maintain structural stability of frame during erection.
- E. Base and Bearing Plates: Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting plates. Clean bottom surface of plates.
  - 1. Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
  - 2. Tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before packing with grout.
  - 3. Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-resistant grouts.

- F. Align and adjust structural framing before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact with framing. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.
  - 1. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
  - 2. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature when structure will be completed and in service.
  
- G. Primary Framing and End Walls: Erect framing level, plumb, rigid, secure, and true to line. Level baseplates to a true even plane with full bearing to supporting structures, set with double-nutted anchor bolts. Use grout to obtain uniform bearing and to maintain a level base-line elevation. Moist-cure grout for not less than seven days after placement.
  - 1. Make field connections using high-strength bolts installed according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using High-Strength Bolts" for bolt type and joint type specified.
    - a. Joint Type: Snug tightened or pretensioned as required by manufacturer.
  
- H. Secondary Framing: Erect framing level, plumb, rigid, secure, and true to line. Field bolt secondary framing to clips attached to primary framing.
  - 1. Provide rake or gable purlins with tight-fitting closure channels and fasciae.
  - 2. Locate and space wall girts to suit openings such as doors and windows.
  - 3. Provide supplemental framing at entire perimeter of openings, including doors, windows, ventilators, and other penetrations of roof and walls.
  
- I. Bracing: Install bracing in roof and sidewalls where indicated on erection drawings.
  - 1. Tighten rod and cable bracing to avoid sag.
  - 2. Locate interior end-bay bracing only where indicated.
  
- J. Framing for Openings: Provide shapes of proper design and size to reinforce openings and to carry loads and vibrations imposed, including equipment furnished under mechanical and electrical work. Securely attach to structural framing.
  
- K. Erection Tolerances: Maintain erection tolerances of structural framing within AISC 303.

### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to perform field quality control special inspections and to submit reports.
- B. Product will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

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**March 18, 2022**

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Date: 03/18/2022



## SECTION 220010 – SUMMARY OF PLUMBING WORK

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 22 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The following Summary of Work is intended as an aid to achieve an understanding of the various elements of work included in the project, and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Detailed descriptions of work and requirements are given in drawings and specifications.
- B. Contract Documents were prepared for the Project by:  
Ethos Engineering,  
1126 S Commerce St,  
Harlingen, Texas 78550  
Phone Number: (956) 230-3435
- C. Scope of Work: Refer to drawings for a detailed Scope of Work. Provide all materials and labor associated with new fully-operational plumbing systems for the project “[Cameron County Santa Rosa Park Improvements](#)”, including but not limited to the following:
  1. Plumbing fixtures and appliances such as water closets, lavatories, faucets, floor drains, water heaters, drinking fountains, valves, fittings, hardware and specialties.
  2. Potable water distribution piping and service connections to site utilities.
  3. Sanitary waste water and vent piping and service line connections to site utilities.
  4. Painting: See Division 9 specifications. Paint all exposed piping, insulation, hangers, accessories in interior exposed areas. Paint exterior pipe supports. Coordinate paint type, color and scope of work with Architect.

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. See Division 1 Specifications.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. All plumbing work shall be done under sub-contract to a General Contractor. Plumbing Contractor shall coordinate all work through General Contractor, who is ultimately responsible for the entire project.
- B. Prior to bidding, Plumbing Contractor shall coordinate all work in Division-22 for integration with civil work, mechanical work, electrical work, irrigation work and general construction. A detailed list of inclusion and exclusions shall be provided to General Contractors at least three days prior to the end of the period set aside to request clarifications so that coordination of any missing items may be addressed and clarified by Architect/Engineer as needed.

## SECTION 220010 – SUMMARY OF PLUMBING WORK

- C. All electrical work required for operation of plumbing systems shall be coordinated through the General Contractor prior to bidding to ensure that all starters, disconnects, conduit and wiring are provided as part of the project. All components needed for a full operational installation of systems shall be provided.
- D. Plumbing Contractor shall coordinate and supervise installation of all controls systems, and coordinate with electrical contractors and equipment suppliers as needed. All components needed for a full operational installation of systems shall be provided.
- E. Contractor shall coordinate with other divisions for power and control of plumbing systems. It is not the intent of this specification to dictate who will conduct work, only to state the requirements of conducting the work.
- F. Cooperate fully with other contractors so that work under those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract.
- G. Coordinate with Div. 1 for work sequence and optimization of construction schedule.
- H. Coordinate with Div. 26 electrical contractor for providing power to plumbing equipment and plumbing systems.
- I. Issue written notification of the following tasks and allow five (5) days for Engineer to respond and schedule an inspection as required. Failure to issue written notification may result in work having to be redone to allow for proper inspection. It is contractor's responsibility to make sure Engineer receives notification.
  - 1. Upon completion of underground piping installation and prior to testing or covering up.
  - 2. Upon completion of all water piping installation and prior to insulation and/or testing.
  - 3. Above ceiling inspections prior to ceiling tile installation.
  - 4. When ready to request manufacturer's start-up of each piece of equipment.
  - 5. When ready for Substantial Completion Inspection.
  - 6. When ready for Final Inspection.
- J. General
  - 1. The Contractor shall execute all work hereinafter specified or indicated on accompanying Drawings. Contractor shall provide all equipment necessary and usually furnished in connection with such work and systems whether or not mentioned specifically herein or on the Drawings.
  - 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for fitting his material and apparatus into the building and shall carefully lay out his work at the site to conform to the structural conditions, to avoid all obstructions, to conform to the details of the installation and thereby to provide an integrated satisfactory operating installation.
  - 3. The Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing, and associated Drawings are necessarily diagrammatic by their nature, and are not intended to show every connection in detail or every pipe or conduit in its exact location. These details are subject to the requirements of standards referenced elsewhere in these specifications, and structural and architectural conditions. The Contractor shall carefully investigate structural and finish conditions and shall coordinate the separate trades in order to avoid interference between the various phases of work. Work shall be organized and laid out so that it will be concealed in furred chases and suspended ceilings, etc., in finished portions of the building, unless specifically noted to be exposed. All exposed work shall be installed parallel or perpendicular to the lines of the building unless otherwise noted.

## SECTION 220010 – SUMMARY OF PLUMBING WORK

4. When the mechanical, electrical and plumbing drawings do not give exact details as to the elevation of pipe, conduit and ducts, the Contractor shall physically arrange the systems to fit in the space available at the elevations intended with proper grades for the functioning of the system involved. Piping, exposed conduit and the duct systems are generally intended to be installed true and square to the building construction, and located as high as possible against the structure in a neat and workmanlike manner. The Drawings do not show all required offsets, control lines, pilot lines and other location details. Work shall be concealed in all finished areas.

### 1.5 WORK SEQUENCE

#### A. Locate Utilities:

1. Coordinate with power, water, sewer, telephone, communications, and other utilities as well as designated Owner's personnel to locate all utilities prior to digging in any area.
2. Obtain any approvals required from utilities to relocate utilities.
3. Cost of relocating or bypassing utilities indicated on drawings shall be included in Base Bid.

#### B. Coordinate with Division 1 requirements to optimize construction schedule.

#### C. Provide equipment and material submittals, coordination drawings and shop drawings as required by specifications.

#### D. Submit detailed plumbing Schedule of Values with Submittals. Plumbing Submittals will not be accepted without a detailed Schedule of Values.

#### E. Sequence construction in coordination with work by other disciplines.

### 1.6 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

#### A. Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.

1. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances to construction site clear and available to other Contractors, Owner, and A/E personnel at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.

#### B. Site Safety: Take every precaution to ensure the site does not present a threat to the safety of occupants and/or workers. Minimal safety requirements include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Temporary fencing around construction areas.
2. Yellow caution tape and construction barricades along open trenches during the day. Trenches shall be covered at night and warning lights provided on construction barricades.
3. Temporary fencing around equipment while site work is in progress.

## SECTION 220010 – SUMMARY OF PLUMBING WORK

### 1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's standard dimensioned drawings, performance and product data shall be edited to delete reference to equipment, features, or information which is not applicable to the equipment being supplied for this project.
- B. Provide all plumbing submittals at the same time in one or multiple bound volumes. Include originals from manufacturer or high-quality copies. Faxes and copies of faxes are not acceptable.
- C. Provide sufficient copies of approved data, with the engineer's approved stamp, for inclusion in the operations and maintenance manuals.
- D. Provide detailed coordination drawings showing how plumbing system components will be installed in coordination with work by others. Engineer's drawing files will be made available to Contractor for producing coordination and as-built drawings upon request.

### 1.8 SCHEDULE OF VALUES -Special Requirements

- A. Plumbing Contractor shall submit a Schedule of Values reflecting the total value of Plumbing Work in the Contract, and broken down into the following items as a minimum, with a line-item for Materials/Equipment and another for Labor:
  - 1. Plumbing fixtures and equipment
  - 2. Plumbing materials
  - 3. Plumbing labor
  - 4. Allowances.
  - 5. Miscellaneous
  - 6. Administrative and project management.
- B. Schedule of Values shall be included with bound submittals. Submittals without a Schedule of Values shall not be reviewed.

### 1.9 EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

- A. Plumbing design is based on equipment and materials scheduled and specified. These are used as the basis for performance characteristics, quality, and physical dimensions/weight.
- B. Equipment and materials by other APPROVED manufacturers may be provided by Contractor. In doing so, Contractor assumes responsibility for the performance, quality, and physical dimensions of the proposed units.
- C. Any costs associated with modifications to the design due to submittal of equipment and/or materials other than those used as the basis of design are the Contractor's responsibility. This includes any design time, production of drawings, and time delays.
- D. Where use of equipment and/or materials other than those used as the basis of design impact other disciplines, Contractor shall assume responsibility for all costs associated with any APPROVED modifications. This may include resizing of electrical circuits, modifying openings in the structure, relocating floor drains, etc.

SECTION 220010 – SUMMARY OF PLUMBING WORK

1.10 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS & TRAINING

- A. Submit Operations and Maintenance Manuals two weeks prior to Substantial Completion Inspection. Engineer will not conduct a Substantial Completion Inspection without having reviewed Operations and Maintenance Manuals.
- B. Use Operations and Maintenance Manuals as a guide for conducting training of Owner's personnel.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 220010

## SECTION 220517 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Sleeves.
  - 2. Stack-sleeve fittings.
  - 3. Sleeve-seal systems.
  - 4. Sleeve-seal fittings.
  - 5. Grout.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SLEEVES

- A. Cast-Iron Wall Pipes: Cast or fabricated of cast or ductile iron and equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Wall Pipes: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Schedule 40, with plain ends and welded steel collar; zinc coated.
- C. Galvanized-Steel-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, with plain ends.
- D. Galvanized-Steel-Sheet Sleeves: 0.0239-inch minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint.

#### 2.2 STACK-SLEEVE FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.
  - 2. Zurn Specification Drainage Operation; Zurn Plumbing Products Group.

## SECTION 220517 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- B. Description: Manufactured, cast-iron sleeve with integral clamping flange. Include clamping ring, bolts, and nuts for membrane flashing.
  - 1. Underdeck Clamp: Clamping ring with setscrews.

### 2.3 SLEEVE-SEAL SYSTEMS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
  - 2. CALPICO, Inc.
  - 3. Metraflex Company (The).
  - 4. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
  - 5. Proco Products, Inc.
- B. Description: Modular sealing-element unit, designed for field assembly, for filling annular space between piping and sleeve.
  - 1. Sealing Elements: EPDM-rubber interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
  - 2. Pressure Plates: Carbon steel.
  - 3. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: Carbon steel, with corrosion-resistant coating of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements.

### 2.4 SLEEVE-SEAL FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Presealed Systems.
- B. Description: Manufactured plastic, sleeve-type, waterstop assembly made for imbedding in concrete slab or wall. Unit has plastic or rubber waterstop collar with center opening to match piping OD.

### 2.5 GROUT

- A. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- B. Characteristics: Nonshrink; recommended for interior and exterior applications.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.
- D. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

## SECTION 220517 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeves for piping passing through penetrations in floors, partitions, roofs, and walls.
- B. For sleeves that will have sleeve-seal system installed, select sleeves of size large enough to provide 1-inch annular clear space between piping and concrete slabs and walls.
  - 1. Sleeves are not required for core-drilled holes.
- C. Install sleeves in concrete floors, concrete roof slabs, and concrete walls as new slabs and walls are constructed.
  - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
    - a. Exception: Extend sleeves installed in floors of mechanical equipment areas or other wet areas 2 inches above finished floor level.
  - 2. Using grout, seal the space outside of sleeves in slabs and walls without sleeve-seal system.
- D. Install sleeves for pipes passing through interior partitions.
  - 1. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces.
  - 2. Install sleeves that are large enough to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation.
  - 3. Seal annular space between sleeve and piping or piping insulation; use joint sealants appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements for sealants specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- E. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of walls, partitions, ceilings, and floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Comply with requirements for firestopping specified in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

#### 3.2 STACK-SLEEVE-FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install stack-sleeve fittings in new slabs as slabs are constructed.
  - 1. Install fittings that are large enough to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and pipe or pipe insulation.
  - 2. Secure flashing between clamping flanges for pipes penetrating floors with membrane waterproofing. Comply with requirements for flashing specified in Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
  - 3. Install section of cast-iron soil pipe to extend sleeve to 2 inches above finished floor level.
  - 4. Extend cast-iron sleeve fittings below floor slab as required to secure clamping ring if ring is specified.
  - 5. Using grout, seal the space around outside of stack-sleeve fittings.



## SECTION 220517 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- B. Fire-Barrier Penetrations: Maintain indicated fire rating of floors at pipe penetrations. Seal pipe penetrations with firestop materials. Comply with requirements for firestopping specified in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

### 3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL-SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal systems in sleeves in exterior concrete walls and slabs-on-grade at service piping entries into building.
- B. Select type, size, and number of sealing elements required for piping material and size and for sleeve ID or hole size. Position piping in center of sleeve. Center piping in penetration, assemble sleeve-seal system components, and install in annular space between piping and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make a watertight seal.

### 3.4 SLEEVE-SEAL-FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal fittings in new walls and slabs as they are constructed.
- B. Assemble fitting components of length to be flush with both surfaces of concrete slabs and walls. Position waterstop flange to be centered in concrete slab or wall.
- C. Secure nailing flanges to concrete forms.
- D. Using grout, seal the space around outside of sleeve-seal fittings.

### 3.5 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL SCHEDULE

- A. Use sleeves and sleeve seals for the following piping-penetration applications:
  - 1. Exterior Concrete Walls above Grade: Cast-iron wall sleeves
  - 2. Exterior Concrete Walls below Grade: Cast-iron wall sleeves with sleeve-seal system.
    - a. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between piping and sleeve for installing sleeve-seal system
  - 3. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Cast-iron wall sleeves with sleeve-seal system.
    - a. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between piping and sleeve for installing sleeve-seal system.
  - 4. Concrete Slabs above Grade: Galvanized-steel-pipe sleeves
  - 5. Interior Partitions: Galvanized-steel-pipe sleeves

END OF SECTION 220517

## SECTION 220518 - ESCUTCHEONS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Escutcheons.
  - 2. Floor plates.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 ESCUTCHEONS

- A. One-Piece, Cast-Brass Type: With polished, chrome-plated and rough-brass finish and setscrew fastener.
- B. One-Piece, Deep-Pattern Type: Deep-drawn, box-shaped brass with chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- C. One-Piece, Stamped-Steel Type: With chrome-plated finish and spring-clip fasteners.
- D. Split-Casting Brass Type: With polished, chrome-plated and rough-brass finish and with concealed hinge and setscrew.

#### 2.2 FLOOR PLATES

- A. One-Piece Floor Plates: Cast-iron flange with holes for fasteners.
- B. Split-Casting Floor Plates: Cast brass with concealed hinge.

## SECTION 220518 - ESCUTCHEONS FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and finished floors.
- B. Install escutcheons with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of insulated piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
  - 1. Escutcheons for New Piping:
    - a. Piping with Fitting or Sleeve Protruding from Wall: One-piece, deep-pattern type.
    - b. Insulated Piping: One-piece, stamped-steel type.
    - c. Bare Piping at Wall and Floor Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
    - d. Bare Piping at Ceiling Penetrations in Finished Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass or split-casting brass type with polished, chrome-plated finish.
    - e. Bare Piping in Unfinished Service Spaces: One-piece, cast-brass type with rough-brass finish.
    - f. Bare Piping in Equipment Rooms: One-piece, cast-brass type with rough-brass finish.
- C. Install floor plates for piping penetrations of equipment-room floors.
- D. Install floor plates with ID to closely fit around pipe, tube, and insulation of piping and with OD that completely covers opening.
  - 1. New Piping: One-piece, floor-plate type.
  - 2. Existing Piping: Split-casting, floor-plate type.

#### 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Replace broken and damaged escutcheons and floor plates using new materials.

END OF SECTION 220518

## SECTION 220523 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Bronze ball valves.
  - 2. Bronze gate valves.
  - 3. Bronze globe valves.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Division 22 plumbing piping Sections for specialty valves applicable to those Sections only.
  - 2. Division 22 Section "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for valve tags and schedules.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CWP: Cold working pressure.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene propylene copolymer rubber.
- C. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene, Buna-N, or nitrile rubber.
- D. NRS: Nonrising stem.
- E. OS&Y: Outside screw and yoke.
- F. RS: Rising stem.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve indicated, include body, seating, and trim materials; valve design; pressure and temperature classifications; end connections; arrangement; dimensions; and required clearances. Include list indicating valve and its application. Include rated capacities; shipping, installed, and operating weights; furnished specialties; and accessories.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations for Valves: Obtain each type of valve from single source from single manufacturer.

## SECTION 220523 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- B. ASME Compliance:
  - 1. ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for ferrous valve dimensions and design criteria.
  - 2. ASME B31.9 for building services piping valves.
- C. NSF Compliance: NSF 61 for valve materials for potable-water service.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Prepare valves for shipping as follows:
  - 1. Protect internal parts against rust and corrosion.
  - 2. Protect threads, flange faces, grooves, and weld ends.
  - 3. Set angle, gate, and globe valves closed to prevent rattling.
  - 4. Set ball and plug valves open to minimize exposure of functional surfaces.
  - 5. Set butterfly valves closed or slightly open.
  - 6. Block check valves in either closed or open position.
- B. Use the following precautions during storage:
  - 1. Maintain valve end protection.
  - 2. Store valves indoors and maintain at higher than ambient dew point temperature. If outdoor storage is necessary, store valves off the ground in watertight enclosures.
- C. Use sling to handle large valves; rig sling to avoid damage to exposed parts. Do not use handwheels or stems as lifting or rigging points.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVES

- A. Refer to valve schedule articles for applications of valves.
- B. Valve Pressure and Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- C. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Valve Actuator Types:
  - 1. Gear Actuator: For quarter-turn valves NPS 8 and larger.
  - 2. Handwheel: For valves other than quarter-turn types.
  - 3. Handlever: For quarter-turn valves NPS 6 and smaller.
  - 4. Wrench: For plug valves with square heads. Furnish Owner with 1 wrench for every 5 plug valves, for each size square plug-valve head.
- E. Valves in Insulated Piping: With 2-inch stem extensions and the following features:
  - 1. Gate Valves: With rising stem.
  - 2. Ball Valves: With extended operating handle of non-thermal-conductive material, and protective sleeve that allows operation of valve without breaking the vapor seal or disturbing insulation.

## SECTION 220523 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- F. Valve-End Connections:
  - 1. Solder Joint: With sockets according to ASME B16.18.
  - 2. Threaded: With threads according to ASME B1.20.1.
- G. Valve Bypass and Drain Connections: MSS SP-45.

### 2.2 BRONZE BALL VALVES

- A. One-Piece, Reduced-Port, Bronze Ball Valves with Bronze Trim:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
    - b. Grinnell Corporation.
    - c. NIBCO INC.
    - d. Watts Industries, Inc.; Water Products Div.
    - e. Kitz Corporation
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Standard: MSS SP-110.
    - b. CWP Rating: 400 psig.
    - c. Body Design: One piece.
    - d. Body Material: Bronze.
    - e. Ends: Threaded.
    - f. Seats: PTFE or TFE.
    - g. Stem: Bronze.
    - h. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
    - i. Port: Reduced.

### 2.3 BRONZE GATE VALVES

- A. Class 150, Bronze Gate Valves:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Stockham Div.
    - b. Grinnell Corporation.
    - c. NIBCO INC.
    - d. Hammond Valve.
    - e. Kitz Corporation.
    - f. Milwaukee Valve Company.
    - g. Red-White Valve Corporation.
    - h. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 1.
    - b. CWP Rating: 300 psig.
    - c. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze with integral seat and union-ring bonnet.
    - d. Ends: Threaded.
    - e. Stem: Bronze.
    - f. Disc: Solid wedge; bronze.

## SECTION 220523 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- g. Packing: Asbestos free.
- h. Handwheel: Malleable iron, **bronze, or aluminum.**

### 2.4 BRONZE GLOBE VALVES

- A. Class 150, Bronze Globe Valves with Nonmetallic Disc:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Crane Co.; Crane Valve Group; Crane Valves.
    - b. Hammond Valve.
    - c. Milwaukee Valve Company.
    - d. Red-White Valve Corporation.
    - e. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
    - f. Kitz Corporation.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. Standard: MSS SP-80, Type 2.
    - b. CWP Rating: 300 psig.
    - c. Body Material: ASTM B 62, bronze with integral seat and union-ring bonnet.
    - d. Ends: Threaded.
    - e. Stem: Bronze.
    - f. Disc: PTFE or TFE.
    - g. Packing: Asbestos free.
    - h. Handwheel: Malleable iron, bronze, or aluminum.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine valve interior for cleanliness, freedom from foreign matter, and corrosion. Remove special packing materials, such as blocks, used to prevent disc movement during shipping and handling.
- B. Operate valves in positions from fully open to fully closed. Examine guides and seats made accessible by such operations.
- C. Examine threads on valve and mating pipe for form and cleanliness.
- D. Examine mating flange faces for conditions that might cause leakage. Check bolting for proper size, length, and material. Verify that gasket is of proper size, that its material composition is suitable for service, and that it is free from defects and damage.
- E. Do not attempt to repair defective valves; replace with new valves.

### 3.2 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.

## SECTION 220523 - GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING

- B. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.
- C. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.
- D. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.

### 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust or replace valve packing after piping systems have been tested and put into service but before final adjusting and balancing. Replace valves if persistent leaking occurs.

### 3.4 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVE APPLICATIONS

- A. If valve applications are not indicated, use the following:
  - 1. Shutoff Service: Ball, or gate, or plug valves.
  - 2. Butterfly Valve Dead-End Service: Single-flange (lug) type.
  - 3. Throttling Service: Globe or ball valves.
- B. If valves with specified SWP classes or CWP ratings are not available, the same types of valves with higher SWP classes or CWP ratings may be substituted.
- C. Select valves, except wafer types, with the following end connections:
  - 1. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends except where solder-joint valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
  - 2. For Copper Tubing, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Flanged ends except where threaded valve-end option is indicated in valve schedules below.
  - 3. For Copper Tubing, NPS 5 and Larger: Flanged ends.

### 3.5 DOMESTIC, HOT- AND COLD-WATER VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:
  - 1. Bronze Valves: May be provided with solder-joint ends instead of threaded ends.
  - 2. Ball Valves: One piece, regular port, bronze with bronze trim.
  - 3. Bronze Gate Valves: Class 150.
  - 4. Bronze Globe Valves: Class 150, bronze, nonmetallic disc.
- B. Pipe NPS 2-1/2 and Larger:
  - 1. Iron Valves, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: May be provided with threaded ends instead of flanged ends.
  - 2. Iron Ball Valves: Class 150.
  - 3. Iron, Single-Flange Butterfly Valves: 200 CWP, EPDM seat, stainless-steel disc.
  - 4. Iron Gate Valves: Class 250.
  - 5. Iron Globe Valves: Class 250.

END OF SECTION 220523



## SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

##### A. Section Includes:

1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
3. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
4. Fastener systems.
5. Pipe stands.
6. Equipment supports.

##### B. Related Sections:

1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.
2. Section 220516 "Expansion Fittings and Loops for Plumbing Piping" for pipe guides and anchors.
3. Section 220548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment" for vibration isolation devices.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for plumbing piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
  1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
  2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

## SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following; include Product Data for components:
  - 1. Trapeze pipe hangers.
  - 2. Metal framing systems.
  - 3. Fiberglass strut systems.
  - 4. Pipe stands.
  - 5. Equipment supports.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For trapeze hangers indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 1. Detail fabrication and assembly of trapeze hangers.
  - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for designing trapeze hangers.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural Steel Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- B. Pipe Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
  - 2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.
  - 3. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.
  - 4. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion to support bearing surface of piping.
  - 5. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
- B. Copper Pipe Hangers:

## SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
2. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of copper-coated steel.

### 2.2 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

- A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural carbon-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

### 2.3 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:
  1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
    - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
    - c. Flex-Strut Inc.
    - d. GS Metals Corp.
    - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
    - f. Unistrut Corporation; Tyco International, Ltd.
    - g. Wesanco, Inc.
  2. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
  3. Standard: MFMA-4.
  4. Channels: Continuous slotted steel channel with inturned lips.
  5. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped steel nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
  6. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
  7. Metallic Coating: Hot-dipped galvanized.
  8. Plastic Coating: PVC.

### 2.4 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Manufacturers:
  1. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
  2. Clement Support Services.
  3. ERICO International Corporation.
  4. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
  5. PHS Industries, Inc.
  6. Pipe Shields, Inc.; a subsidiary of Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
  7. Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
  8. Rilco Manufacturing Co., Inc.
  9. Value Engineered Products, Inc.

## SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- B. Insulation-Insert Material for Cold Piping: ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with 100-psi minimum compressive strength and vapor barrier.
- C. Insulation-Insert Material for Hot Piping: ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with 100-psi minimum compressive strength.
- D. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- E. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- F. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

### 2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
- B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, stainless- steel anchors, for use in hardened portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

### 2.6 PIPE STANDS

- A. General Requirements for Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted piping.
- B. Compact Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic unit with integral-rod roller, pipe clamps, or V-shaped cradle to support pipe, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- C. Low-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic base unit with plastic roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- D. High-Type, Single-Pipe Stand:
  - 1. Description: Assembly of base, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe support, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
  - 2. Base: Plastic.
  - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel, continuous-thread rods.
  - 4. Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel rod with plastic or stainless-steel, roller-type pipe support.
- E. High-Type, Multiple-Pipe Stand:
  - 1. Description: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe supports, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
  - 2. Bases: One or more; plastic.
  - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.

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4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
  5. Pipe Supports: Galvanized-steel, clevis-type pipe hangers.
- F. Curb-Mounting-Type Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe supports made from structural-steel shapes, continuous-thread rods, and rollers, for mounting on permanent stationary roof curb.

### 2.7 PIPE POSITIONING SYSTEMS

- A. Description: IAPMO PS 42, positioning system of metal brackets, clips, and straps for positioning piping in pipe spaces; for plumbing fixtures in commercial applications.

### 2.8 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

### 2.9 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
  2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
  2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

## SECTION 220529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- E. Fastener System Installation:
  - 1. Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
  - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Pipe Stand Installation:
  - 1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounted Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.
  - 2. Curb-Mounted-Type Pipe Stands: Assemble components or fabricate pipe stand and mount on permanent, stationary roof curb. See Section 077200 "Roof Accessories" for curbs.
- G. Pipe Positioning-System Installation: Install support devices to make rigid supply and waste piping connections to each plumbing fixture.
- H. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- I. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- J. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- K. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- L. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- M. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- N. Insulated Piping:
  - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
    - a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.

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- b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
  - c. Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
    - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
    - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
    - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
    - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    - c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    - d. NPS 8 to NPS 14: 24 inches long and 0.075 inch thick.
    - e. NPS 16 to NPS 24: 24 inches long and 0.105 inch thick.
  5. Pipes NPS 8 and Larger: Include wood or reinforced calcium-silicate-insulation inserts of length at least as long as protective shield.
  6. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

### 3.2 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

### 3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:

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1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
3. Remove welding flux immediately.
4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

### 3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
  1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal are specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting." Section 099123 "Interior Painting." Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings."
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

### 3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports metal trapeze pipe hangers and metal framing systems and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Use stainless-steel pipe hangers and attachments for hostile environment applications.
- G. Use copper-plated pipe hangers and copper attachments for copper piping and tubing.



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- H. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- I. Use thermal-hanger shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.
- J. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
  - 2. Adjustable Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 38): For stanchion-type support for pipes NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 36 if vertical adjustment is required, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
  - 3. Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 24, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
  - 4. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 42 if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
  - 5. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 24 if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
  - 6. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 30 if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.
- K. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24.
  - 2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24 if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- L. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
  - 2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
  - 3. Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
  - 4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
  - 5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- M. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
  - 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joint construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.

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3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
  4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
  5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
  6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
  7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
  8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
  9. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
  10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
  11. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
  12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
    - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
    - b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
    - c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.
  13. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.
- N. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
1. Steel-Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
  2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
  3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.
- O. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- P. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- Q. Use mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.
- R. Use pipe positioning systems in pipe spaces behind plumbing fixtures to support supply and waste piping for plumbing fixtures.

END OF SECTION 220529

## SECTION 220553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Equipment labels.
  - 2. Warning signs and labels.
  - 3. Pipe labels.
  - 4. Stencils.
  - 5. Valve tags.
  - 6. Warning tags.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples: For color, letter style, and graphic representation required for each identification material and device.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: Include a listing of all equipment to be labeled with the proposed content for each label.
- D. Valve numbering scheme.
- E. Valve Schedules: For each piping system to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

## SECTION 220553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

- A. Metal Labels for Equipment:
  - 1. Material and Thickness: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
  - 2. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
  - 3. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
  - 4. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
  - 5. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- B. Plastic Labels for Equipment:
  - 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
  - 2. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
  - 3. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
  - 4. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
  - 5. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
  - 6. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- C. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- D. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number, and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

#### 2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- C. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.

## SECTION 220553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- D. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- E. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- F. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- G. Label Content: Include caution and warning information plus emergency notification instructions.

### 2.3 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings; also include pipe size and an arrow indicating flow direction.
  - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping-system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
  - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1/2 inch.

### 2.4 STENCILS

- A. Stencils for Piping:
  - 1. Lettering Size: Size letters according to ASME A13.1 for piping.
  - 2. Stencil Paint: Exterior, gloss, alkyd enamel in colors complying with recommendations in ASME A13.1 unless otherwise indicated. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.
  - 3. Identification Paint: Exterior, alkyd enamel in colors according to ASME A13.1 unless otherwise indicated. Paint may be in pressurized spray-can form.

### 2.5 VALVE TAGS

- A. Valve Tags: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation and 1/2-inch numbers.
  - 1. Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
  - 2. Fasteners: Brass beaded chain.
- B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or

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space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.

1. Valve-tag schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

### 2.6 WARNING TAGS

- A. Description: Preprinted or partially preprinted accident-prevention tags of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
  1. Size: 3 by 5-1/4 inches minimum.
  2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
  3. Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as "DANGER," "CAUTION," or "DO NOT OPERATE."
  4. Color: Safety yellow background with black lettering.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

### 3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

### 3.3 EQUIPMENT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install or permanently fasten labels on each major item of mechanical equipment.
- B. Locate equipment labels where accessible and visible.

### 3.4 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Piping Color Coding: Painting of piping is specified in Section 099123 "Interior Painting." and Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings."
- B. Stenciled Pipe Label Option: Stenciled labels may be provided instead of manufactured pipe labels, at Installer's option. Install stenciled pipe labels, complying with ASME A13.1, with painted, color-coded bands or rectangles on each piping system.
  1. Identification Paint: Use for contrasting background.

## SECTION 220553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR PLUMBING PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

2. Stencil Paint: Use for pipe marking.
- C. Pipe Label Locations: Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
1. Near each valve and control device.
  2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
  3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
  4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
  5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
  6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
  7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.
- D. Directional Flow Arrows: Arrows shall be used to indicate direction of flow in pipes, including pipes where flow is allowed in both directions.

### 3.5 VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION

- A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves, valves within factory-fabricated equipment units, shutoff valves, faucets, convenience and lawn-watering hose connections, and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.
- B. Valve-Tag Application Schedule: Tag valves according to size, shape, and color scheme and with captions similar to those indicated in the following subparagraphs:
1. Valve-Tag Size and Shape:
    - a. Cold Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    - b. Hot Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.

### 3.6 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

- A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

END OF SECTION 220553

## SECTION 220719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following plumbing piping services:
  1. Domestic cold-water piping.
  2. Domestic hot-water piping.
  3. Domestic recirculating hot-water piping.
  4. Domestic chilled-water piping for drinking fountains.
  5. Storm water piping.
  6. Supplies and drains for handicap-accessible lavatories and sinks.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory- and field-applied, if any).
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  1. Detail application of protective shields, saddles, and inserts at hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.
  2. Detail attachment and covering of heat tracing inside insulation.
  3. Detail insulation application at pipe expansion joints for each type of insulation.
  4. Detail insulation application at elbows, fittings, flanges, valves, and specialties for each type of insulation.
  5. Detail removable insulation at piping specialties, equipment connections, and access panels.
  6. Detail application of field-applied jackets.
  7. Detail application at linkages of control devices.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Material Test Reports: From a qualified testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction indicating, interpreting, and certifying test results for compliance of insulation materials, sealers, attachments, cements, and jackets, with requirements indicated. Include dates of tests and test methods employed.
- C. Field quality-control reports.



## SECTION 220719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Skilled mechanics who have successfully completed an apprenticeship program or another craft training program certified by the Department of Labor, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training.
- B. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
  - 2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.
- C. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
  - 1. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with piping Installer for piping insulation application. Before preparing piping Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

### 1.8 SCHEDULING

- A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.
- B. Complete installation and concealment of plastic materials as rapidly as possible in each area of construction.

## SECTION 220719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Piping Insulation Schedule," "Outdoor, Aboveground Piping Insulation Schedule," and "Outdoor, Underground Piping Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.
- D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- F. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type I for tubular materials.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Armaflex
    - b. K-Flex
- G. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Johns Manville; Micro-Lok.
    - b. Knauf Insulation; 1000(Pipe Insulation.
    - c. Owens Corning; Fiberglas Pipe Insulation.
  - 2. Type I, 850 Deg F Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

#### 2.2 INSULATING CEMENTS

- A. Mineral-Fiber Insulating Cement: Comply with ASTM C 195.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Insulco, Division of MFS, Inc.; Triple I.
    - b. P. K. Insulation Mfg. Co., Inc.; Super-Stik.

#### 2.3 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric and Polyolefin Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-24179A, Type II, Class I.

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1. Products:
  - a. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company
  - b. Aeroflex
  - c. Armacell
  - d. K-Flex
2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
3. Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### C. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.

1. Products:
  - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
  - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
  - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
  - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
  - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 80 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
3. Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### D. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

1. Products:
  - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-82.
  - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 85-20.
  - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; S-90/80.
  - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 225.
  - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 22-25.
2. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
3. Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

## 2.4 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
  1. For indoor applications, use mastics that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

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- B. Vapor-Barrier Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor use on below-ambient services.
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-35.
    - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 30-90.
    - c. ITW TACC, Division of Illinois Tool Works; CB-50.
    - d. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 590.
    - e. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 55-40.
    - f. Vimasco Corporation; 749.
  - 2. Water-Vapor Permeance: ASTM E 96/E 96M, Procedure B, 0.013 perm at 43-mil dry film thickness.
  - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.
  - 4. Solids Content: ASTM D 1644, 58 percent by volume and 70 percent by weight.
  - 5. Color: White.

### 2.5 SEALANTS

- A. Joint Sealants:
  - 1. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 2. Permanently flexible, elastomeric sealant.
  - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 100 to plus 300 deg F.
  - 4. Color: White or gray.
  - 5. For indoor applications, sealants shall have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 6. Sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-76-8.
    - b. Foster Products Corporation, H. B. Fuller Company; 95-44.
    - c. Marathon Industries, Inc.; 405.
    - d. Mon-Eco Industries, Inc.; 44-05.
    - e. Vimasco Corporation; 750.
  - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
  - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
  - 5. Color: Aluminum.
  - 6. For indoor applications, sealants shall have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 7. Sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- C. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
  - 1. Products:
    - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; CP-76.
  - 2. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 3. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
  - 4. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.

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5. Color: White.
6. For indoor applications, sealants shall have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
7. Sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### 2.6 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
  1. ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with aluminum-foil backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type I.

### 2.7 FIELD-APPLIED FABRIC-REINFORCING MESH

- A. Woven Glass-Fiber Fabric: Approximately 2 oz./sq. yd. with a thread count of 10 strands by 10 strands/sq. in. for covering pipe and pipe fittings.

### 2.8 FIELD-APPLIED CLOTHS

- A. Woven Glass-Fiber Fabric: Comply with MIL-C-20079H, Type I, plain weave, and presized a minimum of 8 oz./sq. yd..

### 2.9 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Metal Jacket:
  1. Products:
    - a. Childers Products, Division of ITW; Metal Jacketing Systems.
    - b. PABCO Metals Corporation; Surefit.
    - c. RPR Products, Inc.; Insul-Mate.
  2. Aluminum Jacket: Comply with ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005, Temper H-14.
    - a. Sheet and roll stock ready for shop or field sizing.
    - b. Finish and thickness are indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
    - c. Moisture Barrier for Indoor Applications: 3-mil-thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper
    - d. Moisture Barrier for Outdoor Applications: 3-mil-thick, heat-bonded polyethylene and kraft paper.
    - e. Factory-Fabricated Fitting Covers:
      - 1) Same material, finish, and thickness as jacket.
      - 2) Preformed 2-piece or gore, 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows.

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- 3) Tee covers.
- 4) Flange and union covers.
- 5) End caps.
- 6) Beveled collars.
- 7) Valve covers.
- 8) Field fabricate fitting covers only if factory-fabricated fitting covers are not available.

- C. Underground Direct-Buried Jacket: 125-mil-thick vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane consisting of a rubberized bituminous resin reinforced with a woven-glass fiber or polyester scrim and laminated aluminum foil.

### 2.10 TAPES

- A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C 1136.

1. Products:
  - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0835.
  - b. Compac Corp.; 104 and 105.
  - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 428 AWF ASJ.
  - d. Venture Tape; 1540 CW Plus, 1542 CW Plus, and 1542 CW Plus/SQ.
2. Width: 3 inches.
3. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 2 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
7. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.

- B. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136.

1. Products:
  - a. Avery Dennison Corporation, Specialty Tapes Division; Fasson 0827.
  - b. Compac Corp.; 110 and 111.
  - c. Ideal Tape Co., Inc., an American Biltrite Company; 491 AWF FSK.
  - d. Venture Tape; 1525 CW, 1528 CW, and 1528 CW/SQ.
2. Width: 3 inches.
3. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
4. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
5. Elongation: 2 percent.
6. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
7. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.

### 2.11 SECUREMENTS

- A. Bands:

1. Products:

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- a. Childers Products; Bands.
  - b. PABCO Metals Corporation; Bands.
  - c. RPR Products, Inc.; Bands.
2. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 316; 0.015 inch thick, 3/4 inch wide.
- B. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch-wide, stainless steel or Monel.
- C. Wire: 0.080-inch nickel-copper alloy.
1. Manufacturers:
    - a. C & F Wire.
    - b. Childers Products.
    - c. PABCO Metals Corporation.
    - d. RPR Products, Inc.

### 2.12 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

- A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:
1. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.
- B. Protective Shielding Piping Enclosures:
1. Description: Manufactured plastic enclosure for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with ADA requirements.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.
1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
  2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation: Clean and prepare surfaces to be insulated. Before insulating, apply a corrosion coating to insulated surfaces as follows:
1. Carbon Steel: Coat carbon steel operating at a service temperature between 32 and 300 deg F with an epoxy coating. Consult coating manufacturer for appropriate coating materials and application methods for operating temperature range.

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- B. Coordinate insulation installation with the trade installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- C. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainless-steel surfaces, use demineralized water.

### 3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.
- B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Do not weld brackets, clips, or other attachment devices to piping, fittings, and specialties.
- G. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- H. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- I. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- J. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
  - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
  - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
  - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
  - 4. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.
- K. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- L. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
  - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.



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2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch-wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
  3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 4 inches o.c.
    - a. For below-ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
  4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
  5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.
- M. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.
- N. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- O. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.
- P. For above-ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
1. Vibration-control devices.
  2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
  3. Nameplates and data plates.
  4. Cleanouts.

### 3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
  2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
  3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
  4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Underground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Terminate insulation flush with sleeve seal. Seal terminations with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.

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2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
  3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
  4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- D. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- E. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through penetrations of fire-rated walls and partitions.
1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- F. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
1. Pipe: Install insulation continuously through floor penetrations.
  2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

### 3.5 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:
1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
  2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
  3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
  4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.
  5. Insulate strainers using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement. Insulate strainers so strainer basket flange or plug can be easily removed and

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replaced without damaging the insulation and jacket. Provide a removable reusable insulation cover. For below-ambient services, provide a design that maintains vapor barrier.

6. Insulate flanges and unions using a section of oversized preformed pipe insulation. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker.
  7. Cover segmented insulated surfaces with a layer of finishing cement and coat with a mastic. Install vapor-barrier mastic for below-ambient services and a breather mastic for above-ambient services. Reinforce the mastic with fabric-reinforcing mesh. Trowel the mastic to a smooth and well-shaped contour.
  8. For services not specified to receive a field-applied jacket except for flexible elastomeric and polyolefin, install fitted PVC cover over elbows, tees, strainers, valves, flanges, and unions. Terminate ends with PVC end caps. Tape PVC covers to adjoining insulation facing using PVC tape.
  9. Stencil or label the outside insulation jacket of each union with the word "union." Match size and color of pipe labels.
- C. Insulate instrument connections for thermometers, pressure gages, pressure temperature taps, test connections, flow meters, sensors, switches, and transmitters on insulated pipes. Shape insulation at these connections by tapering it to and around the connection with insulating cement and finish with finishing cement, mastic, and flashing sealant.
- D. Install removable insulation covers at locations indicated. Installation shall conform to the following:
1. Make removable flange and union insulation from sectional pipe insulation of same thickness as that on adjoining pipe. Install same insulation jacket as adjoining pipe insulation.
  2. When flange and union covers are made from sectional pipe insulation, extend insulation from flanges or union long at least two times the insulation thickness over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of flange or union. Secure flange cover in place with stainless-steel or aluminum bands. Select band material compatible with insulation and jacket.
  3. Construct removable valve insulation covers in same manner as for flanges, except divide the two-part section on the vertical center line of valve body.
  4. When covers are made from block insulation, make two halves, each consisting of mitered blocks wired to stainless-steel fabric. Secure this wire frame, with its attached insulation, to flanges with tie wire. Extend insulation at least 2 inches over adjacent pipe insulation on each side of valve. Fill space between flange or union cover and pipe insulation with insulating cement. Finish cover assembly with insulating cement applied in two coats. After first coat is dry, apply and trowel second coat to a smooth finish.
  5. Unless a PVC jacket is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules, finish exposed surfaces with a metal jacket.

### 3.6 INSTALLATION OF FLEXIBLE ELASTOMERIC INSULATION

- A. Seal longitudinal seams and end joints with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:
1. Install pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.

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2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
  3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with cut sections of sheet insulation of same thickness as pipe insulation.
  4. Secure insulation to flanges and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
1. Install mitered sections of pipe insulation.
  2. Secure insulation materials and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.
- D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:
1. Install preformed valve covers manufactured of same material as pipe insulation when available.
  2. When preformed valve covers are not available, install cut sections of pipe and sheet insulation to valve body. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
  3. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.
  4. Secure insulation to valves and specialties and seal seams with manufacturer's recommended adhesive to eliminate openings in insulation that allow passage of air to surface being insulated.

### 3.7 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:
1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
  2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vapor-barrier mastic and joint sealant.
  3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
  4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below-ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Flanges:
1. Install preformed pipe insulation to outer diameter of pipe flange.
  2. Make width of insulation section same as overall width of flange and bolts, plus twice the thickness of pipe insulation.
  3. Fill voids between inner circumference of flange insulation and outer circumference of adjacent straight pipe segments with mineral-fiber blanket insulation.
  4. Install jacket material with manufacturer's recommended adhesive, overlap seams at least 1 inch, and seal joints with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.

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2. When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.

### D. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:

1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

## 3.8 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

### A. Where glass-cloth jackets are indicated, install directly over bare insulation or insulation with factory-applied jackets.

1. Draw jacket smooth and tight to surface with 2-inch overlap at seams and joints.
2. Embed glass cloth between two 0.062-inch-thick coats of lagging adhesive.
3. Completely encapsulate insulation with coating, leaving no exposed insulation.

### B. Where FSK jackets are indicated, install as follows:

1. Draw jacket material smooth and tight.
2. Install lap or joint strips with same material as jacket.
3. Secure jacket to insulation with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
4. Install jacket with 1-1/2-inch laps at longitudinal seams and 3-inch-wide joint strips at end joints.
5. Seal openings, punctures, and breaks in vapor-retarder jackets and exposed insulation with vapor-barrier mastic.

### C. Where metal jackets are indicated, install with 2-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Overlap longitudinal seams arranged to shed water. Seal end joints with weatherproof sealant recommended by insulation manufacturer. Secure jacket with stainless-steel bands 12 inches o.c. and at end joints.

## 3.9 FINISHES

### A. Insulation with ASJ, Glass-Cloth, or Other Paintable Jacket Material: Paint jacket with paint system identified below and as specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" and Section 099123 "Interior Painting."

1. Flat Acrylic Finish: Two finish coats over a primer that is compatible with jacket material and finish coat paint. Add fungicidal agent to render fabric mildew proof.
  - a. Finish Coat Material: Interior, flat, latex-emulsion size.

### B. Flexible Elastomeric Thermal Insulation: After adhesive has fully cured, apply two coats of insulation manufacturer's recommended protective coating.

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- C. Color: Final color as selected by Architect. Vary first and second coats to allow visual inspection of the completed Work.
- D. Do not field paint aluminum or stainless-steel jackets.

### 3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Inspect pipe, fittings, strainers, and valves, randomly selected by Architect, by removing field-applied jacket and insulation in layers in reverse order of their installation. Extent of inspection shall be limited to three locations of straight pipe, three locations of threaded fittings, three locations of welded fittings, two locations of threaded strainers, two locations of welded strainers, three locations of threaded valves, and three locations of flanged valves for each pipe service defined in the "Piping Insulation Schedule, General" Article.
- C. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

### 3.11 EQUIPMENT INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Insulation materials and thicknesses are identified below. If more than one material is listed for a type of equipment, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- B. Insulate indoor and outdoor equipment in paragraphs below that is not factory insulated.
- C. Domestic hot-water storage tank insulation shall be the following, of thickness to provide an R-value of 13: Mineral-fiber pipe and tank.

### 3.12 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:
  - 1. Drainage piping located in crawl spaces.
  - 2. Underground piping.
  - 3. Chrome-plated pipes and fittings unless there is a potential for personnel injury.

### 3.13 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Domestic Cold Water Piping embedded in walls:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick, with two coats of protective coating recommended by the insulation manufacturer.

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- B. Domestic Hot and Recirculated Hot Water:
  - 1. Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick, with two coats of protective coating recommended by the insulation manufacturer.
- C. Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 3/4 inch thick, with two coats of protective coating recommended by the insulation manufacturer.
- D. Exposed Sanitary Drains, Domestic Water, Domestic Hot Water, and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
- E. Floor Drains, Traps, and Sanitary Drain Piping within 10 Feet of Drain Receiving Condensate and Equipment Drain Water below 60 Deg F:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
- F. Hot Service Drains:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I or II: 1 inch thick.
- G. Hot Service Vents:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe, Type I or II: 1 inch thick.
- H. Rainwater conductors, and roof drain bodies:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick, with two coats of protective coating recommended by the insulation manufacturer.
- I. Vapor barrier on all piping, except on hot water piping.
- J. Insulation shall be painted where exposed to view. Coordinate with Architect.

### 3.14 OUTDOOR, ABOVEGROUND PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Domestic Water Piping:
  - 1. All Pipe Sizes: Insulation shall be the following:
    - a. Flexible Elastomeric: 1 inch thick.
    - b. Vapor barrier.

### 3.15 OUTDOOR, FIELD-APPLIED JACKET SCHEDULE

- A. Install jacket over insulation material. For insulation with factory-applied jacket, install the field-applied jacket over the factory-applied jacket.

SECTION 220719 - PLUMBING PIPING INSULATION

- B. Piping, Exposed:
  - 1. Aluminum, Smooth: 0.020 inch thick.

3.16 UNDERGROUND, FIELD-INSTALLED INSULATION JACKET

- A. For underground direct-buried piping applications, install underground direct-buried jacket over insulation material.

END OF SECTION 220719



## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Under-building-slab and aboveground domestic water pipes, tubes, and fittings inside buildings.
  - 2. Encasement for piping.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 221113 "Facility Water Distribution Piping" for water-service piping and water meters outside the building from source to the point where water-service piping enters the building.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For transition fittings and dielectric fittings.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. System purging and disinfecting activities report.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Water Service: Do not interrupt water service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary water service according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Architect no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of water service.
  - 2. Do not interrupt water service without Architect's written permission.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.
- B. Potable-water piping and components shall comply with NSF 14 and NSF 61 Annex G. Plastic piping components shall be marked with "NSF-pw."

#### 2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L water tube, drawn temper.
- B. Cast-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.18, pressure fittings.
- C. Wrought-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.22, wrought-copper pressure fittings.
- D. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends.
- E. Copper Unions:
  - 1. MSS SP-123.
  - 2. Cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body.
  - 3. Ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces.
  - 4. Solder-joint or threaded ends.
- F. Copper Pressure-Seal-Joint Fittings:
  - 1. Fittings for NPS 2 and Smaller: Wrought-copper fitting with EPDM-rubber, O-ring seal in each end.
  - 2. Fittings for NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Cast-bronze or wrought-copper fitting with EPDM-rubber, O-ring seal in each end.
- G. Copper Push-on-Joint Fittings:
  - 1. Description:
    - a. Cast-copper fitting complying with ASME B16.18 or wrought-copper fitting complying with ASME B 16.22.
    - b. Stainless-steel teeth and EPDM-rubber, O-ring seal in each end instead of solder-joint ends.
- H. Copper-Tube, Extruded-Tee Connections:
  - 1. Description: Tee formed in copper tube according to ASTM F 2014.

#### 2.3 PIPING JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials:
  - 1. AWWA C110/A21.10, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick or ASME B16.21, nonmetallic and asbestos free unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Full-face or ring type unless otherwise indicated.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

- B. Metal, Pipe-Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys.
- D. Flux: ASTM B 813, water flushable.
- E. Brazing Filler Metals: AWS A5.8/A5.8M, BCuP Series, copper-phosphorus alloys for general-duty brazing unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.4 ENCASUREMENT FOR PIPING

- A. Standard: ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105/A21.5.
- B. Form: tube.

### 2.5 TRANSITION FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements:
  - 1. Same size as pipes to be joined.
  - 2. Pressure rating at least equal to pipes to be joined.
  - 3. End connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified piping system fitting.
- C. Sleeve-Type Transition Coupling: AWWA C219.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Cascade Waterworks Manufacturing.
    - b. Dresser, Inc.; Dresser Piping Specialties.
    - c. Ford Meter Box Company, Inc. (The).
    - d. JCM Industries.
    - e. Romac Industries, Inc.
    - f. Smith-Blair, Inc; a Sensus company.
    - g. Viking Johnson; c/o Mueller Co.
- D. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Unions:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Charlotte Pipe and Foundry Company.
    - b. Harvel Plastics, Inc.
    - c. Spears Manufacturing Company.
  - 2. Description:
    - a. PVC four-part union.
    - b. Brass threaded end.
    - c. Solvent-cement-joint plastic end.
    - d. Rubber O-ring.
    - e. Union nut.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### 2.6 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Dielectric Unions:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Capitol Manufacturing Company.
    - b. Central Plastics Company.
    - c. EPCO Sales, Inc.
    - d. Hart Industries International, Inc.
    - e. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
    - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Wilkins Water Control Products.
  - 2. Standard: ASSE 1079.
  - 3. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
  - 4. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
- C. Dielectric Flanges:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Capitol Manufacturing Company.
    - b. Central Plastics Company.
    - c. EPCO Sales, Inc.
    - d. Watts Regulator Co.; a division of Watts Water Technologies, Inc.
  - 2. Standard: ASSE 1079.
  - 3. Factory-fabricated, bolted, companion-flange assembly.
  - 4. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
  - 5. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous; threaded solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
- D. Dielectric-Flange Insulating Kits:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
    - b. Calpico, Inc.
    - c. Central Plastics Company.
    - d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
  - 2. Nonconducting materials for field assembly of companion flanges.
  - 3. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
  - 4. Gasket: Neoprene or phenolic.
  - 5. Bolt Sleeves: Phenolic or polyethylene.
  - 6. Washers: Phenolic with steel backing washers.
- E. Dielectric Nipples:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Perfection Corporation; a subsidiary of American Meter Company.
    - b. Precision Plumbing Products, Inc.
    - c. Victaulic Company.
  - 2. Standard: IAPMO PS 66.
  - 3. Electroplated steel nipple complying with ASTM F 1545.
  - 4. Pressure Rating and Temperature: 300 psig at 225 deg F.
  - 5. End Connections: Male threaded or grooved.
  - 6. Lining: Inert and noncorrosive, propylene.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### 2.7 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Flex-Hose Co., Inc.
  - 2. Flex Pression, Ltd.
  - 3. Flex-Weld, Inc.
  - 4. Hyspan Precision Products, Inc.
  - 5. Metraflex, Inc.
  - 6. Universal Metal Hose; a Hyspan company
  
- B. Stainless-Steel-Hose Flexible Connectors: Corrugated-stainless-steel tubing with stainless-steel wire-braid covering and ends welded to inner tubing.
  - 1. Working-Pressure Rating: Minimum **200 psig**
  - 2. End Connections NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded steel-pipe nipple.
  - 3. End Connections NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: Flanged steel nipple.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EARTHWORK

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

### 3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of domestic water piping. Indicated locations and arrangements are used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
  
- B. Install copper tubing under building slab according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
  
- C. Install ductile-iron piping under building slab with restrained joints according to AWWA C600 and AWWA M41.
  
- D. Install underground copper tube in PE encasement according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105/A21.5.
  
- E. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gage, and test tee with valve inside the building at each domestic water-service entrance. Comply with requirements for pressure gages in Section 220519 "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping" and with requirements for drain valves and strainers in Section 221119 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
  
- F. Install shutoff valve immediately upstream of each dielectric fitting.
  
- G. Install water-pressure-reducing valves downstream from shutoff valves. Comply with requirements for pressure-reducing valves in Section 221119 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

- H. Install domestic water piping level with 0.25 percent slope downward toward drain and plumb.
- I. Rough-in domestic water piping for water-meter installation according to utility company's requirements.
- J. Install piping concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- K. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- L. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal, and coordinate with other services occupying that space.
- M. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- N. Install nipples, unions, special fittings, and valves with pressure ratings the same as or higher than the system pressure rating used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- O. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- P. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- Q. Install PEX piping with loop at each change of direction of more than 90 degrees.
- R. Install unions in copper tubing at final connection to each piece of equipment, machine, and specialty.
- S. Install pressure gages on suction and discharge piping for each plumbing pump and packaged booster pump.
- T. Install thermostats in hot-water circulation piping.
- U. Install thermometers on outlet piping from each water heater. Comply with requirements for thermometers in Section 220519 "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping."
- V. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 220517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- W. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 220517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- X. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 220518 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

### 3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipes, tubes, and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
  - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads.
  - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged.
- D. Brazed Joints for Copper Tubing: Comply with CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," "Braze Joints" chapter.
- E. Pressure-Sealed Joints for Copper Tubing: Join copper tube and pressure-seal fittings with tools recommended by fitting manufacturer.
- F. Extruded-Tee Connections: Form tee in copper tube according to ASTM F 2149. Use tool designed for copper tube; drill pilot hole, form collar for outlet, dimple tube to form seating stop, and braze branch tube into collar.
- G. Joints for Dissimilar-Material Piping: Make joints using adapters compatible with materials of both piping systems.

### 3.4 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. General-Duty Valves: Comply with requirements in Division 22 Section "General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping" for valve installations.
- B. Install shutoff valve close to water main on each branch and riser serving plumbing fixtures or equipment, on each water supply to equipment, and on each water supply to plumbing fixtures that do not have supply stops. Use ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly or gate valves for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- C. Install drain valves for equipment at base of each water riser, at low points in horizontal piping, and where required to drain water piping. Drain valves are specified in Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
  - 1. Hose-End Drain Valves: At low points in water mains, risers, and branches.
  - 2. Stop-and-Waste Drain Valves: Instead of hose-end drain valves where indicated.
- D. Install balancing valve in each hot-water circulation return branch and discharge side of each pump and circulator. Set balancing valves partly open to restrict but not stop flow. Use ball valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller and butterfly valves for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger. Comply with requirements in Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for balancing valves.
- E. Install calibrated balancing valves in each hot-water circulation return branch and discharge side of each pump and circulator. Set calibrated balancing valves partly open to restrict but not stop flow. Comply with requirements in Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for calibrated balancing valves.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### 3.5 TRANSITION FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install transition couplings at joints of dissimilar piping.
- B. Transition Fittings in Underground Domestic Water Piping:
  - 1. Fittings for NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Fitting-type coupling.
  - 2. Fittings for NPS 2 and Larger: Sleeve-type coupling.
- C. Transition Fittings in Aboveground Domestic Water Piping NPS 2 and Smaller: Plastic-to-metal transition fittings or unions.

### 3.6 DIELECTRIC FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install dielectric fittings in piping at connections of dissimilar metal piping and tubing.

### 3.7 FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Install flexible connectors in suction and discharge piping connections to each domestic water pump and in suction and discharge manifold connections to each domestic water booster pump.
- B. Install bronze-hose flexible connectors in copper domestic water tubing.
- C. Install stainless-steel-hose flexible connectors in steel domestic water piping.

### 3.8 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices in Section 220548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger, support products, and installation in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
  - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or 42, clamps.
  - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs:
    - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
  - 3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
  - 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced one size for double-rod hangers, to a minimum of 3/8 inch.
- E. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:



## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

1. NPS 3/4 and Smaller: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
2. NPS 1 and NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
3. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
4. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
5. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
6. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
7. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.

- F. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.
- G. Support piping and tubing not listed in this article according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.9 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. When installing piping adjacent to equipment and machines, allow space for service and maintenance.
- C. Connect domestic water piping to exterior water-service piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- D. Connect domestic water piping to water-service piping with shutoff valve; extend and connect to the following:
1. Domestic Water Booster Pumps: Cold-water suction and discharge piping.
  2. Water Heaters: Cold-water inlet and hot-water outlet piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than sizes of water heater connections.
  3. Plumbing Fixtures: Cold- and hot-water-supply piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than that required by plumbing code.
  4. Equipment: Cold- and hot-water-supply piping as indicated, but not smaller than equipment connections. Provide shutoff valve and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

### 3.10 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components. Comply with requirements for identification materials and installation in Section 220553 "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- B. Label pressure piping with system operating pressure.

### 3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
1. Piping Inspections:
    - a. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

- b. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least one day before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction:
    - 1) Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing in after roughing in and before setting fixtures.
    - 2) Final Inspection: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified in "Piping Tests" Subparagraph below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
  - c. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass tests or inspections, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
  - d. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
2. Piping Tests:
- a. Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
  - b. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit a separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
  - c. Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
  - d. Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow it to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
  - e. Repair leaks and defects with new materials, and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
  - f. Prepare reports for tests and for corrective action required.
- B. Domestic water piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.12 ADJUSTING

- A. Perform the following adjustments before operation:
  - 1. Close drain valves, hydrants, and hose bibbs.
  - 2. Open shutoff valves to fully open position.
  - 3. Open throttling valves to proper setting.
  - 4. Adjust balancing valves in hot-water-circulation return piping to provide adequate flow.
    - a. Manually adjust ball-type balancing valves in hot-water-circulation return piping to provide hot-water flow in each branch.
    - b. Adjust calibrated balancing valves to flows indicated.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

5. Remove plugs used during testing of piping and for temporary sealing of piping during installation.
6. Remove and clean strainer screens. Close drain valves and replace drain plugs.
7. Remove filter cartridges from housings and verify that cartridges are as specified for application where used and are clean and ready for use.
8. Check plumbing specialties and verify proper settings, adjustments, and operation.

### 3.13 CLEANING

- A. Clean and disinfect domestic water piping as follows:
  1. Purge new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
  2. Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction; if methods are not prescribed, use procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or follow procedures described below:
    - a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
    - b. Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:
      - 1) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours.
      - 2) Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate and allow to stand for three hours.
    - c. Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine is in water coming from system after the standing time.
    - d. Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination.
    - e. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Clean non-potable domestic water piping as follows:
  1. Purge new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
  2. Use purging procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction or; if methods are not prescribed, follow procedures described below:
    - a. Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets.
    - b. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination.
- C. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities. Include copies of water-sample approvals from authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

## SECTION 221116 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING

### 3.14 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Flanges and unions may be used for aboveground piping joints unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Fitting Option: Extruded-tee connections and brazed joints may be used on aboveground copper tubing.
- D. Under-building-slab, domestic water, building-service piping, up to NPS 8 and larger, shall be the following:
  - 1. Soft copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings; and brazed joints.
- E. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
  - 1. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; copper, solder-joint fittings; and brazed joints.
  - 2. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; copper pressure-seal-joint fittings; and pressure-sealed joints.
- F. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4, shall be the following:
  - 1. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; copper, solder-joint fittings; and brazed joints.
  - 2. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; copper pressure-seal-joint fittings; and pressure-sealed joints.
  - 3. Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; grooved-joint, copper-tube appurtenances; and grooved joints.
- G. Aboveground, combined domestic water-service and fire-service-main piping, NPS 6 to NPS 12, shall be the following:
  - 1. Plain-end, ductile-iron pipe; grooved-joint, ductile-iron-pipe appurtenances; and grooved joints.

### 3.15 VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:
  - 1. Shutoff Duty: Use ball or gate valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly, ball, or gate valves with flanged ends for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
  - 2. Throttling Duty: Use ball or globe valves for piping NPS 2 and smaller. Use butterfly or ball valves with flanged ends for piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
  - 3. Hot-Water Circulation Piping, Balancing Duty: Calibrated balancing valves.
  - 4. Drain Duty: Hose-end drain valves.
- B. Use check valves to maintain correct direction of domestic water flow to and from equipment.
- C. Iron grooved-end valves may be used with grooved-end piping.

END OF SECTION 221116

## SECTION 221119 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

1. Backflow preventers.
2. Wall hydrants.
3. Water-hammer arresters.
4. Trap-seal primer valves.
5. Trap-seal primer systems.
6. Flexible connectors.

- B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 220519 "Meters and Gages for Plumbing Piping" for thermometers, pressure gages, and flow meters in domestic water piping.
2. Section 221116 "Domestic Water Piping" for water meters.
3. Section 223200 "Domestic Water Filtration Equipment" for water filters in domestic water piping.
4. Section 224713 "Drinking Fountains" for water filters for water coolers.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For domestic water piping specialties.
  1. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For domestic water piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## SECTION 221119 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Potable-water piping and components shall comply with NSF 61 Annex G [**and NSF 14**].**[Mark "NSF-pw" on plastic piping components.]**

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Minimum Working Pressure for Domestic Water Piping Specialties: [**125 psig (860 kPa)**] unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.3 BACKFLOW PREVENTERS

- A. Reduced-Pressure-Principle Backflow Preventers:
- B. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Zurn
  - 2. Wilkins
  - 3. Or Approved Equal.
- C. Description:
  - 1. Standard: ASSE 1013.
  - 2. Operation: Continuous-pressure applications.
  - 3. Pressure Loss: [**12 psig (83 kPa)**]
  - 4. Size: see drawings.
  - 5. Body: Bronze for **NPS 2 (DN 50)** and smaller
  - 6. End Connections: Threaded for **NPS 2 (DN 50)** and smaller.
  - 7. Configuration: Designed for [**horizontal, straight-through**] flow.
  - 8. Accessories:
    - a. Valves **NPS 2 (DN 50)** and Smaller: Ball type with threaded ends on inlet and outlet.
    - b. Valves **NPS 2-1/2 (DN 65)** and Larger: Outside-screw and yoke-gate type with flanged ends on inlet and outlet.
    - c. Air-Gap Fitting: ASME A112.1.2, matching backflow-preventer connection.

#### 2.4 WALL HYDRANTS

- 1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Zurn
  - b. Woodford
  - c. Or Approved Equal
- 2. Description: See schedule.

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### 2.5 WATER-HAMMER ARRESTERS

#### A. Water-Hammer Arresters:

1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Zurn.
  - b. Mifab.
  - c. Or "Approved equal".
2. Standard: ASSE 1010 or PDI-WH 201.
3. Type: [Stainless Steel **Metal bellows**].
4. Size: ASSE 1010, Sizes AA and A through F, or PDI-WH 201, Sizes A through F.

### 2.6 TRAP-SEAL PRIMER DEVICE

#### A. Supply-Type, Trap-Seal Primer Device:

1. Manufacturers:
  - a. PPP or Approved Equal
2. Standard: ASSE 1018.
3. Pressure Rating: **125 psig (860 kPa)** minimum.
4. Body: Bronze.
5. Inlet and Outlet Connections: **NPS 1/2 (DN 15)** threaded, union, or solder joint.
6. Gravity Drain Outlet Connection: **NPS 1/2 (DN 15)** threaded or solder joint.
7. Finish: Chrome plated, or rough bronze for units used with pipe or tube that is not chrome finished.

### 2.7 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

#### A. Stainless-Steel-Hose Flexible Connectors: Corrugated-stainless-steel tubing with stainless-steel wire-braid covering and ends welded to inner tubing.

1. Working-Pressure Rating: Minimum [**200 psig (1380 kPa)**].
2. End Connections **NPS 2 (DN 50)** and Smaller: Threaded steel-pipe nipple.
3. End Connections **NPS 2-1/2 (DN 65)** and Larger: Flanged steel nipple.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- #### A. Install backflow preventers in each water supply to mechanical equipment and systems and to other equipment and water systems that may be sources of contamination. Comply with authorities having jurisdiction.
1. Locate backflow preventers in same room as connected equipment or system.
  2. Install drain for backflow preventers with atmospheric-vent drain connection with air-gap fitting, fixed air-gap fitting, or equivalent positive pipe separation of at least two pipe

## SECTION 221119 - DOMESTIC WATER PIPING SPECIALTIES

diameters in drain piping and pipe-to-floor drain. Locate air-gap device attached to or under backflow preventer. Simple air breaks are unacceptable for this application.

3. Do not install bypass piping around backflow preventers.

B. Install water-hammer arresters in water piping according to PDI-WH 201.

C. Install supply-type, trap-seal primer valves with outlet piping pitched down toward drain trap a minimum of 1 percent, and connect to floor-drain body, trap, or inlet fitting. Adjust valve for proper flow.

### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

A. Comply with requirements for ground equipment in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

B. Fire-retardant-treated-wood blocking is specified in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" for electrical connections.

### 3.3 LABELING AND IDENTIFYING

A. Equipment Nameplates and Signs: Install engraved plastic-laminate equipment nameplate or sign on or near each of the following:

1. Reduced-pressure-principle backflow preventers.
2. Outlet boxes.
3. Supply-type, trap-seal primer valves.

B. Distinguish among multiple units, inform operator of operational requirements, indicate safety and emergency precautions, and warn of hazards and improper operations, in addition to identifying unit. Nameplates and signs are specified in Section 220553 "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Perform the following tests and inspections:

1. Test each [**reduced-pressure-principle backflow preventer**] [**double-check, backflow-prevention assembly**] [**and**] [**double-check, detector-assembly backflow preventer**] according to authorities having jurisdiction and the device's reference standard.

B. Domestic water piping specialties will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 221119



## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
  - 2. Specialty pipe fittings.
  - 3. Encasement for underground metal piping.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 221313 "Facility Sanitary Sewers" for sanitary sewerage piping and structures outside the building.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping: 10-foot head of water.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For sovent drainage system. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Comply with NSF/ANSI 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.

## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

### 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Sanitary Waste Service: Do not interrupt service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary service according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Architect no fewer than two days in advance of proposed interruption of sanitary waste service.
  - 2. Do not proceed with interruption of sanitary waste service without Architect's written permission.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

### 2.2 HUBLESS, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
- B. Sovent Stack Fittings: ASME B16.45 or ASSE 1043, hubless, cast-iron aerator and deaerator drainage fittings.
- C. Heavy-Duty, Hubless-Piping Couplings:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. ANACO.
    - b. Clamp-All Corp.
    - c. Ideal Div.; Stant Corp.
    - d. Mission Rubber Co.
    - e. Tyler Pipe; Soil Pipe Div.
  - 2. Standards: ASTM C 1277 and ASTM C 1540.
  - 3. Description: Stainless-steel shield with stainless-steel bands and tightening devices; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.

### 2.3 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.
- B. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns and to fit Schedule 40 pipe.
- C. Adhesive Primer: ASTM F 656.
  - 1. Adhesive primer shall have a VOC content of 550 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Adhesive primer shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- D. Solvent Cement: ASTM D 2564.
  - 1. PVC solvent cement shall have a VOC content of 510 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Solvent cement shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### 2.4 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTINGS

- A. Transition Couplings:
  - 1. General Requirements: Fitting or device for joining piping with small differences in OD's or of different materials. Include end connections same size as and compatible with pipes to be joined.
  - 2. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified piping system fitting.
  - 3. Shielded, Nonpressure Transition Couplings:
    - a. Standard: ASTM C 1460.
    - b. Description: Elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosion-resistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - 4. Pressure Transition Couplings:
    - a. Standard: AWWA C219.
    - b. Description: Metal, sleeve-type same size as, with pressure rating at least equal to, and ends compatible with, pipes to be joined.
    - c. Center-Sleeve Material: Stainless steel.
    - d. Gasket Material: Natural or synthetic rubber.
    - e. Metal Component Finish: Corrosion-resistant coating or material.
- B. Dielectric Fittings:
  - 1. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
  - 2. Dielectric Unions:
    - a. Description:
      - 1) Standard: ASSE 1079.
      - 2) Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
      - 3) End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
  - 3. Dielectric Flanges:
    - a. Description:
      - 1) Standard: ASSE 1079.
      - 2) Factory-fabricated, bolted, companion-flange assembly.
      - 3) Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
      - 4) End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous; threaded solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.
  - 4. Dielectric-Flange Insulating Kits:

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### a. Description:

- 1) Nonconducting materials for field assembly of companion flanges.
- 2) Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
- 3) Gasket: Neoprene or phenolic.
- 4) Bolt Sleeves: Phenolic or polyethylene.
- 5) Washers: Phenolic with steel backing washers.

### 5. Dielectric Nipples:

#### a. Description:

- 1) Standard: IAPMO PS 66
- 2) Electroplated steel nipple.
- 3) Pressure Rating: 300 psig at 225 deg F.
- 4) End Connections: Male threaded or grooved.
- 5) Lining: Inert and noncorrosive, propylene.

## 2.5 ENCASEMENT FOR UNDERGROUND METAL PIPING

- A. Standard: ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105/A 21.5.
- B. Material: high-density, cross-laminated polyethylene film of 0.004-inch minimum thickness.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EARTH MOVING

- A. Comply with requirements for excavating, trenching, and backfilling specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."

### 3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping systems. Indicated locations and arrangements were used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, pump sizing, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- E. Install piping to permit valve servicing.

## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

- F. Install piping at indicated slopes.
- G. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- H. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- I. Install piping to allow application of insulation.
- J. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical. Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if two fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- K. Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- L. Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Building Sanitary Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
  - 2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
  - 3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
- M. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
  - 1. Install encasement on underground piping according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105/A 21.5.
- N. Install aboveground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2665.
- O. Install underground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2321.
- P. Install engineered soil and waste drainage and vent piping systems as follows:
  - 1. Combination Waste and Vent: Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 2. Solvent Drainage System: Comply with ASSE 1043 and solvent fitting manufacturer's written installation instructions.
  - 3. Reduced-Size Venting: Comply with standards of authorities having jurisdiction.
- Q. Plumbing Specialties:
  - 1. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in sanitary drainage force-main piping. Comply with requirements for cleanouts specified in Section 221319 "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."

## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

2. Install drains in sanitary drainage gravity-flow piping. Comply with requirements for drains specified in Section 221319 "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
- R. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- S. Install sleeves for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for sleeves specified in Section 220517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- T. Install sleeve seals for piping penetrations of concrete walls and slabs. Comply with requirements for sleeve seals specified in Section 220517 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Plumbing Piping."
- U. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors. Comply with requirements for escutcheons specified in Section 220518 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

### 3.3 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join hubless, cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-piping coupling joints.
- B. Plastic, Nonpressure-Piping, Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
  1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
  2. PVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855 and ASTM D 2665 Appendixes.

### 3.4 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Transition Couplings:
  1. Install transition couplings at joints of piping with small differences in OD's.
  2. In Drainage Piping: Shielded, nonpressure transition couplings.
  3. In Aboveground Force Main Piping: Fitting-type transition couplings.
  4. In Underground Force Main Piping:
    - a. NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Fitting-type transition couplings.
    - b. NPS 2 and Larger: Pressure transition couplings.
- B. Dielectric Fittings:
  1. Install dielectric fittings in piping at connections of dissimilar metal piping and tubing.
  2. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2 and Smaller: Use dielectric unions.
  3. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 4: Use dielectric flange kits.
  4. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 5 and Larger: Use dielectric flange kits.

### 3.5 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger and support devices and installation specified in Section 220529 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
  1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.

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2. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs:
    - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    - c. Longer Than 100 Feet if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
  3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
  4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- B. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting, valve, and coupling.
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced one size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
  4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
  5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
  6. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- G. Install hangers for PVC piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 48 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  2. NPS 3: 48 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 48 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
  4. NPS 6 and NPS 8: 48 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
  5. NPS 10 and NPS 12: 48 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
- H. Install supports for vertical PVC piping every 48 inches.
- I. Support piping and tubing not listed above according to MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:
  1. Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.

## SECTION 221316 - SANITARY WASTE AND VENT PIPING

2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
  3. Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
  4. Install test tees (wall cleanouts) in conductors near floor and floor cleanouts with cover flush with floor.
  5. Comply with requirements for cleanouts and drains specified in Section 221319 "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."
  6. Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve if indicated and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance of equipment.
- E. Make connections according to the following unless otherwise indicated:
1. Install unions, in piping NPS 2 and smaller, adjacent to each valve and at final connection to each piece of equipment.
  2. Install flanges, in piping NPS 2-1/2 and larger, adjacent to flanged valves and at final connection to each piece of equipment.

### 3.7 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify exposed sanitary waste and vent piping. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 220553 "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

### 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
  2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary drainage and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
  2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced drainage and vent piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.



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3. Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test drainage and vent piping except outside leaders on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
4. Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure. Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection. Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

### 3.9 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.
- D. Exposed PVC Piping: Protect plumbing vents exposed to sunlight with two coats of water-based latex paint.

### 3.10 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Flanges and unions may be used on aboveground pressure piping unless otherwise indicated.
- A. Underground and above ground (unless noted otherwise), soil, waste, and vent piping shall be the following:
  1. Solid-wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
  2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- B. In Return Air Plenum: Soil, waste, and vent piping shall be the following:
  1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.

END OF SECTION 221316

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Cleanouts.
  - 2. Floor drains.
  - 3. Roof flashing assemblies.
  - 4. Through-penetration firestop assemblies.
  - 5. Miscellaneous sanitary drainage piping specialties.
  - 6. Flashing materials.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. FOG: Fats, oils, and greases.
- C. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- D. HDPE: High-density polyethylene plastic.
- E. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- F. PP: Polypropylene plastic.
- G. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for frost-resistant vent terminals.
  - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For drainage piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic sanitary piping specialty components.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of roof penetrations.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 CLEANOUTS

#### A. Metal Floor Cleanouts:

1. ASME A112.36.2M, Cast-Iron Cleanouts: see detail on plans.
2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for [**cast-iron soil pipe with cast-iron ferrule**] [**threaded, adjustable housing**] cleanout.
3. Size: Same as connected branch.
4. Type: [**Threaded, adjustable housing**].
5. Body or Ferrule: [**Cast iron**].
6. Clamping Device: [**Required**].
7. Outlet Connection: [**Threaded**].
8. Closure: [**Cast-iron plug**].
9. Adjustable Housing Material: [**Cast iron**] with [**threads**].
10. Frame and Cover Material and Finish: [**Nickel-bronze, copper alloy**]
11. Frame and Cover Shape: [**Round**].
12. Top Loading Classification: [**Medium**] Duty.

#### B. Plastic Wall Cleanouts:

1. See detail on plans.
2. Size: Same as connected branch.
3. Body: PVC.
4. Closure Plug: Stainless Steel.
5. Riser: Drainage pipe fitting and riser to cleanout of same material as drainage piping.

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### 2.2 FLOOR DRAINS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Zurn.
  - 2. Mifab.
  - 3. Josam.
  
- B. Description: See schedules.

### 2.3 ROOF FLASHING ASSEMBLIES

- A. Roof Flashing Assemblies:
  - 1. Description: Manufactured assembly made of [6.0-lb/sq. ft. (30-kg/sq. m), 0.0938-inch-(2.4-mm-)] thick, lead flashing collar and skirt extending at least [6 inches (150 mm)] from pipe, with galvanized-steel boot reinforcement and counterflashing fitting.
    - a. Open-Top Vent Cap: Without cap.
    - b. Low-Silhouette Vent Cap: With vandal-proof vent cap.
    - c. Extended Vent Cap: With field-installed, vandal-proof vent cap.

### 2.4 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP ASSEMBLIES

- A. Through-Penetration Firestop Assemblies:
  - 1. Standard: UL 1479 assembly of sleeve and stack fitting with firestopping plug.
  - 2. Size: Same as connected soil, waste, or vent stack.
  - 3. Sleeve: Molded PVC plastic, of length to match slab thickness and with integral nailing flange on one end for installation in cast-in-place concrete slabs.
  - 4. Stack Fitting: ASTM A 48/A 48M, gray-iron, hubless-pattern, wye branch with neoprene O-ring at base and gray-iron plug in thermal-release harness. Include PVC protective cap for plug.
  - 5. Special Coating: Corrosion resistant on interior of fittings.

### 2.5 MISCELLANEOUS SANITARY DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Floor-Drain, Trap-Seal Primer Fittings:
  - 1. Description: Cast iron, with threaded inlet and threaded or spigot outlet, and trap-seal primer valve connection.
  - 2. Size: Same as floor drain outlet with NPS 1/2 (DN 15) side inlet.
  
- B. Air-Gap Fittings:

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

1. Standard: ASME A112.1.2, for fitting designed to ensure fixed, positive air gap between installed inlet and outlet piping.
2. Body: Bronze or cast iron.
3. Inlet: Opening in top of body.
4. Outlet: Larger than inlet.
5. Size: Same as connected waste piping and with inlet large enough for associated indirect waste piping.

### C. Sleeve Flashing Device:

1. Description: Manufactured, cast-iron fitting, with clamping device, that forms sleeve for pipe floor penetrations of floor membrane. Include galvanized-steel pipe extension in top of fitting that will extend [1 inch (25 mm)] [2 inches (51 mm)] <Insert dimension> above finished floor and galvanized-steel pipe extension in bottom of fitting that will extend through floor slab.
2. Size: As required for close fit to riser or stack piping.

### D. Stack Flashing Fittings:

1. Description: Counterflashing-type, cast-iron fitting, with bottom recess for terminating roof membrane, and with threaded or hub top for extending vent pipe.
2. Size: Same as connected stack vent or vent stack.

## 2.6 FLASHING MATERIALS

### A. Lead Sheet: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, copper bearing, with the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:

1. General Use: 4.0-lb/sq. ft. (20-kg/sq. m), 0.0625-inch (1.6-mm) thickness.
2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 3.0-lb/sq. ft. (15-kg/sq. m), 0.0469-inch (1.2-mm) thickness.
3. Burning: 6-lb/sq. ft. (30-kg/sq. m), 0.0938-inch (2.4-mm) thickness.

### B. Copper Sheet: ASTM B 152/B 152M, of the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:

1. General Applications: 12 oz./sq. ft. (3.7 kg/sq. m or 0.41-mm thickness).
2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 8 oz./sq. ft. (2.5 kg/sq. m or 0.27-mm thickness).

### C. Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with 0.20 percent copper content and 0.04-inch (1.01-mm) minimum thickness, unless otherwise indicated. Include G90 (Z275) hot-dip galvanized, mill-phosphatized finish for painting if indicated.

### D. Elastic Membrane Sheet: ASTM D 4068, flexible, chlorinated polyethylene, 40-mil (1.01-mm) minimum thickness.

### E. Fasteners: Metal compatible with material and substrate being fastened.

### F. Metal Accessories: Sheet metal strips, clamps, anchoring devices, and similar accessory units required for installation; matching or compatible with material being installed.

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

- G. Solder: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloy.
- H. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Size same as drainage piping up to **NPS 4 (DN 100)**. Use **NPS 4 (DN 100)** for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
  - 2. Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
  - 3. Locate at minimum intervals of **50 feet (15 m)** for piping **NPS 4 (DN 100)** and smaller and **100 feet (30 m)** for larger piping.
  - 4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.
- B. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.
- C. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.
- D. Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained. Set grates of drains flush with finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Position floor drains for easy access and maintenance.
  - 2. Set floor drains below elevation of surrounding finished floor to allow floor drainage. Set with grates depressed according to the following drainage area radii:
    - a. Coordinate with Structural Drawings prior installation.
    - b. Radius, **30 Inches (750 mm)** or Less: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not less than **1/4-inch (6.35-mm)** total depression.
    - c. Radius, **30 to 60 Inches (750 to 1500 mm)**: Equivalent to 1 percent slope.
    - d. Radius, **60 Inches (1500 mm)** or Larger: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not greater than **1-inch (25-mm)** total depression.
  - 3. Install floor-drain flashing collar or flange so no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
  - 4. Install individual traps for floor drains connected to sanitary building drain, unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Install roof flashing assemblies on sanitary stack vents and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- F. Install flashing fittings on sanitary stack vents and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- G. Install through-penetration firestop assemblies in plastic [**conductors**] [**and**] [**stacks**] at floor penetrations.

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

- H. Assemble open drain fittings and install with top of hub [**1 inch (25 mm)**] [**2 inches (51 mm)**] above floor.
- I. Install deep-seal traps on floor drains and other waste outlets, if indicated.
- J. Install floor-drain, trap-seal primer fittings on inlet to floor drains that require trap-seal primer connection.
  - 1. Exception: Fitting may be omitted if trap has trap-seal primer connection.
  - 2. Size: Same as floor drain inlet.
- K. Install air-gap fittings on draining-type backflow preventers and on indirect-waste piping discharge into sanitary drainage system.
- L. Install sleeve flashing device with each riser and stack passing through floors with waterproof membrane.
- M. Install vent caps on each vent pipe passing through roof.
- N. Install wood-blocking reinforcement for wall-mounting-type specialties.
- O. Install traps on plumbing specialty drain outlets. Omit traps on indirect wastes unless trap is indicated.

### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 221316 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping" for piping installation requirements. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

### 3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Fabricate flashing from single piece unless large pans, sumps, or other drainage shapes are required. Join flashing according to the following if required:
  - 1. Lead Sheets: Burn joints of lead sheets **6.0-lb/sq. ft. (30-kg/sq. m)**, **0.0938-inch (2.4-mm)** thickness or thicker. Solder joints of lead sheets **4.0-lb/sq. ft. (20-kg/sq. m)**, **0.0625-inch (1.6-mm)** thickness or thinner.
  - 2. Copper Sheets: Solder joints of copper sheets.
- B. Install sheet flashing on pipes, sleeves, and specialties passing through or embedded in floors and roofs with waterproof membrane.

## SECTION 221319 - SANITARY WASTE PIPING SPECIALTIES

1. Pipe Flashing: Sleeve type, matching pipe size, with minimum length of 10 inches (250 mm), and skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches (200 mm) around pipe.
  2. Sleeve Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches (200 mm) around sleeve.
  3. Embedded Specialty Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches (200 mm) around specialty.
- C. Set flashing on floors and roofs in solid coating of bituminous cement.
- D. Secure flashing into sleeve and specialty clamping ring or device.
- E. Install flashing for piping passing through roofs with counterflashing or commercially made flashing fittings, according to Section 076200 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- F. Extend flashing up vent pipe passing through roofs and turn down into pipe, or secure flashing into cast-iron sleeve having calking recess.
- G. Fabricate and install flashing and pans, sumps, and other drainage shapes.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
  2. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

### 3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 221319



## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Commercial, electric, storage, domestic-water heaters.
  - 2. Flow-control, electric, tankless, domestic-water heaters.
  - 3. Domestic-water heater accessories.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type and size of domestic-water heater indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of commercial and tankless, electric, domestic-water heater, from manufacturer.
- B. Domestic-Water Heater Labeling: Certified and labeled by testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

#### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For electric, domestic-water heaters to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASHRAE/IESNA Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
- C. ASME Compliance: Where ASME-code construction is indicated, fabricate and label commercial, domestic-water heater storage tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.
- D. NSF Compliance: Fabricate and label equipment components that will be in contact with potable water to comply with NSF 61 Annex G, "Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects."

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of concrete bases with actual equipment provided.

### 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of electric, domestic-water heaters that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including storage tank and supports.
    - b. Faulty operation of controls.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal use.
  - 2. Warranty Periods: From date of Substantial Completion.
    - a. Commercial, Electric, Domestic-Water Booster Heaters:
      - 1) Controls and Other Components: Five years.
    - b. Commercial, Electric, Storage, Domestic-Water Heaters:
      - 1) Storage Tank: Ten years.
      - 2) Controls and Other Components: Five years.
    - c. Electric, Tankless, Domestic-Water Heaters: Five year(s).
    - d. Compression Tanks: Ten years.

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 COMMERCIAL, ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

##### A. Commercial, Electric, Domestic-Water Heaters:

1. Commercial, Storage, Electric Water Heaters:
  - a. Bradford White Co.
  - b. State Industries.
2. Standard: UL 1453.
3. Tank Construction: ASME-code steel with 150-psig working-pressure rating..
  - a. Tappings: Factory fabricated of materials compatible with tank for piping connections, relief valve, pressure gage, thermometer, drain, anode rod, and controls as required. Attach tappings to tank before testing and labeling. ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
  - b. Interior Finish: Materials and thicknesses complying with NSF 61, barrier materials for potable-water tank linings. Extend finish into and through tank fittings and outlets.
  - c. Insulation: Comply with ASHRAE 90.1. Surround entire storage tank except connections and controls.
  - d. Jacket: Steel, with enameled finish.
4. Factory-Installed Tank Appurtenances:
  - a. Anode Rod: Replaceable magnesium.
  - b. Drain Valve: Corrosion-resistant metal complying with ASSE 1005.
  - c. Insulation: Comply with ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
  - d. Jacket: Steel with enameled finish.
  - e. Heating Elements: Electric, screw-in or bolt-on immersion type arranged in multiples of three.
  - f. Temperature Control: Adjustable thermostat.
  - g. Safety Controls: High-temperature-limit and low-water cutoff devices or systems.
  - h. Relief Valve: ASME rated and stamped for combination temperature-and-pressure relief valve. Include relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating. Select relief valve with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
  - i. Gages: Combination temperature-and-pressure type or separate thermometer and pressure gage.
5. Special Requirements: NSF 5 construction.
6. Capacity and Characteristics: See Drawings

#### 2.2 ELECTRIC, TANKLESS, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

##### A. Flow-Control, Electric, Tankless, Domestic-Water Heaters:

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Controlled Energy Corporation.
  - b. Chronomite Laboratories, Inc.
  - c. Eemax.
2. Standard: UL 499 for electric, tankless, (domestic-water heater) heating appliance.
3. Construction: Copper piping or tubing complying with NSF 61 Annex G barrier materials for potable water, without storage capacity.
  - a. Connections: ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
  - b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
  - c. Heating Element: Resistance heating system.
  - d. Temperature Control: Flow-control fitting.
  - e. Safety Control: High-temperature-limit cutoff device or system.
  - f. Jacket: Aluminum or steel with enameled finish or plastic.
4. Support: Bracket for wall mounting.
5. Capacity and Characteristics: See drawings.

### 2.3 DOMESTIC-WATER HEATER ACCESSORIES

- A. Domestic-Water Compression Tanks:
  1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. AMTROL Inc.
    - b. Smith, A. O. Water Products Co.; a division of A. O. Smith Corporation.
    - c. State Industries.
    - d. Taco, Inc.
  2. Description: Steel pressure-rated tank constructed with welded joints and factory-installed butyl-rubber diaphragm. Include air precharge to minimum system-operating pressure at tank.
  3. Construction:
    - a. Tappings: Factory-fabricated steel, welded to tank before testing and labeling. Include ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
    - b. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 Annex G barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending finish into and through tank fittings and outlets.
    - c. Air-Charging Valve: Factory installed.
  4. Capacity and Characteristics: See drawings.
- B. Drain Pans: Corrosion-resistant metal with raised edge. Comply with ANSI/CSA LC 3. Include dimensions not less than base of domestic-water heater, and include drain outlet not less than NPS 3/4 with ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads or with ASME B1.20.7 garden-hose threads.
- C. Piping-Type Heat Traps: Field-fabricated piping arrangement according to ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
- D. Heat-Trap Fittings: ASHRAE 90.2.

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

- E. Manifold Kits: Domestic-water heater manufacturer's factory-fabricated inlet and outlet piping for field installation, for multiple domestic-water heater installation. Include ball-, butterfly-, or gate-type shutoff valves to isolate each domestic-water heater and calibrated balancing valves to provide balanced flow through each domestic-water heater.
  - 1. Comply with requirements for ball-, butterfly-, or gate-type shutoff valves specified in Section 220523.12 "Ball Valves for Plumbing Piping," Section 220523.13 "Butterfly Valves for Plumbing Piping," and Section 220523.15 "Gate Valves for Plumbing Piping."
  - 2. Comply with requirements for balancing valves specified in Section 221119 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- F. Pressure-Reducing Valves: ASSE 1003 for water. Set at 25-psig-maximum outlet pressure unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Combination Temperature-and-Pressure Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped. Include relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating. Select relief valves with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
- H. Pressure Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped. Include pressure setting less than domestic-water heater working-pressure rating.
- I. Vacuum Relief Valves: ANSI Z21.22/CSA 4.4.
- J. Shock Absorbers: ASSE 1010 or PDI-WH 201, Size A water hammer arrester.
- K. Domestic-Water Heater Stands: Manufacturer's factory-fabricated steel stand for floor mounting, capable of supporting domestic-water heater and water. Include dimension that will support bottom of domestic-water heater a minimum of 18 inches above the floor.
- L. Domestic-Water Heater Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's factory-fabricated steel bracket for wall mounting, capable of supporting domestic-water heater and water.

### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Factory Tests: Test and inspect domestic-water heaters specified to be ASME-code construction, according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- B. Hydrostatically test domestic-water heaters to minimum of one and one-half times pressure rating before shipment.
- C. Electric, domestic-water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections. Comply with requirements in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for retesting and reinspecting requirements and Section 017300 "Execution" for requirements for correcting the Work.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 DOMESTIC-WATER HEATER INSTALLATION

- A. Commercial, Electric, Domestic-Water Heater Mounting: Install commercial, electric, domestic-water heaters on concrete base. Comply with requirements for concrete bases specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete." Section 033053 "Miscellaneous Cast-in-Place Concrete."
1. Exception: Omit concrete bases for commercial, electric, domestic-water heaters if installation on stand, bracket, suspended platform, or directly on floor is indicated.
  2. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.
  3. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible.
  4. Install dowel rods to connect concrete base to concrete floor. Unless otherwise indicated, install dowel rods on 18-inch centers around the full perimeter of concrete base.
  5. For supported equipment, install epoxy-coated anchor bolts that extend through concrete base and anchor into structural concrete floor.
  6. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  7. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
  8. Anchor domestic-water heaters to substrate.
- B. Electric, Tankless, Domestic-Water Heater Mounting: Install electric, tankless, domestic-water heaters at least 18 inches above floor on wall bracket.
1. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.
  2. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible.
  3. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  4. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
  5. Anchor domestic-water heaters to substrate.
- C. Install electric, domestic-water heaters level and plumb, according to layout drawings, original design, and referenced standards. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances. Arrange units so controls and devices needing service are accessible.
1. Install shutoff valves on domestic-water-supply piping to domestic-water heaters and on domestic-hot-water outlet piping. Comply with requirements for shutoff valves specified in Section 220523.12 "Ball Valves for Plumbing Piping," Section 220523.13 "Butterfly Valves for Plumbing Piping," and Section 220523.15 "Gate Valves for Plumbing Piping."
- D. Install commercial, electric, domestic-water heaters with seismic-restraint devices. Comply with requirements for seismic-restraint devices specified in Section 220548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- E. Install combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves in top portion of storage tanks. Use relief valves with sensing elements that extend into tanks. Extend commercial-water-heater relief-valve outlet, with drain piping same as domestic-water piping in continuous downward pitch, and discharge by positive air gap onto closest floor drain.

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- F. Install combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves in water piping for electric, domestic-water heaters without storage. Extend commercial-water-heater relief-valve outlet, with drain piping same as domestic-water piping in continuous downward pitch, and discharge by positive air gap onto closest floor drain.
- G. Install water-heater drain piping as indirect waste to spill by positive air gap into open drains or over floor drains. Install hose-end drain valves at low points in water piping for electric, domestic-water heaters that do not have tank drains. Comply with requirements for hose-end drain valves specified in Section 221119 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- H. Install thermometers on outlet piping of electric, domestic-water heaters. Comply with requirements for thermometers.
- I. Assemble and install inlet and outlet piping manifold kits for multiple electric, domestic-water heaters. Fabricate, modify, or arrange manifolds for balanced water flow through each electric, domestic-water heater. Include shutoff valve and thermometer in each domestic-water heater inlet and outlet, and throttling valve in each electric, domestic-water heater outlet. Comply with requirements for valves and thermometers.
- J. Install pressure-reducing valve with integral bypass relief valve in electric, domestic-water booster-heater inlet piping and water hammer arrester in booster-heater outlet piping. Set pressure-reducing valve for outlet pressure of 25 psig. Comply with requirements for pressure-reducing valves and water hammer arresters specified in Section 221119 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- K. Install piping-type heat traps on inlet and outlet piping of electric, domestic-water heater storage tanks without integral or fitting-type heat traps.
- L. Fill electric, domestic-water heaters with water.
- M. Charge domestic-water compression tanks with air.

### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 221116 "Domestic Water Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where installing piping adjacent to electric, domestic-water heaters, allow space for service and maintenance of water heaters. Arrange piping for easy removal of domestic-water heaters.
- C. Connect hot- and cold-water piping with shutoff valves and unions.
- D. Make connections with dielectric fittings where piping is made of dissimilar metal.
- E. Electrical Connections: Power wiring and disconnect switches are specified in Division 16 Sections. Arrange wiring to allow unit service.
- F. Ground equipment.

## SECTION 223300 - ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

1. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.

### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 220553 "Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
  1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
  2. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
  3. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper operation.
  4. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Electric, domestic-water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections. Comply with requirements in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements" for retesting and reinspecting requirements and Section 017300 "Execution" for requirements for correcting the Work.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain commercial and tankless, electric, domestic-water heaters.

END OF SECTION 223300



## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following conventional plumbing fixtures and related components:
  - 1. Faucets for lavatories.
  - 2. Flushometers.
  - 3. Toilet seats.
  - 4. Protective shielding guards.
  - 5. Fixture supports.
  - 6. Water closets.
  - 7. Lavatories.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 10 Section "Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories."
  - 2. Division 22 Section "Domestic Water Piping Specialties" for backflow preventers, floor drains, and specialty fixtures not included in this Section.
  - 3. Division 22 Section "Drinking Fountains and Water Coolers."
  - 4. Division 31 Section "Facility Water Distribution Piping" for exterior plumbing fixtures and hydrants.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. Accessible Fixture: Plumbing fixture that can be approached, entered, and used by people with disabilities.
- C. Cast Polymer: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material. This material includes cultured-marble and solid-surface materials.
- D. Cultured Marble: Cast-filled-polymer-plastic material with surface coating.
- E. Fitting: Device that controls the flow of water into or out of the plumbing fixture. Fittings specified in this Section include supplies and stops, faucets and spouts, shower heads and tub spouts, drains and tailpieces, and traps and waste pipes. Piping and general-duty valves are included where indicated.
- F. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

- G. PMMA: Polymethyl methacrylate (acrylic) plastic.
- H. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- I. Solid Surface: Nonporous, homogeneous, cast-polymer-plastic material with heat-, impact-, scratch-, and stain-resistance qualities.

### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of plumbing fixture indicated. Include selected fixture and trim, fittings, accessories, appliances, appurtenances, equipment, and supports. Indicate materials and finishes, dimensions, construction details, and flow-control rates.
- B. Shop Drawings: Diagram power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Operation and Maintenance Data: For plumbing fixtures to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- D. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain plumbing fixtures, faucets, and other components of each category through one source from a single manufacturer.
  - 1. Exception: If fixtures, faucets, or other components are not available from a single manufacturer, obtain similar products from other manufacturers specified for that category.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities"; Public Law 90-480, "Architectural Barriers Act"; and Public Law 101-336, "Americans with Disabilities Act"; for plumbing fixtures for people with disabilities.
- D. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in Public Law 102-486, "Energy Policy Act," about water flow and consumption rates for plumbing fixtures.
- E. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- F. Select combinations of fixtures and trim, faucets, fittings, and other components that are compatible.
- G. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for plumbing fixtures:

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

1. Enameled, Cast-Iron Fixtures: ASME A112.19.1M.
2. Porcelain-Enameled, Formed-Steel Fixtures: ASME A112.19.4M.
3. Stainless-Steel Commercial, Handwash Sinks: NSF 2 construction.
4. Vitreous-China Fixtures: ASME A112.19.2M.
5. Water-Closet, Flush Valve, Tank Trim: ASME A112.19.5.
6. Water-Closet, Flushometer Tank Trim: ASSE 1037.

H. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for lavatory and sink faucets:

1. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Side Spray: ASME A112.18.3M.
2. Backflow Protection Devices for Faucets with Hose-Thread Outlet: ASME A112.18.3M.
3. Diverter Valves for Faucets with Hose Spray: ASSE 1025.
4. Faucets: ASME A112.18.1.
5. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1011.
6. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
7. Integral, Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
8. NSF Potable-Water Materials: NSF 61.
9. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
10. Sensor-Actuated Faucets and Electrical Devices: UL 1951.
11. Supply Fittings: ASME A112.18.1.
12. Brass Waste Fittings: ASME A112.18.2.

I. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous fittings:

1. Atmospheric Vacuum Breakers: ASSE 1001.
2. Brass and Copper Supplies: ASME A112.18.1.
3. Dishwasher Air-Gap Fittings: ASSE 1021.
4. Plastic Tubular Fittings: ASTM F 409.
5. Sensor-Operation Flushometers: ASSE 1037 and UL 1951.

J. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:

1. Flexible Water Connectors: ASME A112.18.6.
2. Floor Drains: ASME A112.6.3.
3. Grab Bars: ASTM F 446.
4. Hose-Coupling Threads: ASME B1.20.7.
5. Off-Floor Fixture Supports: ASME A112.6.1M.
6. Pipe Threads: ASME B1.20.1.
7. Plastic Toilet Seats: ANSI Z124.5.
8. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

### 1.6 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranties: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of whirlpools that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

- a. Structural failures of unit shell.
- b. Faulty operation of controls, blowers, pumps, heaters, and timers.
- c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal use.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 LAVATORY FAUCETS

#### A. Lavatory Faucets:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include the following:
  - a. Chicago Faucets.
  - b. Elkay Manufacturing Co.
  - c. Moen, Inc.
2. Description: See plumbing schedule.

### 2.2 FLUSHOMETERS

#### A. Flushometers:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include the following:
  - a. Sloan Valve Company.
  - b. Zurn
2. Description: See plumbing schedule.

### 2.3 TOILET SEATS

#### A. Toilet Seats:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include the following:
  - a. American Standard Companies, Inc.
  - b. Bemis Manufacturing Company.
  - c. Kohler Co.
2. Description: See plumbing schedule.

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

### 2.4 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

#### A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers:

1. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - a. TRUEBRO, Inc.
2. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

### 2.5 FIXTURE SUPPORTS

#### A. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. MIFAB Manufacturing Inc.
2. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

#### B. Water-Closet Supports:

1. Description: See plumbing schedule.

#### C. Lavatory Supports:

1. Description: See plumbing schedule.

#### D. Sink Supports:

1. Description: See plumbing schedule.

### 2.6 WATER CLOSETS

#### A. Water Closets:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include the following:
  - a. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C./Fiat Products.
  - b. American Standard Companies, Inc.
  - c. Zurn
  - d. Kohler
  - e. Toto USA.
2. Description: See plumbing schedule.

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

### 2.7 LAVATORIES

#### A. Lavatories:

1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include the following:
  - a. American Standard Companies, Inc.
  - b. Toto USA
  - c. Crane Plumbing, L.L.C./Fiat Products.
2. Description: See plumbing schedule.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before plumbing fixture installation.
- B. Examine cabinets, counters, floors, and walls for suitable conditions where fixtures will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Assemble plumbing fixtures, trim, fittings, and other components according to manufacturers' written instructions.
- B. Install off-floor supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounting fixtures.
  1. Use carrier supports with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet fixtures.
  2. Use carrier supports without waste fitting for fixtures with tubular waste piping.
  3. Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible fixtures.
- C. Install back-outlet, wall-mounting fixtures onto waste fitting seals and attach to supports.
- D. Install floor-mounting fixtures on closet flanges or other attachments to piping or building substrate.
- E. Install wall-mounting fixtures with tubular waste piping attached to supports.
- F. Install floor-mounting, back-outlet water closets attached to building floor substrate and wall bracket and onto waste fitting seals.
- G. Install counter-mounting fixtures in and attached to casework.

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

- H. Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
- I. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each fixture to be connected to water distribution piping. Attach supplies to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
  - 1. Exception: Use ball, gate, or globe valves if supply stops are not specified with fixture. Valves are specified in Division 22 Section "General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping."
- J. Install trap and tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be directly connected to sanitary drainage system.
- K. Install tubular waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be indirectly connected to drainage system.
- L. Install flushometer valves for accessible water closets with handle mounted on wide side of compartment. Install other actuators in locations that are easy for people with disabilities to reach.
- M. Install tanks for accessible, tank-type water closets with lever handle mounted on wide side of compartment.
- N. Install toilet seats on water closets.
- O. Install faucet-spout fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- P. Install water-supply flow-control fittings with specified flow rates in fixture supplies at stop valves.
- Q. Install faucet flow-control fittings with specified flow rates and patterns in faucet spouts if faucets are not available with required rates and patterns. Include adapters if required.
- R. Install traps on fixture outlets.
  - 1. Exception: Omit trap on fixtures with integral traps.
  - 2. Exception: Omit trap on indirect wastes, unless otherwise indicated.
- S. Install escutcheons at piping wall ceiling penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Escutcheons are specified in Division 22 Section "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."
- T. Set service basins in leveling bed of cement grout. Grout is specified in Division 22 Section "Common Work Results for Plumbing."
- U. Seal joints between fixtures and walls, floors, and countertops using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Sealants are specified in Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants."

## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

### 3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verify that installed plumbing fixtures are categories and types specified for locations where installed.
- B. Check that plumbing fixtures are complete with trim, faucets, fittings, and other specified components.
- C. Inspect installed plumbing fixtures for damage. Replace damaged fixtures and components.
- D. Test installed fixtures after water systems are pressurized for proper operation. Replace malfunctioning fixtures and components, then retest. Repeat procedure until units operate properly.
- E. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust faucets and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning fixtures, fittings, and controls.
- B. Operate and adjust controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning units and controls.
- C. Adjust water pressure at faucets and flushometer valves to produce proper flow and stream.
- D. Replace washers and seals of leaking and dripping faucets and stops.
- E. Install fresh batteries in sensor-operated mechanisms.

### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. Clean fixtures, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials. Do the following:



## SECTION 224000 - PLUMBING FIXTURES

1. Remove faucet spouts and strainers, remove sediment and debris, and reinstall strainers and spouts.
  2. Remove sediment and debris from drains.
- B. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished fixtures, faucets, and fittings, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

### 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures and fittings.
- B. Do not allow use of plumbing fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 224000

## SECTION 224713 - DRINKING FOUNTAINS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes drinking fountains and related components.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of drinking fountain.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Maintenance Data: For drinking fountains to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with requirements in ICC A117.1, "Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities" for fixtures for people with disabilities.
- C. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 61, "Drinking Water System Components--Health Effects," for fixture materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- D. ARI Standard: Comply with ARI's "Directory of Certified Drinking Water Coolers" for style classifications.
- E. ARI Standard: Comply with ARI 1010, "Self-Contained, Mechanically Refrigerated Drinking-Water Coolers," for water coolers and with ARI's "Directory of Certified Drinking Water Coolers" for type and style classifications.
- F. ASHRAE Standard: Comply with ASHRAE 34, "Designation and Safety Classification of Refrigerants," for water coolers. Provide HFC 134a refrigerant, unless otherwise indicated.

## SECTION 224713 - DRINKING FOUNTAINS

### 1.6 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Filter Cartridges: Equal to 10 percent of amount installed for each type and size indicated, but no fewer than 3 of each.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 DRINKING FOUNTAINS

- A. Drinking Fountains: See Drawings for schedules and description.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Elkay Manufacturing Co.
    - b. Oasis.
    - c. Halsey Taylor
    - d. Acorn Engineering Co.

### 2.2 FIXTURE SUPPORTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Josam Co.
  - 2. MIFAB Manufacturing, Inc.
  - 3. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- B. Description: ASME A112.6.1M, water cooler carriers. Include vertical, steel uprights with feet and tie rods and bearing plates with mounting studs matching fixture to be supported.
  - 1. Type I: Hanger-type carrier with two vertical uprights.
  - 2. Type II: Bilevel, hanger-type carrier with three vertical uprights.
  - 3. Supports for Accessible Fixtures: Include rectangular, vertical, steel uprights instead of steel pipe uprights.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in for water-supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before fixture installation.
- B. Examine walls and floors for suitable conditions where fixtures will be installed.

## SECTION 224713 - DRINKING FOUNTAINS

- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fixtures level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings. For fixtures indicated for children, install at height required by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Set pedestal drinking fountains on floor.
- C. Install recessed drinking fountains secured to wood blocking in wall construction.
- D. Install off-the-floor carrier supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounted fixtures.
- E. Install water-supply piping with shutoff valve on supply to each fixture to be connected to domestic-water distribution piping. Use ball or gate valve. Install valves in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
- F. Install trap and waste piping on drain outlet of each fixture to be connected to sanitary drainage system.
- G. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations. Use deep-pattern escutcheons where required to conceal protruding fittings. Comply with escutcheon requirements specified in Section 220518 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."
- H. Seal joints between fixtures and walls using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant, silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Comply with sealant requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

### 3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- B. Comply with water piping requirements specified in Section 221116 "Domestic Water Piping."
- C. Install ball or gate shutoff valve on water supply to each fixture. Comply with valve requirements.
- D. Comply with soil and waste piping requirements specified in Section 221316 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping."

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust fixture flow regulators for proper flow and stream height.
- B. Adjust water cooler temperature settings.

## SECTION 224713 - DRINKING FOUNTAINS

### 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Water Cooler Testing: After electrical circuitry has been energized, test for compliance with requirements. Test and adjust controls and safeties.
  - 1. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
  - 2. Report test results in writing.

### 3.6 CLEANING

- A. After installing fixtures, inspect unit. Remove paint splatters and other spots, dirt, and debris. Repair damaged finish to match original finish.
- B. Clean fixtures, on completion of installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Provide protective covering for installed fixtures.
- D. Do not allow use of fixtures for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 224713

## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 23 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The following Summary of Work is intended as an aid to achieve an understanding of the various elements of work included in the project, and is not intended to be all-inclusive. Detailed descriptions of work and requirements are given in drawings and specifications.
- B. Mechanical Contract Documents were prepared for the Project by:
  - Ethos Engineering,
  - 1126 South Commerce
  - Harlingen, Texas 78550
  - Phone Number: (956) 230-3435
- C. Scope of Work: Refer to drawings for a detailed Scope of Work.
  - 1. Provide all materials and labor associated with new fully-operational mechanical and controls systems for the project “[Cameron County, Santa Rosa Park Improvements](#)”, including but not limited to the following:
    - a. Demolition:
      - 1) Remove existing HVAC equipment such as louvers, fans, ducts, materials, support assembly, ductwork connections, and devices associated with demolished equipment, including mounting hardware, conduit, power wiring, etc. as indicated. The Owner has right of first refusal. Dispose of equipment and materials that Owner no longer wishes to retain.
      - 2) Clear area and prepare for new work.
      - 3) Coordination with roofing contractor for work related to existing roof curb openings, and addition of new roof curbs.
    - b. Provide building exhaust fans, roof vents, and louvers.
    - c. Provide ductwork, diffusers, grilles, control dampers, zone dampers, OA intake louvers, roof vents, and other accessories.
    - d. Provide Testing, Adjusting, & Balancing (TAB).
    - e. Shop drawing submittals for all mechanical systems including but not limited to equipment, ductwork and piping.
    - f. Coordination drawings for placing of mechanical systems in relation to work by other disciplines.
    - g. Contractor is responsible for providing [windstorm certification inspections and certifications](#) for exterior mounted equipment. Contractor must notify Inspector prior to installing equipment, and apprise inspector of work scheduling involving equipment requiring wind inspection / certification, so that inspections may be carried out at required stage(s) of construction. Cost for inspection shall be borne by the Contractor. Inspector shall be certified by the Texas Department of Insurance (see [www.tdi.state.tx.us](http://www.tdi.state.tx.us) for a list of certified Inspectors).

## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

- h. Coordinate electrical work with Div. 26 as required.
  - i. Coordinate fire alarm related work with Fire Alarm Contractor. Provide smoke detectors, wiring and controls for units, 2000 cfm and larger, where none exist.
2. Painting: See Division 9 specifications. Paint all exposed piping, ductwork, insulation, hangers, accessories in interior exposed areas. Paint exterior pipe supports. Coordinate paint type, color and scope of work with Architect.

### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. Allowances are included in the Division 1 specifications.

### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. All mechanical work shall be done under sub-contract to a General Contractor. Mechanical Contractor shall coordinate all work through General Contractor, who is ultimately responsible for the entire project.
- B. Prior to bidding, Mechanical Contractor shall coordinate all work in Division-23 for integration with TAB, plumbing, electrical, controls work and general construction. A detailed list of inclusion and exclusions shall be provided to General Contractors at least three days prior to the end of the period set aside to request clarifications so that coordination of any missing items may be addressed and clarified by Architect/Engineer as needed.
- C. All electrical work required for operation of mechanical systems shall be coordinated through the General Contractor prior to bidding to ensure that all starters, disconnects, VFD's, conduit and wiring are provided as part of the project. All components needed for a full operational installation of systems shall be provided.
- D. All controls required for operation of mechanical systems shall be coordinated prior to bidding, to ensure that all equipment, materials, sensors, devices and labor are provided as part of the project. All components needed for a full operational installation of systems shall be provided. Mechanical Contractor shall coordinate and supervise installation of all controls systems.
- E. All questions, requests for information, submittals, and correspondence from the Div. 23 Contractor shall be submitted via the General Contractor, who will forward to the Architect, who will then forward to the Engineer.
- F. Div. 23 Contractor shall not make any changes to design without written authorization from the Engineer. If changes are requested by the Owner, Architect, General Contractor, Suppliers, Manufacturers, or any others, Contractor should issue a written RFI for response by the Engineer.
- G. Div. 23 Contractor shall issue seven days written notice prior to any activities that require the presence of the Engineer at the job-site. This applies to all inspections required by specifications, and particularly to those where work will be covered.
- H. Cooperate fully with other contractors so that work under those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract. Ensure that systems are ready for controls and electrical connections when needed so as to not delay construction.

## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

- I. Contractor shall coordinate with other divisions for power and control of mechanical systems. It is not the intent of this specification to dictate who will conduct work, only to state the requirements of conducting the work.
- J. Coordinate with Div. 1 for work sequence and optimization of construction schedule.
- K. Coordinate with Div. 22 for Plumbing System.
- L. Coordinate with Div. 26 electrical contractor for providing power to mechanical equipment, and for Fire Alarm Systems interface with mechanical systems.
- M. Coordinate TAB activities with TAB Contractor.
- N. Issue written notification of the following tasks and allow five (5) days for Engineer to respond and schedule an inspection as required. Failure to issue written notification may result in work having to be redone to allow for proper inspection. It is contractor's responsibility to make sure Engineer receives notification.
  - 1. Upon completion of ductwork and prior to testing and insulating.
  - 2. Metal duct leakage testing.
  - 3. Above ceiling inspections prior to ceiling tile installation.
  - 4. When ready to request manufacturer's start-up of each piece of equipment.
  - 5. When ready for an inspection by TAB contractor prior to developing detailed TAB Plan.
  - 6. When ready to conduct complete Automation System software demonstration.
  - 7. When ready for Substantial Completion Inspection.
  - 8. When ready for Final Inspection.
- O. General
  - 1. The Contractor shall execute all work hereinafter specified or indicated on accompanying Drawings. Contractor shall provide all equipment necessary and usually furnished in connection with such work and systems whether or not mentioned specifically herein or on the Drawings.
  - 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for fitting his material and apparatus into the building and shall carefully lay out his work at the site to conform to the structural conditions, to avoid all obstructions, to conform to the details of the installation and thereby to provide an integrated satisfactory operating installation.
  - 3. The Mechanical, Electrical, Plumbing, and associated Drawings are necessarily diagrammatic by their nature, and are not intended to show every connection in detail or every pipe or conduit in its exact location. These details are subject to the requirements of standards referenced elsewhere in these specifications, and structural and architectural conditions. The Contractor shall carefully investigate structural and finish conditions and shall coordinate the separate trades in order to avoid interference between the various phases of work. Work shall be organized and laid out so that it will be concealed in furred chases and suspended ceilings, etc., in finished portions of the building, unless specifically noted to be exposed. All exposed work shall be installed parallel or perpendicular to the lines of the building unless otherwise noted.
  - 4. When the mechanical, electrical and plumbing drawings do not give exact details as to the elevation of pipe, conduit and ducts, the Contractor shall physically arrange the systems to fit in the space available at the elevations intended with proper grades for the functioning of the system involved. Piping, exposed conduit and the duct systems are generally intended to be installed true and square to the building construction, and located as high as possible against the structure in a neat and workmanlike manner. The



## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

Drawings do not show all required offsets, control lines, pilot lines and other location details. Work shall be concealed in all finished areas.

### 1.5 WORK SEQUENCE

- A. Locate Utilities:
  - 1. Coordinate with power, water, sewer, telephone, communications, and other utilities as well as designated Owner's personnel to locate all utilities prior to digging in any area.
  - 2. Obtain any approvals required from utilities to relocate utilities.
  - 3. Cost of relocating or bypassing utilities indicated on drawings shall be included in Base Bid.
  - 4. Where several new utilities must share a common area or path, coordinate with other trades so that the proper clearances are maintained and utilities may be installed in compliance with all requirements.
  - 5. Refer to Civil Plans for coordination of connection points from site utilities to buildings.
- B. Coordinate with Division 1 requirements to optimize construction schedule.
- C. Provide equipment and material submittals, coordination drawings and shop drawings as required by specifications.
- D. Submit detailed mechanical Schedule of Values with Submittals. Mechanical Submittals will not be accepted without a detailed Schedule of Values.
- E. Sequence construction in coordination with work by other disciplines.

### 1.6 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - 1. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances to construction site clear and available to other Contractors, Owner, and A/E personnel at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- B. Site Safety: Take every precaution to ensure the site does not present a threat to the safety of occupants and/or workers. Minimal safety requirements include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Temporary fencing around construction areas.
  - 2. Yellow caution tape and construction barricades along open trenches during the day. Trenches shall be covered at night and warning lights provided on construction barricades.
  - 3. Temporary fencing around equipment while site work is in progress.

## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

### 1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. Manufacturer's standard dimensioned drawings, performance and product data shall be edited to delete reference to equipment, features, or information which is not applicable to the equipment being supplied for this project.
- B. Provide all mechanical submittals at the same time in one or multiple bound volumes. Include originals from manufacturer. **All submittals shall be in native pdf and searchable format.** Faxes and copies of faxes are not acceptable.
- C. Provide sufficient copies of approved data, with the engineer's approved stamp, for inclusion in the operations and maintenance manuals.
- D. Provide detailed coordination drawings showing how mechanical system components will be installed in coordination with work by others. Engineer's drawing files will be made available to Contractor for producing coordination and as-built drawings upon request.

### 1.8 SCHEDULE OF VALUES -Special Requirements

- A. Mechanical Contractor shall submit a Schedule of Values reflecting the total value of Mechanical Work in the Contract, and broken down into the following items as a minimum, with a line-item for Materials/Equipment and another for Labor:

#### MECHANICAL

- 1. HVAC equipment
  - 2. HVAC materials (ductwork, piping, dampers)
  - 3. HVAC labor
  - 4. TAB
  - 5. Allowances.
  - 6. Miscellaneous
  - 7. Administrative and project management.
- B. Schedule of Values shall be included with bound submittals. Submittals without a Schedule of Values shall not be reviewed.

### 1.9 EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS

- A. Mechanical design is based on equipment and materials scheduled and specified. These are used as the basis for performance characteristics, quality, and physical dimensions/weight.
- B. Equipment and materials by other APPROVED manufacturers may be provided by Contractor. In doing so, Contractor assumes responsibility for the performance, quality, and physical dimensions of the proposed units.
- C. Any costs associated with modifications to the design due to submittal of equipment and/or materials other than those used as the basis of design are the Contractor's responsibility. This includes any design time, production of drawings, and time delays.

## SECTION 230010 – SUMMARY OF MECHANICAL WORK

- D. Where use of equipment and/or materials other than those used as the basis of design impact other disciplines, Contractor shall assume responsibility for all costs associated with any APPROVED modifications. This may include resizing of electrical circuits, modifying openings in the structure, relocating floor drains, etc.

### 1.10 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS & TRAINING

- A. Submit Operations and Maintenance Manuals two weeks prior to Substantial Completion Inspection. Engineer will not conduct a Substantial Completion Inspection without having reviewed Operations and Maintenance Manuals.
- B. Use Operations and Maintenance Manuals as a guide for conducting training of Owner's personnel.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Used)

END OF SECTION 230010

## SECTION 230513 - COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general requirements for single-phase and polyphase, general-purpose, horizontal, small and medium, squirrel-cage induction motors for use on ac power systems up to 600 V and installed at equipment manufacturer's factory or shipped separately by equipment manufacturer for field installation.

#### 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices to be compatible with the following:
  - 1. Motor controllers.
  - 2. Torque, speed, and horsepower requirements of the load.
  - 3. Ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.
  - 4. Ambient and environmental conditions of installation location.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 GENERAL MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in this Section except when stricter requirements are specified in HVAC equipment schedules or Sections.
- B. Comply with NEMA MG 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Comply with IEEE 841 for severe-duty motors.

#### 2.2 MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40 deg C and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.
- B. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

## SECTION 230513 - COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

### 2.3 POLYPHASE MOTORS

- A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.
- B. Efficiency: Energy efficient, as defined in NEMA MG 1.
- C. Service Factor: 1.15.
- D. Multispeed Motors: Variable torque. Unless otherwise noted, windings shall be:
  - 1. For motors with 2:1 speed ratio, consequent pole, single winding.
  - 2. For motors with other than 2:1 speed ratio, separate winding for each speed.
- E. Multispeed Motors: Separate winding for each speed.
- F. Rotor: Random-wound, squirrel cage.
- G. Bearings: Regreasable, shielded, antifriction ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.
- H. Temperature Rise: Match insulation rating.
- I. Insulation: Class F.
- J. Code Letter Designation:
  - 1. Motors 15 HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code F or Code G.
  - 2. Motors Smaller than 15 HP: Manufacturer's standard starting characteristic.
- K. Enclosure Material: Cast iron for motor frame sizes 324T and larger; rolled steel for motor frame sizes smaller than 324T.

### 2.4 POLYPHASE MOTORS WITH ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Motors Used with Reduced-Voltage and Multispeed Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.
- B. Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers: Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.
  - 1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
  - 2. Energy- and Premium-Efficient Motors: Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.
  - 3. Inverter-Duty Motors: Class F temperature rise; Class H insulation.
  - 4. Thermal Protection: Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.
- C. Severe-Duty Motors: Comply with IEEE 841, with 1.15 minimum service factor.

## SECTION 230513 - COMMON MOTOR REQUIREMENTS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

### 2.5 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

- A. Motors larger than 1/20 HP shall be one of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:
  - 1. Permanent-split capacitor.
  - 2. Split phase.
  - 3. Capacitor start, inductor run.
  - 4. Capacitor start, capacitor run.
- B. Multispeed Motors: Variable-torque, permanent-split-capacitor type.
- C. Bearings: Prelubricated, antifriction ball bearings or sleeve bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.
- D. Motors 1/20 HP and Smaller: Shaded-pole type.
- E. Thermal Protection: Internal protection to automatically open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 230513

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

##### A. Section Includes:

1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
3. Metal framing systems.
4. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.
5. Fastener systems.
6. Pipe stands.
7. Equipment supports.

##### B. Related Sections:

1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.
2. Section 230516 "Expansion Fittings and Loops for HVAC Piping" for pipe guides and anchors.
3. Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC" for vibration isolation devices.
4. Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" and Section 233116 "Nonmetal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society of The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for HVAC piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
  1. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

2. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.

### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following; include Product Data for components:
  1. Trapeze pipe hangers.
  2. Metal framing systems.
  3. Pipe stands.
  4. Equipment supports.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For trapeze hangers indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  1. Detail fabrication and assembly of trapeze hangers.
  2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for designing trapeze hangers.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural Steel Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
- B. Pipe Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
  1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
  2. Galvanized Metallic Coatings: Pregalvanized or hot dipped.



## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### 2.2 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

- A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural carbon-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

### 2.3 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. MFMA Manufacturer Metal Framing Systems:
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
    - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
    - c. Flex-Strut Inc.
    - d. GS Metals Corp.
    - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
    - f. Unistrut Corporation; Tyco International, Ltd.
    - g. Wesanco, Inc.
  - 2. Description: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly for supporting multiple parallel pipes.
  - 3. Standard: MFMA-4.
  - 4. Channels: Continuous slotted steel channel with inturned lips.
  - 5. Channel Nuts: Formed or stamped steel nuts or other devices designed to fit into channel slot and, when tightened, prevent slipping along channel.
  - 6. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
  - 7. Metallic Coating: Hot-dipped galvanized.
  - 8. Paint Coating: Epoxy.

### 2.4 THERMAL-HANGER SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.
  - 2. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
  - 3. PHS Industries, Inc.
  - 4. Pipe Shields, Inc.
  - 5. Rilco Manufacturing Company, Inc.
  - 6. Value Engineered Products, Inc.
- B. Insulation-Insert Material for Piping: ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with 100-psig minimum compressive strength and vapor barrier.
- C. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- D. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- E. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### 2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, stainless- steel anchors, for use in hardened portland cement concrete; with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

### 2.6 PIPE STANDS

- A. General Requirements for Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated assemblies made of manufactured corrosion-resistant components to support roof-mounted piping.
- B. Compact Pipe Stand: One-piece plastic unit with integral-rod roller, pipe clamps, or V-shaped cradle to support pipe, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- C. Low-Type, Single-Pipe Stand: One-piece stainless-steel base unit with plastic roller, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
- D. High-Type, Single-Pipe Stand:
  - 1. Description: Assembly of base, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe support, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
  - 2. Base: Plastic.
  - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel, continuous-thread rods.
  - 4. Horizontal Member: Cadmium-plated-steel or stainless-steel rod with plastic or stainless-steel, roller-type pipe support.
- E. High-Type, Multiple-Pipe Stand:
  - 1. Description: Assembly of bases, vertical and horizontal members, and pipe supports, for roof installation without membrane penetration.
  - 2. Bases: One or more; plastic.
  - 3. Vertical Members: Two or more protective-coated-steel channels.
  - 4. Horizontal Member: Protective-coated-steel channel.
  - 5. Pipe Supports: Galvanized-steel, clevis-type pipe hangers.
- F. Curb-Mounted-Type Pipe Stands: Shop- or field-fabricated pipe supports made from structural-steel shapes, continuous-thread rods, and rollers, for mounting on permanent stationary roof curb.

### 2.7 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

### 2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
  - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
  - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from the building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
  - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
  - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping, and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- E. Fastener System Installation:
  - 1. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Pipe Stand Installation:
  - 1. Pipe Stand Types except Curb-Mounted Type: Assemble components and mount on smooth roof surface. Do not penetrate roof membrane.
  - 2. Curb-Mounted-Type Pipe Stands: Assemble components or fabricate pipe stand and mount on permanent, stationary roof curb. See Section 077200 "Roof Accessories" for curbs.
- G. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- H. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- I. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- J. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- K. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- L. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- M. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- N. Insulated Piping:
  - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
    - a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
    - b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
    - c. Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
  - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
    - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  - 3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40, protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
    - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
  - 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
    - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
    - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    - c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
    - d. NPS 8 to NPS 14: 24 inches long and 0.075 inch thick.
    - e. NPS 16 to NPS 24: 24 inches long and 0.105 inch thick.
  - 5. Pipes NPS 8 and Larger: Include wood or reinforced calcium-silicate-insulation inserts of length at least as long as protective shield.
  - 6. Thermal-Hanger Shields: Install with insulation same thickness as piping insulation.

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### 3.2 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

### 3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

### 3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal are specified in Division 09 Sections.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### 3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports metal trapeze pipe hangers and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Use stainless-steel pipe hangers and stainless-steel attachments for hostile environment applications.
- G. Use copper-plated pipe hangers and copper attachments for copper piping and tubing.
- H. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- I. Use thermal-hanger shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.
- J. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
  - 2. Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 36): For support of pipes NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange or carbon-steel plate.
  - 3. Pipe Stanchion Saddles (MSS Type 37): For support of pipes NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel-pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange or carbon-steel plate, and with U-bolt to retain pipe.
  - 4. Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 24, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
  - 5. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 42 if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
  - 6. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 24 if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
  - 7. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes NPS 2 to NPS 30 if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.
- K. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24.
  2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24 if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- L. Hanger-Rod Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
1. Steel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 13): For adjustment up to 6 inches for heavy loads.
  2. Steel Clevises (MSS Type 14): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
  3. Swivel Turnbuckles (MSS Type 15): For use with MSS Type 11, split pipe rings.
  4. Malleable-Iron Sockets (MSS Type 16): For attaching hanger rods to various types of building attachments.
  5. Steel Weldless Eye Nuts (MSS Type 17): For 120 to 450 deg F piping installations.
- M. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
  2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with bar-joint construction, to attach to top flange of structural shape.
  3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.
  4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
  5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
  6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
  7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
  8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
  9. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
  10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
  11. Malleable-Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
  12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
    - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
    - b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
    - c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.
  13. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.
- N. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
1. Steel-Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.

## SECTION 230529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
  3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe.
- O. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- P. Comply with MFMA-103 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- Q. Use mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction.

END OF SECTION 230529



## SECTION 230548.13 - VIBRATION CONTROLS FOR HVAC

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

##### A. Section Includes:

1. Elastomeric isolation pads.
2. Elastomeric isolation mounts.
3. Restrained elastomeric isolation mounts.
4. Housed-restrained-spring isolators.
5. Elastomeric hangers.
6. Spring hangers.
7. Vibration isolation equipment bases.

##### B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 210548.13 "Vibration Controls for Fire Suppression" for devices for fire-suppression equipment and systems.
2. Section 220548.13 "Vibration Controls for Plumbing" for devices for plumbing equipment and systems.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

##### A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1. Include rated load, rated deflection, and overload capacity for each vibration isolation device.
2. Illustrate and indicate style, material, strength, fastening provision, and finish for each type and size of vibration isolation device type required.

##### B. Shop Drawings:

1. Detail fabrication and assembly of equipment bases. Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.
2. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.

##### C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For each vibration isolation device.

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1. Include design calculations for selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.

### D. Wind-Restraint Details:

1. Basic Wind Speed: Refer to Arch.
2. Building Classification Category: Refer to Arch.
3. Code recommended wind pressure multiplied by the maximum area of the HVAC component projected on a vertical plane that is normal to the wind direction, and 45 degrees either side of normal.
4. Design Analysis: To support selection and arrangement of **wind** restraints. Include calculations of combined tensile and shear loads.
- 5.

## 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Show coordination of vibration isolation device installation for HVAC piping and equipment with other systems and equipment in the vicinity, including other supports and restraints, if any.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- C. Welding certificates.

## 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: Provide operation and maintenance manuals.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 VIBRATION ISOLATORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  1. Ace Mountings Co., Inc.
  2. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
  3. California Dynamics Corporation.
  4. Isolation Technology, Inc.
  5. Kinetics Noise Control.
  6. Mason Industries.
  7. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.

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8. Vibration Isolation.
  9. Vibration Mountings & Controls, Inc.
- B. Elastomeric Isolation Pads:
1. Fabrication: Single or multiple layers of sufficient durometer stiffness for uniform loading over pad area.
  2. Size: Factory or field cut to match requirements of supported equipment.
  3. Pad Material: Oil and water resistant with elastomeric properties.
  4. Surface Pattern: Ribbed or Waffle pattern.
  5. Infused nonwoven cotton or synthetic fibers.
  6. Load-bearing metal plates adhered to pads.
  7. Sandwich-Core Material: Resilient and elastomeric.
    - a. Surface Pattern: Ribbed or Waffle pattern.
    - b. Infused nonwoven cotton or synthetic fibers.
- C. Double-Deflection, Elastomeric Isolation Mounts:
1. Mounting Plates:
    - a. Top Plate: Encapsulated steel load transfer top plates, factory drilled and threaded.
    - b. Baseplate: Encapsulated steel bottom plates with holes provided for anchoring to support structure.
  2. Elastomeric Material: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material.
- D. Restrained Elastomeric Isolation Mounts
1. Description: All-directional isolator with restraints containing two separate and opposing elastomeric elements that prevent central threaded element and attachment hardware from contacting the housing during normal operation.
    - a. Housing: Cast-ductile iron or welded steel.
    - b. Elastomeric Material: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material.
- E. Freestanding, Laterally Stable, Open-Spring Isolators:
1. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
  2. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
  3. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
  4. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
  5. Baseplates: Factory-drilled steel plate for bolting to structure with an elastomeric isolator pad attached to the underside. Baseplates shall limit floor load to 500 psig.
  6. Top Plate and Adjustment Bolt: Threaded top plate with adjustment bolt and cap screw to fasten and level equipment.
- F. Freestanding, Laterally Stable, Open-Spring Isolators with Vertical-Limit Stop Restraint:
1. Housing: Steel housing with vertical-limit stops to prevent spring extension due to weight being removed.

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- a. Base with holes for bolting to structure with an elastomeric isolator pad attached to the underside. Bases shall limit floor load to 500 psig.
  - b. Top plate with threaded mounting holes elastomeric pad.
  - c. Internal leveling bolt that acts as blocking during installation.
2. Restraint: Limit stop as required for equipment and authorities having jurisdiction.
  3. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
  4. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
  5. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
  6. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
- G. Elastomeric Mount in a Steel Frame with Upper and Lower Steel Hanger Rods:
1. Frame: Steel, fabricated with a connection for an upper threaded hanger rod and an opening on the underside to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular lower hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
  2. Dampening Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material with a projecting bushing for the underside opening preventing steel to steel contact.
- H. Combination Coil-Spring and Elastomeric-Insert Hanger with Spring and Insert in Compression:
1. Frame: Steel, fabricated for connection to threaded hanger rods and to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
  2. Outside Spring Diameter: Not less than 80 percent of the compressed height of the spring at rated load.
  3. Minimum Additional Travel: 50 percent of the required deflection at rated load.
  4. Lateral Stiffness: More than 80 percent of rated vertical stiffness.
  5. Overload Capacity: Support 200 percent of rated load, fully compressed, without deformation or failure.
  6. Elastomeric Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber or neoprene. Steel-washer-reinforced cup to support spring and bushing projecting through bottom of frame.
  7. Adjustable Vertical Stop: Steel washer with neoprene washer "up-stop" on lower threaded rod.
  8. Self-centering hanger rod cap to ensure concentricity between hanger rod and support spring coil.
- I. Steel Rails: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel rails.
1. Design Requirements: Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor slide rails.
    - a. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.
  2. Structural Steel: Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Rails shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment.
  3. Support Brackets: Factory-welded steel brackets on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.

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- J. Steel Bases: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel bases and rails.
  - 1. Design Requirements: Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor slide bases or rails.
    - a. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.
  - 2. Structural Steel: Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Bases shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment.
  - 3. Support Brackets: Factory-welded steel brackets on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.

### 2.2 VIBRATION ISOLATION EQUIPMENT BASES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Amber/Booth Company, Inc.
  - 2. California Dynamics Corporation.
  - 3. Isolation Technology, Inc.
  - 4. Kinetics Noise Control.
  - 5. Mason Industries.
  - 6. Vibration Eliminator Co., Inc.
  - 7. Vibration Isolation.
  - 8. Vibration Mountings & Controls, Inc.
- B. Inertia Base: Factory-fabricated, welded, structural-steel bases and rails ready for placement of cast-in-place concrete.
  - 1. Design Requirements: Lowest possible mounting height with not less than 1-inch clearance above the floor. Include equipment anchor bolts and auxiliary motor slide bases or rails.
    - a. Include supports for suction and discharge elbows for pumps.
  - 2. Structural Steel: Steel shapes, plates, and bars complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M. Bases shall have shape to accommodate supported equipment.
  - 3. Support Brackets: Factory-welded steel brackets on frame for outrigger isolation mountings and to provide for anchor bolts and equipment support.
  - 4. Fabrication: Fabricate steel templates to hold equipment anchor-bolt sleeves and anchors in place during placement of concrete. Obtain anchor-bolt templates from supported equipment manufacturer.

## SECTION 230548.13 - VIBRATION CONTROLS FOR HVAC

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and equipment to receive vibration isolation control devices for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in of reinforcement and cast-in-place anchors to verify actual locations before installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 APPLICATIONS

- A. Multiple Pipe Supports: Secure pipes to trapeze member with clamps approved for application by an agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

#### 3.3 VIBRATION ISOLATION EQUIPMENT BASES INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate the location of embedded connection hardware with supported equipment attachment and mounting points and with requirements for concrete reinforcement and formwork specified in Division 03 Sections.

#### 3.4 VIBRATION-CONTROL AND WIND-RESTRAINT DEVICE INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Division 07 Section "Roof Accessories" for installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations.
- B. Install cables so they do not bend across edges of adjacent equipment or building structure.
- C. Install bushing assemblies for anchor bolts for floor-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media between anchor bolt and mounting hole in concrete base.
- D. Install bushing assemblies for mounting bolts for wall-mounted equipment, arranged to provide resilient media where equipment or equipment-mounting channels are attached to wall.
- E. Attachment to Structure: If specific attachment is not indicated, anchor bracing to structure at flanges of beams, at upper truss chords of bar joists, or at concrete members.
- F. Drilled-in Anchors:
  - 1. Identify position of reinforcing steel and other embedded items prior to drilling holes for anchors. Do not damage existing reinforcing or embedded items during coring or drilling. Notify the structural engineer if reinforcing steel or other embedded items are encountered during drilling. Locate and avoid prestressed tendons, electrical and telecommunications conduit, and gas lines.
  - 2. Do not drill holes in concrete or masonry until concrete, mortar, or grout has achieved full design strength.

## SECTION 230548.13 - VIBRATION CONTROLS FOR HVAC

3. Wedge Anchors: Protect threads from damage during anchor installation. Heavy-duty sleeve anchors shall be installed with sleeve fully engaged in the structural element to which anchor is to be fastened.
4. Adhesive Anchors: Clean holes to remove loose material and drilling dust prior to installation of adhesive. Place adhesive in holes proceeding from the bottom of the hole and progressing toward the surface in such a manner as to avoid introduction of air pockets in the adhesive.
5. Set anchors to manufacturer's recommended torque, using a torque wrench.
6. Install zinc-coated steel anchors for interior and stainless-steel anchors for exterior applications.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust isolators after piping system is at operating weight.
- B. Adjust active height of spring isolators.

END OF SECTION 230548.13

## SECTION 230553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Equipment labels.
  - 2. Warning signs and labels.
  - 3. Pipe labels.
  - 4. Duct labels.
  - 5. Stencils.
  - 6. Warning tags.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples: For color, letter style, and graphic representation required for each identification material and device.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: Include a listing of all equipment to be labeled with the proposed content for each label.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

- A. Plastic Labels for Equipment:
  - 1. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.



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2. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
  3. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
  4. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
  5. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
  6. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation or unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number, and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules) and the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

### 2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- C. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- D. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- E. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- F. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- G. Label Content: Include caution and warning information plus emergency notification instructions.

### 2.3 PIPE LABELS

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction according to ASME A13.1.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.

## SECTION 230553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- D. Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings; also include pipe size and an arrow indicating flow direction.
  - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
  - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances.

### 2.4 DUCT LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/8 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- C. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- D. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-quarters the size of principal lettering.
- E. Fasteners: Stainless-steel rivets or self-tapping screws.
- F. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- G. Duct Label Contents: Include identification of duct service using same designations or abbreviations as used on Drawings; also include duct size and an arrow indicating flow direction.
  - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with duct system service lettering to accommodate both directions or as separate unit on each duct label to indicate flow direction.
  - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

### 2.5 WARNING TAGS

- A. Description: Preprinted or partially preprinted accident-prevention tags of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
  - 1. Size: 3 by 5-1/4 inches minimum.
  - 2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
  - 3. Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as "DANGER," "CAUTION," or "DO NOT OPERATE."
  - 4. Color: Safety-yellow background with black lettering.

## SECTION 230553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

#### 3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

#### 3.3 EQUIPMENT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install or permanently fasten labels on each major item of mechanical equipment.
- B. Locate equipment labels where accessible and visible.

#### 3.4 PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Piping Color Coding: Painting of piping is specified in Division 09 Sections.
- B. Stenciled Pipe Label Option: Stenciled labels may be provided instead of manufactured pipe labels, at Installer's option. Install stenciled pipe labels, complying with ASME A13.1, with painted, color-coded bands or rectangles on each piping system.
  - 1. Identification Paint: Use for contrasting background.
  - 2. Stencil Paint: Use for pipe marking.
- C. Pipe Label Locations: Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
  - 1. Near each valve and control device.
  - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
  - 3. Near penetrations and on both sides of through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
  - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
  - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
  - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.

## SECTION 230553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR HVAC PIPING AND EQUIPMENT

7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.
- D. Directional Flow Arrows: Arrows shall be used to indicate direction of flow in pipes, including pipes where flow is allowed in both directions.
- E. Pipe Label Color Schedule: Coordinate with Owner.

### 3.5 DUCT LABEL INSTALLATION

- A. Install self-adhesive duct labels with permanent adhesive on air ducts in the following color codes: Coordinate with Owner.
- B. Locate labels near points where ducts enter into and exit from concealed spaces and at maximum intervals of 50 feet in each space where ducts are exposed or concealed by removable ceiling system.

### 3.6 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

- A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

### 3.7 PAINTING

- A. Clarification: In exposed areas (with no acoustic ceiling tiles), piping and piping insulation shall be painted. Although Division 9 may not specifically call for painting of MEP items, it states paint type and requirements for different materials. To extent possible coordinate painting with Division 9 and with Architect. Where adequate specifications are not available, use the following general guidelines:
  1. Ferrous Metal: Semi-Gloss, Alkyd-Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats over an enamel undercoat and primer.
    - a. Primer: Quick-drying, rust-inhibitive, alkyd-based or epoxy-metal primer, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.5 mils. S-W: Kem Kromik Universal Metal Primer B50NZ6/B50WZ1.
    - b. Undercoat: Alkyd, interior enamel undercoat or semi-gloss, interior, alkyd-enamel finish coat, as recommended by the manufacturer for this substrate, applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils. S-W: Pro-mar 200 Interior Alkyd Enamel B34W200 Series.
    - c. Finish Coat: Same as undercoat. Semi-gloss, alkyd, interior enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils.
  2. ASJ Jacket: Semi-Gloss, Acrylic-Enamel Finish: 2 finish coats.
    - a. Undercoat: Semi-gloss acrylic latex enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by manufacturer to achieve a dry film thickness of 2.0 mils. S-W: Pro-Mar Interior Latex Egg-Shell Enamel B20W200.

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- b. Finish Coat: Same as undercoat. Semi-gloss, acrylic latex enamel applied at spreading rate recommended by the manufacturer to achieve a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils

B. Final colors shall be coordinated with Owner and Architect during construction.

END OF SECTION 230553

## SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. TAB work shall not be contracted under Division 23 Contractor. Third party TAB Contractor shall be contracted by the Prime Contractor. Coordinate activities and assist TAB Contractor as needed.
- B. Section Includes:
  - 1. Balancing Air Systems:
    - a. Constant-volume air systems.
    - b. Variable-air-volume systems.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. BAS: Building automation systems.
- C. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- D. TABB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau.
- E. TAB Specialist: An independent entity meeting qualifications to perform TAB work.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit documentation that the TAB specialist and this Project's TAB team members meet the qualifications specified in "Quality Assurance" Article.
- B. Certified TAB reports.
- C. Sample report forms.
- D. Instrument calibration reports, to include the following:
  - 1. Instrument type and make.
  - 2. Serial number.
  - 3. Application.

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4. Dates of use.
5. Dates of calibration.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Specialists Qualifications: Certified by AABC.
  1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC.
  2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC as a TAB technician.
- B. ASHRAE/IESNA Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1, Section 6.7.2.3 - "System Balancing."

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine installed systems for balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that locations of these balancing devices are applicable for intended purpose and are accessible.
- C. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- D. Examine design data including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.
- E. Examine ceiling plenums and underfloor air plenums used for supply, return, or relief air to verify that they are properly separated from adjacent areas. Verify that penetrations in plenum walls are sealed and fire-stopped if required.
- F. Examine equipment performance data including fan and pump curves.
  1. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
  2. Calculate system-effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from the conditions used to rate equipment performance. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems - Duct Design." Compare results with the design data and installed conditions.

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- G. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- H. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.
- I. Examine HVAC equipment and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, filters are clean, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- J. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- K. Examine strainers. Verify that startup screens have been replaced by permanent screens with indicated perforations.
- L. Examine control valves for proper installation for their intended function of throttling, diverting, or mixing fluid flows.
- M. Examine heat-transfer coils for correct piping connections and for clean and straight fins.
- N. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- O. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. At least 15 calendar days prior to any on-site TAB measurements taking place, prepare and submit to Engineer a TAB plan that includes the following:
  - 1. Equipment and systems to be tested.
  - 2. Strategies and step-by-step procedures for balancing the systems.
  - 3. Instrumentation to be used.
  - 4. Sample forms with specific identification for all equipment.
- B. Perform system-readiness checks of HVAC systems and equipment to verify system readiness for TAB work. Include, at a minimum, the following:
  - 1. Airside:
    - a. Verify that leakage and pressure tests on air distribution systems have been satisfactorily completed.
    - b. Duct systems are complete with terminals installed.
    - c. Volume, smoke, and fire dampers are open and functional.
    - d. Clean filters are installed.
    - e. Fans are operating, free of vibration, and rotating in correct direction.
    - f. Variable-frequency controllers' startup is complete and safeties are verified.
    - g. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
    - h. Ceilings are installed.
    - i. Windows and doors are installed.



## SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

- j. Suitable access to balancing devices and equipment is provided.

### 3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" and in this Section.
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.
  - 1. After testing and balancing, patch probe holes in ducts with same material and thickness as used to construct ducts.
  - 2. After testing and balancing, install test ports and duct access doors that comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
  - 3. Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Section 230713 "Duct Insulation," Section 230716 "HVAC Equipment Insulation," and Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fan-speed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.
- D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

### 3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Cross-check the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- E. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.
- F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.
- G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- I. Check for airflow blockages.
- J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.

## SECTION 230593 - TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

- K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components.
- L. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."

### 3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
  - 1. Measure total airflow.
    - a. Set outside-air, return-air, and relief-air dampers for proper position that simulates minimum outdoor-air conditions.
    - b. Where duct conditions allow, measure airflow by Pitot-tube traverse. If necessary, perform multiple Pitot-tube traverses to obtain total airflow.
    - c. Where duct conditions are not suitable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, a coil traverse may be acceptable.
    - d. If a reliable Pitot-tube traverse or coil traverse is not possible, measure airflow at terminals and calculate the total airflow.
  - 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows:
    - a. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
    - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan inlet or through the flexible connection.
    - c. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up the air-handling system.
    - d. Report artificial loading of filters at the time static pressures are measured.
  - 3. Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate actual conditions.
  - 4. Obtain approval from Architect for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Comply with requirements in HVAC Sections for air-handling units for adjustment of fans, belts, and pulley sizes to achieve indicated air-handling-unit performance.
  - 5. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload occurs. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows.
  - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
  - 2. Adjust submain and branch duct volume dampers for specified airflow.
  - 3. Re-measure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted.
- C. Adjust air inlets and outlets for each space to indicated airflows.

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1. Set airflow patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.
2. Measure inlets and outlets airflow.
3. Adjust each inlet and outlet for specified airflow.
4. Re-measure each inlet and outlet after they have been adjusted.

### D. Verify final system conditions.

1. Re-measure and confirm that minimum outdoor, return, and relief airflows are within design. Readjust to design if necessary.
2. Re-measure and confirm that total airflow is within design.
3. Re-measure all final fan operating data, rpms, volts, amps, and static profile.
4. Mark all final settings.
5. Test system in economizer mode. Verify proper operation and adjust if necessary.
6. Measure and record all operating data.
7. Record final fan-performance data.

## 3.6 PROCEDURES FOR MOTORS

### A. Motors 1/2 HP and Larger: Test at final balanced conditions and record the following data:

1. Manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number.
2. Motor horsepower rating.
3. Motor rpm.
4. Phase and hertz.
5. Nameplate and measured voltage, each phase.
6. Nameplate and measured amperage, each phase.
7. Starter size and thermal-protection-element rating.
8. Service factor and frame size.

### B. Motors Driven by Variable-Frequency Controllers: Test manual bypass of controller to prove proper operation.

## 3.7 TOLERANCES

### A. Set HVAC system's airflow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:

1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.

### B. Maintaining pressure relationships as designed shall have priority over the tolerances specified above.

## 3.8 FINAL REPORT

### A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.

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1. Report shall be in pdf format where all data in the entire report is searchable. Reports containing PDF scans of paper copies are not acceptable and will be rejected without review.

### B. Report Format:

1. Title page.
  - a. Project name and location.
  - b. Name and address of:
    - 1) TAB specialist.
    - 2) General Contractor.
    - 3) Architect's name and address.
    - 4) Engineer's name and address.
    - 5) General Contractor's name and address.
  - c. Date of report submission.
2. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
3. Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer, certifying validity and accuracy of field data. Include signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
4. **Include a page summarizing equipment, devices, and systems which cannot be balanced to specified conditions, reasons why they cannot be so balanced, and recommendations for resolving these issues.**
5. **Provide a summary list of every air handler and fan, with a column for its design and actual CFM, and % deviation from design CFM.**
6. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
7. Certified field-report data.
8. List of abbreviations used in report.
9. Nomenclature and data sheets for each item of equipment, including manufacturer's name, type, size. Include, at minimum:
  - a. Fan curves.
  - b. Pump curves.
  - c. Manufacturers' test data.
  - d. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
  - e. Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.

### C. Final Report Contents: In addition to items listed above, include:

1. Original test report of sensor accuracy testing.
2. Duct leakage test report.
3. Summary of observations on proper drainage of condensate drain pans for every item of equipment having a condensate drainage system.
  - a. Proper pan slope and pan condensate evacuation.
  - b. Adequate condensate trap depth versus static requirement.

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- c. Adequate slope and lack of ‘bellies’ in condensate pipe drainage system.
  - d. Proper pumped condensate operation.
4. Field observations list of conditions of filters (verify construction filters are removed and final filters are clean) and filter racks.
  5. Field measurements and observations regarding leakage of outdoor air and control air dampers.
  6. Certified field-report data for each balanced system, including specified versus final performance, notable characteristics of systems, description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents
  7. Layouts of air distribution systems from construction as-built drawings.
    - a. Number all air devices and systems referenced in report body.
    - b. Scans of paper drawings are not acceptable. Hand-written notes for numbering devices, duct runs, etc., are permissible, but the basic floor plans and duct / piping layouts, equipment and devices locations, etc., must be from original pdf files.
    - c. Indicate duct, outlet, and inlet sizes, pipe and valve sizes and locations, locations of major equipment items such as air handlers, fans, air terminal units, pumps, etc., balancing stations.
  8. Summary Of Critical Measurements and Setpoints:
    - a. **Provide a table which summarizes critical measurements and settings for all HVAC equipment 1HP and larger.** Sample tables provided below for pumps and air-side systems showing minimum required information:

Unit Name	Design CFM	Measured CFM	Design ESP	Measured ESP	Tap or VFD Speed Setting	Req'd Static Stpt
EF-1	100	99	0.50"	0.30"	NA	NA
EF-2	500	247	0.40"	0.40"	NA	NA

- \* Individual system/unit.
  - a. Nameplate, design, and measured performance as described in this specification.
    - 1) The intent of TAB measurements is to prove unit performs in accordance with manufacturer’s specified and submitted data. Change setpoints as required to achieve this result. (For example in a dedicated outside air unit with hot gas reheat, set the cooling coil leaving air temperature setpoint and the unit leaving air temperature setpoint to achieve cooling coil design.) Clearly indicate in report the setpoints in effect when measurements were taken.
  - b. Include fan and pump curves for units 1.5HP and larger.
  - c. For units with VFD speed control: Indicate required VFD speed and whether VFD was speed-limited in its controller settings.
- 10. Floor plans (as-built) showing HVAC unit locations, duct layouts, air terminal devices numbered to match measured data points.
  - a. Show location of air-side pressure sensors, differential or straight pressure, where such sensors are used in control
- 12. List of Abbreviations.
- 13. Checklist of DX HVAC unit inspections: **Sample checklists below.** Include comments as required to explain anomalies or deficiencies. (Engineer will provide sample file in Excel format upon request.)

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- D. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
1. Fan Data:
    - a. System identification.
    - b. Location.
    - c. Make and type.
    - d. Model number and size.
    - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
    - f. Arrangement and class.
    - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    - h. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
  2. Motor Data:
    - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
    - b. Horsepower and rpm.
    - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
    - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
    - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
    - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
    - g. Number, make, and size of belts.
  3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
    - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
    - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
    - c. Fan rpm.
    - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
    - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- E. Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:
1. Report Data:
    - a. System and air-handling-unit number.
    - b. Location and zone.
    - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
    - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
    - e. Duct size in inches.
    - f. Duct area in sq. ft..
    - g. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
    - h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
    - i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
    - j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
    - k. Barometric pressure in psig.
- F. Instrument Calibration Reports:

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1. Report Data:
  - a. Instrument type and make.
  - b. Serial number.
  - c. Application.
  - d. Dates of use.
  - e. Dates of calibration.

### 3.9 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer conditions.

### 3.10 SUMMARY OF SYSTEMS SCOPE WORK FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. The following systems are to be included in scope of TAB work for this project:
  1. Air distribution systems (ducts, dampers, outlets, etc.)
  2. Exhaust fans.

END OF SECTION 230593

## SECTION 230713 - DUCT INSULATION

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following duct services:
  - 1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
  - 2. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
  - 2. Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" for duct liners.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include thermal conductivity, water-vapor permeance thickness, and jackets (both factory- and field-applied if any).
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Detail application of protective shields, saddles, and inserts at hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.
  - 2. Detail insulation application at elbows, fittings, dampers, specialties and flanges for each type of insulation.
  - 3. Detail application of field-applied jackets.
  - 4. Detail application at linkages of control devices.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E 84, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.



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1. Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
2. Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.

### 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Packaging: Insulation material containers shall be marked by manufacturer with appropriate ASTM standard designation, type and grade, and maximum use temperature.

### 1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of supports, hangers, and insulation shields specified in Section 230529 "Hangers and Supports for HVAC Piping and Equipment."
- B. Coordinate clearance requirements with duct Installer for duct insulation application. Before preparing ductwork Shop Drawings, establish and maintain clearance requirements for installation of insulation and field-applied jackets and finishes and for space required for maintenance.
- C. Coordinate installation and testing of heat tracing.

### 1.8 SCHEDULING

- A. Schedule insulation application after pressure testing systems and, where required, after installing and testing heat tracing. Insulation application may begin on segments that have satisfactory test results.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, and are limited to, the following:
  1. Mineral-Fiber Insulation:
    - a. CertainTeed
    - b. Manson.
    - c. Knauf FiberGlass GmbH.
    - d. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp.
    - e. Schuller International, Inc.

### 2.2 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Duct Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule," and "Aboveground, Outdoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.

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- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C 871.
- D. Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C 795.
- E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- F. Flexible Elastomeric Insulation: Closed-cell, sponge- or expanded-rubber materials. Comply with ASTM C 534, Type II for sheet materials.
- G. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C 553, Type II and ASTM C 1290. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

### 2.3 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.
  - 1. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 80 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- C. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.
  - 1. For indoor applications, adhesive shall have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Adhesive shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### 2.4 MASTICS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates; comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II.
  - 1. For indoor applications, use mastics that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).

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### 2.5 LAGGING ADHESIVES

- A. Description: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class I, Grade A and shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 1. For indoor applications, use lagging adhesives that have a VOC content of 50 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 2. Fire-resistant, water-based lagging adhesive and coating for use indoors to adhere fire-resistant lagging cloths over duct insulation.
  - 3. Service Temperature Range: 0 to plus 180 deg F.
  - 4. Color: White.

### 2.6 SEALANTS

- A. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
  - 1. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
  - 2. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
  - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
  - 4. Color: Aluminum.
  - 5. For indoor applications, sealants shall have a VOC content of 420 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 6. Sealants shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

### 2.7 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
  - 1. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C 1136, Type II.

### 2.8 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C 921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil-face, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing.

### 2.9 TAPES

- A. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C 1136.
  - 1. Width: 4 inches.
  - 2. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
  - 3. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
  - 4. Elongation: 2 percent.
  - 5. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.

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6. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.

### 2.10 SECUREMENTS

#### A. Bands:

1. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 167 or ASTM A 240/A 240M, Type 304 or Type 316; 0.015 inch thick, 3/4 inch wide.

#### B. Insulation Pins and Hangers:

1. Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.135-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
2. Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016-inch-thick, galvanized-steel sheet, with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.
  - a. Protect ends with capped self-locking washers incorporating a spring steel insert to ensure permanent retention of cap in exposed locations.

#### C. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch-wide, stainless steel or Monel.

#### D. Wire: 0.062-inch soft-annealed, stainless steel.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

#### A. Examine substrates and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of insulation application.

1. Verify that systems to be insulated have been tested and are free of defects.
2. Verify that surfaces to be insulated are clean and dry.

#### B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

#### A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

### 3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of ducts and fittings.

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- B. Install insulation materials, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of duct system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- G. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- H. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- I. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
  - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
  - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
  - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- J. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- K. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
  - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
  - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch-wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
  - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.
    - a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
  - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
  - 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to duct flanges and fittings.
- L. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.

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- M. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- N. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.

### 3.4 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Roof Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through roof penetrations.
  - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
  - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation above roof surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
  - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside roof flashing at least 2 inches below top of roof flashing.
  - 4. Seal jacket to roof flashing with flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation at Aboveground Exterior Wall Penetrations: Install insulation continuously through wall penetrations.
  - 1. Seal penetrations with flashing sealant.
  - 2. For applications requiring only indoor insulation, terminate insulation inside wall surface and seal with joint sealant. For applications requiring indoor and outdoor insulation, install insulation for outdoor applications tightly joined to indoor insulation ends. Seal joint with joint sealant.
  - 3. Extend jacket of outdoor insulation outside wall flashing and overlap wall flashing at least 2 inches.
  - 4. Seal jacket to wall flashing with flashing sealant.
- C. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- D. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves for fire-rated wall and partition penetrations. Externally insulate damper sleeves to match adjacent insulation and overlap duct insulation at least 2 inches.
  - 1. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" and fire-resistive joint sealers.
- E. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
  - 1. Duct: For penetrations through fire-rated assemblies, terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves and externally insulate damper sleeve beyond floor to match adjacent duct insulation. Overlap damper sleeve and duct insulation at least 2 inches.
  - 2. Seal penetrations through fire-rated assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

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### 3.5 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Blanket Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.
1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
  2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
  3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
    - a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
    - b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, place pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
    - c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
    - d. Do not overcompress insulation during installation.
    - e. Impale insulation over pins and attach speed washers.
    - f. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
  4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from one edge and one end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory- or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.
    - a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
    - b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to two times the insulation thickness, but not less than 3 inches.
  5. Overlap unfaced blankets a minimum of 2 inches on longitudinal seams and end joints. At end joints, secure with steel bands spaced a maximum of 18 inches o.c.
  6. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
  7. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch-wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

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### 3.6 FIELD-APPLIED JACKET INSTALLATION

- A. Where glass-cloth jackets are indicated, install directly over bare insulation or insulation with factory-applied jackets.
  - 1. Draw jacket smooth and tight to surface with 2-inch overlap at seams and joints.
  - 2. Embed glass cloth between two 0.062-inch-thick coats of lagging adhesive.
  - 3. Completely encapsulate insulation with coating, leaving no exposed insulation.
- B. Where FSK jackets are indicated, install as follows:
  - 1. Draw jacket material smooth and tight.
  - 2. Install lap or joint strips with same material as jacket.
  - 3. Secure jacket to insulation with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
  - 4. Install jacket with 1-1/2-inch laps at longitudinal seams and 3-inch-wide joint strips at end joints.
  - 5. Seal openings, punctures, and breaks in vapor-retarder jackets and exposed insulation with vapor-barrier mastic.
- C. Where PVC jackets are indicated, install with 1-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints; for horizontal applications, install with longitudinal seams along top and bottom of tanks and vessels. Seal with manufacturer's recommended adhesive.
  - 1. Apply two continuous beads of adhesive to seams and joints, one bead under lap and the finish bead along seam and joint edge.
- D. Where metal jackets are indicated, install with 2-inch overlap at longitudinal seams and end joints. Overlap longitudinal seams arranged to shed water. Seal end joints with weatherproof sealant recommended by insulation manufacturer. Secure jacket with stainless-steel bands 12 inches o.c. and at end joints.

### 3.7 FINISHES

- A. Insulation with ASJ, Glass-Cloth, or Other Paintable Jacket Material: Paint jacket with paint system identified below and as specified in Division 9.
  - 1. Flat Acrylic Finish: Two finish coats over a primer that is compatible with jacket material and finish coat paint. Add fungicidal agent to render fabric mildew proof.
    - a. Finish Coat Material: Interior, flat, latex-emulsion size.
- B. Color: Final color as selected by Architect. Vary first and second coats to allow visual inspection of the completed Work.
- C. Do not field paint aluminum or stainless-steel jackets.

### 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.



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### B. Tests and Inspections:

1. Inspect ductwork, randomly selected by Architect, by removing field-applied jacket and insulation in layers in reverse order of their installation.

### C. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

## 3.9 DUCT INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

### A. Plenums and Ducts Requiring Insulation:

1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
2. Indoor, exposed supply and outdoor air.
3. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
4. Indoor, exposed return located in unconditioned space.
5. Indoor, concealed exhaust between isolation damper and penetration of building exterior.
6. Indoor, exposed exhaust between isolation damper and penetration of building exterior.
7. Outdoor, concealed supply and return.
8. Outdoor, exposed supply and return.

### B. Items Not Insulated:

1. Fibrous-glass ducts.
2. Metal ducts with duct liner of sufficient thickness to comply with energy code and ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
3. Factory-insulated flexible ducts.
4. Factory-insulated plenums and casings.
5. Flexible connectors.
6. Vibration-control devices.
7. Factory-insulated access panels and doors.

## 3.10 INDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SCHEDULE

### A. Service: Ten feet of exhaust air duct closest to where duct penetrates the exterior envelope.

1. Material: Exterior wrap.
2. Thickness: 2 inches.

### B. Where ductwork is not completely concealed, paint all ductwork and insulation. Coordinate color and finish with Architect.

END OF SECTION 230713

## SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
  - 2. Single-wall, spiral-seam, round ducts and fittings.
  - 3. Sheet metal materials.
  - 4. Duct liner.
  - 5. Sealants and gaskets.
  - 6. Hangers and supports.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing requirements for metal ducts.
  - 2. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Duct Design: Duct construction, including sheet metal thicknesses, seam and joint construction, reinforcements, and hangers and supports, shall comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" and performance requirements and design criteria indicated in "Duct Schedule" Article.
- B. Structural Performance: Duct hangers and supports shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions described in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible"
- C. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- D. Duct system design, as indicated, has been used to select size and type of air-moving and -distribution equipment and other air system components. Changes to layout or configuration of duct system must be specifically approved in writing by Architect. Accompany requests for layout modifications with calculations showing that proposed layout will provide original design results without increasing system total pressure.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:

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1. Liners and adhesives.
  2. Sealants and gaskets.
  3. Fire-Stopping Materials.
- B. Shop Drawings:
1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
  2. Factory- and shop-fabricated ducts and fittings.
  3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, liner material, and static-pressure classes.
  4. Elevation of top of ducts.
  5. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
  6. Fittings.
  7. Reinforcement and spacing.
  8. Seam and joint construction.
  9. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
  10. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
  11. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.
  12. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment and vibration isolation.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal:
1. Sheet metal thicknesses.
  2. Joint and seam construction and sealing.
  3. Reinforcement details and spacing.
  4. Materials, fabrication, assembly, and spacing of hangers and supports.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
1. Duct installation in congested spaces, indicating coordination with general construction, building components, and other building services. Indicate proposed changes to duct layout.
  2. Suspended ceiling components.
  3. Structural members to which duct will be attached.
  4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  5. Penetrations of smoke barriers and fire-rated construction.
  6. Items penetrating finished ceiling including the following:
    - a. Lighting fixtures.
    - b. Air outlets and inlets.
    - c. Speakers.
    - d. Sprinklers.
    - e. Access panels.
    - f. Perimeter moldings.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

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### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel," for hangers and supports. AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.
- B. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel," for hangers and supports.
  - 2. AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.
- C. ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 - "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7 - "Construction and System Start-up."
- D. ASHRAE/IESNA Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1, Section 6.4.4 - "HVAC System Construction and Insulation."

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Chapter 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

### 2.2 SINGLE-WALL ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. Round, Spiral Lock-Seam Ducts.
- B. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Chapter 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.

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1. Manufacturers:
  - a. Lindab Inc.
  - b. McGill AirFlow LLC.
  - c. SEMCO Incorporated.
  - d. Sheet Metal Connectors, Inc.
  - e. Spiral Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- C. Flat-Oval Ducts: Indicated dimensions are the duct width (major dimension) and diameter of the round sides connecting the flat portions of the duct (minor dimension).
- D. Duct Joints:
  1. Ducts up to 20 Inches in Diameter: Interior, center-beaded slip coupling, sealed before and after fastening, attached with sheet metal screws.
  2. Ducts 21 to 72 Inches in Diameter: Three-piece, gasketed, flanged joint consisting of two internal flanges with sealant and one external closure band with gasket.
  3. Round Ducts: Prefabricated connection system consisting of double-lipped, EPDM rubber gasket. Manufacture ducts according to connection system manufacturer's tolerances.
    - a. Manufacturers:
      - 1) Ductmate Industries, Inc.
      - 2) Lindab Inc.
- E. 90-Degree Tees and Laterals and Conical Tees: Fabricate to comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," with metal thicknesses specified for longitudinal-seam straight ducts.
- F. Diverging-Flow Fittings: Fabricate with reduced entrance to branch taps and with no excess material projecting from fitting onto branch tap entrance.
- G. Fabricate elbows using die-formed, gored, pleated, or mitered construction. Unless elbow construction type is indicated, fabricate elbows as follows:
  1. Mitered-Elbow Radius and Number of Pieces: Welded construction complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards--Metal and Flexible," unless otherwise indicated.
  2. Round Mitered Elbows with Aerofoil Vanes: Welded construction with the following metal thickness for pressure classes from minus 2- to plus 2-inch wg:
    - a. Ducts 3 to 36 Inches in Diameter: 0.034 inch.
    - b. Ducts 37 to 50 Inches in Diameter: 0.040 inch.
  3. 90-Degree, 2-Piece, Mitered Elbows: Use only for supply systems or for material-handling Class A or B exhaust systems and only where space restrictions do not permit using radius elbows. Fabricate with single-thickness turning vanes.
  4. Round Elbows 8 Inches and Less in Diameter: Fabricate die-formed elbows for 45- and 90-degree elbows and pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees only. Fabricate nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.
  5. Round Elbows 9 through 14 Inches in Diameter: Fabricate gored or pleated elbows for 30, 45, 60, and 90 degrees unless space restrictions require mitered elbows. Fabricate nonstandard bend-angle configurations or nonstandard diameter elbows with gored construction.

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6. Round Elbows Larger than 14 Inches in Diameter and All Flat-Oval Elbows: Fabricate gored elbows unless space restrictions require mitered elbows.
7. Die-Formed Elbows for Sizes through 8 Inches in Diameter and All Pressures 0.040 inch thick with 2-piece welded construction.
8. Round Gored-Elbow Metal Thickness: Same as non-elbow fittings specified above.
9. Pleated Elbows for Sizes through 14 Inches in Diameter and Pressures through 10-Inch wg: 0.022 inch.

### 2.3 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
  1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
  2. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.
- C. Carbon-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, with oiled, matte finish for exposed ducts.
- D. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304 or 316, as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article; cold rolled, annealed, sheet. Exposed surface finish shall be No. 2B, No. 2D, No. 3, or No. 4 as indicated in the "Duct Schedule" Article.
- E. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
  1. Where black- and galvanized-steel shapes and plates are used to reinforce aluminum ducts, isolate the different metals with butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM gasket materials.
- F. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

### 2.4 DUCT LINER

- A. Fibrous-Glass Duct Liner: Comply with ASTM C 1071, NFPA 90A, or NFPA 90B; and with NAIMA AH124, "Fibrous Glass Duct Liner Standard."
  1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Owens Corning's Aeroflex Plus Duct Liner or Equal.
  2. Materials: ASTM C 1071; surfaces exposed to airstream shall be coated to prevent erosion of glass fibers.
    - a. Maximum Thermal Conductivity:
    - b. Thickness: 1 inch for sound attenuation, and R8 for thermal insulation.
    - c. Thermal Conductivity (k-Value): 0.26 at 75 deg Fmean temperature.
    - d. Fire-Hazard Classification: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to ASTM E84.

## SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

- e. Water-Based Liner Adhesive: As recommended by insulation manufacturer and complying with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B. For indoor applications, use adhesive that has a VOC content of 80 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- f. Mechanical Fasteners: Galvanized steel suitable for adhesive attachment, mechanical attachment, or welding attachment to duct without damaging liner when applied as recommended by manufacturer and without causing leakage in duct.
  - 1) Tensile Strength: Indefinitely sustain a 50-lb-tensile, dead-load test perpendicular to duct wall.
  - 2) Fastener Pin Length: As required for thickness of insulation and without projecting more than 1/8 inch into airstream.
  - 3) Adhesive for Attaching Mechanical Fasteners: Comply with fire-hazard classification of duct liner system.
- 3. Antimicrobial Erosion-Resistant Coating: Apply to the surface of the liner that will form the interior surface of the duct to act as a moisture repellent and erosion-resistant coating. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.

### 2.5 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Two-Part Tape Sealing System:
  - 1. Tape: Woven cotton fiber impregnated with mineral gypsum and modified acrylic/silicone activator to react exothermically with tape to form hard, durable, airtight seal.
  - 2. Tape Width: 4 inches.
  - 3. Sealant: Modified styrene acrylic.
  - 4. Water resistant.
  - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
  - 6. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
  - 7. Service: Indoor and outdoor.
  - 8. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
  - 9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum.
  - 10. For indoor applications, sealant shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 11. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- C. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
  - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
  - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
  - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
  - 4. Water resistant.

## SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

5. Mold and mildew resistant.
  6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
  7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
  8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
  9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- D. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
  2. Type: S.
  3. Grade: NS.
  4. Class: 25.
  5. Use: O.
  6. For indoor applications, sealant shall have a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  7. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- E. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.
- F. Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:
1. Seal shall provide maximum 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for 10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
  2. EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
  3. Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

### 2.6 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmium-plated steel rods and nuts.
- B. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
- C. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
- D. Steel Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
- E. Steel Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
- F. Steel Cable End Connections: Cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for duct hanger service; with an automatic-locking and clamping device.
- G. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- H. Trapeze and Riser Supports:



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1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel shapes and plates.
3. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.

### 2.7 FIRE-STOPPING

- A. Fire-Resistant Sealant: Provide two-part, foamed-in-place, fire-stopping silicone sealant, one-part elastomeric sealant, formulated for use in a through-penetration fire-stop system for filling openings around duct penetrations through walls and floors, having fire-resistance ratings indicated as established by testing identical assemblies per ASTM E 814 by Underwriters Laboratory, Inc. or other testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the Work are limited to, the following:
  1. "Dow Corning Fire Stop Foam"; Dow Corning Corp.
  2. "Dow Corning Fire Stop Sealant"; Dow Corning Corp.
  3. "3M Fire Barrier Caulk CP-25"; Electrical Products Div./3M.
- C. Seams and laps arranged on top of duct.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install round and flat-oval ducts in maximum practical lengths.
- D. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.
- E. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- G. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- H. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.

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- I. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- J. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- K. Where ducts pass through fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls, install fire dampers. Comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers.
- L. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials. Comply with SMACNA's "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction," Appendix G, "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."

### 3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

### 3.3 APPLICATION OF LINER IN RECTANGULAR DUCTS

- A. Adhere a single layer of indicated thickness of duct liner with at least 90 percent adhesive coverage at liner contact surface area. Attaining indicated thickness with multiple layers of duct liner is prohibited.
- B. Apply adhesive to transverse edges of liner facing upstream that do not receive metal nosing.
- C. Butt transverse joints without gaps and coat joint with adhesive.
- D. Fold and compress liner in corners of rectangular ducts or cut and fit to ensure butted-edge overlapping.
- E. Do not apply liner in rectangular ducts with longitudinal joints, except at corners of ducts, unless duct size and standard liner product dimensions make longitudinal joints necessary.
- F. Apply adhesive coating on longitudinal seams in ducts with air velocity of 2500 fpm.

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- G. Secure liner with mechanical fasteners 4 inches from corners and at intervals not exceeding 12 inches transversely; at 3 inches from transverse joints and at intervals not exceeding 18 inches longitudinally.
- H. Secure transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream with metal nosings that have either channel or "Z" profiles or are integrally formed from duct wall. Fabricate edge facings at the following locations:
  - 1. Fan discharges.
  - 2. Intervals of lined duct preceding unlined duct.
  - 3. Upstream edges of transverse joints in ducts where air velocities are greater than 2500 fpm or where indicated.
- I. Terminate inner ducts with buildouts attached to fire-damper sleeves, dampers, turning vane assemblies, or other devices. Fabricated buildouts (metal hat sections) or other buildout means are optional; when used, secure buildouts to duct walls with bolts, screws, rivets, or welds.

### 3.4 DUCT SEALING

- A. Seal ducts for duct static-pressure, seal classes, and leakage classes specified in "Duct Schedule" Article according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
- B. Seal ducts to the following seal classes according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible", and as defined below.
  - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."
  - 2. All Ducts U.N.O: Seal Class A.
  - 3. Unconditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class B.
  - 4. Conditioned Space, Return-Air Ducts: Seal Class C.

### 3.5 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
  - 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
  - 2. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.

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- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum intervals of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

### 3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

### 3.7 PAINTING

- A. Paint interior of metal ducts that are visible through registers and grilles and that do not have duct liner. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex paint over a compatible galvanized-steel primer. Paint materials and application requirements are specified in Division 9 Sections.

### 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Leakage Tests:
  - 1. **Comply with requirements for Leakage Class A for sealing all ducts.** Refer to SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual." Submit a test report for each test.
  - 2. Test the following systems:
    - a. Supply, Return, Exhaust, Outdoor Ducts with a Pressure Class of 2-Inch wg or Higher: Test representative duct sections, selected by Architect from sections installed, totaling no less than 50 percent of total installed duct area for each designated pressure class.
    - b. Engineer will randomly designate two supply duct systems for testing in accordance with Section 4 of SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual, current edition. If leakage test results exceed SMACNA allowable leakage rates, then additional two systems shall be tested. Supply duct test section shall include main trunk line from the mechanical room to the farthest VAV box. For systems without VAV boxes, main trunk shall be determined on site
  - 3. Disassemble, reassemble, and seal segments of systems to accommodate leakage testing and for compliance with test requirements.
  - 4. Test for leaks before applying external insulation.
  - 5. Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If static-pressure classes are not indicated, test system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure.
  - 6. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.

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- C. Duct System Cleanliness Tests:
  - 1. Visually inspect duct system to ensure that no visible contaminants are present.
  - 2. Test sections of metal duct system, chosen randomly by Owner, for cleanliness according to "Vacuum Test" in NADCA ACR, "Assessment, Cleaning and Restoration of HVAC Systems."
    - a. Acceptable Cleanliness Level: Net weight of debris collected on the filter media shall not exceed 0.75 mg/100 sq. cm.
- D. Duct system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.9 DUCT CLEANING

- A. Clean new and existing duct system(s) before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. Use service openings for entry and inspection.
  - 1. Create new openings and install access panels appropriate for duct static-pressure class if required for cleaning access. Provide insulated panels for insulated or lined duct. Patch insulation and liner as recommended by duct liner manufacturer. Comply with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for access panels and doors.
  - 2. Disconnect and reconnect flexible ducts as needed for cleaning and inspection.
  - 3. Remove and reinstall ceiling to gain access during the cleaning process.
- C. Particulate Collection and Odor Control:
  - 1. When venting vacuuming system inside the building, use HEPA filtration with 99.97 percent collection efficiency for 0.3-micron-size (or larger) particles.
  - 2. When venting vacuuming system to outdoors, use filter to collect debris removed from HVAC system, and locate exhaust downwind and away from air intakes and other points of entry into building.
- D. Clean the following components by removing surface contaminants and deposits:
  - 1. Air outlets and inlets (registers, grilles, and diffusers).
  - 2. Supply, return, and exhaust fans including fan housings, plenums (except ceiling supply and return plenums), scrolls, blades or vanes, shafts, baffles, dampers, and drive assemblies.
  - 3. Air-handling unit internal surfaces and components including mixing box, coil section, air wash systems, spray eliminators, condensate drain pans, humidifiers and dehumidifiers, filters and filter sections, and condensate collectors and drains.
  - 4. Coils and related components.
  - 5. Return-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes except in ceiling plenums and mechanical equipment rooms.
  - 6. Supply-air ducts, dampers, actuators, and turning vanes.
  - 7. Dedicated exhaust and ventilation components and makeup air systems.
- E. Mechanical Cleaning Methodology:
  - 1. Clean metal duct systems using mechanical cleaning methods that extract contaminants from within duct systems and remove contaminants from building.

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2. Use vacuum-collection devices that are operated continuously during cleaning. Connect vacuum device to downstream end of duct sections so areas being cleaned are under negative pressure.
3. Use mechanical agitation to dislodge debris adhered to interior duct surfaces without damaging integrity of metal ducts, duct liner, or duct accessories.
4. Clean fibrous-glass duct liner with HEPA vacuuming equipment; do not permit duct liner to get wet. Replace fibrous-glass duct liner that is damaged, deteriorated, or delaminated or that has friable material, mold, or fungus growth.
5. Clean coils and coil drain pans according to NADCA 1992. Keep drain pan operational. Rinse coils with clean water to remove latent residues and cleaning materials; comb and straighten fins.
6. Provide drainage and cleanup for wash-down procedures.
7. Antimicrobial Agents and Coatings: Apply EPA-registered antimicrobial agents if fungus is present. Apply antimicrobial agents according to manufacturer's written instructions after removal of surface deposits and debris.

### 3.10 START UP

- A. Air Balance: Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC."

### 3.11 DUCT SCHEDULE

- A. Fabricate ducts with galvanized sheet steel except as otherwise indicated and as follows:
  - A. Supply Ducts:
    1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, and Terminal Units:
      - a. Pressure Class: Positive 2-inch wg.
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A
    2. Ducts Connected to Constant-Volume Air-Handling Units
      - a. Pressure Class: Positive 3-inch wg
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A
    3. Ducts Connected to Variable-Air-Volume Air-Handling Units:
      - a. Pressure Class: Positive 4-inch wg.
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A
  - B. Return Ducts:
    1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, and Terminal Units
      - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: B.
    2. Ducts Connected to Air-Handling Units
      - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 3-inch wg
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: B
  - C. Exhaust Ducts:
    1. Ducts Connected to Fans Exhausting (ASHRAE 62.1, Class 1 and 2) Air:
      - a. Pressure Class: Negative 2-inch wg
      - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A

## SECTION 233113 - METAL DUCTS

- D. Outdoor-Air (Not Filtered, Heated, or Cooled) Ducts:
  - 1. Ducts Connected to AHUs, Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and Terminal Units
    - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 2-inch wg
    - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A
  
- E. Double-Wall Duct Interstitial Insulation:
  - 1. Supply Air Ducts: 2 inches thick, unless noted otherwise on drawings.
  
- F. Elbow Configuration:
  - 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
    - a. Double Skin vaned elbows. See drawings.
  - 2. Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-3, "Round Duct Elbows."
    - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
      - 1) Radius-to Diameter Ratio: 1.5.
    - b. Round Elbows, 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter: Stamped or pleated.
    - c. Round Elbows, 14 Inches and Larger in Diameter: Standing seam.
  
- G. Branch Configuration:
  - 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-6, "Branch Connection."
    - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: 45-degree entry.
    - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Spin in.
  - 2. Round and Flat Oval: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
    - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 90-degree tap.
    - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: Conical tap.
    - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 45-degree lateral.

END OF SECTION 233113

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  1. Backdraft and pressure relief dampers.
  2. Barometric relief dampers.
  3. Manual volume dampers.
  4. Control dampers.
  5. Fire dampers.
  6. Flange connectors.
  7. Turning vanes.
  8. Remote damper operators.
  9. Duct-mounted access doors.
  10. Flexible connectors.
  11. Flexible ducts.
  12. Duct accessory hardware.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For duct accessories. Include plans, elevations, sections, details and attachments to other work.
  1. Detail duct accessories fabrication and installation in ducts and other construction. Include dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances; and method of field assembly into duct systems and other construction. Include the following:
    - a. Special fittings.
    - b. Manual volume damper installations.
    - c. Control-damper installations.
    - d. Fire-damper, ceiling, and corridor damper installations, including sleeves; and duct-mounted access doors and remote damper operators.
    - e. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which ceiling-mounted access panels and access doors required for access to duct accessories are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved.



## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

- B. Source quality-control reports.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For air duct accessories to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

### 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Fusible Links: Furnish quantity equal to 10 percent of amount installed.

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

### 2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
  - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
  - 2. Exposed-Surface Finish: Mill phosphatized.
- B. Stainless-Steel Sheets: Comply with ASTM A 480/A 480M, Type 304.
- C. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209, Alloy 3003, Temper H14; with mill finish for concealed ducts and standard, 1-side bright finish for exposed ducts.
- D. Extruded Aluminum: Comply with ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063, Temper T6.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

- E. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainless-steel ducts.
- F. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

### 2.3 BACKDRAFT AND PRESSURE RELIEF DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
  - 2. Nailor Industries Inc.
  - 3. Pottorff.
  - 4. Ruskin Company.
- B. Description: Gravity balanced. Blades of maximum 6-inch width, with sealed edges, assembled in rattle-free manner, steel ball bearings, and axles.
- C. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.05-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel, with welded corners and mounting flange.
- D. Blades: Multiple single-piece blades, 0.050-inch-thick aluminum sheet with sealed edges.
- E. Blade Action: Parallel.
- F. Blade Seals: Neoprene, mechanically locked.
- G. Blade Axles:
  - 1. Material: Galvanized steel.
- H. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.
- I. Return Spring: Adjustable tension.
- J. Accessories:
  - 1. Adjustment device to permit setting for varying differential static pressure.
  - 2. Counterweights and spring-assist kits for vertical airflow installations.
  - 3. Electric actuators, where noted.
  - 4. Chain pulls.
  - 5. Screen Mounting: Front mounted in sleeve.
    - a. Sleeve Thickness: 20 gage minimum.
    - b. Sleeve Length: 6 inches minimum.
  - 6. Screen Mounting: Rear mounted.
  - 7. Screen Material: Stainless steel.
  - 8. Screen Type: Bird.
  - 9. 90-degree stops.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

### 2.4 MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS

#### A. Standard, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:

1. **Manufacturers:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. [Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.](#)
  - b. [McGill AirFlow LLC.](#)
  - c. [Nailor Industries Inc.](#)
  - d. [Pottorff.](#)
  - e. [Ruskin Company.](#)
2. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.
3. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
4. Frames:
  - a. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
  - b. Mitered and welded corners.
  - c. Flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
5. Blades:
  - a. Multiple or single blade.
  - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
  - c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
  - d. Galvanized-steel, 0.064 inch thick.
6. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
7. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.

#### B. Standard, Aluminum, Manual Volume Dampers:

1. **Manufacturers:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - a. [McGill AirFlow LLC.](#)
  - b. [Nailor Industries Inc.](#)
  - c. [Pottorff.](#)
  - d. [Ruskin Company.](#)
2. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.
3. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
4. Frames: Hat-shaped, 0.10-inch-thick, aluminum sheet channels; frames with flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
5. Blades:
  - a. Multiple or single blade.
  - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
  - c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
  - d. Roll-Formed Aluminum Blades: 0.10-inch-thick aluminum sheet.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

- e. Extruded-Aluminum Blades: 0.050-inch-thick extruded aluminum.
  6. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
  7. Tie Bars and Brackets: Aluminum.
- C. Low-Leakage, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:
1. **Manufacturers:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. **Pottorff.**
    - b. **Ruskin Company.**
  2. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.
  3. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.
  4. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
  5. Frames:
    - a. Hat shaped.
    - b. 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
    - c. Mitered and welded corners.
    - d. Flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
  6. Blades:
    - a. Multiple or single blade.
    - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
    - c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
    - d. Galvanized, roll-formed steel, 0.064 inch thick.
  7. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
  8. Blade Seals: Neoprene.
  9. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.
  10. Accessories:
    - a. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration.
- D. Low-Leakage, Aluminum, Manual Volume Dampers:
1. **Manufacturers:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. **Pottorff.**
    - b. **Ruskin Company.**
  2. Comply with AMCA 500-D testing for damper rating.
  3. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.
  4. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

5. Frames: Hat-shaped, 0.10-inch-thick, aluminum sheet channels; frames with flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.
  6. Blades:
    - a. Multiple or single blade.
    - b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
    - c. Roll-Formed Aluminum Blades: 0.10-inch-thick aluminum sheet.
    - d. Extruded-Aluminum Blades: 0.050-inch-thick extruded aluminum.
  7. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
  8. Blade Seals: Neoprene.
  9. Tie Bars and Brackets: Aluminum.
  10. Accessories:
    - a. Include locking device to hold single-blade dampers in a fixed position without vibration.
- E. Jackshaft:
1. Size: 1-inch diameter.
  2. Material: Galvanized-steel pipe rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.
  3. Length and Number of Mountings: As required to connect linkage of each damper in multiple-damper assembly.
- F. Damper Hardware:
1. Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch-thick zinc-plated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut.
  2. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size.
  3. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

### 2.5 CONTROL DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
1. [Greenheck Fan Corporation](#).
  2. [Pottorff](#).
  3. [Ruskin Company](#).
  4. [Young Regulator Company](#).
- B. Low-leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream, and bearing AMCA's Certified Ratings Seal for both air performance and air leakage.
- C. Frames:
1. Hat shaped.
  2. 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
  3. Mitered and welded corners.
- D. Blades:
1. Multiple blade with maximum blade width of 6 inches.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

2. Opposed-blade design.
  3. Galvanized-steel.
  4. 0.064 inch thick single skin.
  5. Blade Edging: Closed-cell neoprene.
  6. Blade Edging: Inflatable seal blade edging, or replaceable rubber seals.
- E. Blade Axles: 1/2-inch-diameter; galvanized steel; blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass; ends sealed against blade bearings.
1. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- F. Bearings:
1. Molded synthetic.
  2. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
  3. Thrust bearings at each end of every blade.

### 2.6 FIRE DAMPERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
1. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
  2. Pottorff.
  3. Ruskin Company.
- B. Type: Dynamic; rated and labeled according to UL 555 by an NRTL.
- C. Closing rating in ducts up to 4-inch wg static pressure class and minimum 2000-fpm velocity.
- D. Fire Rating: 1-1/2 hours.
- E. Frame: Curtain type with blades outside airstream; fabricated with roll-formed, 0.034-inch-thick galvanized steel; with mitered and interlocking corners.
- F. Mounting Sleeve: Factory- or field-installed, galvanized sheet steel.
1. Minimum Thickness: 0.138 inch thick, as indicated, and of length to suit application.
  2. Exception: Omit sleeve where damper-frame width permits direct attachment of perimeter mounting angles on each side of wall or floor; thickness of damper frame must comply with sleeve requirements.
- G. Mounting Orientation: Vertical or horizontal as indicated.
- H. Blades: Roll-formed, interlocking, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel. In place of interlocking blades, use full-length, 0.034-inch-thick, galvanized-steel blade connectors.
- I. Horizontal Dampers: Include blade lock and stainless-steel closure spring.
- J. Heat-Responsive Device: Replaceable, 165 deg F rated, fusible links.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

### 2.7 FLANGE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Nexus PDQ.
  - 3. Ward Industries, Inc.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, slide-on transverse flange connectors, gaskets, and components.
- C. Material: Galvanized steel.
- D. Gage and Shape: Match connecting ductwork.

### 2.8 TURNING VANES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. METALAIRE, Inc.
  - 3. SEMCO Incorporated.
  - 4. Ward Industries, Inc.
- B. Manufactured Turning Vanes for Metal Ducts: Curved blades of galvanized sheet steel; support with bars perpendicular to blades set; set into vane runners suitable for duct mounting.
  - 1. Acoustic Turning Vanes: Fabricate airfoil-shaped aluminum extrusions with perforated faces and fibrous-glass fill.
- C. General Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible"; Figures 4-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and 4-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- D. Vane Construction: Double wall.

### 2.9 REMOTE DAMPER OPERATORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Pottorff.
  - 2. Young Regulator Company.
- B. Description: Cable system designed for remote manual damper adjustment.
- C. Tubing: Brass.
- D. Cable: Stainless steel.

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- E. Wall-Box Cover-Plate Material: Stainless steel.

### 2.10 DUCT-MOUNTED ACCESS DOORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.
  - 2. Greenheck Fan Corporation.
  - 3. Pottorff.
- B. Duct-Mounted Access Doors: Fabricate access panels according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible"; Figures 7-2, "Duct Access Doors and Panels," and 7-3, "Access Doors - Round Duct."
  - 1. Door:
    - a. Double wall, rectangular.
    - b. Galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class.
    - c. Vision panel.
    - d. Hinges and Latches: 1-by-1-inch butt or piano hinge and cam latches.
    - e. Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.
  - 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.

### 2.11 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Ductmate Industries, Inc.
  - 2. Duro Dyne Inc.
  - 3. Ward Industries, Inc.
- B. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- C. Coatings and Adhesives: Comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- D. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 5-3/4 inches wide attached to two strips of 2-3/4-inch-wide, 0.028-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch-thick aluminum sheets. Provide metal compatible with connected ducts.
- E. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd..
  - 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
  - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- F. Outdoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with weatherproof, synthetic rubber resistant to UV rays and ozone.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 24 oz./sq. yd..



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- 2. Tensile Strength: 530 lbf/inch in the warp and 440 lbf/inch in the filling.
- 3. Service Temperature: Minus 50 to plus 250 deg F.
  
- G. High-Temperature System, Flexible Connectors: Glass fabric coated with silicone rubber.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 16 oz./sq. yd..
  - 2. Tensile Strength: 285 lbf/inch in the warp and 185 lbf/inch in the filling.
  - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 67 to plus 500 deg F.
  
- H. High-Corrosive-Environment System, Flexible Connectors: Glass fabric with chemical-resistant coating.
  - 1. Minimum Weight: 14 oz./sq. yd..
  - 2. Tensile Strength: 450 lbf/inch in the warp and 340 lbf/inch in the filling.
  - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 67 to plus 500 deg F.

2.12 FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. **Manufacturers:** Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
  - 1. [Flexmaster U.S.A., Inc.](#)
  - 2. Thermaflex
  
- A. Where acoustical flexible duct is shown on drawings, provide Flexmaster Type 8M (or Thermaflex M-KE) UL 181 Class I Air Duct or equal.
  
- B. The duct shall be constructed of a CPE fabric supported by helical wound galvanized steel. The fabric shall be mechanically locked to the steel helix without the use of adhesives or chemicals.
  
- C. The internal working pressure rating shall be at least 6” w.g. positive and 4” w.g. negative through 16” diameter, and 1” w.g. negative for 18” and 20” diameters, with a bursting pressure of at least 2 ½ time the working pressure.
  
- D. The duct shall be rated for a velocity of at least 4000 feet per minute.
  
- E. The duct must be suitable for continuous operation at a temperature range of -20° F to +250° F.
  
- F. Factory insulate the flexible duct with fiberglass insulation. The R-value shall be at least 8 at a mean temperature of 75° F.
  
- G. Cover the insulation with a fire retardant metalized vapor barrier jacket reinforced with crosshatched scrim having a permeance of not greater than 0.05 perms when tested in accordance with ASTM E96, Procedure.
  
- H. Sound attenuation Properties: Acoustical performance, when tested by an independent laboratory in accordance with the Air Diffusion Council’s Flexible Air Duct Test Code FD 72-R1, Section 3.0, Sound Properties, shall be as follows:

<b>Octave Band</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Hz.</b>	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000
<b>6” diameter</b>	7	31	40	38	40	27
<b>8” diameter</b>	13	29	36	35	38	22
<b>12” diameter</b>	21	28	29	33	26	12

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

- I. Flexible Duct Connectors:
  - 1. Clamps: Stainless-steel band with cadmium-plated hex screw to tighten band with a worm-gear action in sizes 3 through 18 inches, to suit duct size.

### 2.13 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

- A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct-insulation thickness.
- B. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Install backdraft dampers (control dampers for fans 2,000CFM and larger) at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
  - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
  - 2. Install aluminum volume dampers in aluminum ducts.
- E. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- G. Install fire and smoke dampers according to UL listing.
- H. Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
  - 1. On both sides of duct coils.
  - 2. Upstream from duct filters.
  - 3. At outdoor-air intakes and mixed-air plenums.
  - 4. At drain pans and seals.
  - 5. Downstream from manual volume dampers, control dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.

## SECTION 233300 - AIR DUCT ACCESSORIES

6. Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
  7. At each change in direction and at maximum 50-foot spacing.
  8. Upstream from turning vanes.
  9. Upstream or downstream from duct silencers.
  10. Control devices requiring inspection.
  11. Elsewhere as indicated.
- I. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- J. Access Door Sizes:
1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.
  2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
  3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
  4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.
  5. Body Access: 25 by 14 inches.
  6. Body plus Ladder Access: 25 by 17 inches.
- K. Label access doors according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" to indicate the purpose of access door.
- L. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.
- M. For fans developing static pressures of 5-inch wg and more, cover flexible connectors with loaded vinyl sheet held in place with metal straps.
- N. Connect terminal units to supply ducts directly, and for fan powered boxes with maximum 12-inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.
- O. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with stainless steel draw bands.
- P. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- 3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
- A. Tests and Inspections:
1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
  2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
  3. Operate fire, smoke, and combination fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
  4. Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure installation.
  5. Operate remote damper operators to verify full range of movement of operator and damper.

END OF SECTION 233300

## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Ceiling-mounted ventilators.

#### 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Project Altitude: Base fan-performance ratings on sea level.
- B. Operating Limits: Classify according to AMCA 99.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and furnished specialties and accessories. Also include the following:
  - 1. Certified fan performance curves with system operating conditions indicated.
  - 2. Certified fan sound-power ratings.
  - 3. Motor ratings and electrical characteristics, plus motor and electrical accessories.
  - 4. Material thickness and finishes, including color charts.
  - 5. Dampers, including housings, linkages, and operators.
  - 6. Fan speed controllers.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 2. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For unit hangars and supports indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 1. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include adjustable motor bases, rails, and frames for equipment mounting.
  - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and for designing vibration isolation bases.
  - 3. Wind Restraints and Certification.

## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Framing and support members relative to duct penetrations.
  - 2. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
  - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 4. Ceiling-mounted items including light fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For power ventilators to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Belts: One set for each belt-driven unit.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. AMCA Compliance: Fans shall have AMCA-Certified performance ratings and shall bear the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- C. UL Standards: Power ventilators shall comply with UL 705. Power ventilators for use for restaurant kitchen exhaust shall also comply with UL 762.

### 1.9 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of structural-steel support members.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. General Warranty: The special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive the Owner of other rights the Owner may have under other provisions of the Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by the Contractor under requirements of the Contract Documents.

## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

- B. Special Warranty: A written warranty, executed by Contractor and signed by manufacturer, agreeing to replace components that fail in materials and workmanship within the specified warranty period, provided manufacturer's written instructions for installation, operation, and maintenance have been followed.
  - 1. Warranty Period: One (1) year parts and labor for fan and motor, including all components, from date of Substantial Completion.

### 1.11 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Belts: One set for each belt-driven unit.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. HVAC Power Ventilators: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Loren Cook Company.
  - 2. Greenheck Fan Corp.
  - 3. New York Blower Company (The).
  - 4. Penn Ventilation.

### 2.2 CEILING-MOUNTED VENTILATORS

- A. Description: Centrifugal fans designed for installing in ceiling or wall or for concealed in-line applications.
- B. Housing: Steel, lined with acoustical insulation.
- C. Fan Wheel: Centrifugal forward curved type, injection molded of polypropylene resin for smaller fans, galvanized steel for larger fans.
- D. Grille: Manufacturer's standard **Aluminum**, louvered grille with flange on intake and thumbscrew attachment to fan housing.
- E. Electrical Requirements: Junction box for electrical connection on housing and receptacle for motor plug-in.
- F. Accessories:
  - 1. Variable-Speed Controller: Solid-state control to reduce speed from 100 to less than 50 percent.
  - 2. Manual Starter Switch: Single-pole rocker switch assembly with cover and pilot light.
  - 3. Factory mounted disconnect
  - 4. Stainless steel insect screen
  - 5. Isolation: Rubber-in-shear vibration isolators.
  - 6. Aluminum backdraft damper

## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

7. Vibration isolator kit
8. Time-Delay Switch: See schedules for switch coordination.
9. See schedules for other options.

### 2.3 MOTORS

- A. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
  1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.
- B. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled.

### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Certify sound-power level ratings according to AMCA 301, "Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data." Factory test fans according to AMCA 300, "Reverberant Room Method for Sound Testing of Fans." Label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- B. Certify fan performance ratings, including flow rate, pressure, power, air density, speed of rotation, and efficiency by factory tests according to AMCA 210, "Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Aerodynamic Performance Rating." Label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install power ventilators level and plumb.
- B. Ceiling Units: Suspend units from structure; use steel wire or metal straps.
- C. Support suspended units from structure using threaded steel rods and spring hangers having a static deflection of 1 inch. Vibration-control devices are specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- D. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- E. Label units according to requirements specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."

## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts and duct accessories. Make final duct connections with flexible connectors. Flexible connectors are specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Install ducts adjacent to power ventilators to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

### 3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
  - 1. Verify that shipping, blocking, and bracing are removed.
  - 2. Verify that unit is secure on mountings and supporting devices and that connections to ducts and electrical components are complete. Verify that proper thermal-overload protection is installed in motors, starters, and disconnect switches.
  - 3. Verify that cleaning and adjusting are complete.
  - 4. Disconnect fan drive from motor, verify proper motor rotation direction, and verify fan wheel free rotation and smooth bearing operation. Reconnect fan drive system, align and adjust belts, and install belt guards.
  - 5. Adjust belt tension.
  - 6. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.
  - 7. Verify lubrication for bearings and other moving parts.
  - 8. Verify that manual and automatic volume control and fire and smoke dampers in connected ductwork systems are in fully open position.
  - 9. Disable automatic temperature-control operators, energize motor and adjust fan to indicated rpm, and measure and record motor voltage and amperage.
  - 10. Shut unit down and reconnect automatic temperature-control operators.
  - 11. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- B. Starting Procedures:
  - 1. Energize motor and adjust fan to indicated rpm.
  - 2. Measure and record motor voltage and amperage.
- C. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- D. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

### 3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.



## SECTION 233423 - HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

- B. Adjust belt tension.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures.
- D. Replace fan and motor pulleys as required to achieve design airflow.
- E. Lubricate bearings.

### 3.5 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain power ventilators.
  - 1. Train Owner's maintenance personnel on procedures and schedules for starting and stopping, troubleshooting, servicing, and maintaining equipment and schedules.
  - 2. Review data in maintenance manuals. Refer to Division 1 Section "Operation and Maintenance Data."
  - 3. Schedule training with Owner, through Architect, with at least seven days' advance notice.

END OF SECTION 233423

## SECTION 233713 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes grilles, registers, diffusers, and other air devices
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 089116 "Operable Wall Louvers" and Section 089119 "Fixed Louvers" for fixed and adjustable louvers and wall vents, whether or not they are connected to ducts.
  - 2. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and volume-control dampers not integral to diffusers, registers, and grilles.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Data Sheet: Indicate materials of construction, finish, and mounting details; and performance data including throw and drop, static-pressure drop, and noise ratings.
  - 2. Diffuser, Register, and Grille Schedule: Indicate drawing designation, room location, quantity, model number, size, and accessories furnished.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For diffusers, registers, and grilles with factory-applied color finishes.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
  - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
  - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 4. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
  - 5. Duct access panels.
- B. Source quality-control reports.

## SECTION 233713 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified:
  - 1. Price Industries.
  - 2. Titus.

#### 2.2 AIR DEVICES

- A. Rectangular and Square Ceiling Grilles, Registers, Diffusers: See schedules for material, finish, size, pattern, damper type, and accessories.
- B. Fire rated air devices: Plans indicate a "fire damper" designation on diffusers that need a fire rated air device. Coordinate with plans.

#### 2.3 INSULATION

- A. All cold surfaces that are susceptible to condensation shall be insulated.
- B. Insulation may be provided by manufacturer or by installing Contractor. Coordinate with installing Contractor.

#### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas where diffusers, registers, and grilles are to be installed for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of equipment.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.
- B. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design

## SECTION 233713 - DIFFUSERS, REGISTERS, AND GRILLES

requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practical. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.

- C. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

### 3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

END OF SECTION 233713

## SECTION 260010 - SUMMARY OF ELECTRICAL WORK

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, Division 1 Specification Sections and other Division 26 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. The following Summary of Work is intended as an aid to achieve an understanding of the various elements of work included in the project, as is not intended to be all-inclusive. Detailed descriptions of work and requirements are given in drawings and specifications.
- B. Scope of Work:
  - 1. General: The “Cameron County Parks Santa Rosa Park Improvements” consists of new single-story buildings, approximate 7,000 s.f., Basketball Court, 1,228 Restroom Building, 900 s.f. Pavilion, 1,115 s.f. Pool Building (existing). These buildings will generally be operated from 7:00am to 6:00pm. (Monday through Friday) with occasional after hours and weekends use.
  - 2. Electrical: Provide all materials and labor associated with complete operational electrical distribution system. Major items of work include, but are not limited to:
    - (a) Electrical service(s): To remain as is with modifications.
    - (b) Interior and Exterior Lighting systems: Provide LED type, see light fixture schedule and specifications.
    - (c) Lighting controls (switches, occupancy sensors, etc.): Provide as noted on plans specifications. In some cases, they will be ceiling mounted and others wall mounted. It’s the intent for them to be wired to automatically control the luminaires in their respective areas.
    - (d) Power systems: Provide miscellaneous duplex receptacles and power for splash pad, H.V.A.C. and plumbing equipment.
    - (e) Intrusion and Access control System: Provide control panel, keypads and magnet contacts as noted on drawings.
    - (f) Commissioning: Provide for the lighting equipment and lighting controls as required per IECC 2018.

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

- A. Electrical: See Division 1 for electrical allowances.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

## SECTION 260010 - SUMMARY OF ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. All electrical work shall be done under sub-contract to a General Contractor, who ultimately responsible for the entire project. Electrical Contractor shall coordinate all work through General Contractor, even in areas where only electrical work is to take place.
- B. All questions, requests for information, submittals, and correspondence from the Electrical Contractor shall be submitted via the General Contractor, who will forward to the Architect, who will then forward to the Engineer.
- C. Electrical Contractor shall not make any changes to design without written authorization from the Engineer. If changes are requested by the Owner, Architect, General Contractor, Suppliers, Manufacturers, or any others, Contractor should issue a written RFI for response by the Engineer.
- D. Electrical Contractor shall issue seven (7) days written notice prior to any activities that require the presence of the Engineer at the job-site. This applies to all inspections required by specifications, and particularly to those where work will be covered (underground raceways, electrical raceways above ceiling).
- E. Cooperate fully with other contractors so that work under those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract.
- F. Fully coordinate with Mechanical Contractor for providing power to HVAC systems and plumbing equipment.
- G. Fully coordinate with the Splash Pad Contractor for the equipment installation.
- H. Issue written notification of the following tasks and allow five (5) days for Engineer to respond and schedule an inspection as required:
  - 1. Upon completion of underground raceways installation and prior to covering up.
  - 2. Upon completion of installing all raceways, labeling all j-boxes and prior to suspended ceiling installation.
  - 3. Upon completion of pulling all wiring, making all terminations, labeling and color-coding wires at the panelboards/switchboards and prior to installing their covers.
  - 4. When ready to request manufacturer's start-up of each piece of equipment.
  - 5. When ready to conduct complete Intrusion Detection demonstration.
  - 6. When ready for Substantial Completion Inspection.
  - 7. When ready for Final Inspection.
- I. Failure to issue written notification may result in work having to be redone to allow for proper inspection. It is this contractor's responsibility to make sure Engineer receives notification.

### 1.5 UTILITIES

- 1. Coordinate with power, water, telephone, cable and gas utilities to locate all utilities prior to digging in any area.
- 2. Obtain any approvals required from utilities to relocate utilities.
- 3. Cost of relocating or bypassing utilities indicated on drawings shall be included in Base Bid.
- 4. Coordinate with utility for electrical service. Base bid shall include all costs associated with service connection, including permit fees.

### 1.6 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

## SECTION 260010 - SUMMARY OF ELECTRICAL WORK

- A. Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - 1. Owner Occupancy: Allow for Owner occupancy and use by the public.
  - 2. Driveways and Entrances: Keep driveways and entrances serving the premises, clear and available to the Owner, the Owner's employees, and emergency vehicles at all time. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
- B. Site Safety: Take every precaution to ensure the site does not present a threat to the safety of occupants and/or workers. Minimal safety requirements include, but are not limited to the following:
  - 1. Temporary fencing around construction areas.
  - 2. Yellow caution tape and construction barricades along open trenches during the day. Trenches shall be covered at night and warning lights provided on construction barricades.
  - 3. Temporary fencing around equipment while site work is in progress.
- C. Work shall take place with minimal disruption to Owner's operations in areas surrounding the job site.

### 1.7 SUBMITTALS -Special Requirements

- A. Manufacturer's standard dimensioned drawings, performance and product data shall be edited to delete reference to equipment, features, or information, which is not applicable to the equipment being supplied for this project. Including Bill or List of Materials.
- B. Faxes and copies of faxes are not acceptable.
- C. Electrical Submittals shall be submitted electronically. **Please organize the files as noted below** (PDF format - searchable). Files would need to be properly identified (cover letter, stamped, etc.) from the general contractor.

#### 1. Miscellaneous Electrical – Submittal #1

- a. 260519 Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables
- b. 260526 Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems
- c. 260529 Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems
- d. 260533 Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems
- e. 260553 Identification for Electrical Systems
- f. 260544 Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling
- g. 262726 Wiring Devices
- h. 260850 Hand Dryer

#### 2. Electrical Gear Submittal #2

- a. 262416 Panelboards
- b. 262813 Fuses
- c. 262816 Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers

#### 3. Light Fixtures Submittal #3

- a. 265116 Interior Lighting

## SECTION 260010 - SUMMARY OF ELECTRICAL WORK

- b. 265219 Emergency and Exit Lighting
- c. 265613 Lighting Poles and Standards
- d. 265621 Exterior Lighting
- e. 260923 Light Control Devices

- 4. Special Systems: **Submittal #4**
  - a. 267240 Intrusion and Access Control System
- 5. Electrical Commissioning **Submittal #5**
  - a. 260800 Commissioning for Electrical Systems
- E. Individual submittals shall not be reviewed until a complete package is received.
- F. Allow two weeks for initial submittal review by Engineer, from the day it is received at the Engineer's office.
- G. Allow one week for review of resubmittals by Engineer.
- H. All submittal review comments shall be forwarded by Engineer to Architect, who will then distribute as per Division 1.

### 1.8 SCHEDULE OF VALUES -Special Requirements

- A. Electrical Contractor shall submit a Schedule of Values reflecting the total value of Electrical Work in the Contract and broken down into the following items as a minimum, with a line item for Materials/Equipment and another for Labor.

#### ELECTRICAL

- 1. Electrical gear.
- 2. Raceways including wiring.
- 3. Interior Light fixtures
- 4. Exterior light fixtures
- 5. Wiring devices.
- 6. Intrusion and Access Control System
- 7. Commissioning
- 8. Allowances.
- 9. Miscellaneous.
- 10. Administrative and project management.

### 1.9 CODE COMPLIANCE:

The design for this project is based on:

- 1. Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA)
- 2. National Electric Code (NEC)
- 3. National Fire Code
- 4. International Building Code
- 5. UL 916
- 6. Local ordinances

END OF SECTION 260010



## SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Building wires and cables rated 600 V and less.
  - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Member Company of NETA or an NRTL.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Manufacturer:
  - 1. Senator Wire & Cable Company.
  - 2. Southwire Company.
  - 3. Encore Wire
- B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658.
- C. Conductor Insulation: Comply with NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658 for Type THHN/THWN-2, Type XHHW-2 and Type SO.

## SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- D. Multiconductor Cable: Comply with UL 1569 and NEMA WC 70/ICEA S-95-658 for metal-clad cable, Type MC with ground wire.

### 2.2 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

- A. Manufacturers:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
  - 2. AMP Incorporated/Tyco International.
  - 3. Hubbell/Anderson.
  - 4. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
  - 5. 3M Company; Electrical Products Division.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.

### 2.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

- A. Feeders: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
- B. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger, except VFC cable, which shall be extra flexible stranded.

### 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- B. Feeders Concealed in Ceilings, Walls and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- C. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- D. Exposed Branch Circuits: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- E. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

## SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- F. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and underground: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.
- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, which will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

### 3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings than unspliced conductors.
  - 1. Use oxide inhibitor in each splice, termination, and tap for aluminum conductors.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 6 inches of slack.

### 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

## SECTION 260519 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

### 3.6 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

### 3.7 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Apply firestopping to electrical penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies to restore original fire-resistance rating of assembly according to Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

### 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
  - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test service entrance and feeder conductors for compliance with requirements.
  - 2. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 3. Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each splice in conductors No. 3 AWG and larger. Remove box and equipment covers so splices are accessible to portable scanner. Correct deficiencies determined during the scan.
    - a. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each splice 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
    - b. Instrument: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
    - c. Record of Infrared Scanning: Prepare a certified report that identifies splices checked and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
- B. Test and Inspection Reports: Prepare a written report to record the following:
  - 1. Procedures used.
  - 2. Results that comply with requirements.
  - 3. Results that do not comply with requirements and corrective action taken to achieve compliance with requirements.
- C. Cables will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

END OF SECTION 260519

## SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes grounding and bonding systems and equipment.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. As-Built Data: Plans showing dimensioned as-built locations of grounding features specified in "Field Quality Control" Article.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For grounding to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
  - 1. In addition to items specified in Section "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
    - a. Instructions for periodic testing and inspection of grounding features at ground rings and grounding connections for separately derived systems based on and NFPA 70B.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

## SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: tinned-copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
  - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B 3.
  - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B 8.
  - 3. Tinned Conductors: ASTM B 33.
  - 4. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
  - 5. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
  - 6. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
  - 7. Tinned Bonding Jumper: Tinned-copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.
- C. Grounding Bus: Predrilled rectangular bars of annealed copper, 1/4 by 4 inches in cross section, with 9/32-inch holes spaced 1-1/8 inches apart. Stand-off insulators for mounting shall comply with UL 891 for use in switchboards, 600 V and shall be Lexan or PVC, impulse tested at 5000 V.

#### 2.2 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- B. Bolted Connectors for Conductors and Pipes: Copper or copper alloy.
- C. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.
- D. Bus-Bar Connectors: Mechanical type, cast silicon bronze, solderless **exothermic**-type wire terminals, and long-barrel, two-bolt connection to ground bus bar.

#### 2.3 GROUNDING ELECTRODES

- A. Ground Rods: Copper-clad; 3/4 inch by 10 feet.

## SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 APPLICATIONS

- A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 10 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 8 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Underground Grounding Conductors: Install bare tinned copper conductor, No. 2/0 AWG minimum.
  - 1. Bury at least 24 inches below grade.
  - 2. Duct-Bank Grounding Conductor: Bury 12 inches above duct bank when indicated as part of duct-bank installation.
- C. Grounding Bus: Install in electrical equipment rooms, in rooms housing service equipment, and elsewhere as indicated.
  - 1. Install bus horizontally, on insulated spacers 2 inches minimum from wall, 6 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Where indicated on both sides of doorways, route bus up to top of door frame, across top of doorway, and down; connect to horizontal bus.
- D. Conductor Terminations and Connections:
  - 1. Pipe and Equipment Grounding Conductor Terminations: Bolted connectors.
  - 2. Underground Connections: Welded connectors except at test wells and as otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Connections to Ground Rods at Test Wells: Bolted connectors.
  - 4. Connections to Structural Steel: Welded connectors.

#### 3.2 GROUNDING AT THE SERVICE

- A. Equipment grounding conductors and grounding electrode conductors shall be connected to the ground bus. Install a main bonding jumper between the neutral and ground buses.

#### 3.3 GROUNDING SEPARATELY DERIVED SYSTEMS

- A. Generator: Install grounding electrode(s) at the generator location. The electrode shall be connected to the equipment grounding conductor and to the frame of the generator.

#### 3.4 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with the following items, in addition to those required by NFPA 70:
  - 1. Feeders and branch circuits.

## SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

2. Lighting circuits.
  3. Receptacle circuits.
  4. Single-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
  5. Three-phase motor and appliance branch circuits.
  6. Flexible raceway runs.
  7. Metal-clad cable runs.
  8. Busway Supply Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor from grounding bus in the distribution panel to equipment grounding bar terminal on busway.
- C. Water Heater and Heat-Tracing Cables: Install a separate insulated equipment grounding conductor to each electric water heater and heat-tracing cable. Bond conductor to heater units, piping, connected equipment, and components.

### 3.5 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Ground Rods: Drive rods until tops are 2 inches below finished floor or final grade unless otherwise indicated.
1. Interconnect ground rods with grounding electrode conductor below grade and as otherwise indicated. Make connections without exposing steel or damaging coating if any.
  2. For grounding electrode system, install at least three rods spaced at least one-rod length from each other and located at least the same distance from other grounding electrodes, and connect to the service grounding electrode conductor.
- C. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
  2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
  3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.
- D. Grounding and Bonding for Piping:
1. Metal Water Service Pipe: Install insulated copper grounding conductors, in conduit, from building's main service equipment, or grounding bus, to main metal water service entrances to building. Connect grounding conductors to main metal water service pipes; use a bolted clamp connector or bolt a lug-type connector to a pipe flange by using one of the lug bolts of the flange. Where a dielectric main water fitting is installed, connect grounding conductor on street side of fitting. Bond metal grounding conductor conduit or sleeve to conductor at each end.
  2. Water Meter Piping: Use braided-type bonding jumpers to electrically bypass water meters. Connect to pipe with a bolted connector.



## SECTION 260526 - GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

3. Bond each aboveground portion of gas piping system downstream from equipment shutoff valve.

### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

#### A. Tests and Inspections:

1. After installing grounding system but before permanent electrical circuits have been energized, test for compliance with requirements.
2. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.
3. Test completed grounding system at each location where a maximum ground-resistance level is specified, at service disconnect enclosure grounding terminal, at individual ground rods. Make tests at ground rods before any conductors are connected.
  - a. Measure ground resistance no fewer than two full days after last trace of precipitation and without soil being moistened by any means other than natural drainage or seepage and without chemical treatment or other artificial means of reducing natural ground resistance.
  - b. Perform tests by fall-of-potential method according to IEEE 81.
4. Prepare dimensioned Drawings locating each, ground rod and ground-rod assembly, and other grounding electrodes. Identify each by letter in alphabetical order, and key to the record of tests and observations. Include the number of rods driven and their depth at each location, and include observations of weather and other phenomena that may affect test results. Describe measures taken to improve test results.

B. Grounding system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

D. Report measured ground resistances that exceed the following values:

1. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 kVA and less: 10 ohms.
2. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity of 500 to 1000 kVA: 5 ohms.
3. Power and Lighting Equipment or System with Capacity More Than 1000 kVA: 3 ohms.
4. Power Distribution Units or Panelboards Serving Electronic Equipment: 3 ohm(s).
5. Manhole Grounds: 10 ohms.

E. Excessive Ground Resistance: If resistance to ground exceeds specified values, notify Architect promptly and include recommendations to reduce ground resistance.

END OF SECTION 260526

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems.
  - 2. Construction requirements for concrete bases.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for the following:
    - a. Hangers.
    - b. Steel slotted support systems.
    - c. Nonmetallic support systems.
    - d. Trapeze hangers.
    - e. Clamps.
    - f. Turnbuckles.
    - g. Sockets.
    - h. Eye nuts.
    - i. Saddles.
    - j. Brackets.
  - 2. Include rated capacities and furnished specialties and accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For fabrication and installation details for electrical hangers and support systems.
  - 1. Trapeze hangers. Include product data for components.
  - 2. Steel slotted-channel systems.
  - 3. Nonmetallic slotted-channel systems.
  - 4. Equipment supports.

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plan(s) and other details, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Suspended ceiling components.
  - 2. Structural members to which hangers and supports will be attached.
  - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 4. Items penetrating finished ceiling, including the following:
    - a. Lighting fixtures.
    - b. Access panels.
- B. Welding certificates.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
  - 1. Flame Rating: Class 1.
  - 2. Self-extinguishing according to ASTM D 635.

### 2.2 SUPPORT, ANCHORAGE, AND ATTACHMENT COMPONENTS

- A. Steel Slotted Support Systems: Comply with MFMA-4 factory-fabricated components for field assembly.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allied Tube & Conduit.
    - b. Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
    - c. ERICO International Corporation.
    - d. GS Metals Corp.
    - e. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
    - f. Unistrut; Tyco International, Ltd.
    - g. Wesanco, Inc.

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

2. Material: Plain steel.
  3. Channel Width: 1-1/4 inches.
  4. Metallic Coatings: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and applied according to MFMA-4.
  5. Nonmetallic Coatings: Manufacturer's standard PVC, polyurethane, or polyester coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  6. Painted Coatings: Manufacturer's standard painted coating applied according to MFMA-4.
  7. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
  8. Channel Dimensions: Selected for applicable load criteria.
- B. Conduit and Cable Support Devices: Steel hangers, clamps, and associated fittings, designed for types and sizes of raceway or cable to be supported.
- C. Support for Conductors in Vertical Conduit: Factory-fabricated assembly consisting of threaded body and insulating wedging plug or plugs for nonarmored electrical conductors or cables in riser conduits. Plugs shall have number, size, and shape of conductor gripping pieces as required to suit individual conductors or cables supported. Body shall be made of malleable iron.
- D. Structural Steel for Fabricated Supports and Restraints: ASTM A 36/A 36M steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- E. Mounting, Anchoring, and Attachment Components: Items for fastening electrical items or their supports to building surfaces include the following:
1. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, steel, or wood, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
    - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
      - 1) Hilti Inc.
      - 2) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
      - 3) MKT Fastening, LLC.
      - 4) Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.; Masterset Fastening Systems Unit.
  2. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type, zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, with tension, shear, and pullout capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
    - a. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
      - 1) Cooper B-Line, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
      - 2) Empire Tool and Manufacturing Co., Inc.
      - 3) Hilti Inc.
      - 4) ITW Ramset/Red Head; a division of Illinois Tool Works, Inc.
      - 5) MKT Fastening, LLC
  3. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units are similar to MSS Type 18 units and comply with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
    - a. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58 units are suitable for attached structural element.

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- b. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- c. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- d. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel.
- e. Concrete Inserts: Steel or malleable-iron, slotted support system units similar to MSS Type 18; complying with MFMA-4 or MSS SP-58.
- f. Clamps for Attachment to Steel Structural Elements: MSS SP-58, type suitable for attached structural element.
- g. Through Bolts: Structural type, hex head, and high strength. Comply with ASTM A 325.
- h. Toggle Bolts: All-steel springhead type.
- i. Hanger Rods: Threaded steel

### 2.3 FABRICATED METAL EQUIPMENT SUPPORT ASSEMBLIES

- A. Description: Welded or bolted structural-steel shapes, shop or field fabricated to fit dimensions of supported equipment.
- B. Materials: Comply with requirements in Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for steel shapes and plates.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for application of hangers and supports for electrical equipment and systems unless requirements in this Section are stricter.
- B. Comply with requirements for raceways and boxes specified in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems."
- C. Maximum Support Spacing and Minimum Hanger Rod Size for Raceway: Space supports for EMTs and RMCs as scheduled in NECA 1, where its Table 1 lists maximum spacings that are less than those stated in] NFPA 70. Minimum rod size shall be 1/4 inch in diameter.
- D. Multiple Raceways or Cables: Install trapeze-type supports fabricated with steel slotted support system, sized so capacity can be increased by at least 25 percent in future without exceeding specified design load limits.
  - 1. Secure raceways and cables to these supports with two-bolt conduit clamps.
- E. Spring-steel clamps designed for supporting single conduits without bolts may be used for 1-1/2-inch and smaller raceways serving branch circuits and communication systems above suspended ceilings and for fastening raceways to trapeze supports.

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 3.2 SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except as specified in this article.
- B. Raceway Support Methods: In addition to methods described in NECA 1, EMTs, and RMCs may be supported by openings through structure members, according to NFPA 70.
- C. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.
- D. Mounting and Anchorage of Surface-Mounted Equipment and Components: Anchor and fasten electrical items and their supports to building structural elements by the following methods unless otherwise indicated by code:
  - 1. To Wood: Fasten with lag screws or through bolts.
  - 2. To New Concrete: Bolt to concrete inserts.
  - 3. To Masonry: Approved toggle-type bolts on hollow masonry units and expansion anchor fasteners on solid masonry units.
  - 4. To Existing Concrete: Expansion anchor fasteners.
  - 5. Instead of expansion anchors, powder-actuated driven threaded studs provided with lock washers and nuts may be used in existing standard-weight concrete 4 inches thick or greater. Do not use for anchorage to lightweight-aggregate concrete or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
  - 6. To Steel: Spring-tension clamps.
  - 7. To Light Steel: Sheet metal screws.
  - 8. Items Mounted on Hollow Walls and Nonstructural Building Surfaces: Mount cabinets, panelboards, disconnect switches, control enclosures, pull and junction boxes, transformers, and other devices on slotted-channel racks attached to substrate.
- E. Drill holes for expansion anchors in concrete at locations and to depths that avoid the need for reinforcing bars.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF FABRICATED METAL SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with installation requirements in Architectural Section "Metal Fabrications" for site-fabricated metal supports.
- B. Cut, fit, and place miscellaneous metal supports accurately in location, alignment, and elevation to support and anchor electrical materials and equipment.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M.

## SECTION 260529 - HANGERS AND SUPPORTS FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 3.4 CONCRETE BASES

- A. Construct concrete bases of dimensions indicated but not less than 4 inches larger in both directions than supported unit, and so anchors will be a minimum of 10 bolt diameters from edge of the base.
- B. Use 3000-psi, 28-day compressive-strength concrete. Concrete materials, reinforcement, and placement requirements are specified in Sections "Cast-in-Place Concrete" or "Miscellaneous Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- C. Anchor equipment to concrete base as follows:
  - 1. Place and secure anchorage devices. Use supported equipment manufacturer's setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 2. Install anchor bolts to elevations required for proper attachment to supported equipment.
  - 3. Install anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt manufacturer's written instructions.

### 3.5 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded areas of shop paint. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Comply with requirements in Sections "Exterior Painting", "Interior Painting" and "High-Performance Coatings" for cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint on miscellaneous metal.
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780.

END OF SECTION 260529

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
  - 2. Nonmetal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
  - 3. Metal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
  - 4. Nonmetal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
  - 5. Surface raceways.
  - 6. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.
  - 7. Handholes and boxes for exterior underground cabling.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GRC: Galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- B. IMC: Intermediate metal conduit.
- C. EMT: Electrical metallic tubing.
- D. FMC: Flexible metal conduit.
- E. LFMC: Liquidtight flexible metal conduit.
- F. LFNC: Liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.
- G. RNC: Rigid nonmetallic conduit.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
- B. Shop Drawings: For custom enclosures and cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.



## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Conduit routing plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of items involved:
  - 1. Structural members in paths of conduit groups with common supports.
  - 2. HVAC and plumbing items and architectural features in paths of conduit groups with common supports.
- B. Source quality-control reports.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 METAL CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
  - 2. Alflex Inc.
  - 3. Allied Tube & Conduit; a Tyco International Ltd. Co.
  - 4. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
  - 5. Electri-Flex Co.
  - 6. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
  - 7. Maverick Tube Corporation.
  - 8. O-Z Gedney; a unit of General Signal.
  - 9. Wheatland Tube Company.
  - 10. Hylsa
- B. Listing and Labeling: Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. GRC: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
- D. PVC-Coated Steel Conduit: PVC-coated rigid steel conduit.
  - 1. Comply with NEMA RN 1.
  - 2. Coating Thickness: 0.040 inch, minimum.
- E. EMT: Comply with ANSI C80.3 and UL 797.
- F. FMC: Comply with UL 1; steel.
- G. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360.
- H. Fittings for Metal Conduit: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514B.
  - 1. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 886 and NFPA 70.
  - 2. Fittings for EMT:

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- a. Material: Steel (Zinc is not acceptable).
  - b. Type: set-screw.
- 3. Expansion Fittings: PVC or steel to match conduit type, complying with UL 651, rated for environmental conditions where installed, and including flexible external bonding jumper.
  - 4. Coating for Fittings for PVC-Coated Conduit: Minimum thickness of 0.040 inch, with overlapping sleeves protecting threaded joints.
- I. Joint Compound for GRC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.

### 2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
  - 2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.; Anaconda Metal Hose.
  - 3. Arco Corporation.
  - 4. CANTEX Inc.
  - 5. CertainTeed Corp.; Pipe & Plastics Group.
  - 6. Condux International, Inc.
  - 7. ElecSYS, Inc.
  - 8. Electri-Flex Co.
  - 9. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
  - 10. Manhattan/CDT/Cole-Flex.
  - 11. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
  - 12. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- B. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. RNC: Type EPC-40-PVC complying with NEMA TC 2 and UL 651 unless otherwise indicated.
- D. LFNC: Comply with UL 1660.
- E. RTRC: Comply with UL 1684A and NEMA TC 14.
- F. Fittings for and RNC: Comply with NEMA TC 3; match to conduit or tubing type and material.
- G. Fittings for LFNC: Comply with UL 514B.

### 2.3 METAL WIREWAYS AND AUXILIARY GUTTERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

1. Cooper B-Line, Inc.
  2. Hoffman.
  3. Square D; Schneider Electric.
- B. Description: Sheet metal, complying with UL 870 and NEMA 250, Type 1 or Type 3R unless otherwise indicated, and sized according to NFPA 70.
1. Metal wireways installed outdoors shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Fittings and Accessories: Include covers, couplings, offsets, elbows, expansion joints, adapters, hold-down straps, end caps, and other fittings to match and mate with wireways as required for complete system.
- D. Wireway Covers: Hinged type unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Finish: Manufacturer's standard enamel finish.

### 2.4 SURFACE RACEWAYS

- A. Listing and Labeling: Surface raceways and tele-power poles shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Surface Metal Raceways: Galvanized steel with snap-on covers complying with UL 5. Manufacturer's standard enamel finish in color selected by Architect.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
    - b. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
    - c. Wiremold Company (The); Electrical Sales Division.
    - d. Panduit.

### 2.5 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
1. Cooper Crouse-Hinds; Div. of Cooper Industries, Inc.
  2. EGS/Appleton Electric.
  3. Erickson Electrical Equipment Company.
  4. Hoffman.
  5. Hubbell Incorporated; Killark Electric Manufacturing Co. Division.
  6. O-Z/Gedney; a unit of General Signal.
  7. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
  8. Robroy Industries, Inc.; Enclosure Division.
  9. Spring City Electrical Manufacturing Company.

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

10. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
  11. Walker Systems, Inc.; Wiremold Company (The).
- B. General Requirements for Boxes, Enclosures, and Cabinets: Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets installed in wet locations shall be listed for use in wet locations.
  - C. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1 and UL 514A.
  - D. Cast-Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1, aluminum, Type FD, with gasketed cover.
  - E. Luminaire Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of luminaire weighing 50 lb. Outlet boxes designed for attachment of luminaires weighing more than 50 lb shall be listed and marked for the maximum allowable weight.
  - F. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
  - G. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 1773, cast aluminum with gasketed cover.
  - H. Box extensions used to accommodate new building finishes shall be of same material as recessed box.
  - I. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches by 2-1/8 inches by 2-1/8 inches deep.
  - J. Gangable boxes are allowed as long as permitted by the NEC.
  - K. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: Comply with UL 50 and NEMA 250, Type 1 for indoor applications and Type 3R (stainless steel) outdoor with continuous-hinge cover with flush latch unless otherwise indicated.
    1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
    2. Nonmetallic Enclosures: Fiberglass.
    3. Interior Panels: Steel; all sides finished with manufacturer's standard enamel.
  - L. Cabinets:
    1. NEMA 250, Type 1, Type 3R galvanized-steel or 4XSS box with removable interior panel and removable front, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.
    2. Hinged door in front cover with flush latch and concealed hinge.
    3. Key latch to match panelboards.
    4. Metal barriers to separate wiring of different systems and voltage.
    5. Accessory feet where required for freestanding equipment.
    6. Nonmetallic cabinets shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

### 2.6 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING

- A. General Requirements for Handholes and Boxes:

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

1. Boxes and handholes for use in underground systems shall be designed and identified as defined in NFPA 70, for intended location and application.
  2. Boxes installed in wet areas shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Polymer-Concrete Handholes and Boxes with Polymer-Concrete Cover: Molded of sand and aggregate, bound together with polymer resin, and reinforced with steel, fiberglass, or a combination of the two.
1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  2. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Armorcast Products Company.
    - b. Carson Industries LLC.
    - c. CDR Systems Corporation.
    - d. NewBasis.
  3. Standard: Comply with SCTE 77.
  4. Configuration: Designed for flush burial with open bottom unless otherwise indicated.
  5. Cover: Weatherproof, secured by tamper-resistant locking devices and having structural load rating consistent with enclosure and handhole location.
  6. Cover Finish: Nonskid finish shall have a minimum coefficient of friction of 0.50.
  7. Cover Legend: Molded lettering, "ELECTRIC".
  8. Conduit Entrance Provisions: Conduit-terminating fittings shall mate with entering ducts for secure, fixed installation in enclosure wall.
  9. Handholes 18 Inches Wide by 24 Inches Long and Larger: Have inserts for cable racks and pulling-in irons installed before concrete is poured.

### 2.7 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
1. Tests of materials shall be performed by an independent testing agency.
  2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
  3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012 and traceable to NIST standards.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
1. Exposed Conduit: GRC.
  2. Concealed Conduit, Aboveground: GRC.

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3. Underground Conduit: RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC.
4. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
5. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R as noted on plans.

### B. Indoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:

1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
2. Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: GRC.
3. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT
4. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
5. Damp or Wet Locations: GRC.
6. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4 stainless steel in institutional and commercial kitchens and damp or wet locations.

### C. Minimum Raceway Size: 1/2-inch trade size.

### D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.

1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings listed for use with this type of conduit. Patch and seal all joints, nicks, and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer and apply in thickness and number of coats recommended by manufacturer.
3. EMT: Use setscrew steel fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
4. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.

### E. Install nonferrous conduit or tubing for circuits operating above 60 Hz. Where aluminum raceways are installed for such circuits and pass through concrete, install in nonmetallic sleeve.

### F. Do not install aluminum conduits, boxes, or fittings in contact with concrete or earth.

### G. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.

### H. Do not install nonmetallic conduit where ambient temperature exceeds 120 deg F.

## 3.2 INSTALLATION

### A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.

### B. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.

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- C. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- E. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- F. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches of changes in direction.
- G. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- H. Support conduit within 12 inches of enclosures to which attached.
- I. Raceways Embedded in Slabs:
  - 1. Run conduit larger than 1-inch trade size, parallel or at right angles to main reinforcement. Where at right angles to reinforcement, place conduit close to slab support. Secure raceways to reinforcement at maximum 10-foot intervals.
  - 2. Arrange raceways to cross building expansion joints at right angles with expansion fittings.
  - 3. Arrange raceways to keep a minimum of 2 inches of concrete cover in all directions.
  - 4. Do not embed threadless fittings in concrete unless specifically approved by Architect for each specific location.
  - 5. Change from RNC, Type EPC-40-PVC TO EMT or GRC before rising above floor.
- J. Stub-ups to Above Recessed Ceilings:
  - 1. Use EMT for raceways.
  - 2. Use a conduit bushing or insulated fitting to terminate stub-ups not terminated in hubs or in an enclosure.
- K. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- L. Coat field-cut threads on PVC-coated raceway with a corrosion-preventing conductive compound prior to assembly.
- M. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- N. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- O. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.

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- P. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.
- Q. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.
- R. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.
- S. Surface Raceways:
  - 1. Install surface raceway with a minimum 2-inch radius control at bend points.
  - 2. Secure surface raceway with screws or other anchor-type devices at intervals not exceeding 48 inches and with no less than two supports per straight raceway section. Support surface raceway according to manufacturer's written instructions. Tape and glue are not acceptable support methods.
- T. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings according to NFPA 70.
- U. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
  - 1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
  - 2. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
  - 3. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- V. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding RNC and fittings.
- W. Expansion-Joint Fittings:
  - 1. Install in each run of aboveground RNC that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 30 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 25 feet. Install in each run of aboveground RMC conduit that is located where environmental temperature change may exceed 100 deg F and that has straight-run length that exceeds 100 feet.
  - 2. Install type and quantity of fittings that accommodate temperature change listed for each of the following locations:
    - a. Outdoor Locations Not Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 125 deg F temperature change.
    - b. Outdoor Locations Exposed to Direct Sunlight: 155 deg F temperature change.
    - c. Indoor Spaces Connected with Outdoors without Physical Separation: 125 deg F temperature change.
    - d. Attics: 135 deg F.



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3. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.00041 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for PVC conduits. Install fitting(s) that provide expansion and contraction for at least 0.000078 inch per foot of length of straight run per deg F of temperature change for metal conduits.
  4. Install expansion fittings at all locations where conduits cross building or structure expansion joints.
  5. Install each expansion-joint fitting with position, mounting, and piston setting selected according to manufacturer's written instructions for conditions at specific location at time of installation. Install conduit supports to allow for expansion movement.
- X. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 72 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed luminaires, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.
1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
  2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.
- Y. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to center of box unless otherwise indicated.
- Z. Recessed Boxes in Masonry Walls: Saw-cut opening for box in center of cell of masonry block, and install box flush with surface of wall. Prepare block surfaces to provide a flat surface for a raintight connection between box and cover plate or supported equipment and box.
- AA. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.
- BB. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- CC. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- DD. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND CONDUIT

- A. Direct-Buried Conduit:
1. Excavate trench bottom to provide firm and uniform support for conduit. Prepare trench bottom as specified in Division 3 for pipe less than 6 inches in nominal diameter.
  2. Install backfill as specified in Division 3."
  3. After installing conduit, backfill and compact. Start at tie-in point, and work toward end of conduit run, leaving conduit at end of run free to move with expansion and contraction as temperature changes during this process. Firmly hand tamp backfill around conduit to provide maximum supporting strength. After placing controlled backfill to within 12 inches of finished grade, make final conduit connection at end of run and complete backfilling with normal compaction as specified in Division 3."

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

4. Install manufactured duct elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor unless otherwise indicated. Encase elbows for stub-up ducts throughout length of elbow.
5. Install manufactured rigid steel conduit elbows for stub-ups at poles and equipment and at building entrances through floor.
  - a. Couple steel conduits to ducts with adapters designed for this purpose, and encase coupling with 3 inches of concrete for a minimum of 12 inches on each side of the coupling.
  - b. For stub-ups at equipment mounted on outdoor concrete bases and where conduits penetrate building foundations, extend steel conduit horizontally a minimum of 60 inches from edge of foundation or equipment base. Install insulated grounding bushings on terminations at equipment.
6. Warning Planks: Bury warning planks approximately 12 inches above direct-buried conduits but a minimum of 6 inches below grade. Align planks along centerline of conduit.
7. Underground Warning Tape: Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

### 3.4 INSTALLATION OF UNDERGROUND HANDHOLES AND BOXES

- A. Install handholes and boxes level and plumb and with orientation and depth coordinated with connecting conduits to minimize bends and deflections required for proper entrances.
- B. Unless otherwise indicated, support units on a level bed of crushed stone or gravel, graded from 1/2-inch sieve to No. 4 sieve and compacted to same density as adjacent undisturbed earth.
- C. Elevation: In paved areas, set so cover surface will be flush with finished grade. Set covers of other enclosures 1 inch above finished grade.
- D. Install handholes with bottom below frost line, below grade.
- E. Install removable hardware, including pulling eyes, cable stanchions, cable arms, and insulators, as required for installation and support of cables and conductors and as indicated. Select arm lengths to be long enough to provide spare space for future cables but short enough to preserve adequate working clearances in enclosure.
- F. Field-cut openings for conduits according to enclosure manufacturer's written instructions. Cut wall of enclosure with a tool designed for material to be cut. Size holes for terminating fittings to be used, and seal around penetrations after fittings are installed.

### 3.5 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 260544 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

## SECTION 260533 - RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 3.6 FIRESTOPPING

- A. Install firestopping at penetrations of fire-rated floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping."

### 3.7 PROTECTION

- A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.
  - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
  - 2. Repair damage to PVC coatings or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 260533

## SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

- 1. Sleeves for raceway and cable penetration of non-fire-rated construction walls and floors.
- 2. Sleeve-seal systems.
- 3. Sleeve-seal fittings.
- 4. Grout.
- 5. Silicone sealants.

- B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for penetration firestopping installed in fire-resistance-rated walls, horizontal assemblies, and smoke barriers, with and without penetrating items.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SLEEVES

- A. Wall Sleeves:

- 1. Steel Pipe Sleeves: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Type E, Grade B, Schedule 40, zinc coated, plain ends.
- 2. Cast-Iron Pipe Sleeves: Cast or fabricated "wall pipe," equivalent to ductile-iron pressure pipe, with plain ends and integral waterstop unless otherwise indicated.

- B. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Assemblies: Galvanized-steel sheet; 0.0239-inch minimum thickness; round tube closed with welded longitudinal joint, with tabs for screw-fastening the sleeve to the board.

- C. PVC-Pipe Sleeves: ASTM D 1785, Schedule 40.

## SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

- D. Molded-PVC Sleeves: With nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- E. Molded-PE or -PP Sleeves: Removable, tapered-cup shaped, and smooth outer surface with nailing flange for attaching to wooden forms.
- F. Sleeves for Rectangular Openings:
  - 1. Material: Galvanized sheet steel.
  - 2. Minimum Metal Thickness:
    - a. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter less than 50 inches and with no side larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.052 inch.
    - b. For sleeve cross-section rectangle perimeter 50 inches or more and one or more sides larger than 16 inches, thickness shall be 0.138 inch.

### 2.2 SLEEVE-SEAL SYSTEMS

- A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Advance Products & Systems, Inc.
    - b. Calpico, Inc.
    - c. Metraflex Co.
    - d. Pipeline Seal and Insulator, Inc.
  - 2. Sealing Elements: Nitrile (Buna N rubber interlocking links shaped to fit surface of pipe. Include type and number required for pipe material and size of pipe.
  - 3. Pressure Plates: Carbon steel.
  - 4. Connecting Bolts and Nuts: [Carbon steel, with corrosion-resistant coating,] of length required to secure pressure plates to sealing elements.

### 2.3 SLEEVE-SEAL FITTINGS

- A. Description: Manufactured plastic, sleeve-type, waterstop assembly made for embedding in concrete slab or wall. Unit shall have plastic or rubber waterstop collar with center opening to match piping OD.

### 2.4 GROUT

- A. Description: Nonshrink; recommended for interior and exterior sealing openings in non-fire-rated walls or floors.
- B. Standard: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, Grade B, post-hardening and volume-adjusting, dry, hydraulic-cement grout.
- C. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

## SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

- D. Packaging: Premixed and factory packaged.

### 2.5 SILICONE SEALANTS

- A. Silicone Sealants: Single-component, silicone-based, neutral-curing elastomeric sealants of grade indicated below.
  - 1. Grade: Pourable (self-leveling) formulation for openings in floors and other horizontal surfaces that are not fire rated.
  - 2. Sealant shall have VOC content of 150 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
  - 3. Sealant shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."
- B. Silicone Foams: Multicomponent, silicone-based liquid elastomers that, when mixed, expand and cure in place to produce a flexible, nonshrinking foam.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 SLEEVE INSTALLATION FOR NON-FIRE-RATED ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Comply with NEMA VE 2 for cable tray and cable penetrations.
- C. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Above-Grade Non-Fire-Rated Concrete and Masonry-Unit Floors and Walls:
  - 1. Interior Penetrations of Non-Fire-Rated Walls and Floors:
    - a. Seal annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable, using joint sealant appropriate for size, depth, and location of joint. Comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
    - b. Seal space outside of sleeves with mortar or grout. Pack sealing material solidly between sleeve and wall so no voids remain. Tool exposed surfaces smooth; protect material while curing.
  - 2. Use pipe sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
  - 3. Size pipe sleeves to provide 1/4-inch annular clear space between sleeve and raceway or cable unless sleeve seal is to be installed.
  - 4. Install sleeves for wall penetrations unless core-drilled holes or formed openings are used. Install sleeves during erection of walls. Cut sleeves to length for mounting flush with both surfaces of walls. Deburr after cutting.
  - 5. Install sleeves for floor penetrations. Extend sleeves installed in floors 2 inches above finished floor level. Install sleeves during erection of floors.

## SECTION 260544 - SLEEVES AND SLEEVE SEALS FOR ELECTRICAL RACEWAYS AND CABLING

- D. Sleeves for Conduits Penetrating Non-Fire-Rated Gypsum Board Assemblies:
  - 1. Use circular metal sleeves unless penetration arrangement requires rectangular sleeved opening.
  - 2. Seal space outside of sleeves with approved joint compound for gypsum board assemblies.
- E. Roof-Penetration Sleeves: Seal penetration of individual raceways and cables with flexible boot-type flashing units applied in coordination with roofing work.
- F. Aboveground, Exterior-Wall Penetrations: Seal penetrations using steel pipe sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals. Select sleeve size to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between pipe and sleeve for installing mechanical sleeve seals.
- G. Underground, Exterior-Wall and Floor Penetrations: Install cast-iron pipe sleeves. Size sleeves to allow for 1-inch annular clear space between raceway or cable and sleeve for installing sleeve-seal system.

### 3.2 SLEEVE-SEAL-SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal systems in sleeves in exterior concrete walls and slabs-on-grade at raceway entries into building.
- B. Install type and number of sealing elements recommended by manufacturer for raceway or cable material and size. Position raceway or cable in center of sleeve. Assemble mechanical sleeve seals and install in annular space between raceway or cable and sleeve. Tighten bolts against pressure plates that cause sealing elements to expand and make watertight seal.

### 3.3 SLEEVE-SEAL-FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install sleeve-seal fittings in new walls and slabs as they are constructed.
- B. Assemble fitting components of length to be flush with both surfaces of concrete slabs and walls. Position waterstop flange to be centered in concrete slab or wall.
- C. Secure nailing flanges to concrete forms.
- D. Using grout, seal the space around outside of sleeve-seal fittings.

END OF SECTION 260544

## SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
1. Identification for raceways.
  2. Identification of power and control cables.
  3. Identification for conductors.
  4. Underground-line warning tape.
  5. Warning labels and signs.
  6. Instruction signs.
  7. Equipment identification labels.
  8. Miscellaneous identification products.

#### 1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each electrical identification product indicated.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
- E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 POWER AND CONTROL RACEWAY IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway size.
- B. Colors for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less:
1. Black letters on an orange field.
  2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.



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- C. Vinyl Labels for Raceways Carrying Circuits at 600 V or Less: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.

### 2.2 ARMORED AND METAL-CLAD CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each cable size.
- B. Colors for Cables Carrying Circuits at 600 V and Less:
  - 1. Black letters on an orange field.
  - 2. Legend: Indicate voltage and system or service type.
- C. Vinyl Labels: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.
- D. Self-Adhesive Vinyl Tape: Colored, heavy duty, waterproof, fade resistant; 2 inches wide; compounded for outdoor use.
- E. Heat-Shrink Preprinted Tubes: Flame-retardant polyolefin tube with machine-printed identification label. Sized to suit diameter of and shrinks to fit firmly around cable it identifies. Full shrink recovery at a maximum of 200 deg F. Comply with UL 224.

### 2.3 POWER AND CONTROL CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.
- B. Vinyl Labels: Preprinted, flexible label laminated with a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant coating and matching wraparound clear adhesive tape for securing ends of legend label.
- C. Self-Adhesive, Self-Laminating Polyester Labels: Preprinted, 3-mil thick flexible label with acrylic pressure-sensitive adhesive that provides a clear, weather- and chemical-resistant, self-laminating, protective shield over the legend. Labels sized to fit the cable diameter such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
- D. Heat-Shrink Preprinted Tubes: Flame-retardant polyolefin tube with machine-printed identification label. Sized to suit diameter of and shrinks to fit firmly around cable it identifies. Full shrink recovery at a maximum of 200 deg F. Comply with UL 224.
- E. Snap-Around Labels: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeve, with diameter sized to suit diameter of cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.
- F. Snap-Around, Color-Coding Bands: Slit, pretensioned, flexible, solid-colored acrylic sleeve, 2 inches long, with diameter sized to suit diameter of cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.

## SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 2.4 CONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils thick by 1 to 2 inches wide.
- B. Self-Adhesive, Self-Laminating Polyester Labels: Preprinted, 3-mil- thick flexible label with acrylic pressure-sensitive adhesive that provides a clear, weather- and chemical- resistant, self-laminating, protective shield over the legend. Labels sized to fit the conductor diameter such that the clear shield overlaps the entire printed legend.
- C. Heat-Shrink Preprinted Tubes: Flame-retardant polyolefin tube with machine-printed identification label. Sized to suit diameter of and shrinks to fit firmly around conductor it identifies. Full shrink recovery at a maximum of 200 deg F. Comply with UL 224.
- D. Marker Tapes: Vinyl or vinyl-cloth, self-adhesive wraparound type, with circuit identification legend machine printed by thermal transfer or equivalent process.

### 2.5 WARNING LABELS AND SIGNS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- B. Self-Adhesive Warning Labels: Factory-printed, multicolor, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Baked-Enamel Warning Signs:
  - 1. Preprinted aluminum signs, punched or drilled for fasteners, with colors, legend, and size required for application.
  - 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
  - 3. Nominal size, 7 by 10 inches.
- D. Metal-Backed, Butyrate Warning Signs:
  - 1. Weather-resistant, nonfading, preprinted, cellulose-acetate butyrate signs with 0.0396-inch galvanized-steel backing; and with colors, legend, and size required for application.
  - 2. 1/4-inch grommets in corners for mounting.
  - 3. Nominal size, 10 by 14 inches.
- E. Warning label and sign shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
  - 1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER - ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD - EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
  - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING - OSHA REGULATION - AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES."

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### 2.6 INSTRUCTION SIGNS

- A. Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic, minimum 1/16 inch thick for signs up to 20 sq. inches and 1/8 inch thick for larger sizes.
  - 1. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
  - 2. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.
  - 3. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.
- B. Adhesive Film Label: Machine printed, in black, by thermal transfer or equivalent process. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.
- C. Adhesive Film Label with Clear Protective Overlay: Machine printed, in black, by thermal transfer or equivalent process. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch. Overlay shall provide a weatherproof and UV-resistant seal for label.

### 2.7 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

- A. Adhesive Film Label with Clear Protective Overlay: Machine printed, in black, by thermal transfer or equivalent process. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch. Overlay shall provide a weatherproof and UV-resistant seal for label.
- B. Self-Adhesive, Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Adhesive backed, with white letters on a dark-gray background. Minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch.
- C. Stenciled Legend: In nonfading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch.

### 2.8 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Paint: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Select paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).
- B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
- B. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.

## SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- C. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before application, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification device.
- D. Attach signs and plastic labels that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
- E. Attach plastic raceway and cable labels that are not self-adhesive type with clear vinyl tape with adhesive appropriate to the location and substrate.
- F. System Identification Color-Coding Bands for Raceways and Cables: Each color-coding band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, at penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot maximum intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot maximum intervals in congested areas.
- G. Underground-Line Detectable Warning Tape: During backfilling of trenches install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above line at 6 to 8 inches below finished grade. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench or concrete envelope exceeds 16 inches overall.
- H. Painted Identification: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for surface preparation and paint application.

### 3.2 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

- A. Accessible Raceways and Metal-Clad Cables, 600 V or Less, for Service, Feeder, and Branch Circuits More Than 30 A, and 120 V to ground: Install labels at 30-foot maximum intervals.
- B. Accessible Raceways and Cables within Buildings: Identify the covers of each junction and pull box of the following systems with self-adhesive vinyl labels with the wiring system legend and system voltage. System legends shall be as follows:
  - 1. Emergency Power.
  - 2. Power.
  - 3. Security System
  - 4. Mechanical and Electrical Supervisory System
- C. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification: For secondary conductors No. 1/0 AWG and larger in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes use color-coding conductor tape. Identify source and circuit number of each set of conductors. For single conductor cables, identify phase in addition to the above.
- D. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, 600 V or Less: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use color-coding conductor tape to identify the phase.
  - 1. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service feeder and branch-circuit conductors.

## SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- a. Color shall be factory applied or field applied for sizes larger than No. 8 AWG, if authorities having jurisdiction permit.
  - b. Colors for 208/120-V Circuits:
    - 1) Phase A: Black.
    - 2) Phase B: Red.
    - 3) Phase C: Blue.
  - c. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- E. Install instructional sign including the color-code for grounded and ungrounded conductors using adhesive-film-type labels.
- F. Control-Circuit Conductor Identification: For conductors and cables in pull and junction boxes, manholes, and handholes, use write-on tags with the conductor or cable designation, origin, and destination.
- G. Control-Circuit Conductor Termination Identification: For identification at terminations provide heat-shrink preprinted tubes with the conductor designation.
- H. Conductors to Be Extended in the Future: Attach write-on tags to conductors and list source.
- I. Auxiliary Electrical Systems Conductor Identification: Identify field-installed alarm, control, and signal connections.
1. Identify conductors, cables, and terminals in enclosures and at junctions, terminals, and pull points. Identify by system and circuit designation.
  2. Use system of marker tape designations that is uniform and consistent with system used by manufacturer for factory-installed connections.
  3. Coordinate identification with Project Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual.
- J. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with underground-line detectable warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical fiber cable.
1. Limit use of underground-line warning tape to direct-buried cables.
  2. Install underground-line warning tape for both direct-buried cables and cables in raceway.
- K. Workspace Indication: Install floor marking tape to show working clearances in the direction of access to live parts. Workspace shall be as required by NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1926.403 unless otherwise indicated. Do not install at flush-mounted panelboards and similar equipment in finished spaces.
- L. Warning Labels for Indoor Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Self-adhesive warning labels.

## SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

1. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145.
  2. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background.
  3. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
  4. For equipment with multiple power or control sources, apply to door or cover of equipment including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Power transfer switches.
    - b. Controls with external control power connections.
- M. Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs to facilitate proper operation and maintenance of electrical systems and items to which they connect. Install instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation.
- N. Emergency Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs with white legend on a red background with minimum 3/8-inch- high letters for emergency instructions at equipment used for power transfer and load shedding.
- O. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, central or master units, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets, and racks of each system. Systems include power, lighting, control, communication, signal, monitoring, and alarm systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.
1. Labeling Instructions:
    - a. Indoor Equipment: Unless otherwise indicated, provide a single line of text with 1/2-inch- high letters on 1-1/2-inch- high label; where two lines of text are required, use labels 2 inches high.
    - b. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label Stenciled legend 4 inches high.
    - c. Elevated Components: Increase sizes of labels and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
    - d. Unless provided with self-adhesive means of attachment, fasten labels with appropriate mechanical fasteners that do not change the NEMA or NRTL rating of the enclosure.
  2. Equipment to Be Labeled:
    - a. Panelboards, electrical cabinets, and enclosures.
    - b. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.
    - c. Disconnect switches.
    - d. Security and intrusion-detection control stations, control panels, terminal cabinets, and racks.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

Verify identity of each item before installing identification products.

SECTION 260553 - IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

END OF SECTION 260553

## SECTION 260800 - COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes commissioning process requirements for the following MEP systems, assemblies, and equipment:
  - 1. Electrical lighting and lighting controls.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 019113 "General Commissioning Requirements" for general commissioning process requirements and Commissioning Coordinator responsibilities.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Refer to Section 019113 "General Commissioning Requirements" for additional definitions and assignment of responsibilities.

#### 1.4 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Refer to Section 019113 "General Commissioning Requirements".
- B. Perform commissioning tests at the direction of the CxA.
- C. Attend construction phase controls coordination meeting.
- D. Participate in electrical systems, assemblies, equipment, and component maintenance orientation and inspection.
- E. Provide information requested by the CxA for final commissioning documentation.
- F. Provide measuring instruments and logging devices to record test data, and provide data acquisition equipment to record data for complete range of testing for the required test period.
- G. Provide Project-specific construction checklists and commissioning process test procedures for actual electrical systems, assemblies, equipment, and components to be furnished and installed as part of the construction contract.
- H. Direct and coordinate commissioning testing among subcontractors, suppliers, and vendors.



## SECTION 260800 - COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- I. Verify testing and adjusting of Work are complete.
- J. Provide test data, inspection reports, and certificates in Systems Manual.

### 1.5 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

- A. Provide the following information to the CxA for inclusion in the commissioning plan:
  - 1. Plan for delivery and review of systems manuals, and other documents and reports.
  - 2. Identification of installed systems, assemblies, equipment, and components including design changes that occurred during the construction phase.
  - 3. Process and schedule for completing construction checklists and manufacturer's pre-start and startup checklists for electrical systems, assemblies, equipment, and components to be verified and tested.
  - 4. Certificate of completion certifying that installation, pre-start checks, and startup procedures have been completed.
  - 5. Certificate of readiness certifying that electrical systems, subsystems, equipment, and associated controls are ready for testing.
  - 6. Test and inspection reports and certificates.
  - 7. Corrective action documents.

### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Construction Checklists: See related Sections for technical requirements, and generate construction checklists for the following:
  - 1. Revise list of construction checklists below to suit Project. Coordinate list with appropriate related Sections' content. Below are examples of common construction checklists.
  - 2. Electrical lighting and lighting control systems.
- B. Certificates of readiness.
- C. Certificates of completion of installation, pre-start, and startup activities.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Refer to Section 019113 "General Commissioning Requirements".

## SECTION 260800 - COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 3.2 SYSTEMS READINESS CHECKLISTS

- A. Construction Checklists: Assist CxA in the preparation of detailed Systems Readiness checklists for systems, subsystems, equipment, and components.
  - 1. Contributors to the development of checklists shall include, but are not limited to:
    - a. Systems and equipment installers.
    - b. Electrical and lighting technicians.
    - c. Lighting controls installers.
- B. Contractor shall conduct Systems Readiness Testing to document compliance with installation and Systems Readiness checklists prepared by Commissioning Authority for Division-26 items.
- C. Refer to Section 019113 "General Commissioning Requirements" for issues relating to Systems Readiness checklists and testing, description of process, details on non-conformance issues relating to pre-functional checklists and test.
- D. Contractor shall participate in Pre-Functional testing activities to document electrical work associated with mechanical and plumbing systems.

### 3.3 SYSTEM START-UP

- A. Contractor is solely responsible for system start-up. CxA may, at his discretion, witness start up procedures, but will not perform any Functional Testing of systems until Contractor has completed start-up and resolved all operating deficiencies.

### 3.4 TESTING PREPARATION

- A. Certify that electrical systems, subsystems, and equipment have been installed, calibrated, and started and are operating according to the Contract Documents.
- B. Certify that electrical instrumentation and control systems have been completed and calibrated, that they are operating according to the Contract Documents and approved Shop Drawings and submittals, and that pretest set points have been recorded.
- C. Set systems, subsystems, and equipment into operating mode to be tested according to approved test procedures (e.g., normal shutdown, normal auto position, normal manual position, unoccupied cycle, and alarm conditions).
- D. Inspect and verify the position of each device and interlocks identified on checklists.
- E. Check safety cutouts, alarms, and interlocks with smoke control and life-safety systems during each mode of operation.
- F. Testing Instrumentation: Install measuring instruments and logging devices to record test data as required.

## SECTION 260800 - COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

### 3.5 GENERAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. Provide technicians, instrumentation, and tools to perform commissioning test at the direction of the CxA.
- B. Test all operating modes, interlocks, control responses, and responses to abnormal or emergency conditions, and verify proper response of automation system controllers and sensors.
- C. Tests will be performed using design conditions whenever possible.
- D. Simulated conditions may need to be imposed using an artificial load when it is not practical to test under design conditions. Before simulating conditions, calibrate testing instruments. Provide equipment to simulate loads. Set simulated conditions as directed by the Contracting Officer and document simulated conditions and methods of simulation. After tests, return settings to normal operating conditions.
- E. The CxA may direct that set points be altered when simulating conditions is not practical.
- F. The CxA may direct that sensor values be altered with a signal generator when design or simulating conditions and altering set points are not practical.
- G. If tests cannot be completed because of a deficiency outside the scope of the electrical system, document the deficiency and report it to the Owner. After deficiencies are resolved, reschedule tests.
- H. If the testing plan indicates specific seasonal testing, complete appropriate initial performance tests and documentation and schedule seasonal tests.

### 3.6 FUNCTIONAL TEST PROCEDURES FOR SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- A. General
  - 1. The following paragraphs outline the functional test procedures for the various Div. 26 items to be commissioned. Functional testing will take place only after System Readiness checklists have been completed, equipment has been started-up, and Contractor has certified that systems are ready for functional testing.
  - 2. All systems controlled via the Building Automation System shall have all control points and sequences tested by Controls Contractor prior to requesting testing by CX Authority.

### 3.7 COMMISSIONING TESTS

- A. Lighting Systems:
  - 1. Light Fixtures: Verify all lamps work without flicker.
  - 2. Light Switches: Verify switches control lights per design
  - 3. Lighting Controls: Verify Schedule and/or photocell controls
- B. Customized system readiness checklists and function testing requirements will be released after the submittal review phase.

SECTION 260800 - COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

3.8 TRAINING AND O&M MANUALS

- A. Refer to Div. 26 specifications.

END OF SECTION 260800

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Distribution panelboards.
  - 2. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.
  - 3. Load centers.
  - 4. Engraved nameplates for each circuit breaker on Power Panelboards

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. ATS: Acceptance testing specification.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. GFEP: Ground-fault equipment protection.
- D. HID: High-intensity discharge.
- E. MCCB: Molded-case circuit breaker.
- F. SPD: Surge protective device.
- G. VPR: Voltage protection rating.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard.
  - 1. Include materials, switching and overcurrent protective devices, SPDs, accessories, and components indicated.
  - 2. Include dimensions and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
  - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details.
  - 2. Show tabulations of installed devices with nameplates, conductor termination sizes, equipment features, and ratings.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

3. Detail enclosure types including mounting and anchorage, environmental protection, knockouts, corner treatments, covers and doors, gaskets, hinges, and locks.
4. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
5. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.
6. Include evidence of NRTL listing for series rating of installed devices.
7. Include evidence of NRTL listing for SPD as installed in panelboard.
8. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices and auxiliary components.
9. Include wiring diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
10. Key interlock scheme drawing and sequence of operations.
11. Include time-current coordination curves for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device included in panelboards. Submit on translucent log-log graft paper; include selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device. Include an Internet link for electronic access to downloadable PDF of the coordination curves.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Panelboard Schedules: For installation in panelboards. Submit final versions after load balancing.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For panelboards and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
  1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting overcurrent protective devices.
  2. Time-current curves, including selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device that allows adjustments.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  1. Keys: Two spares for each type of panelboard cabinet lock.
  2. Circuit Breakers Including GFCI and GFEP Types: Two spares for each panelboard.
  3. Fuses for Fused Switches: Equal to 10 percent of quantity installed for each size and type, but no fewer than three of each size and type.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: ISO 9001 or 9002 certified.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

### 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Remove loose packing and flammable materials from inside panelboards; install temporary electric heating (250 W per panelboard) to prevent condensation.
- B. Handle and prepare panelboards for installation according to NEMA PB 1.

### 1.10 FIELD CONDITIONS

#### A. Environmental Limitations:

- 1. Do not deliver or install panelboards until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, work above panelboards is complete, and temporary HVAC system is operating and maintaining ambient temperature and humidity conditions at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- 2. Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
  - a. Ambient Temperature: Not exceeding 23 deg F to plus 104 deg F.
  - b. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.

#### B. Service Conditions: NEMA PB 1, usual service conditions, as follows:

- 1. Ambient temperatures within limits specified.
- 2. Altitude not exceeding 6600 feet.

#### C. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:

- 1. Notify Architect no fewer than 7 days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
- 2. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Architect's, Construction Manager's and Owner's written permission.
- 3. Comply with NFPA 70E.

### 1.11 WARRANTY

#### A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace panelboards that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

- 1. Panelboard Warranty Period: 18 months from date of Substantial Completion.

#### B. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace SPD that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

- 1. SPD Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Square D Co.
  - 2. Eaton Corporation.
  - 1. Siemens
  - 2. General Electric ABB

#### 2.2 PANELBOARDS COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fabricate and test panelboards according to IEEE 344 to withstand seismic forces defined in Section 260548.16 "Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- B. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for panelboards including clearances between panelboards and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- C. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.
- F. Enclosures: Flush and Surface-mounted, dead-front cabinets.
  - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
    - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
    - b. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
  - 2. Height: 84 inches maximum.
  - 3. Front: Secured to box with concealed trim clamps. For surface-mounted fronts, match box dimensions; for flush-mounted fronts, overlap box. Trims shall cover all live parts and shall have no exposed hardware.
  - 4. Hinged Front Cover: Entire front trim hinged to box and with standard door within hinged trim cover. Trims shall cover all live parts and shall have no exposed hardware.
  - 5. Skirt for Surface-Mounted Panelboards: Same gage and finish as panelboard front with flanges for attachment to panelboard, wall, and ceiling or floor.
  - 6. Gutter Extension and Barrier: Same gage and finish as panelboard enclosure; integral with enclosure body. Arrange to isolate individual panel sections.
  - 7. Finishes:



## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

- a. Panels and Trim: Steel, factory finished immediately after cleaning and pretreating with manufacturer's standard two-coat, baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat.
  - b. Back Boxes: Same finish as panels and trim.
- G. Incoming Mains:
1. Location: coordinated on the field by the electrical contractor.
  2. Main Breaker: Main lug interiors up to 400 amperes shall be field convertible to main breaker.
- H. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses:
1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
    - a. Plating shall run entire length of bus.
    - b. Bus shall be fully rated the entire length.
  2. Interiors shall be factory assembled into a unit. Replacing switching and protective devices shall not disturb adjacent units or require removing the main bus connectors.
  3. Equipment Ground Bus: Adequate for feeder and branch-circuit equipment grounding conductors; bonded to box.
  4. Full-Sized Neutral: Equipped with full-capacity bonding strap for service entrance applications. Mount electrically isolated from enclosure. Do not mount neutral bus in gutter.
  5. Split Bus: Vertical buses divided into individual vertical sections.
- I. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
  2. Terminations shall allow use of 75 deg C rated conductors without derating.
  3. Size: Lugs suitable for indicated conductor sizes, with additional gutter space, if required, for larger conductors.
  4. Main and Neutral Lugs: Mechanical type, with a lug on the neutral bar for each pole in the panelboard.
  5. Ground Lugs and Bus-Configured Terminators: Mechanical type, with a lug on the bar for each pole in the panelboard.
  6. Gutter-Tap Lugs: Mechanical type suitable for use with conductor material and with matching insulating covers. Locate at same end of bus as incoming lugs or main device.
- J. NRTL Label: Panelboards or load centers shall be labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authority having jurisdiction for use as service equipment with one or more main service disconnecting and overcurrent protective devices. Panelboards or load centers shall have meter enclosures, wiring, connections, and other provisions for utility metering. Coordinate with utility company for exact requirements.
- K. Future Devices: Panelboards or load centers shall have mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
1. Percentage of Future Space Capacity: Ten percent.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

- L. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals. Assembly listed by an NRTL for 100 percent interrupting capacity.
  - 1. Panelboards and overcurrent protective devices rated 240 V or less shall have short-circuit ratings as shown on Drawings, but not less than 10,000 A rms symmetrical.
  - 2. Panelboards and overcurrent protective devices rated above 240 V and less than 600 V shall have short-circuit ratings as shown on Drawings, but not less than 14,000 A rms symmetrical.

### 2.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surge Suppression: Factory installed as an integral part of indicated panelboards, complying with UL 1449 SPD Type 1 or Type 2 (as noted on plans).

### 2.4 POWER PANELBOARDS

- A. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, distribution type.
- B. Doors: Secured with vault-type latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.
  - 1. For doors more than 36 inches high, provide two latches, keyed alike.
- C. Mains: Circuit breaker or Lugs only (as noted on plans).
- D. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices for Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes 125 A and Smaller: Bolt-on circuit breakers.
- E. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices for Circuit-Breaker Frame Sizes Larger Than 125 A: Bolt-on circuit breakers.

### 2.5 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- B. Mains: Circuit breaker or Lugs only (as noted on plans).
- C. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Plug-in circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.
- D. Doors: Concealed hinges; secured with flush latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike.
- E. Doors: Door-in-door construction with concealed hinges; secured with multipoint latch with tumbler lock; keyed alike. Outer door shall permit full access to the panel interior. Inner door shall permit access to breaker operating handles and labeling, but current carrying terminals and bus shall remain concealed.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

### 2.6 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

#### A. MCCB: Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.

1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers:
  - a. Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads.
  - b. Instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits.
  - c. Adjustable magnetic trip setting for circuit-breaker frame sizes 250 A and larger.
2. Adjustable Instantaneous-Trip Circuit Breakers: Magnetic trip element with front-mounted, field-adjustable trip setting.
3. GFCI Circuit Breakers: Single- and double-pole configurations with Class A ground-fault protection (6-mA trip).
4. GFEP Circuit Breakers: Class B ground-fault protection (30-mA trip).
5. Subfeed Circuit Breakers: Vertically mounted.
6. MCCB Features and Accessories:
  - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
  - b. Breaker handle indicates tripped status.
  - c. UL listed for reverse connection without restrictive line or load ratings.
  - d. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.
  - e. Application Listing: Appropriate for application; Type SWD for switching fluorescent lighting loads; Type HID for feeding fluorescent and HID lighting circuits.
  - f. Ground-Fault Protection: Integrally mounted relay and trip unit with adjustable pickup and time-delay settings, push-to-test feature, and ground-fault indicator.
  - g. Shunt Trip: 120-V trip coil energized from separate circuit, set to trip at 75 percent of rated voltage.
  - h. Undervoltage Trip: Set to operate at 35 to 75 percent of rated voltage without intentional with field-adjustable 0.1- to 0.6-second] time delay.
  - i. Rating Plugs: Three-pole breakers with ampere ratings greater than 150 amperes shall have interchangeable rating plugs or electronic adjustable trip units.
  - j. Auxiliary Contacts: Two, SPDT switches with "a" and "b" contacts; "a" contacts mimic circuit-breaker contacts and "b" contacts operate in reverse of circuit-breaker contacts.
  - k. Zone-Selective Interlocking: Integral with electronic trip unit; for interlocking ground-fault protection function with other upstream or downstream devices.
  - l. Multipole units enclosed in a factory assembled to operate as a single unit.
  - m. Handle Padlocking Device: Fixed attachment, for locking circuit-breaker handle in on or off position.
  - n. Handle Clamp: Loose attachment, for holding circuit-breaker handle in on position.

### 2.7 IDENTIFICATION

- #### A. Panelboard Label: Manufacturer's name and trademark, voltage, amperage, number of phases, and number of poles shall be located on the interior of the panelboard door.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

- B. Breaker Labels: Faceplate shall list current rating, UL and IEC certification standards, and AIC rating.
- C. Circuit Directory: Directory card inside panelboard door, mounted in metal frame with transparent protective cover.
  - 1. Circuit directory shall identify specific purpose with detail sufficient to distinguish it from all other circuits.
- D. Circuit Directory: Computer-generated circuit directory mounted inside panelboard door with transparent plastic protective cover.
  - 1. Circuit directory shall identify specific purpose with detail sufficient to distinguish it from all other circuits.

### 2.8 ACCESSORY COMPONENTS AND FEATURES

- A. Accessory Set: Include tools and miscellaneous items required for overcurrent protective device test, inspection, maintenance, and operation.
- B. Portable Test Set: For testing functions of solid-state trip devices without removing from panelboard. Include relay and meter test plugs suitable for testing panelboard meters and switchboard class relays.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify actual conditions with field measurements prior to ordering panelboards to verify that equipment fits in allocated space in, and comply with, minimum required clearances specified in NFPA 70.
- B. Receive, inspect, handle, and store panelboards according to NECA 407 and NEMA PB 1.1.
- C. Examine panelboards before installation. Reject panelboards that are damaged, rusted, or have been subjected to water saturation.
- D. Examine elements and surfaces to receive panelboards for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of panelboards and components with other construction that penetrates walls or is supported by them, including electrical and other types of equipment, raceways, piping, encumbrances to workspace clearance requirements, and adjacent surfaces.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

- B. Comply with NECA 1.
- C. Install panelboards and accessories according to NECA 407 and NEMA PB 1.1.
- D. Equipment Mounting:
  - 1. Install panelboards on cast-in-place concrete equipment base(s). Comply with requirements for equipment bases and foundations specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete." and or Section 033053 "Miscellaneous Cast-in-Place Concrete."
  - 2. Attach panelboard to the vertical finished or structural surface behind the panelboard.
- E. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from panelboards.
- F. Mount top of trim 90 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box.
- H. Mount recessed panelboards with fronts uniformly flush with wall finish and mating with back box.
- I. Mounting panelboards with space behind is recommended for damp, wet, or dirty locations. The steel slotted supports in the following paragraph provide an even mounting surface and the recommended space behind to prevent moisture or dirt collection.
- J. Mount surface-mounted panelboards to steel slotted supports 5/8 inch in depth. Orient steel slotted supports vertically.
- K. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers not already factory installed.
  - 1. Set field-adjustable, circuit-breaker trip ranges.
  - 2. Tighten bolted connections and circuit breaker connections using calibrated torque wrench or torque screwdriver per manufacturer's written instructions.
- L. Make grounding connections and bond neutral for services and separately derived systems to ground. Make connections to grounding electrodes, separate grounds for isolated ground bars, and connections to separate ground bars.
- M. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- N. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits from panelboard into accessible ceiling space or space designated to be ceiling space in the future. Stub four 1-inch empty conduits into raised floor space or below slab not on grade.
- O. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties after completing load balancing.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; install warning signs complying with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads after balancing panelboard loads; incorporate Owner's final room designations. Obtain approval before installing. Handwritten directories are not acceptable. Install directory inside panelboard door.
- C. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- D. [Device Nameplates: Label each branch circuit device in Power Panelboards with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."](#)
- E. Install warning signs complying with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems" identifying source of remote circuit.

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- B. Perform tests and inspections.
  - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- C. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
  - 1. Test insulation resistance for each panelboard bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
  - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- D. Tests and Inspections:
  - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test for low-voltage air circuit breakers and low-voltage surge arrestors stated in NETA ATS, Paragraph 7.6 Circuit Breakers and Paragraph 7.19.1 Surge Arrestors, Low-Voltage. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
  - 3. Perform the following infrared scan tests and inspections and prepare reports:
    - a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each panelboard. Remove front panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.

## SECTION 262416 - PANELBOARDS

- b. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each panelboard 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
- c. Instruments and Equipment:
  - 1) Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.

E. Panelboards will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

F. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies panelboards included and that describes scanning results, with comparisons of the two scans. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

A. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.

B. Set field-adjustable circuit-breaker trip ranges as specified in Section 260573 "Overcurrent Protective Device Coordination Study."

C. Load Balancing: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, measure load balancing and make circuit changes. Prior to making circuit changes to achieve load balancing, inform Architect of effect on phase color coding.

- 1. Measure loads during period of normal facility operations.
- 2. Perform circuit changes to achieve load balancing outside normal facility operation schedule or at times directed by the Architect. Avoid disrupting services such as fax machines and on-line data processing, computing, transmitting, and receiving equipment.
- 3. After changing circuits to achieve load balancing, recheck loads during normal facility operations. Record load readings before and after changing circuits to achieve load balancing.
- 4. Tolerance: Maximum difference between phase loads, within a panelboard, shall not exceed 20 percent.

### 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Temporary Heating: Prior to energizing panelboards, apply temporary heat to maintain temperature according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 262416

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Receptacles, receptacles with integral GFCI, and associated device plates.
  - 2. USB charger electrical outlet
  - 3. Tamper-resistant receptacles.
  - 4. Weather-resistant receptacles.
  - 5. Snap switches.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- B. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.

#### 1.4 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
  - 1. Receptacles for Owner-Furnished Equipment: Match plug configurations.
  - 2. Cord and Plug Sets: Match equipment requirements.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.



## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

### 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing-label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers' Names: Shortened versions (shown in parentheses) of the following manufacturers' names are used in other Part 2 articles:
  - 1. Cooper Wiring Devices; a division of Eaton.
  - 2. Wiring Device-Kellems; a division of Hubbell.
  - 3. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
  - 4. Pass & Seymour; a division of LeGrand.

### 2.2 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Devices that are manufactured for use with modular plug-in connectors may be substituted under the following conditions:
  - 1. Connectors shall comply with UL 2459 and shall be made with stranding building wire.
  - 2. Devices shall comply with the requirements in this Section.

### 2.3 STRAIGHT-BLADE RECEPTACLES

- A. Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498, and FS W-C-596.
- B. Tamper-Resistant Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498 Supplement sd, and FS W-C-596.
  - 1. Description: Labeled shall comply with NFPA 70, "Health Care Facilities" Article, "Pediatric Locations" Section.

### 2.4 GFCI RECEPTACLES

- A. General Description:
  - 1. Straight blade, feed-through type.
  - 2. Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6, UL 498, UL 943 Class A, and FS W-C-596.

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

3. Include indicator light that shows when the GFCI has malfunctioned and no longer provides proper GFCI protection.
- B. Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A:
- C. Tamper-Resistant GFCI Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A:
- D. Hospital-Grade, Duplex GFCI Convenience Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A: Comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-20R, UL 498 Supplement sd, and FS W-C-596.

### 2.5 CORD AND PLUG SETS

- A. Description:
  1. Match voltage and current ratings and number of conductors to requirements of equipment being connected.
  2. Cord: Rubber-insulated, stranded-copper conductors, with Type SOW-A jacket; with green-insulated grounding conductor and ampacity of at least 130 percent of the equipment rating.
  3. Plug: Nylon body and integral cable-clamping jaws. Match cord and receptacle type for connection.

### 2.6 TOGGLE SWITCHES

- A. Comply with NEMA WD 1, UL 20, and FS W-S-896.
- B. Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:
  1. Single Pole
  2. Two Pole
  3. Three Way
  4. Four Way
- C. Key-Operated Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:
  1. Description: Single pole, Corbin type with factory-supplied key in lieu of switch handle.
- D. Key-Operated, Single-Pole, Double-Throw, Momentary-Contact, Center-off Switches: 120/277 V, 20 A; for use with mechanically held lighting contactors, with factory-supplied key in lieu of switch handle.

### 2.7 WALL PLATES

- A. Single and combination types shall match corresponding wiring devices.
  1. Plate-Securing Screws: Tamper proof metal with head color to match plate finish.
  2. Material for Finished Spaces: Type 302 stainless steel, 0.04-inch thick.
  3. Material for Damp Locations: Cast aluminum with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in wet and damp locations.

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

- B. Wet-Location, Weatherproof Cover Plates: NEMA 250, complying with Type 3R, weather-resistant, die-cast aluminum with lockable cover.

### 2.8 FINISHES

- A. Device Color:
  - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: White or as selected by Architect unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
  - 1. Protect installed devices and their boxes. Do not place wall finish materials over device boxes and do not cut holes for boxes with routers that are guided by riding against outside of boxes.
  - 2. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
  - 3. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.
  - 4. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.
- C. Conductors:
  - 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until right before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
  - 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
  - 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
  - 4. Existing Conductors:
    - a. Cut back and pigtail, or replace all damaged conductors.
    - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
    - c. Pigtail existing conductors is permitted, provided the outlet box is large enough.
- D. Device Installation:
  - 1. Replace devices that have been in temporary use during construction and that were installed before building finishing operations were complete.

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, two-thirds to three-fourths of the way around terminal screw.
6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by manufacturer.
7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

### E. Receptacle Orientation:

1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles up, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
2. Install hospital-grade receptacles in patient-care areas with the ground pin or neutral blade at the top.

### F. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.

### G. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.

### H. Adjust locations of floor service outlets and service poles to suit arrangement of partitions and furnishings.

## 3.2 GFCI RECEPTACLES

- A. Install non-feed-through-type GFCI receptacles where protection of downstream receptacles is not required.

## 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each receptacle with panelboard identification and circuit number. Use hot, stamped, or engraved machine printing with black -filled lettering on face of plate, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

## SECTION 262726 - WIRING DEVICES

### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
  - 1. In healthcare facilities, prepare reports that comply with recommendations in NFPA 99.
  - 2. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
  - 3. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- B. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
  - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
  - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
  - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
  - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
  - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
  - 6. Tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions, remove malfunctioning units and replace with new ones, and retest as specified above.
- C. Test straight-blade convenience outlets in patient-care area and hospital-grade convenience outlets for the retention force of the grounding blade according to NFPA 99. Retention force shall be not less than 4 oz.
- D. Wiring device will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 262726

## SECTION 262813 - FUSES

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

- 1. Cartridge fuses rated 600 V ac and less for use in the following:
  - a. Enclosed switches.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for spare-fuse cabinets. Include the following for each fuse type indicated:

- 1. Ambient Temperature Adjustment Information: If ratings of fuses have been adjusted to accommodate ambient temperatures, provide list of fuses with adjusted ratings.
  - a. For each fuse having adjusted ratings, include location of fuse, original fuse rating, local ambient temperature, and adjusted fuse rating.
  - b. Provide manufacturer's technical data on which ambient temperature adjustment calculations are based.
- 2. Dimensions and manufacturer's technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, and ratings.
- 3. Current-limitation curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.
- 4. Time-current coordination curves (average melt) and current-limitation curves (instantaneous peak let-through current) for each type and rating of fuse. Submit in electronic format suitable for use in coordination software and in PDF format.
- 5. Coordination charts and tables and related data.
- 6. Fuse sizes for elevator feeders and elevator disconnect switches.

#### 1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fuses to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017700 "Closeout Procedures," and or Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:

- 1. Ambient temperature adjustment information.
- 2. Current-limitation curves for fuses with current-limiting characteristics.

## SECTION 262813 - FUSES

3. Time-current coordination curves (average melt) and current-limitation curves (instantaneous peak let-through current) for each type and rating of fuse used on the Project. Submit in PDF format.
4. Coordination charts and tables and related data.

### 1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Where ambient temperature to which fuses are directly exposed is less than 40 deg F or more than 100 deg F, apply manufacturer's ambient temperature adjustment factors to fuse ratings.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  1. Cooper Industries, Inc.; Bussmann Div.
  2. Mersen
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain fuses, for use within a specific product or circuit, from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 CARTRIDGE FUSES

- A. Characteristics: NEMA FU 1, current-limiting, nonrenewable cartridge fuses with voltage ratings consistent with circuit voltages.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with NEMA FU 1 for cartridge fuses.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70.
- E. Coordinate fuse ratings with utilization equipment nameplate limitations of maximum fuse size and with system short-circuit current levels.

### 2.3 FUSE COVER

- A. Fuse cover shall be BUSSMAN "SAMI"

## SECTION 262813 - FUSES

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine fuses before installation. Reject fuses that are moisture damaged or physically damaged.
- B. Examine holders to receive fuses for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance, such as rejection features.
- C. Examine utilization equipment nameplates and installation instructions. Install fuses of sizes and with characteristics appropriate for each piece of equipment.
- D. Evaluate ambient temperatures to determine if fuse rating adjustment factors must be applied to fuse ratings.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 FUSE APPLICATIONS

- A. Cartridge Fuses:
  - 1. Main Service: Class RK1, time delay, current limiting Bussman HI-CAP KRP-C.
  - 2. Main Feeders: Class RK1, time delay.
    - a. 250volts - Bussman LOW-PEAK LPN-RK dual element.
  - 3. Motor Branch Circuits: Class RK1, time delay.
    - a. 250volts - Bussman LOW-PEAK LPN-RK dual element.
  - 4. Other Branch Circuits: Class RK1, time delay.
  - 5. Provide open-fuse indicator fuses or fuse covers with open fuse indication.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fuses in fusible devices. Arrange fuses so rating information is readable without removing fuse.
- B. Install spare-fuse cabinet(s) in location shown on the Drawings or as indicated in the field by Architect.

#### 3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Install labels complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems" and indicating fuse replacement information inside of door of each fused switch and adjacent to each fuse block, socket, and holder.

END OF SECTION 262813



## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Fusible switches.
  - 2. Nonfusible switches.
  - 3. Enclosures.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. NC: Normally closed.
- B. NO: Normally open.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.
  - 1. Enclosure types and details for types other than NEMA 250, Type 1.
  - 2. Current and voltage ratings.
  - 3. Short-circuit current ratings (interrupting and withstand, as appropriate).
  - 4. Include evidence of NRTL listing for series rating of installed devices.
  - 5. Detail features, characteristics, ratings, and factory settings of individual overcurrent protective devices, accessories, and auxiliary components.
  - 6. Include time-current coordination curves (average melt) for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device; include selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device.
- B. Shop Drawings: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Wiring Diagrams: For power, signal, and control wiring.

## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified testing agency.
- B. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
  - 1. Basis for Certification: Indicate whether withstand certification is based on actual test of assembled components or on calculation.
  - 2. Dimensioned Outline Drawings of Equipment Unit: Identify center of gravity and locate and describe mounting and anchorage provisions.
  - 3. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- C. Field quality-control reports.
  - 1. Test procedures used.
  - 2. Test results that comply with requirements.
  - 3. Results of failed tests and corrective action taken to achieve test results that comply with requirements.
- D. Manufacturer's field service report.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For enclosed switches and circuit breakers to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's written instructions for testing and adjusting enclosed switches and circuit breakers.
  - 2. Time-current coordination curves (average melt) for each type and rating of overcurrent protective device; include selectable ranges for each type of overcurrent protective device. Submit on translucent log-log graph paper.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Fuse Pullers: Two for each size and type.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Member Company of NETA or an NRTL.
  - 1. Testing Agency's Field Supervisor: Currently certified by NETA to supervise on-site testing.

## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

- B. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single source from single manufacturer.
- C. Product Selection for Restricted Space: Drawings indicate maximum dimensions for enclosed switches and circuit breakers, including clearances between enclosures, and adjacent surfaces and other items. Comply with indicated maximum dimensions.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- E. Comply with NFPA 70.

### 1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Ambient Temperature: Not less than minus 22 deg F and not exceeding 104 deg F.
  - 2. Altitude: Not exceeding 6600 feet.
- B. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
  - 1. Notify Architect and or Construction Manager no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
  - 2. Indicate method of providing temporary electric service.
  - 3. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Architect's or Construction Manager's written permission.
  - 4. Comply with NFPA 70E.

### 1.10 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate layout and installation of switches, circuit breakers, and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Square D Co.
  - 2. Eaton Corporation.
  - 3. Siemens

## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

### 4. General Electric ABB

#### 2.2 FUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 240 or 600-V ac (as per connected voltage), 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, with clips or bolt pads to accommodate indicated fuses, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- B. Accessories:
  - 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
  - 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
  - 3. Hookstick Handle: Allows use of a hookstick to operate the handle.
  - 4. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.
  - 5. Service-Rated Switches: Labeled for use as service equipment.

#### 2.3 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

- A. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Single Throw, 240 or 600-V ac (as per connected voltage), 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.
- B. Accessories:
  - 1. Equipment Ground Kit: Internally mounted and labeled for copper and aluminum ground conductors.
  - 2. Neutral Kit: Internally mounted; insulated, capable of being grounded and bonded; labeled for copper and aluminum neutral conductors.
  - 3. Hookstick Handle: Allows use of a hookstick to operate the handle.
  - 4. Lugs: Mechanical type, suitable for number, size, and conductor material.

#### 2.4 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: NEMA AB 1, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
  - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
  - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.

## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine elements and surfaces to receive enclosed switches and circuit breakers for compliance with installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install individual wall-mounted switches and circuit breakers with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Comply with mounting and anchoring requirements specified in Section 260548.16 "Seismic Controls for Electrical Systems."
- C. Temporary Lifting Provisions: Remove temporary lifting eyes, channels, and brackets and temporary blocking of moving parts from enclosures and components.
- D. Install fuses in fusible devices.
- E. Comply with NECA 1.

#### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
  - 1. Identify field-installed conductors, interconnecting wiring, and components; provide warning signs.
  - 2. Label each enclosure with engraved metal or laminated-plastic nameplate.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
  - 1. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- B. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
  - 1. Test insulation resistance for each enclosed switch and circuit breaker, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
  - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- C. Tests and Inspections:

## SECTION 262816 - ENCLOSED SWITCHES AND CIRCUIT BREAKERS

1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
  3. Perform the following infrared scan tests and inspections and prepare reports:
    - a. Initial Infrared Scanning: After Substantial Completion, but not more than 60 days after Final Acceptance, perform an infrared scan of each enclosed switch and circuit breaker. Remove front panels so joints and connections are accessible to portable scanner.
    - b. Follow-up Infrared Scanning: Perform an additional follow-up infrared scan of each enclosed switch and circuit breaker 11 months after date of Substantial Completion.
    - c. Instruments and Equipment: Use an infrared scanning device designed to measure temperature or to detect significant deviations from normal values. Provide calibration record for device.
  4. Test and adjust controls, remote monitoring, and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Enclosed switches and circuit breakers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies enclosed switches and circuit breakers and that describes scanning results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust moving parts and operable components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Set field-adjustable circuit-breaker trip ranges as specified in Section 260573 "Overcurrent Protective Device Coordination Study."

END OF SECTION 262816

## SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

- 1. Interior LED luminaires and drivers.
- 2. Luminaire supports.

- B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 260923 "Lighting Control Devices" for automatic control of lighting, including time switches, photoelectric relays, occupancy sensors, and multipole lighting relays and contactors.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. BIM: Building information model.
- B. CAD: Computer-aided design.
- C. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- D. CRI: Color Rendering Index.
- E. LED: Light-emitting diode.
- F. Fixture: See "Luminaire."
- G. IP: International Protection or Ingress Protection Rating
- H. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- I. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Arrange in order of luminaire designation.
  - 2. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.

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3. Include physical description and dimensions of luminaires.
  4. Include life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy efficiency data.
  5. Include photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IESNA Lighting Measurements Testing and Calculation Guides, of each luminaire type. The adjustment factors shall be for lamps, ballasts, and accessories identical to those indicated for the luminaire as applied in this Project. For LED light fixtures the adjustment factors shall be for lamps and accessories identical to those indicated for the lighting fixture as applied in this Project IES LM-79 and IES LM-80
    - a. Retain or "Manufacturers' Certified Data" or "Testing Agency Certified Data" Subparagraph below. Retain first subparagraph if photometric data, based on testing by accredited manufacturers' laboratories, is considered adequate for luminaires in this Project. Retain second subparagraph if photometric data for one or more luminaires are based on independent laboratory tests; coordinate with the Interior Lighting Fixture Schedule on Drawings to indicate which units shall meet this requirement. See the Evaluations. Manufacturers' Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
    - b. Testing Agency Certified Data: For indicated luminaires, photometric data certified by a qualified independent testing agency. Photometric data for remaining luminaires shall be certified by manufacturer.
  6. Include documentation verifying light fixture efficiency by providing one of the following:
    - a. Screenshot of DLC website listing the light fixture. Can be found at <https://www.designlights.org>
    - b. Screenshot of Energy Star website listing the light fixture. Can be found at <https://www.energystar.gov>
    - c. Part efficiency documentation in the form of 3<sup>rd</sup> party certified lab tested LM-79 or LM-80 documents with additional supporting documents linking the part model to the light fixture model.
- B. Shop Drawings: For nonstandard or custom luminaires.
1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
  2. Include details of luminaire assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Product Schedule: For luminaires and lamps. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- D. Qualification Data: For testing laboratory providing photometric data for luminaires.
- E. Product Certificates: For each type of ballast for bi-level and dimmer-controlled luminaires, from manufacturer.
- F. Product Test Reports: For each luminaire, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.



## SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

- G. Sample warranty.

### 1.5 PRIOR APPROVAL SUBMITTAL REQUESTS

- A. Full submittal data , by type, clearly highlighted and arrowed to identify the specific proposed manufacturer's nomenclature
- B. Full submittal data of lamp and proposed manufacturer.
- C. Full submittal data of ballast/driver (LED) data of proposed manufacturer
- D. LED lumen data will include
  1. Lumen output
  2. L70 and L90 testing
  3. Confirmation of independent test lab data ITL
  4. Color temperature and CRI with quantity of McAdam Ellipse steps
    - a. Data shall include sphere and goniometer results for total lumen, total power, luminaire efficacy, CRI and junction temperature for the specified color temperature
  5. Make and brand of LED diode should be clearly identified on submittal data
- E. LED dimming shall be equal in range and quality to the specified drivers, Quality of dimming to be defined by dimming range, freedom from perceived flicker or visible stroboscopic flicker, smooth and continuous change in level (no visible steps in transitions), natural square law response to control input, and stable when input voltage conditions fluctuate over what is typically experience in a commercial environment.
- F. All substitutions must meet specified fixtures certifications (UL,ETL,CE,CSA, RoHS, DLC, Energy Star)
- G. Provide lighting calculations with the prior approval request based on reflectance values and light loss factors provided by the engineer and displayed on lighting calculation drawings. (may be unique by area) Calculations shall be shown on one sheet with dimensions as shown on construction set. Data will be submitted electronically in dxf format on a flash drive and with printed calculations on Architectural E size sheets to scale with construction set sheets.
  1. Discrepancies between prior approval data calculations and the original design calculations will result in immediate disqualification of review due to time based constraints on the bid process
- H. Prior approval request may require a sample of both the proposed and specified fixtures provided by the alternate manufacturer at NO additional cost to the project. Samples of both specified and proposed must be provided within 10 working days of request.
- I. All data will be submitted electronically and in a bound format
- J. Bound data will be secured in hard binder with 3" rings for ease of review or PDF file.
  1. Types will be marked with a tab by type and indexed for ease of reference

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- K. LED warranty information MUST be included by type and marked in RED to clearly identify the manufacturer's warranty terms. Warranty data MUST meet or exceed the specified manufacturers terms
- L. Prior approvals MUST be received and acknowledged to the specifier's office no less than 10 days prior to bid.
- M. ALL prior approval data must be submitted in one package with complete information. Information that is incomplete will be rejected without review.
- N. The prior approval will be returned marked approved or rejected by type with no explanation. If any specification is deemed not equal the review will be stopped, the type rejected with no explanation.
- O. Lumen output for the proposed fixture must be highlighted in yellow for clear identification.
- P. All inverter systems supply power to LED fixtures must have pure PWM sine wave function and work with any type of lighting load.
- Q. LED warranty information must be included by type and marked in red to clearly identify the manufacturer's warranty terms. Warranty data must meet or exceed the specified manufacturer's terms.

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires and lighting systems to include in maintenance manuals.
  - 1. Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project; use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 2. Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturer's laboratory is accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Provided by an independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is an NRTL as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products, and complying with the applicable IES testing standards.

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- A. LED luminaires
  - 1. Provide from a single manufacturer for each luminaire type.
  - 2. Each luminaire type shall be binned within a three-step MacAdam Ellipse to ensure color consistency among luminaires

### 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace (materials and labor) components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NRTL Compliance: Luminaires for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by an NRTL.
- C. FM Global Compliance: Luminaires for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by FM Global.
- D. UL Compliance: Comply with UL 1598.
- E. Lamp base complying with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- F. Recessed Luminaires: Comply with NEMA LE 4.
- G. EMI Filters: Factory installed to suppress conducted EMI according to MIL-STD-461E. Fabricate luminaires with one filter on each ballast indicated to require a filter.

### 2.2 EMERGENCY POWER UNIT

- A. Internal Type: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, factory mounted within luminaire body and compatible with ballast. Comply with UL 924.
  - 1. Emergency Connection: Operate LED's continuously. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to luminaire driver.

## SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

2. Test Push Button and Indicator Light: Visible and accessible without opening luminaire or entering ceiling space.
    - a. Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
    - b. Indicator Light: LED indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
  3. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
  4. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type with sealed power transfer relay.
  5. Remote Test: Switch in hand-held remote device aimed in direction of tested unit initiates coded infrared signal. Signal reception by factory-installed infrared receiver in tested unit triggers simulation of loss of its normal power supply, providing visual confirmation of either proper or failed emergency response.
  6. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates code-required test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.
- B. External Type: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, suitable for powering one or more fluorescent lamps, remote mounted from luminaire. Comply with UL 924.
1. Emergency Connection: Operate one fluorescent lamp continuously. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to luminaire ballast.
  2. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
  3. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type.
  4. Housing: NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure.
  5. Test Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
  6. LED Indicator Light: Indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
  7. Remote Test: Switch in hand-held remote device aimed in direction of tested unit initiates coded infrared signal. Signal reception by factory-installed infrared receiver in tested unit triggers simulation of loss of its normal power supply, providing visual confirmation of either proper or failed emergency response.
  8. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates code-required test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.

### 2.3 LED LIGHTING FIXTURES AND LED LAMPS

- A. All LED products must be UL, ETL and/or CSA listed
- B. All LED products must have LM-79 and LM-80 testing noted on specification sheet by an independent test lab
- C. All LED products should be identified as L70 and/or L90 ratings based on independent test lab data

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- D. All outdoor and wet location listed products must clearly state the IP rating carried on the fixture based on independent test lab data
- E. Bulb shape complying with ANSI C79.1.
- F. CRI of Minimum 80. CCT of 4100 K.
- G. Rated lamp life of **50,000** hours.
- H. Lamps dimmable from 100 percent to 0 percent of maximum light output.
- I. Nominal Operating Voltage: as noted on light fixture schedule.
- J. All LED products must be serviceable for accessible for field repair needs
- K. All indoor lighting color rendering should be within a 3 step McAdams ellipse. All indoor lighting should be 4000-4100 kelvin unless specifically noted
- L. All control systems that interface with an LED product will be supported by a project “integrator” until project completion. This includes contact with the installer prior to installation, availability during installation, and final checkout and startup after installation. The quantity of days required for startup will be based on the manufacturer/agents discretion and need.
  - 1. The project integrator must be capable of performing low voltage and dmx terminations. High voltage terminations are performed solely by the electrical subcontractor.
  - 2. Reporting of final startup completion of the controls system back to the engineer is mandatory.
  - 3. Invitation to attend the training with the owners representative should be made to the engineer no less than 5 days prior to training
  - 4. Signature confirmation of training and startup is required within 5 business days after completion back to the engineer’s office.
- M. All LED drivers should be capable of 0-10 volt controls and DMX control and shall dim to 1% of total lumen output. Where specifically specified the dimming driver may be required to dim to .1% of lumen output , otherwise known as “dim to dark”
- N. Driver manufacturers must have a 5 year history producing dimmable electronic LED drivers for the North American market.
- O. Ambient driver temperatures must be within -20 degrees to 50 degrees C (-4 degrees to 122 degrees F)
- P. Driver (internal) must limit inrush current.
  - 1. Base specification: meet or exceed NEMA 410 driver inrush standard of 430 amp per 10 amps load with a maximum of 370 amps/2 seconds
  - 2. Preferred specification : Meet or exceed 30ma’s at 277 VAC for up to 50 watts of load and 75A at 240us att 277 VAC for 100 watts of load
  - 3. Withstand up to a 1,000 volt surge without impairment of performance as defined by ANSI C62.41 Category A

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4. No visible change in light output with a variation of plus/minus 10percent line voltage input.
5. Total harmonic distortion less than 20%, and meet ANSI C82.11 maximum allowable THD requirements at full output. THD shall at no point in the dimming curve allow imbalance current to exceed full output THD

### 2.4 STRIP LIGHT

- A. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

### 2.5 SURFACE MOUNT, LINEAR

- A. Universal mounting bracket.
- B. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

### 2.6 SURFACE MOUNT, NONLINEAR

- A. Universal mounting bracket.
- B. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

### 2.7 SUSPENDED, LINEAR

- A. Ceiling mounted with two 5/32-inch diameter aircraft cable supports adjustable to 120 inches in length.

### 2.8 SUSPENDED, NONLINEAR

- A. Universal mounting bracket.
- B. Integral junction box with conduit fittings.

### 2.9 MATERIALS

- A. Metal Parts:
  1. Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
  2. Sheet metal components shall be steel unless otherwise indicated.
  3. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- B. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

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### C. Diffusers and Globes:

1. Tempered Fresnel glass, prismatic glass or prismatic acrylic, refer to light fixture schedule.
2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass unless otherwise indicated.
3. Acrylic Diffusers: One hundred percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
4. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.

### D. Housings:

1. Extruded-aluminum housing and heat sink or as noted on light fixture schedule.
2. Powder-coat finish.

### E. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598. Include recommended lamps. Locate labels where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when lamps are in place.

1. Label shall include the following lamp characteristics:
  - a. "USE ONLY" and include specific lamp type.
  - b. Lamp diameter, shape, size, wattage, and coating.
  - c. CCT and CRI for all luminaires.

## 2.10 METAL FINISHES

- A. Variations in finishes are unacceptable in the same piece. Variations in finishes of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and if they can be and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## 2.11 LUMINAIRE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Single-Stem Hangers: 1/2-inch steel tubing with swivel ball fittings and ceiling canopy. Finish shall match luminaire.
- C. Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, 12 gage.
- D. Rod Hangers: 3/16-inch minimum diameter, cadmium-plated, threaded steel rod.
- E. Hook Hangers: Integrated assembly matched to luminaire, line voltage, and equipment with threaded attachment, cord, and locking-type plug.

## SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire to verify actual locations of luminaire and electrical connections before fixture installation.
- C. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and ceilings for suitable conditions where luminaires will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

- A. If approved by the Architect, use selected permanent luminaires for temporary lighting. When construction is sufficiently complete, clean luminaires used for temporary lighting and install new lamps.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Remote Mounting of driver: Distance between the driver and luminaire shall not exceed that recommended by ballast manufacturer. Verify, with driver manufacturers, maximum distance between ballast and luminaire.
- C. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Coordinate layout and installation of luminaires and suspension system with other construction that penetrates ceilings or is supported by them.
- E. Supports:
  - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire weight.
  - 2. Able to maintain luminaire position after cleaning and relamping.
  - 3. Provide support for luminaire without causing deflection of ceiling or wall.
  - 4. Luminaire mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire weight and vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- F. Flush-Mounted Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Secured to outlet box.
  - 2. Attached to ceiling structural members at four points equally spaced around circumference of luminaire.
  - 3. Trim ring flush with finished surface.



## SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

### G. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:

1. Attached to structural members in walls, or a minimum 20 gauge backing plate attached to wall structural members, or using through bolts and backing plates on either side of wall.
2. Do not attach luminaires directly to gypsum board.

### H. Suspended Luminaire Support:

1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Luminaires: Suspend with twin-stem hangers. Support with approved outlet box and accessories that hold stem and provide damping of luminaire oscillations. Support outlet box vertically to building structure using approved devices.
3. Continuous Rows of Luminaires: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and [tubing or rod for suspension for each unit length of luminaire chassis, including one at each end.
4. Do not use ceiling grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.

- I. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" and Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" for wiring connections and wiring methods.

## 3.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
- B. Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.
  1. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery power and retransfer to normal.
- C. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass operation tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting the direction of aim of luminaires to suit occupied conditions. Make up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal hours for this purpose. Some of this work may be required during hours of darkness.

SECTION 265116 - INTERIOR LIGHTING

1. During adjustment visits, inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps or luminaires that are defective.
2. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
3. Adjust the aim of luminaires in the presence of the Architect.

END OF SECTION 265116

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Emergency lighting units.
  - 2. Exit signs.
  - 3. Luminaire supports.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color Rendering Index.
- C. Emergency Lighting Unit: A lighting unit with internal or external emergency battery powered supply and the means for controlling and charging the battery and unit operation.
- D. Fixture: See "Luminaire" Paragraph.
- E. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- F. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of emergency lighting unit, exit sign, and emergency lighting support.
  - 1. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
  - 2. Include physical description of the unit and dimensions.
  - 3. Battery and charger for light units.
  - 4. Include life, output of luminaire (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy-efficiency data.
  - 5. Include photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IES LM-45, for each luminaire type.
    - a. Testing Agency Certified Data: For indicated luminaires and signs, photometric data certified by a qualified independent testing agency. Photometric data for remaining luminaires and signs shall be certified by manufacturer.

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

- b. **Manufacturers' Certified Data:** Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. **Shop Drawings:** For nonstandard or custom luminaires.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
  - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. **Product Schedule:**
  - 1. For emergency lighting units. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. For exit signs. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.
- D. **Qualification Data:** For testing laboratory providing photometric data for luminaires.
- E. **Product Certificates:** For each type of luminaire.
- F. **Product Test Reports:** For each luminaire for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- G. **Sample Warranty:** For manufacturer's special warranty.

### 1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. **Operation and Maintenance Data:** For luminaires and lighting systems to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
  - 1. Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project; use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

### 1.6 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. **Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.**
  - 1. **Lamps:** 10 for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 2. **Luminaire-mounted, emergency battery pack:** One for every 20 emergency lighting units. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 3. **Diffusers and Lenses:** two for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 4. **Globes and Guards:** One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturer's laboratory that is accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Provided by an independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is an NRTL as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, accredited under the National Volunteer Laboratory Accreditation Program for Energy Efficient Lighting Products, and complying with the applicable IES testing standards.
- C. FM Global Compliance: Luminaires for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by FM Global.

### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

### 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace (materials and labor) components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Warranty for Emergency Lighting Batteries: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer of battery-powered emergency lighting unit agrees to repair or replace components of rechargeable batteries that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period for Emergency Power Unit Batteries: **5** years from date of Substantial Completion. Full warranty shall apply for first year and prorated warranty for the remaining four years.
  - 2. Warranty Period for Emergency Fluorescent Ballast and Self-Powered Exit Sign Batteries: Seven years from date of Substantial Completion. Full warranty shall apply for first year and prorated warranty for the remaining six years.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY LIGHTING

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

- B. NRTL Compliance: Fabricate and label emergency lighting units, exit signs, and batteries to comply with UL 924.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70 and NFPA 101.
- D. Comply with NEMA LE 4 for recessed luminaires.
- E. Comply with UL 1598 for fluorescent luminaires.
- F. Lamp Base: Comply with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- G. Bulb Shape: Complying with ANSI C79.1.
- H. Internal Type Emergency Power Unit: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, factory mounted within luminaire body and compatible with ballast.
  - 1. Emergency Connection: Operate two lamp(s) continuously at an output of 1100 lumens each upon loss of normal power. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to luminaire ballast.
  - 2. Operation: Relay automatically turns lamp on when power-supply circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. Lamp automatically disconnects from battery when voltage approaches deep-discharge level. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
  - 3. Environmental Limitations: Rate equipment for continuous operation under the following conditions unless otherwise indicated:
    - a. Ambient Temperature: Less than 0 deg F or exceeding 104 deg F, with an average value exceeding 95 deg F over a 24-hour period.
    - b. Ambient Storage Temperature: Not less than minus 4 deg F and not exceeding 140 deg F.
    - c. Humidity: More than 95 percent (condensing).
    - d. Altitude: Exceeding 3300 feet.
  - 4. Nightlight Connection: Operate lamp continuously at 40 percent of rated light output.
  - 5. Test Push-Button and Indicator Light: Visible and accessible without opening luminaire or entering ceiling space.
    - a. Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
    - b. Indicator Light: LED indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
  - 6. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
  - 7. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type with sealed power transfer relay.
  - 8. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates code-required test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

- I. External Type: Self-contained, modular, battery-inverter unit, suitable for powering one or more lamps, remote mounted from luminaire.
  1. Emergency Connection: Operate fluorescent or LED lamp continuously. Connect unswitched circuit to battery-inverter unit and switched circuit to luminaire ballast.
  2. Operation: Relay automatically turns lamp on when power-supply circuit voltage drops to 80 percent of nominal voltage or below. Lamp automatically disconnects from battery when voltage approaches deep-discharge level. When normal voltage is restored, relay disconnects lamps from battery, and battery is automatically recharged and floated on charger.
  3. Nightlight Connection: Operate lamp in a remote luminaire continuously.
  4. Battery: Sealed, maintenance-free, nickel-cadmium type.
  5. Charger: Fully automatic, solid-state, constant-current type.
  6. Housing: NEMA 250, Type 1 enclosure listed for installation inside, on top of, or remote from luminaire. Remote assembly shall be located no less than half the distance recommended by the ballast/emergency power unit manufacturer, whichever is less.
  7. Test Push Button: Push-to-test type, in unit housing, simulates loss of normal power and demonstrates unit operability.
  8. LED Indicator Light: Indicates normal power on. Normal glow indicates trickle charge; bright glow indicates charging at end of discharge cycle.
  9. Integral Self-Test: Factory-installed electronic device automatically initiates code-required test of unit emergency operation at required intervals. Test failure is annunciated by an integral audible alarm and a flashing red LED.

### 2.2 EMERGENCY LIGHTING

- A. General Requirements for Emergency Lighting Units: Self-contained units.
- B. Emergency Luminaires:
  1. Emergency Luminaires: as indicated on Drawings, with the following additional features:
    - a. Rated for installation in damp locations, and for sealed and gasketed luminaires in wet locations.
- C. Emergency Lighting Unit:
  1. Emergency Lighting Unit: as indicated on Drawings.
  2. Wall with universal junction box adaptor.
  3. UV stable thermoplastic housing, rated for damp locations.

### 2.3 EXIT SIGNS

- A. General Requirements for Exit Signs: Comply with UL 924; for sign colors, visibility, luminance, and lettering size, comply with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Internally Lighted Signs:
  1. Lamps for AC Operation: Fluorescent, two for each luminaire; 20,000 hours of rated lamp life.
  2. Lamps for AC Operation: LEDs; 50,000 hours minimum rated lamp life.

## SECTION 265219 - EMERGENCY AND EXIT LIGHTING

3. Self-Powered Exit Signs (Battery Type): Internal emergency power unit.

### 2.4 MATERIALS

#### A. Metal Parts:

1. Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
2. Sheet metal components shall be steel unless otherwise indicated.
3. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.

#### B. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access:

1. Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions.
2. Designed to permit relamping without use of tools.
3. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position.

#### C. Diffusers and Globes:

1. Glass: Annealed crystal glass unless otherwise indicated.
2. Acrylic: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
3. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125 inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.

#### D. Housings:

1. Powder coat finish.

### 2.5 METAL FINISHES

- A. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### 2.6 LUMINAIRE SUPPORT COMPONENTS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for channel and angle iron supports and nonmetallic channel and angle supports.
- B. Support Wires: ASTM A 641/A 641M, Class 3, soft temper, zinc-coated steel, and 12 gage.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for conditions affecting performance of luminaires.



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- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire to verify actual locations of luminaire and electrical connections before luminaire installation.
- C. Examine walls, floors, roofs, and ceilings for suitable conditions where emergency lighting luminaires will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with ceilings and walls unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install lamps in each luminaire.
- D. Supports:
  - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire and emergency power unit weight.
  - 2. Able to maintain luminaire position when testing emergency power unit.
  - 3. Provide support for luminaire and emergency power unit without causing deflection of ceiling or wall.
  - 4. Luminaire-mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire and emergency power unit weight and vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- E. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Attached to structural members in walls, or a minimum 20 gauge backing plate attached to wall structural members, or using through bolts and backing plates on either side of wall.
  - 2. Do not attach luminaires directly to gypsum board.
- F. Suspended Luminaire Support:
  - 1. Pendants and Rods: Where longer than 48 inches, brace to limit swinging.
  - 2. Stem-Mounted, Single-Unit Luminaires: Suspend with twin-stem hangers. Support with approved outlet box and accessories that hold stem and provide damping of luminaire oscillations. Support outlet box vertically to building structure using approved devices.
  - 3. Continuous Rows of Luminaires: Use tubing or stem for wiring at one point and tubing or rod for suspension for each unit length of luminaire chassis, including one at each end.
  - 4. Do not use ceiling grid as support for pendant luminaires. Connect support wires or rods to building structure.

### 3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

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### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
  - 1. Test for Emergency Lighting: Interrupt power supply to demonstrate proper operation. Verify transfer from normal power to battery power and retransfer to normal.
- B. Luminaire will be considered defective if it does not pass operation tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

### 3.5 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service:
  - 1. Charge emergency power units and batteries minimum of 24 hours and conduct one-hour discharge test.

### 3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjustments: Within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site visit to do the following:
  - 1. Inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps, emergency power units, batteries, signs, or luminaires that are defective.
    - a. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
  - 2. Conduct short-duration tests on all emergency lighting.

END OF SECTION 265219

## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Poles and accessories for support of luminaires.
  - 2. Luminaire-lowering devices.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EPA: Equivalent projected area.
- B. Luminaire: Complete lighting fixture.
- C. Pole: Luminaire-supporting structure, including tower used for large-area illumination.
- D. Standard: See "Pole."

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each pole, accessory, and luminaire-supporting and -lowering device, arranged as indicated.
  - 1. Include data on construction details, profiles, EPA, cable entrances, materials, dimensions, weight, rated design load, and ultimate strength of individual components.
  - 2. Include finishes for lighting poles and luminaire-supporting devices.
  - 3. Anchor bolts.
  - 4. Manufactured pole foundations.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
  - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 3. Detail fabrication and assembly of poles and pole accessories.
  - 4. Foundation construction details, including material descriptions, dimensions, anchor bolts, support devices, and calculations, signed and sealed by a professional engineer licensed in the state of installation.
  - 5. Anchor bolt templates keyed to specific poles and certified by manufacturer.

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6. Method and procedure of pole installation. Include manufacturer's written installations.

C. Samples: For each exposed lighting pole, standard, and luminaire-supporting device and for each color and texture specified.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Pole and Support Component Certificates: Signed by manufacturers of poles, certifying that products are designed for indicated load requirements according to AASHTO LTS-6-M and that load imposed by luminaire and attachments has been included in design. The certification shall be based on design calculations signed and sealed by a professional engineer.

B. Qualification Data: For testing agency.

C. Material Test Reports:

1. For each foundation component, by a qualified testing agency.
2. For each pole, by a qualified testing agency.

D. Source quality-control reports.

E. Field quality-control reports.

F. Sample Warranty: Manufacturer's standard warranty.

G. Soil test reports

### 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For poles to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include pole inspection and repair procedures.

### 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

A. Pole repair materials.

### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1093 for foundation testing.

### 1.9 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Package aluminum poles for shipping according to ASTM B 660.

## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

- B. Store poles on decay-resistant skids at least 12 inches above grade and vegetation. Support poles to prevent distortion and arrange to provide free air circulation.
- C. Retain factory-applied pole wrappings on fiberglass and laminated wood poles until right before pole installation. Handle poles with web fabric straps.
- D. Retain factory-applied pole wrappings on metal poles until right before pole installation. Handle poles with web fabric straps.

### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of pole(s) that fail in materials or workmanship; that corrode; or that fade, stain, perforate, erode, or chalk due to effects of weather or solar radiation within a specified warranty period. Manufacturer may exclude lightning damage, hail damage, vandalism, abuse, or unauthorized repairs from special warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 2. Warranty Period for Corrosion Resistance: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Warranty Period for Color Retention: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products as listed on light fixture schedule and plans.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design pole foundation and pole power system.
- B. Structural Characteristics: Comply with AASHTO LTS-6-M.
- C. Dead Load: Weight of luminaire and its horizontal and vertical supports, lowering devices, and supporting structure, applied according to AASHTO LTS-6-M.
- D. Live Load: Single load of 500 lbf distributed according to AASHTO LTS-6-M.
- E. Ice Load: Load of 3 lbf/sq. ft., applied according to AASHTO LTS-6-M for applicable areas on the Ice Load Map.
- F. Wind Load: Pressure of wind on pole and luminaire, calculated and applied according to AASHTO LTS-6-M.

## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

- G. Strength Analysis: For each pole, multiply the actual EPA of luminaires and brackets by a factor of 1.1 to obtain the EPA to be used in pole selection strength analysis.
- H. Luminaire Attachment Provisions: Comply with luminaire manufacturers' mounting requirements. Use stainless-steel fasteners and mounting bolts unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.3 ALUMINUM POLES

- A. Poles: Seamless, extruded structural tube complying with ASTM B 221, Alloy 6061-T6, with access handhole in in pole wall.
  - 1. Shape: round tapered, round, straight, square, straight (as noted on drawings)
  - 2. Mounting Provisions: Butt flange for bolted mounting on foundation or breakaway support.
- B. Mast Arms: Aluminum Single-arm type, continuously welded to pole attachment plate. Material and finish same as plate.
- C. Brackets for Luminaires: Detachable, cantilever, without underbrace.
  - 1. Adaptor fitting welded to pole, allowing the bracket to be bolted to the pole-mounted adapter, then bolted together with stainless steel bolts.
  - 2. Cross Section: Tapered oval, with straight tubular end section to accommodate luminaire. Match pole material and finish.
- D. Pole-Top Tenons: Fabricated to support luminaire or luminaires and brackets indicated, and securely fastened to pole top.
- E. Grounding and Bonding Lugs: Bolted 1/2-inch threaded lug, complying with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems," listed for attaching grounding and bonding conductors of type and size listed in that Section, and accessible through handhole.
- F. Fasteners: Stainless steel, size and type as determined by manufacturer. Corrosion-resistant items compatible with support components.
  - 1. Materials: Compatible with poles and standards as well as to substrates to which poles and standards are fastened and shall not cause galvanic action at contact points.
  - 2. Anchor Bolts, Leveling Nuts, Bolt Caps, and Washers: Hot-dip galvanized after fabrication unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Handhole: Oval shaped, with minimum clear opening of 2-1/2 by 5 inches, with cover secured by stainless-steel captive screws.
- H. Prime-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard prime-coat finish ready for field painting.
- I. Aluminum Finish: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
  - 1. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

2. Natural Satin Finish: Provide fine, directional, medium satin polish (AA-M32); buff complying with AA-M20 requirements; and seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
  3. Class I, Clear-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: Medium satin; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I clear coating of 0.018 mm or thicker), complying with AAMA 611.
  4. Class I, Color-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: Medium; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker), complying with AAMA 611.
- J. Powder-Coat Finish: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
1. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 1 to remove dirt, oil, grease, and other contaminants that could impair powder coat bond. Grind welds and polish surfaces to a smooth, even finish. Remove mill scale and rust, if present, from uncoated steel, according to SSPC-SP 5/NACE No. 1 or SSPC-SP 8.
  2. Powder coat shall comply with AAMA 2604.
    - a. Electrostatic applied powder coating; single application with a minimum 2.5- to 3.5-mils dry film thickness; cured according to manufacturer's instructions. Coat interior and exterior of pole for equal corrosion protection.
    - b. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

### 2.4 POLE ACCESSORIES

- A. Nut Covers: Manufacturers' standard metal units, finished same as pole, and arranged to cover only the pole's mounting bolts and nuts.

### 2.5 MOUNTING HARDWARE

- A. Anchor Bolts: Manufactured to ASTM F 1554, Grade 55, with a minimum yield strength of 55,000 psi.
1. Galvanizing: Hot dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153, Class C.
  2. Bent or Headed rods, diameter and length as required by manufacturer.
  3. Threading: Uniform National Coarse or Uniform National 8, Class 2A.
- B. Nuts: ASTM A 563, Grade A, Heavy-Hex
1. Galvanizing: Hot dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153, Class C.
  2. Four nuts provided per anchor bolt, shipped with nuts pre-assembled to the anchor bolts.
- C. Washers: ASTM F 436, Type 1.
1. Galvanizing: Hot dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153, Class C.
  2. Two washers provided per anchor bolt.

## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

### 2.6 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are unacceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine poles, luminaire-mounting devices, lowering devices, and pole accessories before installation. Components that are scratched, dented, marred, wet, moisture damaged, or visibly damaged are considered defective.
- C. Examine roughing-in for foundation and conduit to verify actual locations of installation.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 POLE FOUNDATION

- A. Concrete Pole Foundations: Cast in place, with anchor bolts to match pole-base flange. Structural steel complying with ASTM A 36/A 36M and hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 123/A 123 M; and with top-plate and mounting bolts to match pole-base flange and strength required to support pole, luminaire, and accessories. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork are specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- B. Anchor Bolts: Install plumb using manufacturer-supplied plywood template, uniformly spaced.

### 3.3 POLE INSTALLATION

- A. Alignment: Align pole foundations and poles for optimum directional alignment of luminaires and their mounting provisions on pole.
- B. Clearances: Maintain the following minimum horizontal distances of poles from surface and underground features unless otherwise indicated on drawing.
  - 1. Fire Hydrants and Water Piping: 60 inches.
  - 2. Water, Gas, Electric, Communications, and Sewer Lines: 10 feet.
  - 3. Trees: 15 feet from tree trunk.
  - 4. Overhead Utility lines: 15 feet from nearest conductor (confirm with utility company prior to rough in).



## SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

- C. Concrete Pole Foundations: Set anchor bolts according to anchor-bolt templates furnished by pole manufacturer. Concrete materials, installation, and finishing requirements are specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- D. Foundation-Mounted Poles: Mount pole with leveling nuts and tighten top nuts to torque level according to pole manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Grout void between pole base and foundation. Use nonshrink or expanding concrete grout firmly packed to fill space.
  - 2. Install base covers unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Use a short piece of 1/2 -inch diameter pipe to make a drain hole through grout. Arrange to drain condensation from interior of pole.
- E. Poles and Pole Foundations Set in Concrete-Paved Areas: Install poles with a minimum 6-inch-wide, unpaved gap between the pole or pole foundation and the edge of the adjacent concrete slab. Fill unpaved ring with pea gravel. Insert material to a level 1 inch below top of concrete slab.
- F. Raise and set pole using web fabric slings (not chain or cable) at locations indicated by manufacturer.

### 3.4 CORROSION PREVENTION

- A. Aluminum: Do not use in contact with earth or concrete. When in direct contact with a dissimilar metal, protect aluminum using insulating fittings or treatment.
- B. Steel Conduits: Comply with requirements in Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems." In concrete foundations, wrap conduit with **0.010-inch-** thick, pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50-percent overlap.

### 3.5 GROUNDING

- A. Ground Metal Poles and Support Structures: Comply with requirements in Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
  - 1. Install grounding electrode for each pole unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Install grounding conductor pigtail in the base for connecting luminaire to grounding system.

### 3.6 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

### 3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Special Inspections: Engage a qualified special inspector to perform the following special inspections:

SECTION 265613 - LIGHTING POLES AND STANDARDS

1. Inspect poles for nicks, mars, dents, scratches, and other damage.
2. System function tests.

END OF SECTION 265613

## SECTION 265621 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Exterior solid-state luminaires that are designed for and exclusively use LED lamp technology.
  - 2. Luminaire-mounted photoelectric relays.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 265613 "Lighting Poles and Standards" for poles and standards used to support exterior lighting equipment.

#### 1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. CCT: Correlated color temperature.
- B. CRI: Color rendering index.
- C. Fixture: See "Luminaire."
- D. Lumen: Measured output of lamp and luminaire, or both.
- E. Luminaire: Complete lighting unit, including lamp, reflector, and housing.
- F. Pole: Luminaire support structure, including tower used for large-area illumination.
- G. Standard: See "Pole."

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of luminaire.
  - 1. Arrange in order of luminaire designation.
  - 2. Include data on features, accessories, and finishes.
  - 3. Include physical description and dimensions of the luminaires.
  - 4. Ballast, including BF, UL listing and recognition, ANSI certification, and Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 compliance.
  - 5. Lamps, including life, output (lumens, CCT, and CRI), and energy-efficiency data.
  - 6. Photometric data and adjustment factors based on laboratory tests, complying with IES "Lighting Measurements Testing and Calculation Guides," of each luminaire type. The

## SECTION 265621 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

adjustment factors shall be for lamps, ballasts, and accessories identical to those indicated for the luminaire as applied in this Project.

For LED luminaires the adjustment factors shall be for lamps and accessories identical to those indicated for the luminaire as applied in this Project IES LM-79 and IES LM-80.

- a. Manufacturers' Certified Data: Photometric data certified by manufacturer's laboratory with a current accreditation under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
  - b. Testing Agency Certified Data: For indicated luminaires, photometric data certified by a qualified independent testing agency. Photometric data for remaining luminaires shall be certified by manufacturer.
7. Photoelectric relays.
  8. Means of attaching luminaires to supports, and indication that attachment is suitable for components involved.
- B. Shop Drawings: For nonstandard or custom luminaires.
1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting and attachment details.
  2. Include details of luminaire assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, and required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- C. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
- D. Samples: For products designated for sample submission in the Exterior Lighting Fixture Schedule.
- E. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of luminaire with custom, factory-applied finish.
1. Include Samples of luminaires and accessories involving color and finish selection.
- F. Samples for Verification: For each type of luminaire.
1. Include Samples of luminaires and accessories to verify finish selection.
  2. Support system.
- G. Product Schedule: For luminaires and lamps. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
1. Luminaires.
  2. Structural members to which equipment and luminaires will be attached.
  3. Underground utilities and structures.
  4. Existing underground utilities and structures.
  5. Above-grade utilities and structures.

## SECTION 265621 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

6. Existing above grade utilities and structures.
  7. Building features.
  8. Vertical and horizontal information.
- B. Qualification Data: For testing laboratory providing photometric data for luminaires.
- C. Detailed description of equipment anchorage devices on which the certification is based and their installation requirements.
- D. Product Certificates: For each type of the following:
1. Ballast for bi-level and dimmable luminaires.
  2. Lamp.
  3. Photoelectric relay.
- E. Product Test Reports: For each luminaire, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- F. Sample warranty.

### 1.6 PRIOR APPROVAL SUBMITTAL REQUESTS

- A. Full submittal data, by type, clearly highlighted and arrowed to identify the specific proposed manufacturer's nomenclature
- B. Full submittal data of lamp and proposed manufacturer.
- C. Full submittal data of ballast/driver (LED) data of proposed manufacturer
- D. LED lumen data will include
1. Lumen output
  2. L70 and L90 testing
  3. Confirmation of independent test lab data ITL
  4. Color temperature and CRI with quantity of McAdam Ellipse steps
    - a. Data shall include sphere and goniometer results for total lumen, total power, luminaire efficacy, CRI and junction temperature for the specified color temperature
  5. Make and brand of LED diode should be clearly identified on submittal data
- E. LED dimming shall be equal in range and quality to the specified drivers, Quality of dimming to be defined by dimming range, freedom from perceived flicker or visible stroboscopic flicker, smooth and continuous change in level (no visible steps in transitions), natural square law response to control input, and stable when input voltage conditions fluctuate over what is typically experience in a commercial environment.
- F. All substitutions must meet specified fixtures certifications (UL, ETL, CE, CSA, RoHS, DLC, Energy Star)
- G. Provide lighting calculations with the prior approval request based on reflectance values and light loss factors provided by the engineer and displayed on lighting calculation drawings. (may

## SECTION 265621 - EXTERIOR LIGHTING

be unique by area). Calculations shall be shown on one sheet with dimensions as shown on construction set. Data will be submitted electronically in dxf format on a flash drive and with printed calculations on Architectural E size sheets to scale with construction set sheets.

1. Discrepancies between prior approval data calculations and the original design calculations will result in immediate disqualification of review due to time-based constraints on the bid process
  - H. Prior approval request may require a sample of both the proposed and specified fixtures provided by the alternate manufacturer at NO additional cost to the project. Samples of both specified and proposed must be provided within 10 working days of request.
  - I. All data will be submitted electronically and in a bound format
  - J. Bound data will be secured in hard binder with 3” rings for ease of review or PDF file.
    1. Types will be marked with a tab by type and indexed for ease of reference
  - K. LED warranty information MUST be included by type and marked in RED to clearly identify the manufacturer’s warranty terms. Warranty data MUST meet or exceed the specified manufacturers terms
  - L. Prior approvals MUST be received and acknowledged to the specifiers office no less than 10 days prior to bid.
  - M. ALL prior approval data must be submitted in one package with complete information. Information that is incomplete will be rejected without review.
  - N. The prior approval will be returned marked approved or rejected by type with no explanation. If any specification is deemed not equal the review will be stopped, the type rejected with no explanation.
  - O. Lumen output for the proposed fixture must be highlighted in yellow for clear identification.
  - P. All inverter systems supply power to LED fixtures must have pure PWM sine wave function and work with any type of lighting load.
  - Q. LED warranty information must be included by type and marked in red to clearly identify the manufacturer’s warranty terms. Warranty data must meet or exceed the specified manufacturers terms.
- 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For luminaires to include in [**operation**] and maintenance manuals.
    1. Provide a list of all lamp types used on Project; use ANSI and manufacturers' codes.

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### 1.8 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Glass, Acrylic, and Plastic Lenses Covers and Other Optical Parts: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 2. Diffusers and Lenses: One for every 100 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.
  - 3. Globes and Guards: One for every 20 of each type and rating installed. Furnish at least one of each type.

### 1.9 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Luminaire manufacturers' laboratory accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products.
- B. Luminaire Photometric Data Testing Laboratory Qualifications: Provided by an independent agency, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated, that is an NRTL as defined by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.7, accredited under the NVLAP for Energy Efficient Lighting Products and complying with applicable IES testing standards.

### 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Protect finishes of exposed surfaces by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

### 1.11 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Verify existing and proposed utility structures prior to the start of work associated with luminaire installation.
- B. Mark locations of exterior luminaires for approval by Architect prior to the start of luminaire installation.

### 1.12 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace (labor and material) components of luminaires that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including luminaire support components.
    - b. Faulty operation of luminaires, ballasts, and accessories.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
- B. Warranty Period: Two year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

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- A. LED luminaires Warranty Period: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 LUMINAIRE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NRTL Compliance: Luminaires shall comply with UL 1598 and be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by an NRTL.
- C. FM Global Compliance: Luminaires for hazardous locations shall be listed and labeled for indicated class and division of hazard by FM Global.
- D. Lateral Light Distribution Patterns: Comply with IES RP-8 for parameters of lateral light distribution patterns indicated for luminaires.
- E. UL Compliance: Listed for wet location (UL 1598).
- F. Lamp base complying with ANSI C81.61 or IEC 60061-1.
- G. EMI Filters: Factory installed to suppress conducted EMI as required by MIL-STD-461E. Fabricate luminaires with one filter on each ballast indicated to require a filter.
- H. In-line Fusing: Install on the ballast primary for each luminaire.
- I. Lamp Rating: Lamp marked for outdoor use and in enclosed locations.
- J. Source Limitations: Obtain luminaires from single source from a single manufacturer.
- K. Source Limitations: For luminaires, obtain each color, grade, finish, type, and variety of luminaire from single source with resources to provide products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

### 2.2 LED LIGHTING FIXTURES AND LED LAMPS

- A. All LED products must be UL, ETL and/or CSA listed
- B. All LED products must have LM-79 and LM-80 testing noted on specification sheet by an independent test lab
- C. All LED products should be identified as L70 and/or L90 ratings based on independent test lab data
- D. All outdoor and wet location listed products must clearly state the IP rating carried on the fixture based on independent test lab data
- E. Bulb shape complying with ANSI C79.1.



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- F. CRI of Minimum 80. CCT of 4100 K.
- G. Rated lamp life of **50,000** hours.
- H. Lamps dimmable from 100 percent to 0 percent of maximum light output.
- I. Nominal Operating Voltage: as noted on light fixture schedule.
- J. All LED products must be serviceable for accessible for field repair needs.
- K. All outdoor pole mounted products must have surge suppression within each fixture.
- L. All outdoor lighting color rendering should be within a 7 step McAdams Ellipse. All outdoor lighting should be 4000 kelvin unless specifically noted
- M. All control systems that interface with an LED product will be supported by a project “integrator” until project completion. This includes contact with the installer prior to installation, availability during installation, and final checkout and startup after installation. The quantity of days required for startup will be based on the manufacturer/agents discretion and need.
  - 1. The project integrator must be capable of performing low voltage and dmx terminations. High voltage terminations are performed solely by the electrical subcontractor.
  - 2. Reporting of final startup completion of the controls system back to the engineer is mandatory.
  - 3. Invitation to attend the training with the owners representative should be made to the engineer no less than 5 days prior to training
  - 4. Signature confirmation of training and startup is required within 5 business days after completion back to the engineer’s office.
- N. All LED drivers should be capable of 0-10 volt controls and DMX control and shall dim to 1% of total lumen output. Where specifically specified the dimming driver may be required to dim to .1% of lumen output , otherwise known as “dim to dark”
- O. Driver manufacturers must have a 5 year history producing dimmable electronic LED drivers for the North American market.
- P. Ambient driver temperatures must be within -20 degrees to 50 degrees C (-4 degrees to 122 degrees F)
- Q. Driver (internal) must limit inrush current.
  - 1. Base specification: meet or exceed NEMA 410 driver inrush standard of 430 amps per 10 amps load with a maximum of 370 amps/2 seconds
  - 2. Preferred specification: Meet or exceed 30ma’s at 277 VAC for up to 50 watts of load and 75A at 240us att 277 VAC for 100 watts of load
  - 3. Withstand up to a 1,000-volt surge without impairment of performance as defined by ANSI C62.41 Category A
  - 4. No visible change in light output with a variation of plus/minus 10percent line voltage input.

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5. Total harmonic distortion less than 20% and meet ANSI C82.11 maximum allowable THD requirements at full output. THD shall at no point in the dimming curve allow imbalance current to exceed full output THD

### 2.3 LUMINAIRE-MOUNTED PHOTOELECTRIC RELAYS

- A. Comply with UL 773 or UL 773A.
- B. Contact Relays: Factory mounted, single throw, designed to fail in the on position, and factory set to turn light unit on at 1.5 to 3 fc and off at 4.5 to 10 fc with 15-second minimum time delay. Relay shall have directional lens in front of photocell to prevent artificial light sources from causing false turnoff.
  1. Relay with locking-type receptacle shall comply with ANSI C136.10.
  2. Adjustable window slide for adjusting on-off set points.

### 2.4 LUMINAIRE TYPES - see light fixture schedule on plans

### 2.5 MATERIALS

- A. Metal Parts: Free of burrs and sharp corners and edges.
- B. Sheet Metal Components: Corrosion-resistant aluminum or Stainless steel unless otherwise indicated. Form and support to prevent warping and sagging.
- C. Plastic Parts: High resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
- D. Doors, Frames, and Other Internal Access: Smooth operating, free of light leakage under operating conditions, and designed to permit relamping without use of tools. Designed to prevent doors, frames, lenses, diffusers, and other components from falling accidentally during relamping and when secured in operating position. Doors shall be removable for cleaning or replacing lenses. Ballast shall automatically disconnect ballast when door opens.
- E. Exposed Hardware Material: Stainless steel.
- F. Diffusers and Globes:
  1. Acrylic Diffusers: 100 percent virgin acrylic plastic, with high resistance to yellowing and other changes due to aging, exposure to heat, and UV radiation.
  2. Glass: Annealed crystal glass unless otherwise indicated.
  3. Lens Thickness: At least 0.125-inch minimum unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Lens and Refractor Gaskets: Use heat- and aging-resistant resilient gaskets to seal and cushion lenses and refractors in luminaire doors.
- H. Reflecting surfaces shall have minimum reflectance as follows unless otherwise indicated:
  1. White Surfaces: 85 percent.

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2. Specular Surfaces: 83 percent.
3. Diffusing Specular Surfaces: 75 percent.

### I. Housings:

1. Rigidly formed, weather- and light-tight enclosure that will not warp, sag, or deform in use.
2. Provide filter/breather for enclosed luminaires.

### J. Factory-Applied Labels: Comply with UL 1598. Include recommended lamps. Labels shall be located where they will be readily visible to service personnel, but not seen from normal viewing angles when lamps are in place.

1. Label shall include the following lamp characteristics:
  - a. "USE ONLY," including specific lamp type.
  - b. Lamp type, wattage, bulb type, and coating (clear or coated) for HID luminaires.
  - c. ANSI ballast type (M98, M57, etc.) for HID luminaires.
  - d. CCT and CRI for all luminaires.

## 2.6 METAL FINISHES

- A. Variations in Finishes: Noticeable variations in same piece are unacceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.
- B. Luminaire Finish: Manufacturer's standard paint applied to factory-assembled and -tested luminaire before shipping. Where indicated, match finish process and color of pole or support materials.
- C. Factory-Applied Finish for Aluminum Luminaires: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
  1. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.
  2. Natural Satin Finish: Provide fine, directional, medium satin polish (AA-M32); buff complying with AA-M20 requirements; and seal aluminum surfaces with clear, hard-coat wax.
  3. Class I, Clear-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A41 (Mechanical Finish: Medium satin; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, clear coating 0.018 mm or thicker), complying with AAMA 611.
  4. Class I, Color-Anodic Finish: AA-M32C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: Medium satin; Chemical Finish: Etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker), complying with AAMA 611.

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### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for luminaire electrical conduit to verify actual locations of conduit connections before luminaire installation.
- C. Examine walls, roofs, and canopy ceilings and overhang ceilings for suitable conditions where luminaires will be installed.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 TEMPORARY LIGHTING

- A. If approved by the Architect, use selected permanent luminaires for temporary lighting. When construction is sufficiently complete, clean luminaires used for temporary lighting and install new lamps.

#### 3.3 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Use fastening methods and materials selected to resist seismic forces defined for the application and approved by manufacturer.
- C. Install lamps in each luminaire.
- D. Remote Mounting of Ballasts: Distance between the ballast and luminaire shall not exceed that recommended by ballast manufacturer. Verify the following with ballast manufacturer:
  - 1. Maximum distance between ballast and luminaire.
  - 2. Wire size between ballast and luminaire.
- E. Wiring Method: Install cables in raceways. Conceal raceway and cables.
- F. Fasten luminaire to indicated structural supports.
- G. Supports:
  - 1. Sized and rated for luminaire weight.
  - 2. Able to maintain luminaire position after cleaning and relamping.
  - 3. Support luminaires without causing deflection of finished surface.
  - 4. Luminaire-mounting devices shall be capable of supporting a horizontal force of 100 percent of luminaire weight and a vertical force of 400 percent of luminaire weight.
- H. Wall-Mounted Luminaire Support:

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1. Attached to structural members in walls, or a minimum 1/8-inch backing plate attached to wall structural members or using through bolts and backing plates on either side of wall.
- I. Install luminaires level, plumb, and square with finished grade unless otherwise indicated. Install luminaires at height indicated on Drawings.
- J. Coordinate layout and installation of luminaires with other construction. Refer to architectural elevations prior to rough-ins.
- K. Adjust luminaires that require field adjustment or aiming. Include adjustment of photoelectric device to prevent false operation of relay by artificial light sources, favoring a north orientation.
- L. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables" and Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems;" for wiring connections and wiring methods.

### 3.4 CORROSION PREVENTION

- A. Aluminum: Do not use in contact with earth or concrete. When in direct contact with a dissimilar metal, protect aluminum by insulating fittings or treatment.
- B. Steel Conduits: Comply with Section 260533 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems." In concrete foundations, wrap conduit with 0.010-inch- thick, pipe-wrapping plastic tape applied with a 50 percent overlap.

### 3.5 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals. Comply with requirements for identification specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect each installed luminaire for damage. Replace damaged luminaires and components.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
  1. Operational Test: After installing luminaires, switches, and accessories, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, test units to confirm proper operation.
  2. Photoelectric Control Operation: Verify operation of photoelectric controls.
- C. Illumination Tests:
  1. Measure light intensities at night. Use photometers with calibration referenced to NIST standards. Comply with the following IES testing guide(s):
    - a. IES LM-5.
    - b. IES LM-50.
    - c. IES LM-52.

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- d. IES LM-64.
- e. IES LM-72.

- D. Prepare a written report of tests, inspections, observations, and verifications indicating and interpreting results. If adjustments are made to lighting system, retest to demonstrate compliance with standards.

### 3.7 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain luminaires and photocell relays.

### 3.8 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Burn-in all lamps that require specific aging period to operate properly, prior to occupancy by Owner.

### 3.9 ADJUSTING

- A. Occupancy Adjustments: When requested within 12 months of date of Substantial Completion, provide on-site assistance in adjusting the direction of aim of luminaires to suit occupied conditions. Make up to two visits to Project during other-than-normal hours for this purpose. Some of this work may be required during hours of darkness.
  - 1. During adjustment visits, inspect all luminaires. Replace lamps or luminaires that are defective.
  - 2. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
  - 3. Adjust the aim of luminaires in the presence of the Architect.

END OF SECTION 265621

## SECTION 268050 - HAND DRYERS

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Furnishing and installation of electric hand dryers.

#### 1.2 RELATED SECTIONS

- B. Basic Electrical Requirements - Section 260100
- C. Wire and Cables - Section 260519
- D. Grounding and Bonding- Section 260526
- E. Raceways and Boxes - Section 260533

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. First two paragraphs below are defined in Division 01 Section "Submittal Procedures" as "action submittals."

#### 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Provide a 5-year minimum warranty from date of acceptance of project.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURER

- A. Excel Dryer, Inc.
- B. Fastaire

#### 2.2 MINIMUM FEATURES

- C. Hand dryer cover shall be a one-piece, heavy-duty, rib-reinforced, die-cast zinc alloy. It shall be lightweight, unbreakable, rustproof and all exposed surfaces shall be bright chrome plated or finished with chip-proof, electrostatically applied epoxy paint and fastened to a wall plate by two chrome plated tamper-proof bolts.
- D. Hand dryer wall plate shall be equipped with (3) 7/8" diameter holes, one of which shall be suitable for use with surface conduit, for ease of wiring. All internal hand dryer parts shall be coated according to Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. requirements.

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- E. Entire mechanism shall be internally grounded.
- F. Hand dryer motor shall be a series commutated through-flow discharge vacuum motor/blower (5/8 HP / 20,000 RPM) which provides air velocity of 16,000 LFM (linear feet per minute) at the air outlet and 14,000 LFM at the hands (4 inches below air outlet).
- G. Hand dryer heating element (900 W) is constructed of Nichrome wire and mounted inside the blower housing, thereby being vandal proof. It shall be protected by an automatic resetting thermostat, which shall open whenever air flow is cut off and shall close when flow of air is resumed. It shall produce an air temperature of up to 135°F (57°C) at a 72°F (22°C) ambient room temperature at the hands (4 inches [102 mm] below air outlet).
- H. Hand dryer Control assembly is activated by an infrared optical sensor located next to the air outlet. The dryer shall operate as long as hands are under the air outlet. There is a 35-second lockout feature if hands are not removed.

### 2.3 OPERATION

- A. Touch-free infra-red operation activation.
- B. Hand dry time measurement: 12 seconds.
- C. Operation lock out period: 30 seconds.
- D. Operation airflow: up to 7.39 gal/sec.
- E. Rated operating noise power: 84dB(A)

### 2.3 ELECTRICAL

- A. Voltage: 115 volts, do not use shared neutral.
- B. Power Consumption: 12.5 AMPS. Entire unit shall be internally grounded.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.

END OF SECTION 268050